"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Cloudy to-day; probable showers to-morrow; light, variable winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,931. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1912.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

FEW IN SOUTH FOR ROOSEVELT

Editors and Leaders Tell The Times That Democrats Never Were So United.

ALL WORKING FOR WILSON

Republicans Hopelessly Divided and Colonel's Claims Are Called Absurd.

MAY WIN SOME SOCIALISTS

Influence of Steel Corporation Likely to Aid Him Slightly in Alabama.

To obtain at first hand information as to how the South regards Theodore Roosevelt's third party candidacy for President and what foundation there is for the claims put forth by his supporters here that he will receive a large share of the Democratic as well as the Republican vote in the Southern States, THE TIMES telegraphed recently to some forty Southern leaders and editors asking them what foundation there was in their respective sections for the Colonel's claims, and what the chances were for the realization of his hope of a large Southern vote.

The thirty-two replies received are printed below, some of the inquiries having failed owing to the recipients' absence from home. The answers, it will be observed, show a well-nigh unanimous belief, among those whose experience should make their forecasts worth while that there will be no vast rising in behalf of the Progressive ticket south of Mason and Dixon's line.

Views of Gov. O'Neal.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 17.—There is no disaffection in the Democratic Party in the South. It is united, aggressive and confident. In my recent visit to the East I discovered no evidence to support the claim that Mr. Roosevelt would draw any considerable following from the Democratic Party there.

In my judgment the platform, the character of our candidate and Gov. Wilson's admirable speech of acceptance not only guarantee a united Democracy but justifies the belief that our ticket will have support of a decided majority of American people.

EMMETT O'NEAL,
Democratic Governor of Alabama, United States District Attorney in Alabama under Cleveland.

What ex-Gov. McMillin Thinks.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 17.—The Republican Presidential campaign has not yet developed sufficiently in Tennessee to definitely determine how wide the split in the Republican Party will be. The Republican followers here of Roosevelt and Taft both claim a majority of that party, and both have strong following on account of the Brownlow and anti-Brownlow factions.

The development of strength from the Democratic Party to either Roosevelt or Taft has assumed neither dangerous nor formidable proportions here, and it is expected that Tennessee will give an old-time Democratic majority in November.

BENTON McMILLIN,
Former Governor of Tennessee, Member of Congress from that State for many years; now Democratic candidate for Governor of the State.

No Chance in North Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 17.—Col. Roosevelt can have no reasonable hope of carrying North Carolina or any Southern State. In the support of Gov. Wilson the Democratic Party of this State and of the whole South is united, determined and enthusiastic. Factions have disappeared. There is no disaffection anywhere. Every Democrat in this State will support him, stimulated by a hope that we have not known since 1892. Some who have heretofore voted the Republican ticket will support him.

It is freely admitted by intelligent men of all parties that the Democratic majority in North Carolina this year will reach high-water mark. There is no pretense of any claim to the contrary. Democratic conditions and prospects could not be better. Taft and Roosevelt conditions and prospects could not be worse.

The Republican Party, or what was once the Republican Party, is hopelessly divided. President Taft has a following, but the great majority of the old Republicans are now for Col. Roosevelt. The war between these two factions is fierce and relentless. Each will certainly put out an Electoral ticket. They will fight each other to the finish.

The claim by Col. Roosevelt's managers that he will get support from the Democrats of the South is ridiculous. No such claim is made by any of his supporters in this section. The nomination of Gov. Wilson eliminated him. In the present political situation there is no place for him, certainly not in the South. Gov. Wilson, with the platform of the Baltimore Convention, is the logical representative and exponent of the real, earnest, progressive thought of the age.

The nominee of the Democratic Party meets the demand that we must have genuine reform without revolution. We believe that he is safe, wise, and courageous; that he will without fear or favor perform his trust. We know that he is under obligation to no particular interest and to no faction, and we have the faith that to him the ideals of Democracy should be the real controlling force of this Government. He will certainly carry North Carolina by a very large majority and I believe that he will be elected by the geatest majority that any President has received since 1872.

LOCKE CRAIG,
Lawyer, and unanimous choice of the Democratic Party for Governor of North Carolina.

Kentucky Sure for Wilson.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 17.—There are no Democrats in Kentucky so far as I know who are intending to vote for Roosevelt. Among the hundreds of people with whom I have discussed the re-

Continued on Page 6.

MRS. BELMONT FIGHTS GRAFT

Has Discharged Four Chefs — Now Does Her Own Marketing.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 18.—Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont is doing her own marketing these days in an effort to do away with the graft system which for many years has existed among the servants of the rich families making their Summer homes in Newport.

Almost every morning Mrs. Belmont visits the different stores in town, where she orders in person the goods she needs, and has them sent to her home. She says that if more people were to adopt the same course, the graft problem would soon be a thing of the past.

"The system of graft by which the servants profit at the expense of their employers is all wrong," said Mrs. Belmont to-day. "It is simply another indication of the utter indifference too many women show in regard to really important problems.

"From our point of view it is manifestly unfair. We pay our servants good wages, for which they are expected to do a certain service. It is certainly unfair for them to expect to make a large sum of money on commissions that are bound to come out of the pockets of their employers.

"It is equally as bad from the storekeeper's viewpoint. The honest merchant is forced to compete with the unscrupulous merchant, who is willing to promise anything to obtain business, though he knows full well that he is unable to give any such percentage by legitimate methods, and that the money is really coming from the buyer.

"I have been obliged to discharge four chefs this Summer because I was convinced that they were guilty of grafting. If necessary I shall discharge four more, for I am determined to do what I can to stamp out this evil."

WOMAN DISARMS POLICE.

Juarez Garrison Meekly Yields to Amazon Leading Rebels.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Aug. 18.—For a few hours to-day a Mexican Joan of Arc was the dictator of this town. With ten rebel soldiers marching at the heels of her horse, she rode up to the police station and disarmed the provisional Chief of Police and six of his men. The rebels rode away mounted on the policemen's horses. The woman fearlessly entered stores and demanded and received provisions, and shortly before daylight rode out of town with her admiring followers.

She is said to be the wife of Col. Lazero Alanis, rebel commander, operating around Halomas. It was believed she went to join her husband after her raid on this town, which is unprotected but for a few police installed at the departure last week of Orozco's rebels.

Clothed in khaki riding suit and riding a white horse, the young woman dashed through the town collecting the stragglers from the rebel ranks. Her raid on the Police Station was an utter surprise. The police meekly surrendered their arms.

A guard of forty citizens armed with all manner of antique weapons is patrolling the streets to-night.

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR IS 82.

Lunatic Stabs Vienna Bishop on the Way to Celebrate Birthday Mass.

VIENNA, Aug. 18.—The eighty-second birthday of the Emperor Francis Joseph was celebrated with enthusiasm throughout the country to-day. His Majesty, who is in good health, is staying at Ischl, a fashionable watering place of Upper Austria, where he received numerous congratulations.

The entire imperial family was present at a state banquet held this afternoon. Prince Leopold of Bavaria toasted the Emperor, who replied briefly. Each guest received a souvenir in the shape of a silver statuette of his Majesty.

While the Suffragan Bishop of Vienna, Dr. Pfluger, was proceeding to St. Stephen's Church this morning to celebrate mass in honor of the Emperor he was stabed in the shoulder. His injuries, though serious, are not dangerous.

The Bishop's assailant, a man named Prinz, who at one time was confined in a lunatic asylum, was arrested. He confessed that he intended to stab the Prince Archbishop of Vienna, Cardinal Nagl, but Dr. Pfluger reached the church first.

FOR DOCTOR'S HEROISM.

Widow of McClintic, Who Died of Fever, May Receive $5,760.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—In recognition of the quiet heroism of a physician whose life was a sacrifice to the disease he long had fought to eradicate, Senator Myers of Montana has introduced a bill to pay $5,760, an amount equal to two years' salary, to the widow of Dr. T. B. McClintic, who died here last week of Rocky Mountain spotted fever.

Dr. McClintic was connected with the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, and so successful had been his work in fighting the deadly disease in the Bitter Root Valley in Senator Myers's State that not a case of the malady developed there this year until the one which caused the doctor's death.

RELIGIOUS PRESS MERGER.

Victor F. Lawson of Chicago Slated to Head Denominational Syndicate.

Special to The New Yprk Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 18.—According to information received by religious papers in Baltimore, a syndicate is to be formed in Chicago, with Victor F. Lawson as a leader in the enterprise, to reorganize and merge the denominational press. More than $1,000,000 has been subscribed, and the syndicate has options on a number of religious weeklies.

The plan of the syndicate is to retire some papers which are now operating at a loss and to merge others. It is predicted that even if some of the competing papers in the same denomination and same field are not removed in this way they will be eliminated by the great superiority of the papers affiliated with the syndicate.

Baltimore has for many years been a centre of religious publications, and if such a plan is put into force it will have its effect here. These religious publications are published in this city:

The Methodist Protestant, a denominational organ with one competitor in Pittsburgh.

The Maryland Churchman, monthly, Protestant Episcopal diocesan organ.

The Baltimore Methodist, weekly organ for the Baltimore, Wilmington, and Central Pennsylvania conferences.

The Southern Methodist weekly, organ for that entire denomination.

The Maryland Messenger, a Baptist bimonthly publication.

The Methodist Protestant and The Southern Methodist are the only two that cover the whole denominational field.

Latest Shipping.

SS Vigilancia, Nassau to New York, was 305 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 A. M. Ward Line.

ASK BANKS TO ACCEPT CASH FOR CAMPAIGN

Wilson's Managers Would Have Them Receive Funds for All Parties.

McADOO SENDS OUT APPEALS

Gov. Wilson Praises the Plan as Giving Publicity and a Chance for Popular Support.

A brand new plan for the collection of popular subscriptions to finance a National political campaign, as well as to let the full light of publicity fall upon the subscribers, has been evolved by the managers of Gov. Wilson's campaign, and if it is carried out the method of collecting campaign contributions in this country will be revolutionized. The plan is to have every bank and trust company in the United States receive and transmit subscriptions to each of the three National parties. It is an amplification of the plan put in force by the Democratic National Committee a few weeks ago of having contributions collected by newspapers in every city and town in the country.

The new plan has the enthusiastic indorsement of Gov. Wilson, and his managers believe much good will be accomplished if the bank and trust officials as well as the managers of the other political campaigns agree to it. Unless the managers of the other parties do agree on the proposition it will not go through, for the originators of the plan do not intend that it will be in any sense a partisan one. The Wilson managers believe that if the Republicans and Bull Moosers are sincere in their demands for full publicity for campaign contributions, before as well as after election, they will gladly embrace the opportunity to let non-partisan parties do the actual collecting of money.

Acting Chairman William G. McAdoo, who has taken the place of Chairman McCombs because of the latter's illness, sent yesterday a letter to the officers of every bank and trust company in the United States telling them of the proposition and requesting them to agree to receive contributions for the three National parties. Accompanying Mr. McAdoo's letter is one from Gov. Wilson indorsing the plan and declaring: "To bring about the election of a President through a campaign financed by popular subscriptions would be a distinct and gratifying triumph."

Mr. McAdoo's Appeal.

This is Mr. McAdoo's letter to the officers of the banks and trust companies:

Dear Sir: An unprecedented opportunity is presented to the banks and trust companies of this country for the performance of a patriotic service of inestimable value to the people.

There has long been a deep-seated conviction in the public mind that Presidential campaigns have been financed by certain interests having a special stake in the control of Government.

It is clear that such campaigns should, for the common good, be free from the suspicion of sinister influence.

The Democratic Party at least will respond to the overwhelming popular sentiment in favor of the financing of Presidential campaigns by the people themselves.

This year's campaign must be financed by "popular subscriptions." These cannot be secured unless convenient and responsible agencies all over the country are provided for the receipt and transmission of subscriptions.

Banks, trust companies, and newspapers are the best agencies. The newspapers are already at work. Will the banks and trust companies perform the same patriotic service? The banks and trust companies, of course, will not be partisan. They should accept and transmit subscriptions for each of the National parties if they act at all.

Will you agree to receive and transmit subscriptions to the Democratic National Committee, the Republican National, and the Progressive National Committees?

Speaking for the Democratic National Committee, I would not ask you to act for one unless for all. This must be a patriotic service to the public and not to any one party. Each day a list of the banks agreeing to act will be given to the press.

Will you kindly telegraph at our expense if you will serve? If you agree to do so please notify the newspapers of your community.

In order that you may know the attitude of Gov. Wilson in regard to popular subscriptions I inclose copy of a letter from him on this subject just received. Yours truly,

W. G. McADOO,
Acting Chairman and Vice Chairman, Fifth Avenue Building, New York.

Gov. Wilson Indorses Plan.

This is Gov. Wilson's letter, which was sent along with the one from Mr. McAdoo:

Dear Mr. McAdoo—To bring about the election of a President through a campaign financed by popular subscriptions would be a distinct and gratifying triumph. It would strikingly evidence the renewed supremacy of the people and would mean the permanent emancipation of our Government from those selfish influences which have too long been relied upon to furnish the campaign funds in return for favors to be bestowed. I am in hearty sympathy with every effort that may contribute to such a result. The idea back of the proposed contributors' movement is thoroughly commendable, and I hope that you and your associates will push it and make it an effective instrument for the attainment of so praiseworthy an object. Very sincerely yours,

WOODROW WILSON.

Josephus Daniels, Chairman of the Publicity Bureau of the Democratic National Committee, was enthusiastic over the plan yesterday.

"We expect that the banks and trust companies will gladly do as we suggest," he said, "and if the managers of the other National campaigns are on the level about wanting full publicity regarding contributions they will join hands with us. The plan is an entirely new one in National politics. It has been customary heretofore for National Committees and candidates to issue appeals for campaign contributions, and in 1904 and 1908 the Democratic newspapers raised more than $250,000 for the Democratic National campaign by popular subscriptions.

"Mr. McAdoo's plan is a wider and larger non-partisan method of making universal the financing of National campaigns by popular subscriptions. The plan we are using of having newspapers throughout the country collect subscriptions from the people is working splendidly. We are getting very many responses, but the newspapers should not bear the burden of collecting and remitting alone. The banks and trust companies will make ideal agencies of a similar nature.

"As soon as Mr. Wells, the Treasurer of the National Campaign Committee, returns from Chicago, about the latter part of the week, we will be ready to publish the list of subscribers who have sent their contributions to the various newspapers, as well as those who have sent their money to us direct. We expect to hear from many of the banks and trust companies to-day. We also ought to hear from the other two parties."

Wilson Men Sure of Bay State.

Col. Roosevelt's reception in Massachusetts on Saturday, when he opened his campaign by making several speeches, is not worrying the Wilson campaign managers. In fact, they see in it indication that the Bull Moose Party will draw so heavily from the Republican Party there that Gov. Wilson will sweep the State.

Continued On Page 2.

A Striking Painting,
"Distinguished Customers,"
By F. Simm, will be reproduced in full-page size on special paper as part of the Pictorial Section of
Next Sunday's Times.

FIVE ARE WRECKED IN STOLEN MOTOR BOAT

The Mermaid's Pirate Crew Saved from the Rocks of Fort Hamilton.

ALL BUT ONE DISAPPEAR

He Is Held by Police — Says They Took Capt. Williams's Well-Stocked Boat for a "Joy Ride."

Frank Stultz and Arthur Johnson, standing on the pier of the Bath Beach Field and Yacht Club at Bath Beach, early yesterday morning, saw a large motor boat, apparently disabled, being driven by a heavy squall upon the rocks of the Fort Hamilton Reservation. Four men and a woman stood on the cabin waving frantically for help, and the waves, when the boat came into the trough of the sea, broke over the deck and washed up to the knees of the group hugging the pennant mast. The boat was a hundred yards from the rocks, and before the men on the pier could reach the clubhouse and notify Commodore Braddock the crash of the wreck was heard across the waters.

Two dories put out from the club, and after a half-mile row through rough seas reached the stranded vessel. At the point where the boat ran foul of the shore the rocks stretch out into the water in a jagged line, making all approach dangerous and necessarily slow. By the time the passengers were taken off they had been thoroughly drenched and considerably bruised by the pitching about of the boat, but three of the men and the woman disappeared immediately upon landing.

At the time of the wreck the tide was rising, and by stretching a rope from a firm anchorage to the boat the men in the dories managed to pull her off the rocks. They went aboard and examined the inside of the cabin. They found a log book with the name of the owner, Capt. Alvin J. Williams of Orange, and registration of the boat in Newark, N. J., as the Mermaid. From letters in the cabin it was learned that the address of the owner for that day would be a hotel in Coney Island.

On shore the one remaining man from the shipwrecked crew gave such an incoherent account of how he came to be on the boat, when was not the owner, that he was locked up in the Fort Hamilton Police Station. By telephone Capt. Williams was reached at Coney Island, and notified of his boat's condition. He was called to the telephone from the pier where he had been gazing at the spot in the sea made vacant by the sudden disappearance of the Mermaid. He had stocked the boat with provisions on Saturday night in preparation for a two week's cruise along the coast and securely moored her to a buoy while he spent the night at a Coney Island hotel.

When he reached the scene of the wreck he found that all the provisions had been taken from the boat. The bow was crushed in and the rudder and propeller broken. The prisoner in the police station gave his name as William Burns, a laborer of Chicago, but the police say that he is one of a band of bay pirates who have been making a practice of taking small craft from anchorages. According to his story he and his companions merely took the boat for a short joy ride, and became helpless when the only man aboard who understood engines became incapacitated through intoxication. The boat was valued at $2,000, and the damage amounted to approximately $500.

BENJAMIN TERK MISSING.

Clients at Schenectady Worried—His Wife with Parents in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Friends of Attorney Benjamin Terk of 119 Barrett Street, this city, are puzzled by his disappearance last week, and clients and others who had intrusted him with some $20,000 are much concerned. He left word that his business made it necessary for him to take an extensive trip. It is reported that he is on his way to Europe.

Mrs. Terk is only 18 years old. She is a daughter of Abraham Siegel, 31 West Ninety-fifth Street, New York, a cigar manufacturer. Terk met her about a year ago at Lake Placid, and they were married in June last. Terk gave up his offices in this city on May 1 and since then has conducted his business in the suite of offices of Mann Trice, 277 Broadway, New York. Terk's income is estimated at $6,000 a year.

Until last Wednesday Benjamin Terk was at the home of his wife's father, Abraham Siegel, 31 West Ninety-fifth Street, New York, according to a statement by Mr. Siegel last night.

Mrs. Terk, who was Miss Hattie Siegel until her marriage about three months ago, authorized her father to say that the present whereabouts of her husband were unknown.

Mr. Siegel declared that he knew nothing of Terk's affairs. Mr. Siegel said that Terk had told him that he owned some real estate in Schenectady, but beyond this he said he knew very little about his son-in-law's business interests.

HOT BROWNSVILLE BLAZE.

Tenants Forced to Move Out—Boy and Girl Arrested.

A new and unoccupied four-story building at 338-344 Snediker Avenue, Brownsville, was destroyed by fire yesterday. The blaze, which started in one of the lower floors, rapidly spread throughout the building, and for a time threatened a number of surrounding buildings. Scores of tenants were forced by the police to leave their homes and move their belongings into the street. Streams of water were poured upon freight cars and freight houses in the yards of the Long Island Railroad in the rear of the burning building.

A boy and a girl who fought to break through the fire lines were arrested by the police. The girl, Rose Solomon, 13 years old, used her fists and kicked when an officer tried to force her back into the crowd. The boy was Joseph Blau, 15 years old.

KILLING MAY END CHINESE REPUBLIC

Executioner of Gen. Chang Dined with Victim Before Arresting Him—No Evidence at "Trial."

WAS BY PRESIDENT'S ORDER

Yuan Shi-Kai Fears Assassination, and Sun Yat-Sen Is Also in Danger—Latter on Way to Peking.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, Aug. 19.—The Daily Telegraph's Peking correspondent gives the following details of the manner in which Gen. Chang-Tsen-Chu was trapped and killed.

"The Bannerman General, Tuan Chi-Kuei, who was intrusted by President Yuan Shi-Kai with the arrest and execution, actually dined with Gen. Chang in a European hotel, and toasted him repeatedly.

"The dinner being ended, the victim departed for his lodgings outside the Chien-men Gate. In the meanwhile strong bodies of mounted and foot gendarmerie took possession of the gate and all its approaches.

"Immediately the carriages neared the fatal spot, Tuan Chi-Kuei, who was in a vehicle following the victim, leaned out of a window and blew a police whistle. A forest of bared sabres and bayonets grew up as by magic, surrounding Chang Tsen-Chu, who was dragged out of the carriage, bound with ropes, flung into a mule cart, and conveyed to a military court where the Judges were already sitting.

"These officers simply stated that the death of the prisoner had been decreed, and that it was ordered that he be shot instantly. No evidence was brought, no witness was examined. Chang Tsen-Chu was examined, then tied to a pillar in the courtyard, and the firing party leveled their rifles.

"The unfortunate officer was not killed by the first volley, but cried loudly: 'My heaven! My parents! What sin have I committed!' The volley firing then continued.

"A horrible detail lay in the fact that since it was necessary to dress the corpse, a message was actually sent to the General's wife asking for more clothes, as her husband 'felt cold in the night air.'

"Yuan Shi-Kai, alarmed at the violence of the outcry aroused by the tragedy, is publishing Li Yuan-Hung's telegrams, with the object of putting the blame upon him.

"It is understood that the Advisory Council will attempt to impeach the President, who is so convinced that his assassination is possible that he causes himself to be guarded by dense throngs of troops, who render access to him impossible."

LONDON, Monday, Aug. 19.—The execution of Chang Tseng-Chu is compared by the Peking correspondent of The Daily Telegraph to the shooting by Napoleon's order of the Duc d'Enghien and what followed.

It is the turning point, the writer asserts, in the life of the Chiense Republic.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 18.—Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, the ex-Provisional President of China, disregarding the warning of friends, who fear for his safety since the execution of several Han-Kow Generals, left Shanghai to-day for Peking. Gen. Huang-Sing, who commanded the Southern Republican army in the revolution which overthrew the imperial Government and who was to accompany Dr. Sen, abandoned the journey.

The Southern Generals recently put to death were members of Dr. Sun Yat-Sen's party, the Tung Men-Hui, and were seized in Peking by direction of President Yuan Shi-Kai, on charges of being implicated in an alleged conspiracy against the Peking Government.

Two of the officers were tried by drum-head court-martial at the capital and shot. The others were returned in chains to Han-Kow and there executed.

HELP FOR FORMER CONVICT.

Philadelphia Councilman Who Ran Away Has a Sympathetic Friend.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Aug. 18.—William Burke, who resigned his seat in Common Council and disappeared from his home after making a statement saying he was an ex-convict, can return to his wife, daughter, and friends sure that he will be able to start up in business again.

The offer comes from John L. Fehr, American representative of the Chinese Merchants' Agency, who six years ago, after completing a short term of imprisonment, fearlessly faced the world and has lived down the slurs of his enemies, and delighted his friends by honorable achievement.

There are no strings to Fehr's offer. Kind words and even the toleration of his fellows is not what Burke needs, he insists. Bread and butter aid is what is needed, and he is willing to provide it. If Burke wants to come back, his opportunity is contained in the following letter:

If William Burke will return to Philadelphia, and wants to accept my help, I will furnish him with stock and fixtures for a cigar store, trusting him to pay me. I know how hard it is to live down a mistake. Yours truly,

JOHN L. FEHR.

"I want Burke to 'come out,' as the saying goes," said Fehr to-day in his office at 1,315 Race Street. "And I know what it is to live down a mistake, but it can be done. It is not the people who live blameless lives themselves that a man in such a fix has to fear. It is the crooks, the envious, the hypocrites, and others who slink away if their own pasts are unbared that men who leave prison have to face. When I heard of his case, six years of my efforts to do good by myself and others came back to me, and I determined to do all one man can to help him.

"If I knew where he is I would send the offer to him privately, but under the circumstances I am hoping that he will see it in the papers and return."

A few dashes of Angostura Bitters in your drinking water prevents Summer complaint. —Adv.

ALARM ABOUT KAISERIN.

She May Have to Retire Altogether from Court Duties.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 18.—The newspapers reproduce a press agency report to the effect that the condition of the Kaiserin continues so unsatisfactory that her complete retirement from Court and other representative duties may be necessary in the coming Winter.

The forthcoming transfer of the Crown Prince from Danzig to Potsdam is said to be due chiefly to a plan for intrusting to the Crown Princess the social and public duties ordinarily performed by the Kaiserin.

EARTHQUAKE IN ARIZONA.

Seismograph at Georgetown University Records Shock in West.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Aug. 18.—According to a dispatch received this evening Williams, Ariz., 400 miles west of here, was severely shaken by an earthquake this afternoon.

The shock lasted from 2:05 to 2:10 P. M. The shocks were felt as far east as Winslow, 100 miles. Holbrook, a town near by, also was severely shaken. Buildings rocked and windows were broken, but it is not thought any lives were lost.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Pronounced earth shocks at a distance of about 1,200 miles were recorded by the seismograph at Georgetown University to-day, beginning at 4:25 P. M. and lasting five and a half minutes. The disturbance, which is not believed to have been particularly severe, probably occurred within the United States.

OUR CARDINALS' SYMPATHY.

Message to Lisbon Patriarch on Attacks on Church in Portugal.

LISBON, Aug. 18.—The Patriarch of Lisbon is giving marked publicity to a message he has received bearing the signatures of Cardinal Farley, Archbishop of New York, and Cardinal O'Connell, Archbishop of Boston.

The American Cardinals in the message regret the persistent attacks directed toward Catholics in Portugal, and hope for the speedy return of liberty of conscience.

WARN ROCKEFELLER FRIEND.

Miss Vincenzo Threatened by Italians at Pocantico Hills.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Because she was thought to have aided the Rockefeller cause, Miss Vincenzo, who is building a large apartment house on Pocantico Hills near the Rockefeller estate, received a warning to-day from Italian sources that her new building would be blown up. The special deputies from Sheriff Doyle's office who are guarding the Rockefeller estate were told of the warning, and they are now watching the building.

Mrs. J. M. Moore, who keeps a hotel next to it and has a large number of boarders, has also appealed to the deputies for protection, for she fears the threat will be carried out, and her building will be damaged. Supt. Briggs, when asked how the situation was to-night, replied that he had nothing to say.

TRAIN KILLS THREE WOMEN.

A Fourth Fatally Hurt on Baltimore & Ohio Tracks at Frostburg.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Aug. 18.—Three young women were killed and a fourth probably fatally injured this evening near Frostburg when a Baltimore & Ohio east-bound passenger train, running over the Western Maryland extension, struck the party just after they stepped off the west-bound track to avoid an approaching freight train.

The dead are Mrs. Oscar Schneider of Orlando, Fla., 27 years old, who came to Frostburg for "home-coming week"; Jennie Schneider, 32, and Bessie Williams, 32.

The injured are Edna Raley, 27, head crushed and internal injuries, probably will die, and Minnie Schneider, 30, bruised and suffering from shock.

FALLS FROM ROCK IN TRANCE.

Gazing Cityward from Orange, Girl Plunges 80 Feet—Almost Unhurt.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 18.—While looking over toward New York from Eagle Rock this afternoon, Miss Margaret Whitford of Hill Street, Orange, was seized with a peculiar failing of hers, which sends her into a profound sleep without warning. She toppled off the edge of the rock, in spite of the guard rail, and plunged eighty feet down through trees and underbrush, to the road below.

The fall was broken by the growth through which she tumbled, and Miss Whitford escaped with a cut knee, which was sewed up at the Orange Memorial Hospital.

Miss Whitford's odd malady has puzzled doctors, who have tried in vain to cure her. She is apt to fall into a sleep while talking, or while at work. At one time she was a telephone girl, but her habit of dropping off into slumber in the midst of a subscriber's request for a call caused her to lose her job.

STUDIES TO BE A HOUSEWIFE

Dr. Eliot's Granddaughter Will Learn to Cook Before Marrying.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 18.—Ruth Eliot, granddaughter of President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard, who is soon to marry Roger Pierce, Dr. Eliot's private secretary, declares that "no woman, no matter how comfortably situated financially, should ever think of marrying before she has learned the art of cooking and the proper way in which to administer a household."

Miss Eliot, whose romance developed during a tour with Dr. Eliot around the world, said to-day:

"I have not set a date for our wedding, as I intend to become an accomplished housewife first.

"Before Mr. Pierce and I are married I shall study cooking and housekeeping in an endeavor to perfect myself as highly as possible in these great essentials of a happy married life.

"We will live in Milton and I am interested at present in planning my home, for my home will mean everything to me. At our Summer home at Mount Desert I am going to learn the art of home making. I always admire a young woman who knows how to cook and care for the home. The great trouble to-day is that too many young women are totally ignorant of the art of housekeeping."

WHITMAN TO JOIN SCHEPPS ON TRAIN

Goes to Albany to Meet His Star Witness Before Police Can Get at Him.

TO ARRIVE TOGETHER TO-DAY

Thus the District Attorney Can Question Him Free from Threats or Promises.

MAY INDICT FOUR INSPECTORS

Charges Also Expected Against Police Department Civilian Said to Have Got Thousands.

INQUIRY PRECEDED MURDER

Rosenthal Wasn't the First Gambler Who "Squealed"—Hope to Indict Resort Trust Heads.

District Attorney Whitman himself will escort Sam Schepps, the much-wanted witness in the investigation of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, into this city when Schepps arrives here to-day. To do this the District Attorney gave up a night's rest at Manchester, Vt., where he has been spending the week-end with his family, and took the 9:25 P. M. train to Albany, arriving there shortly after midnight this morning.

He accepted this discomfort to assure himself that no one should have opportunity to exert any sort of influence on Schepps before Mr. Whitman obtained from him information as to just what Schepps could tell of the murder of the gambler, the conspiracy that occasioned it, and the events that followed rapidly after it before Schepps's departure from the city.

It was learned yesterday that it had been part of Mr. Whitman's plan to join Schepps somewhere en route and accompany him into New York when the District Attorney sent orders to Hot Springs commanding Assistant District Attorney Robert G. Rubin to delay his arrival in this city until Monday. Just where Mr. Whitman would join the party was not made public until yesterday.

Then it was learned that the District Attorney planned to make the trip from Manchester to Albany in time to meet the train bearing Schepps on his way from Buffalo to New York. Just when Schepps and his party will arrive at Albany is a secret known only to those accompanying Schepps and to Mr. Whitman. It is believed, however, that they will get into this city some time this afternoon.

Though the intention of Mr. Whitman to join Schepps at some point along his route to this city was no sudden decision of the moment, it is believed that a long-distance conversation which he is known to have had yesterday with Mr. Rubin in Buffalo strengthened his determination to carry through his plans along their original lines.

Mr. Rubin is one of Mr. Whitman's assistants who is known to be in perfect accord with his chief so far as the latter's attitude toward police assistance in the Rosenthal inquiry is concerned. He, as well as Mr. Whitman, realizes that Schepps is a witness of extraordinary value, since, so far as is known now, it will be possible to introduce his testimony as that of a voluntary witness, and not an accomplice.

Mr. Rubin appreciates as well as his chief that Schepps, like any other lobbygow of Chinatown, a part which Schepps has played in the past, is most susceptible to any influence which may be brought to bear on him, especially a police influence.

To Avoid Police Interference.

What was said in the long-distance telephone conversation is not known, but it is believed that rumors which had reached Mr. Rubin were imparted to Mr. Whitman and that these rumors fitted well with information which had reached the District Attorney—rumors that the police had their own plans concerning the disposition of Schepps when he reached New York and that these plans failed to consider in great measure the convenience and comfort of the District Attorney.

It is known that above all else Mr. Whitman desires to converse at length with Schepps before any other person shall have had the opportunity of influencing him, either by threats or promises or by specious reasoning concerning his own interests in the present situation.

It would be more convenient for Mr. Whitman to postpone his interview with Schepps until it could take place in his office. On Saturday, however, Bernard Sandler, the lawyer whom Schepps sometimes recognized and sometimes denied, caught up with the party in Buffalo and attached himself to Schepps's train. Mr. Rubin allowed the lawyer to consult with Schepps only in his presence or in the presence of Detectives Thomas and Stewart, who accompanied Rubin to Hot Springs for the fugitive, but it can be understood that Mr. Whitman felt that through Sandler's presence outside influence had already been brought to bear on the man he was so anxious to question and he hesitated to risk the chance of further influence being joined to that exerted by the lawyer.

Deputy Commissioner Dougherty announced some days ago, when he, as well as the rest of the Police Department, was somewhat in ignorance of the status of Schepps in Hot Springs, that if

Schepps arrived in this city in the absence of the District Attorney the police would take full charge of him until he could be turned over to Mr. Whitman.

Mr. Dougherty has shown so clearly throughout Mr. Whitman's investigation that he is in full accord with the District Attorney that Mr. Whitman least of all experienced any doubt of Mr. Dougherty's good intentions from this statement, and were it possible for Schepps to be taken to Police Headquarters and kept there pending Mr. Whitman's pleasure, in the control solely of Mr. Dougherty, it is probable that Mr. Whitman would find no objection to such an arrangement.

Schepps's arrival at Police Headquarters would mean much more than this, however. It would mean that his pedigree and photographs, probably his Bertillon measurements, would be taken and that he would be surrounded by an atmosphere calculated above all else not to make him anxious to talk.

Doesn't Want to Indict Schepps.

Mr. Whitman feels that Schepps, after such an experience, would lose half his value as a witness. Mr. Rubin has said in Buffalo that he feared no attempt on Schepps's life at the hands of gangsters, and neither Mr. Whitman nor his assistants probably have the slightest idea that Schepps would receive at the hands of the police other than the treatment usually accorded to a prisoner. That very treatment, however, is enough to fill the District Attorney with hesitancy at allowing Schepps to be submitted to it.

It is not the intention of Mr. Whitman, if he can avoid it, to have Schepps indicted or to hold him on any charge at all. It is simply desired to retain him as a material witness, and to use him when the time comes to corroborate such parts of the stories of "Billiard Ball" Jack Rose, "Bridgey" Webber, and Harry Vallon as may have affected him.

Mr. Whitman, no less than any one who has followed his investigation closely, realizes that corroborative evidence from one other than an accomplice is essential to the proper and successful development of his cases against the gunmen and against Lieut. Charles Becker, whom he hopes to convict of instigating Rosenthal's murder. Schepps, he hopes, will provide this evidence.

It is known that Mr. Whitman's investigations have persuaded him that Schepps is guiltless of complicity in the murder to the extent that might necessitate his indictment as an accomplice, and it is the purpose of the District Attorney to keep Schepps in the humor to testify without the compulsion of an indictment. Anything which might dissuade Schepps from such an attitude is fraught with danger to Mr. Whitman's plans, and the District Attorney is in such a mood that the slightest risk of outside influence affecting Schepps assumes large proportions to him.

Schepps, under the present plan, will be in the company of Mr. Whitman on the more than three hours' trip from Albany, and when he arrives here he will be taken direct to the District Attorney's office. What attempt might be made by the police to obtain control of Schepps would make little difference to Mr. Whitman, provided he is with the prisoner, for neither he nor any one who knows him can conceive of the police endeavoring to take Schepps from him.

Mr. Whitman's interview with Schepps at his office is expected to be a lengthy one, and on it, it is expected, will depend largely the personnel of those named in the blanket indictment for murder in the first degree, which the Grand Jury is confidently expected to hand down to-morrow. That Schepps himself may be named in it is a possibility, though a remote one. His own situation will depend largely on the attitude he adopts toward the District Attorney and the latter's purposes.

Schepps's Status in the Case.

That Schepps's information may change the plans which are understood now to provide for the indictment of seven men in the blanket instrument is highly probable. These men at present are understood to be Lieut. Becker and the four gunmen, also Jack Sullivan, the ex-newsboy, and possibly William Shapiro, driver of the gray murder car, or Louis Libby, its owner.

What Schepps may be able to tell is a question which is affording great interest to Mr. Whitman. At first it was understood that Schepps had been the paymaster of the murder crew—that he had passed out "Bridgey" Webber's $1,000 among the four gunmen. In his letter to Jack Rose, which was seized as he was about to mail it at Hot Springs, Schepps complained to Rose that he had never made these payments, and that Rose knew he had not and shouldn't have said so. It developed later, also, that Rose never had made such a statement.

What Schepps's status in the case thus became immediately interested Mr. Whitman, and it is understood that he set about immediately striving to learn what part Schepps had played in the murder or the conspiracy. It is understood that much information on this score came from Jack Rose, and that it was of a character to make Mr. Whitman more eager than before to get Schepps in his hands.

It is understood now that Schepps can give no information concerning the preliminary steps of the murder, but that such information as he can give about subsequent events more than makes up for such disappointment as Mr. Whitman must have felt at this news. Schepps is said to be able to verify all of Rose's statements concerning his work as a collector for Becker, and to be able to give much important information concerning the collection of gambling graft, especially from the smaller resorts of the lower east side.

Most important, however, is the information which, it is said, he can give about Lieut. Becker's relations with Rose and about events of the two days following the murder so far as they involved Rose and Becker.

Was Close to Becker and Rose.

Schepps, it is said, escorted Rose to the home of Harry Pollok, where the bald-headed gambler went into hiding after the murder, and from there Schepps is said to have gone direct to the home of Lieut. Becker. Whether he remained there, as Rose did at the Pollok house for the next two days, is not known, but it is said that in these days Schepps was a constant carrier of messages from Becker to Rose and from Rose to Becker. He is supposed to have had the hard task of keeping Rose's courage up, and of conveying to him from Lieut. Becker such advice as might be calculated to imbue him with more courage.

The last message of which he is said to have been the bearer came from Becker to Rose, and was to this effect: "Jack, be sure and do not mention my name. Just stick to your guns and everything will be all right."

It is said to have been Becker's persistency in continually cautioning Rose not to mention the Lieutenant's name that finally excited Rose's suspicion that Becker meant to make him the scapegoat.

Schepps is said never to have been a big influence in the throng which has been connected with Rosenthal's murder. His part is said to have been that of confidential man to Jack Rose, for whom he acted principally as a messenger. This work, however, is believed to have sufficed to give him a very thorough knowledge of Rose's activities so far as they related to the accused Lieutenant, and this part of Schepps's knowledge will be of value to Mr. Whitman.

Schepps never had much money, and it became known yesterday that Jack Rose believes Lieut. Becker provided Schepps with the funds which enabled him to leave the city, to live in style in Hot Springs, and now to make his return to this city more like the triumphant journey of a Presidential candidate than that of a fugitive being brought back to justice.

The very fact that Rose is understood to know so much of Schepps's connection with the case makes the District Attorney almost as unwilling to have his witness fall into Rose's hands or the hands of Webber or Vallon as to have him captured by the police. In the latter event Mr. Whitman's fear is apparent that means might be found to shut Schepps's mouth. He fears more the likelihood that Schepps would not be silenced but would be drilled in a story which might be more suitable to the purposes of the inmates of the West Side Prison than to the District Attorney.

Prisoners Lose Privileges.

In this connection it was noticed yesterday that a stricter régime had been instituted in the West Side Prison, and, it is believed, by the District Attorney's orders. Rose, Webber, and Vallon no longer are to have free run of the corridors, and it is likely that they will not receive so many visitors as have been their daily lot since their incarceration. It is understood that Mr. Whitman believes his prisoners have had too much liberty and that too much opportunity has been given to persons who might so desire to bring to bear on the prisoners influences unfavorable to the District Attorney's purpose.

It is unlikely that Mr. Whitman will find time to-day to do much more than question Schepps at length, and when he concludes with him Schepps probably will be locked up in the West Side Prison, since there the influence of Rose, Webber, or Vallon no longer will be feared. If Schepps proves amenable to Mr. Whitman's desires, it is probable that his information will be presented to the Grand Jury to-morrow, and unless this presentation takes more time than is anticipated the long looked-for blanket indictment probably will be handed down then.

Rose's Lawyer Attacks Waldo.

Attorney James M. Sullivan, counsel for Jack Rose, made caustic comment yesterday upon the administration of affairs in the Police Department and the upheaval which has been evident in police circles as the result of the revelations which have followed the Rosenthal investigation.

"I am glad to see," he said, "that Waldo in his recent controversy with Hayes has not brought forth his famous table of arrests and convictions in order to make it appear that the courts and not the police are to blame for the present conditions existing in this city. It was a clever game while it lasted, but the public has grown tired of having the Police Commissioner place every reputable public official connected with the administration of justice on the defensive as soon as suspicion was directed against his own department.

"Commissioner Waldo's habit of writing letters seems to have been acquired from careful observation of the habits of his chief at the City Hall. By his unjustified attacks upon the Police Magistrates and the Judges he has on several occasions succeeded in befogging the real issue, but this is as nothing when compared with his audacity in declaring that clean conditions prevailed at the very time when the District Attorney's office had obtained evidence upon which Mr. Whitman was preparing to make raids by the wholesale.

"His wrath toward Hayes because the latter attempted to hold him responsible for existing conditions will not deceive the public in the least. So far as the citizens of this city are concerned, they look to Mr. Waldo as the responsible head of the Police Department. His own incompetency is responsible for the growth of graft in this city."

WHITMAN REACHES ALBANY.

Says He Is Confident He Will Learn Much from Schepps.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 19.—District Attorney Whitman arrived here shortly after midnight this morning. Sam Schepps is expected before 5 o'clock this morning.

"I was in conference yesterday over the telephone with Assistant District Attorney Rubin, who is accompanying Schepps," said the District Attorney, "and I feel confident that the interview which I shall have with Schepps in a few hours will prove invaluable in the investigation both into the incidents surrounding the Rosenthal murder and the alleged graft conditions in New York."

MAY INDICT FOUR INSPECTORS

And Civilian Police Employe Said to Have Got Thousands in Graft.

Within two weeks from to-day, according to information obtained yesterday from men thoroughly familiar with progress made in the District Attorney's office, indictments will be handed down by the Grand Jury against four Inspectors in the Police Department and against one civilian employe of that branch of the City Government. These five men will be accused of grafting.

District Attorney Whitman is particularly interested in the accusation that is accumulating against this civilian employe, who has been mentioned again and again in the Rosenthal developments, but hardly ever by name. In his case, as in that of Lieut. Becker, it was learned last night, the most impressive facts have been revealed in tracing the man's bank deposits. By his recourse to the banks and their secrets, and through the hearty co-operation of many bankers, the prosecutor has been able to uncover a steadily increasing wealth out of all proportion to the man's official salary.

Mr. Whitman has discovered that in the short space of time between Dec. 1, 1911, and Aug. 1, 1912, this employe of the Police Department, whose salary is a modest one, deposited a large sum running into many thousands in various banks. The District Attorney has the exact figures.

As the story has made its way into the possession of the District Attorney from various sources, the man who put all this money away in eight months and who had the confidence of Commissioner Waldo was active in the world of graft merely as a collector, and his large deposits represent merely a collector's percentage. If further facts support this theory, they will come close to substantiating Jack Rose's first estimates of the vastness of the graft sums collected in this city in a single year. This man's share is supposed to be but a small fraction and the story his deposits could tell one that has ramifications innumerable.

The indictments against these five men when they are handed down will represent investigation work covering a period of five months. They will not be part of the fruit of the murder of Herman Rosenthal. Suspicion had been set astir and investigators put to work four months before the gambler informer was shot down and the attention of the entire world was directed to the gambling and graft situation in this city.

Yet Jack Rose played a part in this separate story which began long before Rosenthal was disturbed in his gambling house. The leakage started, it was learned yesterday, when Rose went into a poker room and tried to collect $125 for Becker. For some reason the customary resigned docility was lacking on this occasion. The oppressed and goaded proprietor of the poker room rose in his wrath and, greatly to the surprise of the bald-headed collector, informed that worthy that he would pay him no money, and thereupon surprised him still further by collaring him fiercely and throwing him out upon his nose in the street.

Rose carried himself off in a fine rage, there was subsequent trouble, and a few days later a sulky man bent on "squealing" was tip-toeing into the office of the prosecutor with a great deal of vague information on the tip of his tongue.

Out of this little hitch in the smooth running of the machine some information did find its way into the hands of the District Attorney, and very quietly, without suspicion being aroused in any circle, he began an investigation. He had the help of outside investigators, and the material for charges had been accumulating for four months, when suddenly came the murder of Rosenthal, the capture of Rose, the arrest of Becker, and the whole upheaval and storm in the police and gamblers' world.

In the course of his inspection of the entire field of protected vice the District Attorney has learned that there are some 830 disorderly resorts in the districts presided over by Inspector Lahey and until Friday by Inspector Hayes.

SCHEPPS LEAVES BUFFALO.

His Train Due at Albany at 4:40 o'Clock This Morning.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 18.—On the last leg of his journey from Hot Springs, Ark., Sam Schepps, the much-wanted witness in the investigation of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, left Buffalo to-night at 9:45 o'clock for New York City.

He was in company of Assistant District Attorney Robert J. Rubin and Detectives Stewart and Thomas. His train is due in Albany at 4:40 o'clock to-morrow morning, and he will arrive in New York about three hours later if he continues the journey with Mr. Whitman on that train.

Schepps spent a quiet Sunday, and at nightfall was ready to start for New York at a moment's notice. Except for a brief walk for exercise, he remained in his hotel all day long, and resolutely declined to discuss anything pertaining to the death of Rosenthal or the graft surrounding it. On other subjects he was voluble to the point of glibness; but when the name of Becker or Rosenthal was mentioned he sealed his lips, waved a deprecatory hand, and explained that any statement concerning the case "would be unfair to his counsel and to District Attorney Whitman."

Bernard H. Sandler, counsel for Schepps, spent the afternoon at Niagara Falls. He has seen little of his client in private, and is concerned chiefly in seeing that Schepps reserves whatever he may have to reveal concerning the murder until he gets to New York.

The curious streamed all day through the hotel where Schepps has been quartered, but the little gambler evinced no desire for notoriety, and remained either in his room or in a corner of the café with a detective seated at his side.

FEDERAL EYE ON RESORT MEN.

Five Men Known as "Trust" Heads Said to be White Slavers.

The five men who have been mentioned by Assistant District Attorney Smith as the heads of the Disorderly Resort Trust in this city are well known to the Federal authorities in connection with white slave investigations, it was learned yesterday from a high official in the Department of Justice of the District of New York. The men in question are the Soviner Brothers, "Big Max," "Shiney" Goldberg, and a man named Schwartz.

"Since the passage of the Federal White Slave act of June 25, 1910," declared the official, "the names of these men have been repeatedly encountered in the course of investigations conducted by the Department of Justice. The Federal authorities have succeeded in obtaining more than 200 convictions for violations of the White Slave act, and many of these have been obtained in this district. There have been twelve convictions in New York City since the first of the present year.

"In the majority of the cases in which the Department of Justice has obtained convictions sentences have been imposed of not less than five years. Where the age of the women involved has been under 18 years the sentences have been invariably ten years. This has frightened the men engaged in this traffic to such an extent that it is now practically restricted to State lines."

Upset as they must have been by the raids last Thursday night on eighteen of the thirty-two resorts operated by the Vice Trust, the five men have been congratulating themselves first on the score that as yet they have not been arrested, and second on the ground that theirs constituted an offense of the grade only of misdemeanor, for which the greatest penalty is eleven months and twenty-nine days in jail and a fine of $500. Yesterday it became known that an effort will be made to convict these men of a felony for which a long prison sentence may be imposed by charging them with bribery in connection with the giving of graft to the police.

None of these five men has been arrested yet, but the District Attorney's men are on guard in their places, so that these cannot reopen, and it is known that each of the five is watched so that there is no chance for him to escape. One of them, "Shiney" Goldberg, is said to have been prostrated by the news of the raids. He was in a saloon at Twenty-eighth Street and Sixth Avenue when he heard of them, and promptly fainted. When he had been revived he is said to have declared with his first breath:

"There's a $15,000 business gone to 15 cents."

A search is being kept up for the three women managers who jumped their bail, and the District Attorney, having his own men on the case as well as the police, is certain that they will be caught. One of these women, named Krebs, the one who seized a mop and pretended to be a hired charwoman and not an inmate when the raiders broke into her place, is said to be one of Mr. Whitman's most important witnesses.

NOT PARTISAN, SAYS CURRAN.

Isn't Disturbed by Gaynor's Criticism of Aldermen's Inquiry.

Alderman Curran, Chairman of the Aldermanic committee in charge of the police inquiry, spent yesterday at Staten Island at the home of Arthur von Briesen, President of the Legal Aid Society. Mr. Curran said that he was not disturbed by the threat implied by Mayor Gaynor in a letter to B. B. Bobbit, editor of The Daily Record at Long Branch, that he would withdraw from the Aldermanic investigation if it had the appearance of being conducted on partisan lines.

The reference in the Mayor's letter to the Aldemanic inquiry is as follows:

> I hope that we will get at the bottom of the graft that exists in the Police Department. I had started an investigation of my own and contemplated public hearings, but when the Aldermen appointed a special committee for the purpose, I paused and concluded to unite in the work of that committee. If, however, it is to be mere partisan and pre-election work to arouse party prejudices, I shall have to withdraw from it and do the best I can without their aid.

Mr. Curran, who has repeatedly accused the Mayor of attempting to block the Aldermanic inquiry, said yesterday:

"There is no danger of the investigation being conducted on partisan lines. I will be the first to withdraw if there is anything of the kind. The Mayor's statement that he intended to have an investigation of his own may be true, but he never gave any sign of being about to start such an investigation. If he sees fit to start his own inquiry now, I don't think there will be any objection. My own wish is to avoid any further controversy on the subject till the investigation is under way."

The plans for the investigation by the Citizens' Committee will be decided on at a meeting to-morrow afternoon at the offices of Allan H. Robinson, 165 Broadway, Chairman of the Citizens' Committee.

STANDARD OIL CHECK USED FOR ROOSEVELT

Penrose Lets It Be Known That Money He Obtained from Archbold Went Into Campaign.

HELPED CARRY STATE IN 1904

Senator Says He Will Gladly Face Committee of Investigation and Defies Flinn.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 18.—It was said here to-day that a great part of the $25,000 check received by Senator Penrose from John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Company was expended to help elect Roosevelt President in 1904.

The report emanated from the conference of Pennsylvania Republican leaders, and the full story of the alleged payment of this sum to Senator Penrose, who was a member of the Republican National Executive Committee and Chairman of the Republican State Committee at the time, will be made public this week along with other moves aimed to solve the electoral situation.

William Flinn of the Roosevelt forces, who proposed impeachment proceedings against Penrose because of the discovery of this transaction, it was declared, had it in his power to investigate through a froendly Senate committee the purpose for which the Standard Oil check was used.

Senator Penrose discussed the threatened impeachment with some of his advisers to-day. He told them what he remembered of the transaction, and later the story became current on the porch of the Hotel Shelburne that a great amount of the sum went into the National campaign and was expended in carrying New York State for Roosevelt.

Senator Penrose declared to his lieutenants that he welcomed a Senatorial investigation. He defied Flynn to go to Washington and lay the case before the special Senate committee headed by Senator Moses Clapp of Minnesota, which has been inquiring into the expenditures of National political organizations.

This committee, it was observed, is headed by Senator Clapp, one of the most progressive of the Roosevelt leaders, and it is believed that he would take great delight in exposing Penrose in a transaction, which would reflect upon his integrity and involve him in a corrupt deal with one of the big interests.

Republican leaders said that Flinn had started the impeachment talk without a full knowledge of the conditions prevailing in the 1904 National campaign. Then there was no trouble on the horizon in Pennsylvania. Penrose was in undisputed control and conditions were so favorable to the Republican cause that no great amount of money was required in politics in Pennsylvania.

In the exposé made originally in Hearst's Magazine the direct inference is that the check was sent to Senator Penrose by the head of the Standard Oil Company for his activity in legislation. Letters in addition to the one published referring to the check suggested that Senator Penrose should become Chairman of the Industrial Commission.

The effect of the charges and the inferences of the Flinn faction will compel Senator Penrose to explain just why the Standard Oil sent him the big check. This he will do, either by voluntarily appearing before the progressive Senate Committee, headed by Senator Clapp, or giving out a public statement.

Senator Penrose declared, to-day that the Taft National managers were prepared to start action in the Federal courts to oust the anti-Taft Electors from the Republican ticket in Pennsylvania. This action will not be deferred much longer, and it was declared that the middle of this week would mark the beginning of the suit, if the Electors had not voluntarily retired by that time.

BROWN JOINS PROGRESSIVES.

Former Chairman of Ohio Republican Committee Declares for Roosevelt.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 18.—Walter F. Brown, National Committeeman and Roosevelt leader, who one week ago resigned as Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, to-night issued the following statement:

> Convinced that the men who have seized control of the Republican Party, by reason of their brutal disregard of public sentiment and popular rights, have permanently destroyed that party's usefulness in Ohio as well as in the country at large, I have determined to enlist in the ranks of the Progressive Party in the belief that it is destined to be the means of solving the political problem of our times.

Brown will be at the head of the third party campaign in Ohio. If he does not resign from the National Committee he will undoubtedly be removed in accordance with a resolution passed at the National Republican Convention. The resolution drawn up by the Taft leaders in Ohio, and aimed particularly at Brown, provided that any member of the committee not supporting the Republican candidate for President could be removed.

MAYOR MAGEE CONVERTED.

Pittsburgh Executive Joins Flinn for Initiative and Referendum.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 18.—Although the initiative and referendum are not part of the Republican platform adopted at the State Convention, they will be big issues in the Legislature next winter.

Clarence V. Tiers, State Chairman of the Progressive Party, said to-night he had received pledges from every Republican legislative candidate in Allegheny County that he would vote for the initiative and referendum. This announcement is regarded as significant of the attitude taken by William Flinn and Mayor W. A. Magee.

The Mayor was opposed to the initiative and referendum, and in deference to the Mayor in the State Convention Flinn did not include them in the platform. Mayor Magee says he has been converted. As Magee and Flinn control all those nominated on the Republican legislative ticket the announcement by Magee and the pledges given to Tiers are regarded as forecasting what the Western Pennsylvania leaders will do in the Assembly.

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UNITED CIGAR STORES

ASK BANKS TO ACCEPT CASH FOR CAMPAIGN

Continued from Page 1.

There was a conference at the Democratic headquarters yesterday on the Massachusetts situation, at which were present Mr. Daniels, T. P. Reilly, Democratic State Chairman of Massachusetts, and Congressman James T. Lloyd, Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, who came over from Washington to confer with Mr. Daniels regarding the Democratic handbook, which is rapidly nearing completion.

"It is a cinch for Gov. Wilson in Massachusetts," said Chairman Reilly enthusiastically. "The Governor will have the electoral votes of our State this year without a doubt. From present indications Mr. Roosevelt will get more votes in Massachusetts than President Taft. The Republican vote is so divided that the division cannot but help give Wilson a big majority. We have assurances from a number of Republicans that they will vote for Wilson. The large crowds which listened to Col. Roosevelt last week were largely made up of curiosity-seekers. These crowds cannot be compared to the crowds that turned out to hear Col. Bryan four years ago."

Mr. Reilly said that the Democratic campaign in Massachusetts would be formally opened on Aug. 31 at Canobie Lake, when all the Democratic leaders of the State will gather to hear speeches by prominent State Democrats.

Mr. Daniels said that Chairman McCombs continued to improve, and he vigorously denied that Mr. McCombs intended to resign the Chairmanship. Vice Chairman McAdoo will leave for Indianapolis to-day, and with the other members of the National Committee be present at the notification ceremonies to Gov. Marshall. From there Mr. McAdoo will go to Chicago to open headquarters.

BANKERS AGAINST THE PLAN.

Not a Question of Public Spirit, but of Practical Banking, Says One.

Bankers who could be reached last night were not at all enthusiastic over Mr. McAdoo's proposal. In fact, they said it would be impracticable, to say the least. Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank, said the scheme was so novel that he would have to take time in which to think it over.

"I never heard of such a plan before," he said, "and I would want to talk the matter over with other bank officials before expressing myself. It is a novel proposal, to say the least. I do not see why banks should be asked to take such a part in a National political campaign. I will think the matter over very carefully and consult with other bankers in the city before I express any decided opinion or reply to Mr. McAdoo's letter."

The President of one of the largest Wall Street banks, who did not want his name used at this time, explained some of the drawbacks of the proposal.

"In the first place," he said, "it is not the function of banks to mix in politics, and whatever might be said on the side of the public spiritedness of such a scheme, it is politics, after all. As a matter of practicability alone, I doubt if the larger banks could undertake to carry out any such project. It would mean unending bother and a responsibility which, lying outside of a bank's proper functions, the officers might be unwilling to assume. Aside from the immense amount of clerical labor which would be involved, should contributions come in in any large quantities, there would be no part of the bank's bookkeeping which could properly assume charge of the work.

"With multitudes of small checks, money orders and cash contributions pouring in, there would undoubtedly occur numberless disputes, which would entail an enormous amount of correspondence. Besides this, there might be losses in the mail, and who would make these good? The bank stockholders and Directors might seriously object to their banks handhandling campaign contributions on this score alone. Losses in the ordinary course of business could be properly charged up to profit and loss, but in a scheme of this sort, in which the bank had no business to meddle, anyway, it would be a problem what to do with the discrepancies which would inevitably show in the account at the end of the campaign. Besides the enormous difficulties incident to keeping tabs on funds flowing in through the mails, and the probable disputes with senders, there would still remain the problem of distribution. Experience has shown that a political campaign brings to the surface all sorts of cranks, and there would be, no doubt, letters coming in from adherents of all the 'isms' in politics.

"As far as my bank is concerned, I can say positively that we would not undertake to have any part in Gov. Wilson's scheme. I cannot imagine that any other large institution would take a different view of the matter. It is not a question of public spiritedness, but a question of practical banking."

WILSON SPENT SUNDAY HERE.

While He Was Gone the Crowds Took All His Apples.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, Aug. 18.—Around and around the Little White House an expectant throng circled to-day in the hope that it could catch a glimpse and then a handshake of the Democratic Presidential candidate. But the candidate had fled as usual for Sunday and surrendered his rocking chairs, verandas, lawns, shrubbery, and all to the multitude.

To the sad misfortune of a group of apple trees bearing ripe apples, the crowd made a discovery that was much to its liking. To-night the apple trees are still here, six of them, but they have been stripped bare, and with the last apples went most of the smaller limbs.

The shrubbery about the Governor's home is beginning to bear witness to the fact that Sea Girt is a busy place and houses a candidate who believes in letting the people come near. The only shrubs that have escaped the hands of the despoiler so far are three bushes on the front lawn which bear prickly thorns.

One visitor saw the Governor on his return to Sea Girt to-night—National Committeeman Joseph E. Davies of Wisconsin, who came for a final talk with Gov. Wilson before leaving for the West to open the Chicago headquarters. His last night in the East was spent with Mr. McAdoo, because Mr. McAdoo is just now the real power in managing the Wilson campaign. The plan for conducting the campaign in the Western zone calls for a budget and the keeping of a record so complete that every campaign committee that comes after this one can learn exactly what it costs to run a National campaign.

Mr. Davies said his plan for the immediate future was to make a tour of his territory and appraise the situation as to its needs. He said he would go to California, to Denver, to all the Far Western cities and upon returning to Chicago would map out for each section the kind of a campaign it seemed most to be in need of.

Mr. Davies denied a report to the effect that a campaign canvass had already been made, giving only ten States to the rivals of Mr. Wilson. With Mr. Davies in charge at Chicago will be Charles R. Crane, the Vice Chairman of the Finance Commitee. He expects to be in Chicago Wednesday.

It was learned here that Mr. Crane was counting on a hearty response from the banks of the country to Mr. McAdoo's plan for turning every bank into a collection agency for campaign funds for all parties, the banks accepting the money and forwarding it to the party designated by the donor.

Gov. Wilson went to-day for his Sunday rest into the heart of New York City. A driving rain storm was in progress when he reached here about 8 o'clock to-night. It didn't bother the Governor, for, after waiting a few minutes for the rain to let up, he grabbed his suit case and set off at a pace so brisk that Sam Gordon, his faithful messenger, found it hard to keep up with him. The Governor said he had no conference in New York.

To-morrow afternoon he speaks at a German picnic, at Union Hill, near Hoboken.

HILLES FIGURES AMUSE GORE.

Bold, Bright Touch of Humor, He Says, but Makes End More Tragic.

Senator Gore of Oklahoma, Chairman of the Organization Bureau of the National Democratic Campaign Committee, after going over the prognostication of Chairman Hilles of the Republican National Committee showing that President Taft would have 383 electoral votes, Wilson 114, with 34 in the doubtful column, made some unctuous comments last night.

"I have read Mr. Hilles's statement with interest, and even some amusement," said the blind Senator. "It is one of those bold, bright touches of humor which in the end makes the tragedy more tragic. I would like to believe that Chairman Hilles had deceived himself with those statistics.

"From a Democratic standpoint, the political situation is entirely satisfactory. I may say, highly gratifying. I think that we could have defeated one Republican candidate, but with a divided opposition and a united Democracy, success is doubly certain. Gov. Wilson will poll the full Democratic vote in every State. His popular vote will be about the same as that of Taft and Roosevelt combined. Under our electoral system, this means that he will have a large majority in the Electoral College.

"Our situation is strengthened by two circumstances. West of the Mississippi the race is between Wilson and Roosevelt, with President Taft receiving enough Republican votes to throw many Republican States in the Democratic column. It seems now that Taft has a chance to lead Roosevelt in only three or four States beyond the Mississippi, with a possibility of carrying not more than two of those States. Wilson will have a majority of the electoral vote west of the Mississippi.

"East of the Allegheny Mountains the race is between Wilson and Taft, with Roosevelt dividing the Republican vote sufficiently to throw several of those large Republican States into the Democratic fold. Roosevelt probably will lead Taft in three States in this Eastern section, with a chance of carrying only one State.

"In the five great States between the Alleghenies and the Mississippi confusion in the Republican ranks is worse confounded. Chaos runs riot in their ranks in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and Wisconsin. Indications are now that there are only two of those States where there is any likelihood of Gov. Wilson losing out. He has much the best of it in three of these States, an even chance in one of them, and almost an even chance in the other."

NEWARK'S MAYORALTY FIGHT.

Both Democrats and Republicans Will Have Sharp Primary Contest.

With two Democratic and two Republican aspirants for the office of Mayor of Newark, there is promise of a lively primary campaign. The regular Democrats, the Smith-Nugent element, expect to renominate Jacob Haussling, who is finishing his third term. The favorite of the Progressive Democrats is William Harrigan, who four years ago won out in the race for the Shrievalty, with the Smith-Nugent faction against him to a man.

The man first in the race on the Republican side was Louis U. Aronson, now a Playground Commissioner. Up to two or three days ago he was alone in the race on the Republican side, but at a meeting, held in the Ninth Ward the other night, the name of John L. Reid, an engineer, was suggested for the office, and received with such favor that Reid's friends at once decided to propose his name for indorsement at a special meeting of the Essex County Republican Committee, to be held to-night. Those backing Reid seem to think that he will have the support of the Progressive Republicans. There seems to be no disposition, however, on the part of the regular Republicans to flirt with the Bull Moose people, even though the City Government might thereby be wrested from the Democrats.

NOTIFY MARSHALL TUESDAY.

Governor to Discuss National Issues in Speech of Acceptance.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 18.—Gov. Thomas R. Marshall will be officially notified that he is the choice of the Democratic Party for Vice President of the United States at 2 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, and the event is expected to bring one of the most notable gatherings of Democrats ever in Indianapolis. Weather permitting, the ceremonies will be held in the open. The stands are to be erected near the Indiana Democratic Club, and facing University Square.

Thomas Taggart, National Committeeman of Indiana, will give a luncheon at his hotel for the distinguished visitors on Tuesday at noon, and this will be followed by a parade which will end at the clubhouse. Mr. Taggart will introduce Judge Alton B. Parker of New York, Chairman of the Notification Committee, who will formally notify the Indiana Governor of his nomination.

Gov. Marshall has spent considerable time on his speech of acceptance, which will be the keynote of his campaign. He has conferred with the Democratic leaders of the State, and expects to devote a goodly part of his talk to National issues.

Following the speeches, the notables, who are expected from all sections of the country, will be taken for an automobile ride, which will wind up at the home of Gov. and Mrs. Marshall, who will give a reception.

Mr. Taggart came from French Lick to-day to remain until after the notification. He expressed regret that National Chairman William F. McCombs, who is ill in New York, and Gov. Woodrow Wilson would be unable to attend.

MOOSE DISCORDS IN JERSEY.

The Fort-Record-Colby Quarrel Is Not Helping Third Party Here.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 18.—Ex-Gov. Fort's retirement from the Bull Moose National Committee, to make way for Borden D. Whiting, ex-Senator Colby's law partner, has not brought harmony to the ranks of the Progressives of New Jersey, and both Colby and his old ally, George L. Record, have since been filling the local newspapers with epistolary attacks on each other. In the days gone by Mr. Record and Mr. Colby were regarded as the Siamese twins of the New Jersey Progressive Party. They were together as partners at all the party functions. Mr. Record was determined to make a Governor of Mr. Colby, and Mr. Colby seemed to be consecrating himself to the task of making a United States Senator of Mr. Record. The breach is all the wider, and the feeling all the deeper because of the past closeness of their personal and political relations. As a result of their differences the prospects of the Bull Moose Party in the State are not so bright as they seemed a while ago.

Ex-Gov. Fort was the warm supporter of Taft in the National Committee of 1908, and the fact that he could not control the whole State delegation for Mr. Taft led to a locally famous colloquy between him and ex-Gov. Murphy.

"Bob!" exclaimed Fort in an agony of despair, "I feel like going home."

"Well," was Murphy's bland reply, "you know the way to the station, Governor."

Fort's opposition to Taft now is ascribed to the failure of the President to give him one of the two seats upon the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States that have become vacant during his incumbency. After the Roosevelt movement had been set going in New Jersey by Colby and Stokes, Gov. Fort made two or three ostentatious visits to Oyster Bay and heralded his confidences there in the local prints in such a way that he seemed to have become Col. Roosevelt's special ambassador to his Jersey followers.

Mr. Record also flocked with the Roosevelt men. It was not long before he and Fort were in a combine to control the Progressive machinery in the State, and they secured it. Colby was elbowed out, and at the Progressive convention in Chicago he saw his law partner, whom he had picked for the National Committee, displaced in favor of Fort. He made a loud protest, and was able to force the State delegates together again for the reconsideration of Fort's appointment, with the result that Whiting went into the National Committee in his stead.

In a recent letter defending himself Mr. Record talked of the "ingratitude" of one who had befriended him as Record had. On the other hand, the Colby men privately express suspicions that the Fort-Record combine is really planning to turn the Progressive vote eventually over to Gov. Wilson.

Between the jealousies and rivalries among those who aspire to recognition as its leaders, and between the faction that would prefer Wilson if Roosevelt can't be elected and the faction that will take Taft rather than Wilson, the Progressive Party in New Jersey is not improving its chances of making an effective showing in the campaign ahead.

COLORED DEMOCRATS ACTIVE.

Appeal to Their People Everywhere to Abandon Republicans.

The Committee of Address of the Tammany Hall United Colored Democracy, of which Robert N. Wood is Chairman, has sent out an appeal to the colored voters of the country to support the Democratic ticket this Fall. It is pointed out that the Republican Party of Lincoln has passed away, and that the policy of the present party is "to build up a white Republican Party by eliminating the colored citizens of the South." The success of this policy, says the statement, means the breaking of the solid South and the loss to the Democratic Party of some Southern States, and it continues:

"Let us divide the vote; let us make those among whom we live our political friends. It will bring about a better feeling between the races. It will make the party which loses our vote appreciate those voters who remain, and the Democratic Party, which gains our vote and is the dominant party in the South, will find it has the opportunity to practically demonstrate its kindly feelings toward us."

VERMONT CAMPAIGN OPENS.

State Election Next Month Will Be a Barometer for November.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Aug. 18.—The political campaign which is expected to arouse the voters of Vermont to a sense of the National importance of the State election on Sept. 3, the first in the country previous to the Presidential election, will swing into its full stride this week. Orators from both within and without the State are expected to visit all the cities and many of the large towns, while campaign committees are already laying plans for getting out the vote.

The contest in Vermont is a five-sided affair, at least so far as the gubernatorial struggle is concerned. Republicans, Democrats, Progressives, Prohibitionists, and Socialists each have a candidate for the head of the ticket, while in the two Congressional districts there are several aspirants for Representatives.

For many years Vermont, by reason of her early State election, has been looked upon as more or less of a political barometer. Although the State has never wavered in its adherence to Republican candidates and doctrines, there have been years when the party majorities have fallen greatly below the average. Some political students have said that if the Republican plurality in Vermont in September fell below 10,000, a Democratic victory the following November usually followed.

The Republicans are led this year by Allen M. Fletcher, a prominent business man, while the Democratic candidate is Harlan B. Howe, a young St. Johnsbury lawyer.

The Progressives are following the Rev. Dr. G. M. Metzer, while C. S. Smith of Morrisville, President of the State Grange, has been making an active campaign as a candidate for Governor in the hope of turning the State back to Prohibition. The Socialist candidate is Fred W. Suitor of Barre.

It is expected that three Governors—Marshall of Indiana, Foss of Massachusetts, and Baldwin of Connecticut—will speak for the Democrats, that Col. Roosevelt will be heard, and that many Republican Congressmen will be on the stump.

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EXTRA SESSION SURE WHO EVER MAY WIN

Congressmen Looking Forward to a Long and Arduous Time Next Summer.

PLAN TO ADJOURN THIS WEEK

Taft Remains Firm for Commerce Court—Measures Still Pending in Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—With this session apparently within a few days of its close, Congressmen are already expressing confidence that next Summer will see an extraordinary session that will again run late into the dogdays. The prevailing opinion here is that almost any result of the election—except a deadlock resulting in Secretary of State Knox's succession to the Presidential chair—will mean that the new President will speedily issue a call for another session in which to supplement the routine legislation of the short session that will end on March 4.

Even President Taft, if he should be re-elected, would have some recommendations to lay before an extraordinary session, and it is certain that either Gov. Wilson or Col. Roosevelt would call extra sessions that would last until the Fall. If by any chance Col. Roosevelt should be elected, even to begin the enactment of his platform would require practically the continuous session of Congress for the first year of his third term. Much of that platform, of course, is not intended for immediate enactment, but it is confidently asserted that he would call an extra session for the early Spring.

With Gov. Wilson in the White House, the extra session would be equally inevitable. His tariff programme alone would call for immediate action. His election, it is now assumed, would mean that the House would retain, or increase, its already overwhelmingly Democratic complexion, while the Senate would at last be turned over to the Democratic Party. That condition in Congress would remove all excuse for delay, and the carrying out of the Democratic platform would begin at once.

Two principal items now stand between Congress and adjournment. They are the Post Office bill, now pending in conference, and the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation bill, which the President has vetoed once and will probably veto again. In the Post Office bill the chief trouble is over the parcels post provision, which is quite different as it passed the two houses. In the Legislative bill the tenure-of-office clause, to which the President objected, has been removed, but the abolition of the Commerce Court is retained, and the President is heartily opposed to that.

The indications are that between the divergent views on the parcels post a compromise can be reached, though the House has instructed its conferrees in a way that makes compromise difficult. The Legislative bill, however, looks as if it can scarcely escape a second veto, and unless that veto, on the sole reason of the Commerce Court, is overriden things will still be badly tied up. There is talk that the President may let the bill become a law without his signature. But that process would require Congress to remain in session ten days from the date he receives it the second time, and that course is considered unlikely.

The opposition to the Commerce Court in both Houses is so strong that it has been assumed that the veto can be overriden once the tenure of office for Government clerks is eliminated. But polls of the Senate have revealed grave doubt on this score. The President has made more of a point on the retention of the Commerce Court than on any other single piece of legislation, and he is trying desperately to hold his scanty following in line to prevent the measures passing over his objections.

In spite of these obstacles, however, the feeling is that a break will come in the next day or two. The calendars in both houses are practically clear. Except for the routine General Deficiency bill, everything has been passed at least once, so that debate is reduced to a minimum. All the differences are thrown into the melting pot of conference and the managers on both sides are eager to return home. Leaders like Senator Penrose speak openly of Thursday as a good day for adjourning the session, and to nearly every member of either house that has a joyful sound.

OFFICERS TO STUDY ABROAD.

Young Army Men Are Assigned to Europe for Special Training.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The War Department is extending the practice it recently adopted of sending to Europe for special training a number of young cavalry and field artillery officers.

Capt. John S. Fair, Fourth Cavalry, now at the War College here, is to be attached to a Prussian regiment; First Lieut. E. P. Graham, Fifteenth Cavalry, goes to the Military Riding School at Hanover, Germany, and, if the Italian Government is willing, First Lieut. John C. Montgomery, Tenth Cavalry, will be sent to the Italian Cavalry School at Tor di Quinto.

FINDS WIFE A SUICIDE.

E. O. Carter Returns Home After Quarrel to Discover Her Dead.

Mrs. Helen Carter was found dead yesterday in a gas-filled room in her apartments, 15 West 107th Street. On a table was this note, addressed to her husband, Edward O. Carter, a law clerk at 99 Nassau Street:

> Ed: I have died. Ned and Gus have tried to save me, I must go. HELEN.

Carter told the police that his wife had been melancholy for several weeks. On Saturday he said they had quarreled. He did not return in the evening, when he was to have taken a friend to dinner. He reached his home yesterday afternoon and found his wife dead. One end of a rubber tube was in her mouth and the other end attached to an open gas jet. The couple have one child.

Conners Fails to Settle Strike.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 18.—William J. Conners to-day made an unsuccessful attempt to settle the strike of 1,500 lake freight handlers who went out on Thursday for an increase in wages and betterment of their working conditions. Mr. Conners was ready to concede every point except the advance in wages from 33 to 85 cents an hour, his contracts with the railroads and the lines making that impossible, he declared. Another meeting has been arranged for to-morrow.

TAFT SEEKS TO SOLVE FREE CANAL ISSUE

Is for Toll Exemption to Our Ships, but Appreciates British Objections.

AGAINST BARRING RAILROADS

Clause Keeping Out Lines They Own Would Principally Affect Canadian and Mexican Roads.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The President has still not made up his mind whether to sign the Panama Canal bill or to veto it and return it to Congress for amendment. But he made it plain to his callers to-day that he now has at least two important objections to the measure as it stands. One of them is the no-toll provision, of which he personally approves, but which he thinks unwise to enact in the face of the British objections. The second is the amendment against railroad-owned ships.

It will come as somewhat of a surprise that one of the President's chief objections to the Bourne-Root amendment forbidding the canal to ships owned wholly or in part by railroads is that Great Britain is now opposing that provision almost as strongly as she did the free passage of American ships. But that is the impresison callers received to-day from the President's references to the recent conversations with the British Chargé d'Affaires, A. Mitchell Innes.

The ground for this objection seems to be that the provision would strike heavily at the Canadian boat lines, many of which are owned by railroads. This is particularly true of the Canadian Pacific, and as that line files its tariffs with our Inter-State Commerce Commission in regard to joint rates and some portions of rates through the United States, that road to a peculiar degree is subject to the radical provision. The same may be true of a Mexican line. But otherwise that provision strikes at railroad-owned ships of Canada and at no other foreign ships similarly owned in the world. From the British point of view that constitutes a serious discrimination, and to that extent is in violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

The position of Great Britain has already been set forth on the floor of the House in no uncertain manner. Representative Stevens of Minnesota refused to sign the conference report on account of it, though his further assertion that the provision was absurd and would prove unenforceable in practice seems to diminish the importance of his objections. In the closing hours of the debate in the House Representative Stevens said:

"The substance of Section 11 is that every common carrier, as a railroad, filing its schedules with the Inter-State Commerce Commission comes within the provisions of the amendment. That, of course, would include the Canadian and possibly some of the Mexican railroads, which are common carriers, do file such schedules with the commission, and some of which own steamship lines competing with themselves in their own countries, but not engaged in commerce within the United States. This bill does not limit the effect of that competition to the United States, but includes such within its native country. We cannot assume in this way to regulate the domestic affairs of neighboring and friendly nations, but we certainly cannot discriminate in favor of some of the foreign citizens owning ships and against others similarly owning ships when all are doing business legally under their own and our laws."

The strange thing about the President's predicament is that he believes everything Congress has done is justifiable, and much of that he has formally recommended. But British diplomacy has brought home to him how differently Great Britain construes the treaty, and he now thinks it unwise to proceed without due consultation with her. The radicals in Congress, however, are attributing his present attitude to the bill as purely due to the influence of the railroads, which have fought it all along, and the effect of British objections to the railroad ownership will add fuel to the fire they are stirring up.

The President, it is known, does not wish to veto the bill if it appears that his veto will be overriden. Every indication to-night is that both houses at at present lined up can override it. In its original form the bill passed the Senate by a vote of 47 to 15. The conference report on the form now before the President was passed by a vote of 48 to 18. Either of these votes shows far more than the needed two-thirds majority, and Senators are saying to-night that the veto will be overridden unless some one changes. In the House the measure passed without a rollcall, with overwhelming support.

There are weighty arguments against the veto, if one leaves out of consideration the treaty already settled in agreement with the President's personal views. Judge Adamson, Chairman of the House committee in charge, is quoted as saying that if the President vetoes this bill, and the veto is sustained, there will be no canal legislation whatever. That fits in precisely with Senate talk already set forth in these dispatches, indicating that the Progressive element temporarily in control of that body has no intention of passing a routine resolution authorizing the opening of the canal. The opening of the canal is interesting to them chiefly as supplying a vehicle for extraordinarily radical legislation, and they are determined to reserve it for that purpose.

TAFT TO AVOID SUFFRAGE.

Not to Take Up Women's Cause as a Counter Move to Bull Moose.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Contrary to expectations in certain quarters, neither President Taft personally nor any important number of his followers will take up woman suffrage, as a counter move to Col. Roosevelt's camptaign in that direction. A week or two ago the regular Republican Gubernatorial nominee in Ohio expressed sympathy with the woman's movement, and the impression at once spread that, while no National issue would be made by the Taft sympathizers, in States where the question is at issue the party would indorse woman suffrage, and so gain feminine good-will for the National ticket.

Gov. Wilson's expressions on the subject yesterday have no effect on the Taft managers. The Governor was most friendly in what he said of the feminist movement, and Mrs. Harriman afterward expressed the opinion that the Governor, who is now studying the question, might come out for it openly after the election.

The opinion here is that in years past States have remained Republican or Democratic regardless of woman suffrage and that the granting of this suffrage in particular States did not change the political complexion in these States one whit. As the men had voted before, so the women voted afterward. It is thought that will be the case in November. In suffrage States the vote, it is anticipated, will be multiplied by two, but the ratio between Taftites, Bull Moosers, and Democrats will not be shifted by the addition of the women's vote.

In some large cities in States like California, where there is an independent vote, it is thought Col. Roosevelt will undoubtedly gain strength by his declaration. That State, however, is conceded to the Colonel, so that it does not make much difference.

It will probably be a long time before the Democracy takes up the suffrage. In the Southern States there is positive hostility to the movement, and this hostility is sharpest among women. Men think of the subject there, if at all, merely as an academic one of remote interest. The women seem to take it as an attack upon their assured position.

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¶ The fabrics embrace shepherd plaids, which, by the way, are one of the smartest things of the present season—blue serges, which are popular any old season!—and tropical worsteds, mohairs and flannels, which were never more popular than they are this present season. The models are Norfolks, two and three button single and double breasted effects, all designed on negligee lines, with narrow shoulders, and lapels that lope easily to the first button. The tailoring is Saks tailoring, which, in the dictionary of ready for service wear, means good workmanship, superior finish, and superb style.

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at 2.45

¶ Leathers are patent, gun metal calf, tan and black vici kid, and tan Russia calf. Models are two and three eyelet ties, sailor ties, and Oxfords, in Blucher and straight lace styles. Sizes are incomplete, but there is every size in at least several styles, so you need not worry on that score.

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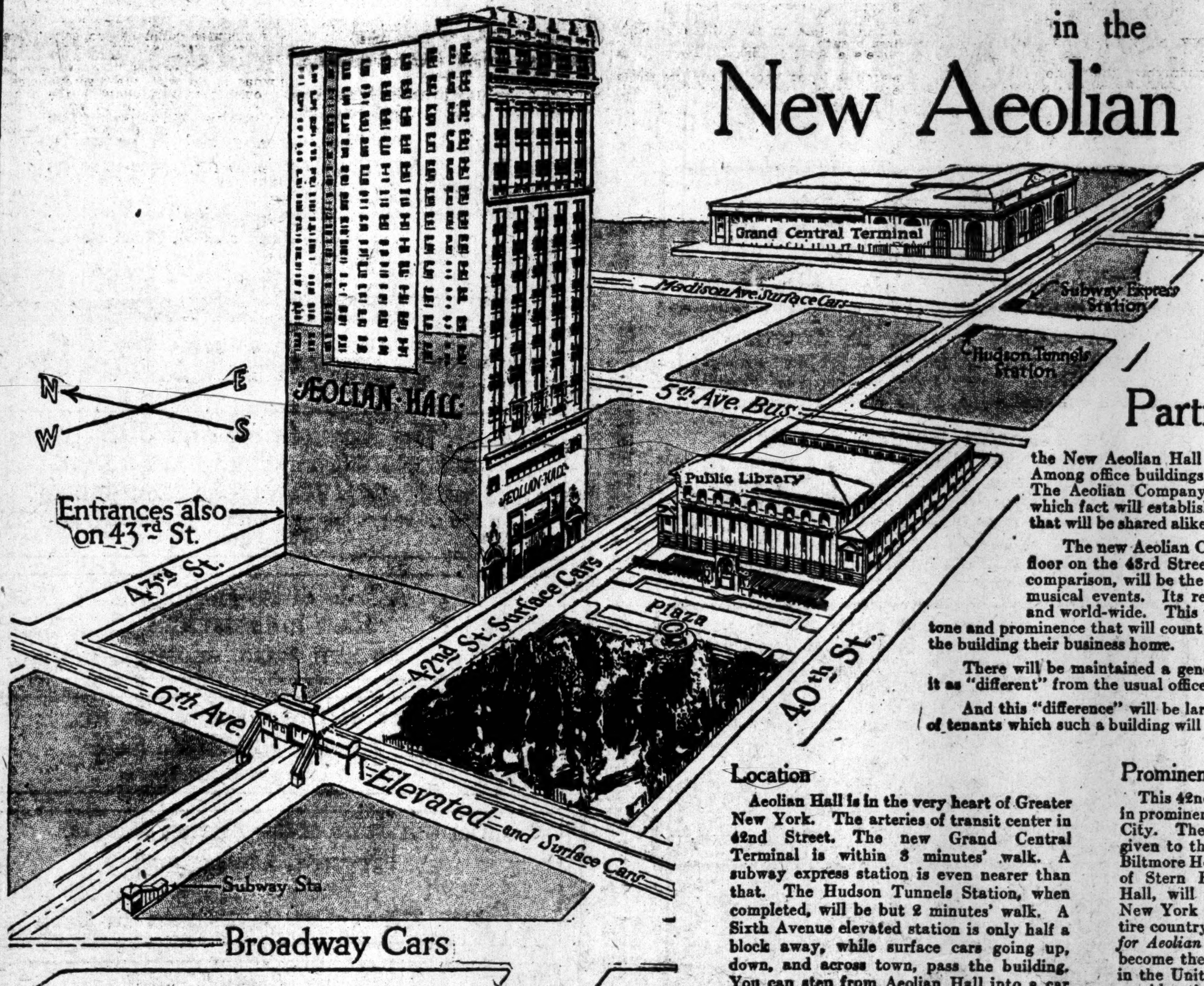

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Aeolian Hall is in the very heart of Greater New York. The arteries of transit center in 42nd Street. The new Grand Central Terminal is within 3 minutes' walk. A subway express station is even nearer than that. The Hudson Tunnels Station, when completed, will be but 2 minutes' walk. A Sixth Avenue elevated station is only half a block away, while surface cars going up, down, and across town, pass the building. You can step from Aeolian Hall into a car that will take you to Long Island City, or into one that goes up Broadway to 125th Street without change.

Prominence

This 42nd Street section is fast superseding in prominence all other locations in New York City. The great publicity which will be given to the new Grand Central Terminal, Biltmore Hotel, and the new department store of Stern Bros. which will adjoin Aeolian Hall, will at once identify this section of New York in the minds of people of the entire country, while the particular advertising *for Aeolian Hall alone*, makes it destined to become the most widely advertised building in the United States. This is an important consideration, and if you decide to make your business home in Aeolian Hall, you will experience no difficulty in making known where you can be found.

Every Room an Outside Room

There are only outside rooms in Aeolian Hall. In front of the building is Bryant Park, which means a maximum of light, air and sunshine. Adjoining the building on the West, the new Stern Bros. department store will rise only seven stories, so that the outlook above this point will be absolutely unobstructed. The same is true of the East side of the building and also the front of the building facing on 43rd Street.

Safety

Aeolian Hall is built of steel, stone, brick and cement. Even the doors and window frames are made of steel. The floors are cement. In every detail of its construction the first consideration has been, *SAFETY*. Aeolian Hall is absolutely fireproof.

Air and Light

The ceilings are extra high—averaging 11 ft. 3 in. with some as high as 14 ft. It has been stated that these are the highest ceilings in any office building in New York. We have made no attempt to verify this assertion, but we know that these high ceilings added materially to the cost of the building, and we believe you will say this money was well spent, when you see the added light and air which they afford, as also when you realize the *saving* it will mean to you in your lighting bills.

Renting Agent on Property

A renting agent is now located on the 12th floor of the building and will gladly show the offices to all prospective lessees.

Aeolian Service

Besides owning the building and occupying a large part of it, the Aeolian Company will superintend ALL of it. This assures such service as few office buildings can boast. The proper care and management of an office building is a business in itself. To the maintenance of New Aeolian Hall the Aeolian Company will enlist all the resources of its vast business experience. Aeolian service long ago became known as complete satisfaction.

Rentals

Rentals are now being made as the building is ready for IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY. The prices are reasonable, some offices being only $600. We invite inspection of these offices, especially by those who appreciate Advantages and Service such as Aeolian Hall will provide.

WARREN & WETMORE
ARCHITECTS

Renting Agents for the Building
Pease & Elliman
340 Madison Avenue, near 43rd Street
Telephone "Bryant 6200"

GEO. A. FULLER CO.
BUILDERS

THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

CAN'T MAKE AUTOS AS CHEAP AS OURS

Statement by R. W. A. Brewer of the English Institute of Automobile Engineers.

NOT HAMPERED BY UNIONS

And Protection Also Helps Our Manufacturers—Tariff to Aid the English Makers Declared Necessary.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—R. W. A. Brewer of the Institute of Autombile Engineers, who has just returned here from America, where he represented the English engineers at the meeting of the Society of Automobile Engineers at Detroit, was interviewed to-day on the subject of the "dumping" of American motor cars into England. He said he had made a tour of inspection of many American automobile factories, and had seen the manufacture of the light cars with which America is now flooding the market. He added:

"American motor car manufacturers think we are mad because we do not have a tariff. The reason why American cars can be made so much cheaper than our cars is that a man working in an American factory is not hampered by trade unionism. Any man can be taken out of the streets and trained to do a certain job in two or three weeks. He does only that one job, irrespective of having served any apprenticeship or being under the jurisdiction of a trade union.

"I saw one factory where fifty men were employed merely in putting shafts in, where there were twenty men whose only work was to put pistons on engines.

"The American car is by no means a result of cheap labor or of cheap material, for the cars are of excellent quality. It is a result of the protection in America for its motor-car industry. On account of the American tariff hardly any cars are imported. Thus America has the industry to herself, and, with her own markets protected, she can produce for the world.

"What are we to do? Undoubtedly the first thing is to encourage the British manufacturer. A 45 per cent. ad valorem duty would be sufficient to check the flood of American light cars. Then, if there were a big combination of interests working on the American plan in the cheap car business we might recapture some of the trade."

The following figures, supplementing those telegraphed to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday, are given:

Cars imported from the United States of America in 1909, 427, valued at $607,100; 1910, 1,101 cars, worth $1,076,485; 1911, 3,734 cars, worth $2,961,320. Parts of cars in 1909 were imported to the value of $124,000; 1910, $427,035; 1911, $1,332,890. These parts represent a large number of cars sent over in pieces and assembled here.

On the other hand, cars exported to the United States in 1909 numbered 88, and were valued at $291,200; in 1910 there were 54, valued at $170,555; in 1911, 50, valued at $137,580. In addition, the chasses exported were valued as follows: 1909, $18,805; 1910, $55,330; 1911, $137,460.

This, it is pointed out, carries the figures only as far as 1911, whereas the real American invasion began after the Automobile Show in London last September.

KAYSER CASE IS REVENGE.

Real Reason for Action Against American Firm Now Plain.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 18.—The Saxon Government desires to evict the Kayser Company from Germany simply in retaliation for America's protective tariff. That was made plain in an elaborate statement of the case against the New York concern furnished to a correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES to-day, by Privy Councillor Gulden, President of the Chamber of Commerce of Chemnitz, which is leading the campaign for the expulsion of the New Yorkers. The statement leaves no doubt that the Chemnitz glove trade is smarting under American competition, and employed a technicality of the Saxon Corporations law as a means of forcing the Government to drive the New Yorkers out of the country. No misdemeanor is alleged against the Kaysers, except that, through operating their factory on a higher wage scale and a more expensive basis in general than their German competitors the latter are unable to compete with them for American business.

It is alleged that the Kaysers, by consigning Saxon made products to the parent house in New York, are enabled to invoice them lower than goods imported by other American houses. The real ground for the opposition to the Kaysers, however, appears to be exposed in this closing paragraph of the statement:

"It is, of course, unfortunate for the firm to have to close up its business in obeyance of the legal requirements, but when one considers that America is accustomed to proceed in the most ruthless manner whenever questions of protecting its own tariff interests and home markets are concerned, then the appropriateness of the considerate treatment of the Kayser case is obvious. The wise legal powers which Saxony and other German States possess must be employed under all circumstances against high protection in a country like America, especially where, in a case like the Kayser affair, there is such overwhelming proof of the injury to local industrial interests."

DRINK EL-BART DRY GIN
"Keep as cool as a cucumber."—Adv.

TO FREE ABDUL HAMID.

Supposed Object of Albanians' March on Salonika—Massacres Continue.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, Aug. 19.—The Daily Telegraph's Constantinople correspondent says with reference to the decision of the Albanian insurgents to march on Salonika that he has received information, which is confirmed from a diplomatic source, that the move is intended either as a measure of intimidation to force the Government to accept all the insurgent demands, or else, which is more probable, it is the commencement of the execution of a plan for the liberation of ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid. The correspondent adds:

"Whatever may be the true intentions of the rebels, I am informed that this time the Government has decided to resist, and has telegraphed to the military authorities to call upon the insurgents to stop, and to open fire on them if they persist in advancing."

CETTINJE, Aug. 18.—The massacre of Christians in the Berana district of Albania continues.

A number of Christian villages were set on fire to-day by Turkish artillery, and were destroyed.

The massacre of Christians in Berana was begun last Friday, when a band of Mohammedan Arnauts, supported by a force of Turkish troops, attacked a section of the Christian population close to the Montenegrin frontier.

In the fighting large numbers of women and children are reported to have been slain, and the Mohammedans are said to have carried off many girls.

LONDON, Monday, Aug. 19.—The Albanian insurgents, according to the correspondent of The Daily Telegraph at Constantinople, are not only the masters of Uskub, but they have decided to march on Salonika, and a detachment of 300 rebels has already occupied the City of Kuprulu.

"On receipt of this serious news," the correspondent says, "a hasty meeting of the Turkish Cabinet was called, and it was resolved to resist the insurgents' advance.

"The situation in Albania is most grave. The assassination of officers continues. The insurgents are making forced levies on the inhabitants for supplies.

"Another Cabinet crisis is considered to be impending. The Government is seeking a loan of $7,500,000 from the Ottoman Bank, but is meeting with difficulties."

The correspondent at Belgrade of The Daily Telegraph says:

"Twelve thousand Albanians have occupied Uskub and 7,000 more, with artillery, are waiting at the nearest villages. Turkish authority in the province is non-existent."

NEW PARIS GOWNS RUINED AT RACES

Storm at Grand Prix Meeting at Deauville Spoils Masterpieces of Modistes.

WAGERS THIS YEAR HEAVY

Backers of the Vanderbilt Horse Are Disapointed—Some Well-Known Americans Present.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—Thousands upon thousands of dollars' worth of gowns, on which scores of the best dressmakers in Paris had been working over night for several days, were utterly ruined in a few minutes at the Deauville racecourse this afternoon by a heavy rainstorm against which umbrellas and wraps were quite useless.

The usual fashionable crowd filled the paddock for the Grand Prix, which is the closing event of the racing season at Deauville.

The display of costly gowns rivalled that at Auteuil. Although it is early yet for any certain forecast regarding the coming fashions, it was noted that the majority of the dresses had skirts much shorter than usual, leaving the feet and ankles uncovered. Large Tam o'Shanter hats, generally of velvet of various hues, were worn in preference to the flop tulle hats of last Spring.

There was great excitement just before the great race was run when an elegantly attired woman suddenly attacked a handsome girl on the promenade in front of the grand stand and repeatedly struck her head and face with a pagoda-shaped sunshade, at the same time shouting excitedly in Spanish. Men and women vainly endeavored to separate the combatants. The battle continued for several minutes, only to end as suddenly as it began, without apparent cause. To the astonishment of all the onlookers, the two women straightened their bonnets, adjusted their fischus, shook hands, and quietly went their way.

From a sporting viewpoint the race was a disappointment for the backers, whose favorite, August Belmont's horse Amoureux III., arrived fourth, the Grand Prix of $20,000 being won by an outsider, Gorgorito, owned by J. San Miguel, who is enjoying a period of extraordinary good luck. According to gossip in the paddock to-day, San Miguel made a series of eighteen full coups at baccarat last night at the Casino, an astonishing event, hardly equalled by any other in the annals of the game.

The record figure of $260,000 was bet on the Grand Prix.

Many Americans were present today, including Mr. and Mrs. W. Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Clarence Mackay, I. Townsend Burden, Bradley Martin, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. A. Sachs, Countess de Galliffet, Countess de Pourtailes, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Austin.

BLAME SPAIN FOR CHECK.

French Get Alarming News of Situation in Shereefian Empire.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—Considerable anxiety is evident in military circles here over the situation in Morocco, where the French troops for the moment are practically solely on the defensive pending the arrival of reinforcements which are leaving Toulon and Marseilles daily.

The abandonment of Marakesh on Aug. 16 by Gen. Liautey, the French Resident Governor of Morocco, was the first note indicating that serious complications were hampering the French operations.

This was followed quickly by news that the Pretender, El Hiba, was approaching the abandoned city, which is the religious capital of the country, and that he threatened to proclaim himself Sultan there.

El Hiba, who is the son of a sorcerer, has been joined by several chiefs with big followings, who always have managed, when defeated by the French columns, to escape to the neighboring Spanish zone, where they have had no difficulty in marshaling fresh forces, with the connivance, the French say, of the Spaniards.

The latest news from Morocco is disquieting, and indicates fears of a general rising in the South. The tribes in the Spanish zone refuse to recognize the new Sultan, Mulai Youssef, who succeeded to the throne on the abdication on Aug. 12 of his brother, Mulai Hafid. This action on the part of the Moors in that territory is also attributed here to Spanish influence.

Gen. Liautey has organized a flying column composed of 4,000 men, under the command of Col. Mangin, which, the French Government hopes, will suffice to hold the Pretender in check until sufficient troops can be poured into the country to permit of a general advance and the reoccupation of the evacuated district.

New Peruvian Minister.

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 18.—The appointment of Dr. Flavio A. Castaneda as Minister of Finance was announced to-day.

EXTRA QUALITY
DUNLAP & CO.
TRADE MARK
REG. U. S. PAT. OFFICE
CELEBRATED
HATS
FALL STYLES
On Sale Thursday, Aug. 29
NEW YORK
Chicago Philadelphia
Agencies in All Principal Cities

AUGUST Is the "Month of Bargains" in Men's Furnishings at Smith Gray & Co.

To-Day—Sale of

"BATES STREET"
SHIRTS

FALL STYLES $1.15 FALL STYLES
Will not be sold anywhere for less than $1.50

Nothing Newer in Town.
Beautiful Percale and Madras in the most *up-to-the-minute* patterns. Every color *guaranteed absolutely fast*. All cut coat style, in all sizes and sleeve lengths.

The **Reason** Behind the Sale:
The makers believe that because *we* are the *largest sellers* of Bates Street Shirts in New York an *occasional sale* like this, at a *cut price*, is really *a gain to them*.
What money *they lose* is *made up* in *advertising value*, because thousands are *given the chance* to *try out* Bates Street Shirts at practically an *Introductory Price*.

NOTE: You may purchase here now a Summer Suit of sufficiently advanced style to be in good taste next summer.
Two seasons' service at the cost of one.
We have a number of these suits, with a vest and full linings, which may be worn comfortably both now and in the cooler fall and spring weather.
$22.50 $30 $35 $40
Difference in price a matter of fabric selection only. The same Smith Gray & Co. perfection of tailoring in every garment.

Smith Gray & Co.
UNDER SAME CONTROL & OWNERSHIP SINCE 1845
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST.—NEW YORK—5TH AV., BET. 27TH & 28TH STS.
FULTON ST., AT FLATBUSH AV.—BROOKLYN—BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

Stern Brothers
are showing Advance Autumn Styles of
Imported Dresses
from which they will make to order copies or adaptations
At Very Low Prices.

They will also make to order until September
Tailor-made Suits, of Fall Dress Fabrics, from $52.50 up
Dresses, of the most desirable Silks, from 55.00 up
DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT THIRD FLOOR

Dresses for Mourning
are carried in stock at all times in the latest and most seasonable materials, at very attractive prices.

West 23d and 22d Streets

An Important Statement—
Gimbel Millinery

As a compliment to the milliners of America who are now in New York in search of modes for Fall, our millinery representatives waited in Paris until the authentic styles for the coming season had been presented by the famous modistes, and then hurried the Hats here by express steamers. Besides, we imported the exact materials for reproducing these model Hats. Therefore, visiting the Gimbel Salon is like a trip to the Fashion center of the World—Gimbels is the Paris of America. But what is more remarkable, these

Model Hats in the Latest Paris Modes for Fall Are Only $18, $25, $28, $38, $50 and Upwards

Quite a difference of expenditure between paying these prices and journeying to Paris for the original models (the most costly Hats in the world), is there not? But there is no difference in styles or materials!

Milliners and every one invited.
French Salon, Third Floor

The following events make this a day of great importance at GIMBELS:

The August Sale of FURS
$100,000 Worth at 25 to 33 1-3 Less Than Market Values Two Months Ago
And there has been a tremendous increase since
Third Floor

A Sale of Magnificent East India RUGS
At Half Price, or Less
Sixth Floor

A Day of Great Economies in The August Furniture Sale
Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Floors

Continuation of the August Sales of Pictures, Linens and Bed-coverings
With Characteristic Savings in Each

All Our Men's SUITS Of $25 to $40 Grades Now $15 Each
Fourth Floor

Practically a Giving-Away Of Women's and Girls' Apparel In Spring and Summer Models With a Special Group of New CHARMEUSE DRESSES at Low Prices
Third Floor

In the Subway Store:
A Stirring Sale of S. Sanford & Sons' Axminster, Tapestry Brussels And Velvet Rugs—
Over 2,200 in All
Subway Store, Lower Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

"The Big Store"
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO
BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.
IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER

GREENHUT BUILDING
Oil Paintings
A Great Sale Today!

Closing out all our high-grade oil paintings, including many choice pieces by European artists; among other subjects are:—

"Milk Maid," by P. Rosseau; regular $245; now $75
OIL PAINTINGS—handsomely framed; regularly sold to $20; your choice .. $12.50
Oil Painting by Sorkan; regularly $295; now $100
"Landscape" by G. G. Delinguy; regularly $150; now $60
Oil Painting by Baldew; regularly $85; now..... $45
"Landscape" by H. Salieu; regularly $55.00; now ... $18.50
"Sheep" by Maurice Rosseau; regularly $57.00; now ... $22.50
Original McColvin Paintings, handsomely framed; regularly $39.00; now ... $16.50
Choice Paintings by Gaston Anglad; regularly $98.00; now ... $50
"Minuette" by G. G Baston; regularly $85.00; now ... $50
"Cattle" by G. Vioni Mangua; regularly $110; now ... $55
"Landscape," by H. Salieu; regularly $60.00; now.... $30
Painting by Sorkan; regularly $110; now ... $60
"Marine Scene" by E. Furette; regularly $76.00; now ... $39
"Landscape," by G. Mascard; regularly $98.00; now ... $50
"Setters," by B. Lanoux; regularly $47.00; now ... $35
"Card Players," by Baldero; regularly $60.00; now ... $35
Figures by A. Lairent; regularly $75.00; now ... $40

And many others at similar reductions.
(GREENHUT Building, First Floor.)

Other Big MIDSUMMER SALES Greenhut Building
Furniture
Upholsteries
Floor Coverings
China & Glass
Lamps & Lighting Fixtures
Kitchen Furnishings
Economies that YOU cannot afford to overlook.
MAIN BUILDING
Dry Goods
Fancy Goods
Sporting Goods
Wearing Apparel
Groceries
Wines, Etc.
BIG SALES FOR TODAY.

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

B. Altman & Co.

HAVE IN STOCK NEW MODELS IN
WOMEN'S AFTERNOON AND EVENING DRESSES
AND TAILOR-MADE SUITS
SHOWING ADVANCE STYLES FOR THE AUTUMN SEASON
AFTERNOON DRESSES OF CHARMEUSE AND METEOR,
IN TUNIC AND DRAPERY MODELS AT $32.00
EVENING DRESSES " " AT 40.00
TAILOR-MADE SUITS " " AT 35.00

B. Altman & Co.

COMMENCING THIS DAY (MONDAY), ARE HOLDING
A VERY IMPORTANT SALE OF
OVER 5,000 CHOICE ORIENTAL RUGS
AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

To-day at 11 A. M., Continuing Daily Until All Are Sold.
AT AUCTION
Diamonds, Pearls and Precious Stones
WM. REIMAN
328 FIFTH AVE., BET. 32D AND 33D STS.
Entire Stock to be Closed Out on Account of Retiring From Business
Inventorying Over $750,000
Long noted for its uniform excellence, reliability, exclusiveness and refinement of designs. All must be sold at once regardless of cost, making a STUPENDOUS OPPORTUNITY.
Herman G. Briggs & Thos. R. Reid, Auctioneers
SEATS RESERVED FOR LADIES.

The Provident Loan Society
OF NEW YORK
Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES
One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.
One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

OFFICES
MANHATTAN AND BRONX
Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street
Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street
Seventh Ave. bet. 48th and 49th Sts.
Lexington Ave. cor. 124th Street
Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
Courtlandt Ave. cor. 148th Street
BROOKLYN
Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Avenue cor. Rockaway Ave.

SINCERISTS' SOCIETY TO SOLVE OUR ILLS

Founder C. E. Ellis Would Write Across the Sky the Great Cause of Trouble.

BUT ONE WORD: 'INSINCERITY'

Organization Has a Long Platform Already—It Wants Converts with Money Now.

A new organization, to be known as the Society of Sincerists, has been born. It sprang from the mind of Charles Edwin Ellis, who several months ago resigned his place as Secretary, Treasurer, and Director of the American Finance and Securities Company, 5 Nassau Street. He has severed his connections with two other concerns in order to devote his entire time to the cause of sincerity. A platform for the Society of Sincerists has been formulated by Mr. Ellis. It is nearly 3,000 words long.

Before he sent copies of his platform to the newspapers, yesterday, Mr. Ellis was the only person privy to the plans for the new Society of Sincerists. He explained to the reporters who saw him yesterday, at the Park Avenue Hotel, where he and his stenographer have opened up temporary headquarters, that he was seized with the idea of calling into existence such an organization as the Society of Sincerists following a prospecting trip recently through the South, the West and Canada, when he became impressed with the insincerity of mankind. He would have each man sincere with himself, and sincere with others. The Sincerist society, Mr. Ellis explained, was not to be an adjunct of any political, economical or social organization, or help promote any creed or propaganda except that of individual and organized sincerity.

"Such an association has not merely an abstract philosophy," reads the platform of the society, "but a concrete programme for wide and practical use. Free from all affiliations it can be made a more effective force for individual and National progress than any similar organization in existence."

The "concrete programme" of the Society of Sincerists in reality has not yet been worked out. Mr. Ellis admitted that he would have to wait until a sufficient number of converts were gathered around his standard before any definite plan whatsoever could be worked out. Meanwhile he will persist in trying to teach sincerity.

If Mr. Ellis finds a large number of supporters for the new movement, he will remove his headquarters from the Park Avenue Hotel to some place where he can obtain more spacious accommodations. He said that nothing could please him more than for some wealthy and influential man to come forward and offer his support.

On the other hand, if his call falls on deaf ears, he will, none the less daunted, seek to disseminate his philosophies and theories through publication or by public lectures. The movement so far is absolutely without financial support.

In the platform for the Society of Sincerists all the old parties are condemned for one thing or another, and "sincerity" is offered as the panacea for all existing ills. Referring to the claims made by the old political parties, the National Progressive Party, the Socialist Party, the Prohibition Party, the Men and Religion Forward Movement, and other organizations, Mr. Ellis declares through the platform of the Socicty of Sincerists:

"In one great chorus all of them exhort us to dissolve the trusts, or revise the tariff, or get back to the soil, or end the law's delays, or reduce the cost of living, or devise a more elastic system of currency, or adopt the recall and the initiative and referendum.

"That there is truth in some of the causes assigned, and merit in some of the remedies suggested, no wise or just person would attempt to deny. But before we march on with the progressives, or stand fast with the conservatives; before we change the method of taxation or the manner of our thought; before we give heed to the popular issues or the impassioned pleas of their advocates, let us first put our finger on the principal source of the troubles that beset us.

"Let us do this by placing it directly and firmly on the head of the first citizen of our beloved country within reach—on mine if I happen to be near, or on yours. Then let us write across the sky in letters that the whole Nation may read, and spell out as the exact cause of this individual's culpability, the one word—insincerity!"

In order that his name might not be confused with that of Charles E. Ellis, former President of the Kornit Manufacturing Company of Bellevue, N. J., who was arrested several years ago on charges of defrauding investors in that company, Mr. Ellis furnished a complete biography of himself to establish his identity.

Youths' suits slide!
Regular three-piece suits and a few two-piece outings.
Sizes 32 to 35 chest.
167 were $16.00.
159 were $18.00.
127 were $20.00.
125 were $22.00.
116 were $25.00.
$10 now.

Good Sporting Goods!

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

New Jersey Central
POPULAR ONE-DAY OUTINGS
ATLANTIC CITY
NEXT WEDNESDAY $2.50
Leave W. 23d St. 7.50 a.m.
Leave Liberty St. 8.00 a.m.

OVER LABOR DAY
Niagara Falls - $10.00
Toronto - - $11.50
LACKAWANNA RAILROAD

POLITICS SPLITS DELAWARE.

Bull Moose Ticket May Give State to the Democrats.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Aug. 18.—The primaries held throughout Delaware yesterday for the election of delegates to the Republican State Convention here Tuesday were not decisive. The situation as regards the nomination of candidates for Governor and Gongressman, (this State has but one Representative in Congress,) is in complex shape. The other nominations to be made will be three Taft electors, Attorney General, Insurance and Banking Commissioner, Auditor of Accounts, Lieutenant Governor, and State Treasurer.

It became known to-day that a number of the leaders of the Progressive movement had announced to the Republican leaders that they (the Progressives) would indorse Dr. Luther H. S. Conwell of Camden, Kent County, for Governor if the convention should nominate him. The selection of Conwell would mean an agreement whereby there would be but one ticket in Delaware this year.

A oommittee from the new party will come to Dover to-morrow night for the purpose of having a conference with the Republican leaders along these lines. The Progressives will suggest to the Republican State Committee that, although Conwell was not brought forward by them, his name having been mentioned by Republican leaders some months ago, he is acceptable to them, nevertheless.

Should the overtures not avail, it is declared steps will then be taken to nominate a separate State ticket "right down the line." This development is the most significant that has occurred since the opening of the campaign. Two Republican State tickets would turn Delaware over to the Democrats. The next Legislature will elect a successor to United States Senator Harry A. Richardson, Republican.

Should the regulars agree to nominate Dr. Conwell, and thereby bring about a single State ticket, the Progressives would name Roosevelt Electors, while the Republican Electors will be for Taft. There would be separate columns on the ballot, but the nominees for the State offices would be identical.

ROOSEVELT SUPPORT WEAKER

Taft Grows Stronger in Washington State—Colonel's Visit Too Early.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 18.—Washington Republicans have awakened to the fact that organization and work are necessary to carry the State for Taft and elect two or more Republican Congressmen. As a new State Committee cannot be chosen and organized under the primary law until the last week in September, work will be started by the present State Committee, which meets here Thursday.

National headquarters has urged State Chairman Coiner to assemble a committee to survey the situation, make a report, and begin organization. The Bull Moosers are split and mixed over local propositions in various counties. Many Progressives see that the Progressive movement is being used by scores of disgruntled former Republicans as a means of obtaining offices. In some counties the Taft sentiment has been rapidly crystallizing.

One candidate for Governor is stumping Washington on a standpat anti-freak legislation platform. Both the Tacoma and Seattle Congressional districts will have strong Republican candidates for Congress whose election is likely. They will be Albert Johnson of Hoquiam and Congressman Humphrey.

Progressives themselves regret that Col. Roosevelt will speak at Seattle and Tacoma as early as Sept. 10, realizing that all subsequent Progressive demonstrations will have an anti-climax. Progressive enthusiasm is likely to cool after that.

Women voters could control Washington's vote, and many efforts are being made to organize them. A third of the women possessing votes will not use the franchise, considering it unwomanly, and the suffragists' votes will likely be divided in about the same proportion as the men's.

Gov. Hays's campaign for renomination as a Republican is being largely managed by his sister, Mrs. Caldwell of Seattle. She was born on a Wisconsin farm, and lived on Iowa and Idaho farms until five years ago. She is enlisting many voters, both women and men, in the Governor's support.

ITALIAN VOTERS ORGANIZE.

Two Thousand Assemble at Cedar Manor Park.

Advised by Magistrate Freschi that Italian-American citizens ought to organize to gain more political recognition in this city, more than 2,000 Italians of Queens assembled yesterday at Cedar Manor Park and started an organization into which they expect to unite the 3,500 Italian voters of that borough. Besides these voters they also expect to unite a large proportion of the 25,000 Italian residents of the borough.

Rocco Gallucci, a wealthy builder of Corona, was made Provisional President of the organization, and he was directed to appoint a committee to prepare a plan of federation. The other speakers were Michael A. Rofrano, Secretary of the Italian Chamber of Commerce; Prof. G. Vijorio, editor of the Italian weekly, Scintilla Electricca, whose paper was made the official organ of the federation; former Assistant District Attorney Louis Gallucci, the Rev. A. B. Riggio of the Italian Methodist Church of Long Island City, and Maurice Geronimo.

Trenton Candidates for Congress.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 18.—Among new candidates mentioned during the week for the Republican Congressional nomination in this the Fourth District were Charles Weelans, General Manager of The Monument Pottery; Frederick Clymer, recently defeated for Sheriff for Mercer County, and Charles Howell Cook, a pottery manufacturer, dairyman, and business man. Each of them would have strong backing in this section.

Taft Party Delayed by Accident.

GLACIER PARK, Mon., Aug. 18.—Injuries to little Miss Elizabeth Vincent, daughter of Mrs. George E. Vincent of Minneapolis, will cause the Taft party to remain in camp at St. Marie's Lake until Tuesday. Miss Vincent was thrown from her horse and severely bruised.

ROPE TO BLACK-HAND BAG.

Three Hundred Fet of It to Pull Deposited Cash Into Woods.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Aug. 18.—"Put the money in the big tree near the brook on the Spring Valley Road on Saturday night. Put it in the canvas bag that will be waiting there."

This was the direction that reached John Banta, a prosperous Spring Valley farmer, in a fifth blackmailing letter which threatened the burning of his home and barns should be fail to surrender $1,000.

The place and the hour came to-night. Banta went to the tree at 10 and deposited a decoy package, while Post Office Inspectors watched from the shrubbery. They watched for the next four hours, in all the dismal rain, and then bestirred themselves, after two men on bicycles had gone to another tree twenty-five feet down the road, turned flashlights on it, and ridden away into the night.

It occurred to the Inspectors to inspect that tree and there they found the canvas bag which had been missing from the one where Banta placed the package. It was a case of mistaken identity, only the Inspectors insist that it was the Black-Handers and not they who had erred. Fastened to the bag was a stout cord that ran 300 feet back into the woods, ready to jerk the money far back into the black shadows, once it should be deposited.

Train Ploughs Through Herd.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J., Aug. 18.—A hundred cows in a cattle yard along the Lehigh Valley Railroad here broke out of the inclosure early to-day. They had wandered only a short distance on the tracks when a train p plowed through the herd, killing eleven cows and a calf, and maiming many more. The carcasses were scattered along the tracks for several blocks.

NEGRO ISSUE PUT UP TO BAR ASSOCIATION

Executive Committee Declines to Recede from Action Suspending William H. Lewis.

THREE NEGROES ELECTED

Question to Come Up at Annual Meeting at Milwaukee—The Committee's Report.

The question whether negro attorneys should be admitted to membership in the American Bar Association will be submitted for final decision to the annual meeting of the organization next week at Milwaukee. The Executive Committee of the association made public last night a special report regarding the election to membership of three negroes, which was afterward rescinded. This report will be presented by the committee at the annual meeting as a basis for action.

This question first became prominent last January, when the Executive Committee reconsidered its action in electing to membership William H. Lewis, a United States Assistant Attorney General. The committee rescinded its action in making Lewis a member on the ground that such action had been taken "in ignorance of material facts," which facts were that Lewis was a negro. Later it was discovered that two other lawyers, Butler R. Wilson and William R. Morris of Minnesota, had been elected members under the same misapprehension, the report says, and their cases were handled the same as that of Lewis.

The committee in its report declines to recede from the stand thus taken, but explains that the status of these three men as candidates for membership remains unimpaired, and submits the whole question to the association.

Attorney General Wickersham came to the aid of Mr. Lewis when membership first was denied him, and made a personal appeal to the 4,700 members of the organization. The Attorney General declared that Lewis was legally elected, and that the committee had no right to rescind its original action.

In the conclusion of its report the committee says:

> The committee has not rejected any one of the three mentioned gentlemen for membership in the association, or assumed to determine the desirability of electing to such membership a colored man otherwise qualified. But forasmuch as the settled practice of the association has been to elect only white men as members thereof, the committee felt itself constrained to reserve the important question of electing colored men for determination by the association itself, and to that end the committee has regarded it as a plain duty to rescind its earlier action.
>
> The status of the three above-named persons as candidates for admission remains unimpaired.
>
> Having endeavored so to proceed as to leave the association free to exercise its own plenary power, the committee now reports the matter to the association without recommendation in the premises; and, inasmuch as doubt has been expressed as to the right and jurisdiction of the Executive Committee to pass its resolutions of Jan. 4, 1912, and Aug. 12, 1912, the question as to whether the committee had power to act thereon, or to adopt such resolutions, is also hereby referred to the association.

W. H. Lewis is a Harvard graduate. He was a famous football player.

STANFORD HEIR IS A SUICIDE IN BOSTON

Daniel Shields Gunning Jumps from a Hotel Window Following a Brief Illness.

WAS ON AN AUTOMOBILE TOUR

Grandnephew of Mrs. Leland Stanford, and Was a Beneficiary Under Terms of Her Will.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—Daniel Shields Gunning, 23 years old, of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and a member of the Republican Club of New York, was instantly killed to-day when he leaped from a fourth-story window of his suite at the Hotel Touraine in the presence of a chambermaid, who was powerless to stop him.

He was suffering from epilepsy, with which he had been afflicted since childhood. His cousin, Daniel Lathrop Lawton, son of Col. G. P. Lawton of New York, and two other companions in an automobile party were at breakfast at the time.

Gunning's limp form, clad only in night clothing, was picked up by hotel porters in Tamworth Street. He had a compound fracture of the skull.

Gunning registered at the Touraine at 6 o'clock Saturday evening. He was accompanied by his cousin and two New York friends, Charles Weatherwax and George Raymond. They had come from Narragansett in two automobiles, and were to leave for Springfield and Albany this afternoon.

Shortly after midnight Saturday Gunning became ill, and his valet summoned a physician. Feeling better, Gunning retired, and was sleeping in room No. 424 when his companions went down to breakfast shortly after 11 o'clock.

Gunning was taken with another fit yesterday afternoon. He jumped out of bed and walked into Room 426, which had been occupied by his friends. Going to the window, he threw open the lower sash and leaped out before a chambermaid, who was at work in the room, realized what he was doing.

The chambermaid's cries attracted young Lawton, who was just coming up from breakfast, and he immediately telephoned the office. Before he telephoned, however, porters had already discovered the body of the young man.

Young Gunning was an orphan and was worth about $300,000. He has a sister residing near Los Angeles. He left Saratoga Springs Aug. 1 with a chauffeur and valet and went to New York, where he arranged an automobile trip with his cousin and two other friends. They had visited Newport, Narragansett, and New Haven.

Col. Lawton, the young man's uncle, has a Summer home at Saratoga Springs, and his Winter residence is at 14 East Sixteenth Street, New York.

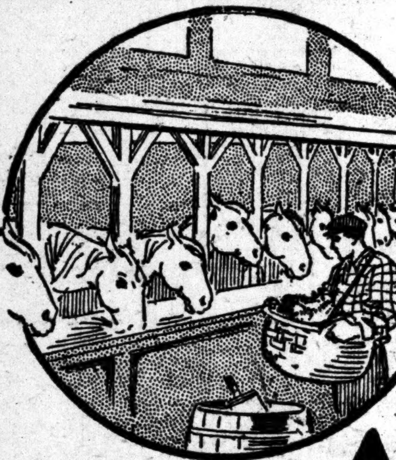
Col. George Perkins Lawton, a lawyer, formerly of this city, at his home in Saratoga Springs last night, said over the telephone that Mr. Gunning, who was 24 years old, was a nephew of Mrs. Lawton and a grandnephew of Mrs. Leland Stanford, the founder of the Leland Stanford, Jr., University, and a beneficiary under Mrs. Stanford's will. With Daniel L. Lawton, a son of Col. George Perkins Lawton, Mr. Gunning was making an extended automobile tour of New England. The young men were traveling in company, but each drove his own machine. Col. Lawton said the body of Mr. Gunning would be brought to Saratoga for burial.

Great Lakes Freighter on Rocks.

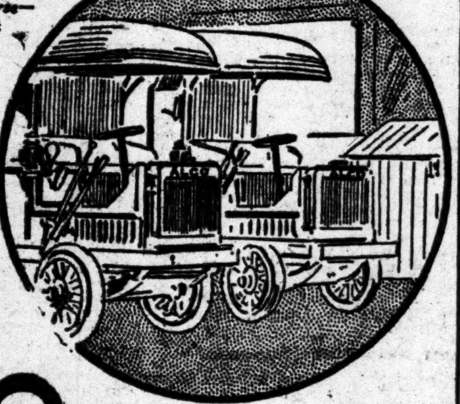
DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 18.—Word was received early to-night that the big Detroit freighter A. E. Stewart, carrying a number of passengers, in addition to a heavy grain cargo, is aground in Lake Erie not far from Buffalo. The report said the vessel is on rocks and her condition is serious. She was bound for Milwaukee.

W. & J. SLOANE
Announce a Special Sale of
ORIENTAL RUGS
Recently Imported, and Embracing
DESIRABLE WEAVES AND SIZES
Exceptionally favorable conditions of purchase enable us to offer them at
Prices Far Below the Usual Quotations
We desire to emphasize not only the SAVING IN PRICE, but particularly the HIGH GRADE OF THE QUALITIES AND GENERAL MERIT OF THE RUGS.
We invite a comparison of the qualities, prices and selection afforded, with those offered elsewhere.
Prices Range from $12 Upwards
FIFTH AVENUE AND FORTY-SEVENTH STREET
Formerly at Broadway and Nineteenth Street

Motor Truck vs. Horse—Alco Argument No. 8.



Horses eat their heads off on Sundays



Motor trucks are almost of no expense on Sunday

ALCO
Motor Trucks
Sunday in the Stable
Horses eat on Sunday as well as on any other day. And yet nearly all of them are idle on that day. *One day out of every seven.* The cost of maintaining the stable or cost of feeding the horse is as great on Sunday as on any other day.
But with Alco trucks there is almost no expense on Sunday. Being idle they do not consume gasolene or lubricating oil. They do not grow old. They require no attention whatsoever.
Thus Alco trucks net a big saving over horses on Sunday—even when idle. They net an even greater saving when at work. For an Alco truck is nothing more nor less than a labor, time, and money-saving machine. It serves its best use when put to work and kept at work all day long.
A horse cannot work *all* day.
Alco trucks should interest every man who owns a horse. Many business men are still old-fashioned enough to employ horses for delivery of goods—but no business man should be so old-fashioned as to refuse to look into the possibilities of the Alco truck.
By 'phoning Columbus 5300 an Alco truck will be brought to your door. Or a letter will bring a 64 page book about the Alco to your office.
Alco Trucks are built by the American Locomotive Company
AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY, 1886 Broadway, NEW YORK
Builders of Alco Motor Trucks, Alco Motor Cars and Alco Taxicabs
Asbury Park, N. J.—Mark Guy, 21 Main Street.
Bridgeport, Conn.—Erwin M. Jennings Co., 277 Fairfield Ave.
Hartford, Conn.—Buick Garage Co., 356 Main Street.
Newburgh, N. Y.—Youngs & Company, 249 Grand Street.
New Haven, Conn.—W. A. Maynard Company, 45 High St.
Trenton, N. J.—John L. Brock, Canal Street.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Longstreth Motor Car Co., 257 N. Broad St.
Providence, R. I.—Frank J. McCaw Co., 186 Washington St.
Capital, $50,000,000
Movers of the World's Goods since 1835

WHAT IS 1/12 OF YOUR TIME WORTH?
You know the answer; fill it in—and credit the amount to profit and loss every time you go to Philadelphia and use the one hour and fifty minute fliers of the
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
Another saving—you don't have to hunt time tables.
Your watch is your time table, as trains leave Liberty Street every hour on the hour. Ten minutes of the hour from West 23d Street.
7 A. M. TO 10 P. M. AND AT MIDNIGHT WITH SLEEPERS.
Splendid Service—Hard Coal—No Smoke
MORAL-USE NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

Money Saved If You Are Wise. We Can save you money on all makes, all sizes, all treads, all types
TIRES
The greatest reduction ever offered on fully guaranteed tires. They come from Akron. We agreed not to advertise the name.

28x3 ..$8.79	30x4 ..$19.80	34x4½..$28.86
30 .. 9.45	31 .. 20.55	35 .. 29.93
32 ..10.08	32 .. 21.30	36 .. 30.60
30x3½..13.95	33 .. 22.08	37 .. 31.47
31 ..14.40	34 .. 22.83	38 .. 32.31
32 ..14.76	35 .. 23.49	42 .. 35.76
33 ..15.45	36 .. 24.24	35x5 .. 36.60
34 ..16.14	40 .. 27.18	36 .. 37.59
36 ..17.43		37 .. 38.61

FREE A $3.00 Waterproof Tire Cover (any color) free with every purchase.
If you want cheaper goods we have regular factory seconds. Write us your wants.
We are fighting the combination
Stein Tire & Rubber Co.
STEIN BUILDING, 1,741 BROADWAY,
Bet. 55th and 56th Sts.

Automobile Exchange
THE advertisements in this column form a reliable directory of Used Automobiles, Auto Tires and Accessories for sale and Automobiles for rent.
Telephone 1000 Bryant
Advertising rates per agate line: One insertion, 30c.; three insertions in one week, including one on Sunday, 75c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.40.

USED CARS FOR SALE.
Cole, 1911 fore-door touring car; Cole 1911 torpedo tonneau; both in excellent condition; fully equipped; just rebuilt and painted; backed by the same guarantee adopted by the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers for new cars. Colt-Stratton Company, Broadway, at 68th St. Telephone 6000 Columbus.
"ELECTRIC AUTOMOBILES."
New and used "Hup Yeats" passenger and commercial electrics; second-hand electric cars of other makes, overhauled and painted, at very low prices. R. C. H. Corporation, 1,989 Broadway.
Packard (30;) 7-passenger touring; 1910 model; fore door; demountable rims; fully equipped; in first-class condition; for sale cheap. Hess Bros., 213 West 43d St.
Midsummer Sale—100 Cars and Bodies. All makes, open, closed; delivery wagons. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, corner 54th.
Touring car; fully equipped; fine condition; sold for little money down; balance monthly. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.
Velie, 1911, 5-passenger touring car; perfect condition; bargain. Green's, 48th St. and Broadway.
De Dietrich 50-horse-power truck; perfect condition; will sacrifice. GREEN'S, 48th St. and Broadway.
Simplex roadster; must be sold; at a bargain. GREEN'S, Broadway and 48th St.
Rainier, 5 or 7 passenger; full equipments; very cheap. 862 Courtlandt Av.
Matheson, 1911, silent, 6, touring car; bargain. GREEN'S, 48th St. and Broadway.
Chalmers 30, roadster; late model; will sacrifice. GREEN'S, 48th St. and Broadway.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.
THE PACKARD GARAGE CO. Have reduced prices on Packard touring and closed cars, 1910-1911 models, to $4 per hour. CONEY ISLAND, CITY ISLAND, TRAVERS ISLAND, AND HUNTER'S ISLAND. 4 HOURS, $15. 6 HOURS, $20. PHONE 2760 BRYANT.
PACKARD CARS. Up-to-date service only, $4 per hour. By day or trip. Telephone 3486 Bryant.
PEERLESS CARS. Hour, day, week, or month; Coney Island and return, $12; seven passengers. TELEPHONE 100 MORNING.
For Hire—New cars; Packards, seven-passenger touring; special rates for monthly service during Summer; we send cars everywhere. Universal Taximeter Cab Co., 153 East 53d St. 'Phone Plaza 2100.
For Rent.—Peerless touring or limousine; English-American chauffeur; 9 years' references; careful, reliable service; monthly preferred. Phone 1164 Riverside.
For Hire—Packards, $3 to $6 per hour; excellent service; experienced drivers. 3267 Columbus.
Elegant landaulet or seven passenger touring cars; special monthly rates. Curt Schmidt, Riverside 4537.
Packard touring; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 3422.

USED CARS FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—A five-passenger touring car, fully equipped, in perfect mechanical condition; 1910 model. Decided bargain to quick buyer.
A five-passenger touring car, equipped electric lights, demountable rim, speedometer, &c.; guaranteed six months. All new tires. Price, $650.00.
A fore-door Torpedo, repainted, overhauled; remarkably beautiful car. Biggest bargain in New York City. Guaranteed six months.
SELDEN MOTOR VEHICLE CO., 1,876 Broadway.
EXTRAORDINARY AUTO BARGAINS
BIG VALUES—LITTLE PRICES.
All the TYPE talk in the world can't show values. You must see the thing advertised.
Runabouts ....$100 to $1,000
Small Touring Cars............$200 to $1,000
Large Touring Cars............$350 to $1,500
WE GUARANTEE EVERY CAR.
EASY PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
DEMONSTRATIONS GIVEN.
BARGAINS IN NEW 1912 FORE-DOOR BODIES, TOURING, LIMOUSINE, LANDAULETS.
Will exchange, buy, or accept on commission or store your car. Call or write.
GREEN'S PURCHASING AGENCY,
Cor. 48th St. & B'way. 'Phone 1873 Bryant.
Big Reductions in Used
STODDARD-DAYTONS
A rare opportunity to get a high-class automobile for little money. All used cars are being sacrificed to close our fiscal year. These cars have been rebuilt in our own shop and bear our factory guarantee. It will pay you to inspect these before buying elsewhere.
USED CAR DEPT., STODDARD MOTOR COMPANY, 225 West 57th St., New York.
USED FRANKLIN CARS
We have ready for immediate sale Franklin used cars, all types, in first-class condition. These cars must be sold at once. The prices are surprising. One for $150.00.
Franklin used cars in good mechanical condition are a better purchase than cheap new cars.
Franklin Motor Car Co.
73d Street and Amsterdam Avenue.
Peerless
RENEWED AUTOMOBILES are cars of distinction, quality, and service. They are in perfect mechanical condition and are guaranteed the same as our new cars.
Write for Booklet describing our various models.
PEERLESS MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y.
1760 Broadway, near 56th St., N. Y.
USED MOTOR TRUCKS
5-ton G. M. C. Truck, late model.
8-ton Panhard Truck.
2-ton Garford Truck, 1911 model.
3-ton Garford Truck, 1911 model.
These have been taken in trade for new Garford Trucks, are all in first-class condition, and will be sold cheap.
The GARFORD CO., 62d St. & Broadway.

Automobiles
Ready Referencefor Buyers
ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.
ALL MAKES Bought, Sold, and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 B'way.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.
FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.
AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 435 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6982.
AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Day and evening. Send for Booklet. 303 W. 57th St. Phone 7920 Col.
AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.
SCHEBLER CARBURETOR
Special Exchange Offer
J. C. NICHOLS
1673 Broadway, N. Y.
Exclusive New York—Factory Distributor.
The Model "L"—Winner of the Indianapolis Race. If your old Model Carburetor is giving trouble, get our New Model L in exchange at one-half the regular price.
TIRE BARGAINS
Firestone and Diamond Tires
New Fresh Stock
Slightly Blemished.
At Bargain Prices
U. S. TUBE CO., 1,864 B'way. Col. 3152.
GWILLIAM CO., BEARINGS, ALL TYPES 253 W. 58th St., cor. B'way. Col. 8356.
AUTOMOBILES WANTED.
AUTOMOBILE WANTED.
Spot cash for your automobile, any make, or will accept same on sale at 5 per cent. commission. Green's Agency, Broadway and 48th.
AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.
J. M. Scherer, 1,777 Broadway, maker of high-grade automobile cravenette and linen slip covers. Telephone 6590 Columbus.

FEW IN SOUTH FOR ROOSEVELT

Continued from Page 1.

sults of the coming election I have never heard any Democrat say he would vote for Roosevelt.

On the other hand many Republicans have declared that they propose to vote for Wilson and Marshall. In this city and State the majorities of Wilson and Marshall will, in my judgment, be unprecedented. There is no disaffection among Democrats here. There have been differences before the nomination, but these are all settled and Democrats are united, enthusiastic, and confident, and almost without exception say that from the present outlook, without some extraordinary change in popular sentiment, Wilson and Marshall will win by tremendous majorities.

BENNETT H. YOUNG,
Lawyer and Commander in Chief United Confederate Veterans.

No Time to Think of Colonel.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SPARTANSBURG, S. C., Aug. 17.—There is no evidence of Roosevelt's following in this State. Our people are so much engrossed in the present primary contest for State officers that they take little interest in the National election.

J. B. CLEVELAND,
Railroad President and Cotton Manufacturer.

Roosevelt's Claims Are Shaky.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TRACY CITY, Tenn., Aug. 17.—Roosevelt's claim of a large Democratic vote in the South is not well founded. Wilson's nomination gives such general satisfaction that he will poll the full Democratic vote.

If any other candidate than Wilson had been nominated at Baltimore the result would have been very different. Wilson being conservatively progressive meets the requirements of the Southern Democrats.

Roosevelt's following in the South is largely composed of the disappointed office-seekers, and their following, on account of their failure to get recognition and places from the Taft administration. This is notably true in Tennessee. The Republicans here as a rule who are supporting Roosevelt are not doing it with the hope of electing Roosevelt, but for the purpose of defeating Senator Sanders and Gov. Hooper, who are both supporting Taft.

Roosevelt will get a large part of the small Socialist vote in the South, and will get some votes by reason of his advocacy of woman's suffrage, which has grown very fast in the South during the past two years. The largest relative vote that Roosevelt will get in the South will be in the Birmingham district in Alabama, this by reason of the advent of the United States Steel Corporation in that district, as it is a conceded fact that this corporation has done more for labor in this district than all others, and has set a new pace by paying the highest wages, paying oftener, housing their men better, and greatly improving the hygienic conditions at all their plants.

Roosevelt gets a large share of this credit for having consented to the taking over of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company by the United States Steel. This, however, will be local, and will not affect the result even in Alabama. If a reactionary Democrat had been nominated at Baltimore Roosevelt might have carried Tennessee, Alabama, and Georgia. As it is the solid South will not be broken this year, and Wilson will be overwhelmingly elected.

A. M. SHOOK,
Bank President and Coal Operator.

Has Heard No Roosevelt Talk.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 17.—All of the Democrats whom I have heard express opinions seem very well contented with Gov. Wilson. I am unable to learn of any sentiment for Roosevelt and his party in the South.

ALEXANDER R. LAWTON,
Railroad President and Lawyer.

Sees Only a Bull Moose Boast.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 17.—There is no reason why any one should be surprised that the attendants of the Bull Moose are claiming he will win the election with Democratic votes. The suggestion is preposterous, of course, but claiming things is the long suit of the Bull Moose and of those who train with him. The multitudinous pre-convention statements are fresh in the memory; but the people likewise remember that the preferential primaries showed, if they showed anything, that the great mass of the Republicans wanted neither Taft nor Roosevelt; while in Chicago the Progressives were wild to nominate Hadley.

What basis is there for the assertion now that the Bull Moose will draw fat Democratic strength? Is there a single Democratic leader of even local influence who is supporting him? If there were any voting sentiment for him among the rank and file of the Democrats, would not some of the Democratic leaders have espoused his cause? Is there any plank among all the many planks which have gone to the framing of his platform which can possibly entice any considerable number of votes from Wilson in any doubtful State? Is not the fact that the Colonel felt compelled to make such an extraordinarily varied appeal and so to scatter his fire of itself a confession of incurable weakness?

When his campaign managers begin to give the names and addresses of the influential Democrats in doubtful States who have pledged him their support, the claims they are making will be worth while considering. At present they serve no other purpose than to provoke a smile.

ROBERT LATHAM,
Editor The News and Courier.

Colonel Not Considered At All.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug. 17.—In my opinion very few if any Democrats will vote for Roosevelt. I have talked with several parties, and they do not consider Roosevelt as being in the race at all.

W. S. LEE,
Civil Engineer.

No Demand for Roosevelt.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 17.—There is no evidence in this section of any disaffection from the Democratic candidate in favor of the third party. Our people are very well satisfied with the choice made by the Democratic Convention. Mr. Taft has some personal admirers who would like to vote for him, but who will not desert the Democratic principles to do so.

The general opinion of our people is that the third party is purely and simply a one-man's party with nothing in its platform or candidate that is either new or attractive to our voters or that will cause any desertions from the Democratic Party.

Mr. Roosevelt's appointment of Dr. Crum as Collector of the port here against the protests of our people is remembered to his disadvantage. The opinion generally expressed is that Mr. Wilson will be elected beyond a doubt, and that the Government under his management will be wisely administered.

H. A. MOLONY,
Merchant: active for many years in politics.

Wilson Gaining All the Time.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LANCASTER, S. C., Aug. 17.—I hear no intimation of Roosevelt carrying any Democratic votes. On the contrary, I strongly believe that Wilson will carry the entire Democratic vote of this country and a very large percentage of the independent vote and conservative Republicans. From what I can gather, the indications are that he will carry practically every State east of the Mississippi as well as a large percentage of the West.

Wilson's speech of acceptance indicates he will be very conservative on the most important propositions that the Democratic Party will have to deal with, which are the tariff and financial system. He is gaining all the time and I believe he has the confidence of all conservative business men in this country and whether Republicans or Democrats they will vote for him in preference to Taft or Roosevelt.

The people have absolute confidence in his integrity and honesty and I think business people have come to the conclusion that he should be elected.

LE ROY SPRINGS,
Railroad President, Cotton Manufacturer.

North Carolina for Wilson.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SALISBURY, N. C., Aug. 17.—Roosevelt stands as much chance to carry North Carolina in the coming election as Wilson does California. We expect to carry North Carolina by the largest majority given to any Presidential candidate since the war. There is no disaffection in the Democratic Party in North Carolina, and no Roosevelt sentiment either as far as I have been able to find.

I venture the prediction that Roosevelt will not carry 500 Democratic votes in the State. All this talk of Roosevelt's strength in North Carolina is simply balderdash and hot air. The Demorcacy of North Carolina has not been so united in years as it is to-day. I voice the opinion of our leading Democrats when I say Wilson is gaining ground every day, and our people have never been so united and enthusiastic.

On the other hand, the Republican Party is split all to pieces, and neither wing knows where they "are at." You can bet all the money you can raise, and give odds of five to one or ten to one if you choose, that Wilson will carry North Carolina by a large majority.

A. H. BOYDEN,
Lawyer, strong in politics, straight Democrat.

Where Colonel Lost Admirers.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug. 17.—If Col. Roosevelt's managers are making calculations of obtaining any Democratic votes in the South they will be greatly disappointed. There never was a time in ten years or more when the Democracy of North Carolina was more united than at pesent. Although a strong Democrat, I have always had a high admiration for Col. Roosevelt, but his recent inconsistencies, lack of obedience to authority and the unbecoming language used by him has alienated friends in this section.

I believe that he will be a disappointed man if he or his managers think he will gain votes in this section. The same sensible and progressive people of this section will not be led astray by political vagrants and this so-called Progressive movement. Many a man in the South once believed that Col. Roosevelt was a patriot, but his recent conduct has changed that opinion.

Many of his admirers, in fact, many who believed in him, are fairly convinced that it would be a calamity for him to be elected President. The Southern people are strong in their likes and their dislikes and believe that friendship is a thing sacred. The conduct of Col. Roosevelt, they believe, is so governed by ambition that he would forget the sacred ties that bind and desert those who were his friends if necessity arose.

To me, his candidacy is a blunder and mistake; and, I believe, that opinion is concurred in by the progressive element of the South. The feeling of the people that I have heard discuss the candidacy is one of intense regret that a man of his greatness who has done so much for his country should have been led astray and gotten into the present political situation. He lost friends of a lifetime and could do nothing to create confidence that he once had from the people. Men still believe consistency is a jewel and they cannot understand how Col. Roosevelt can be a friend of both sides, the trusts and the people. They don't understand how his most intimate associates and friends, who are trust magnates and financial kings, can give the people the relief against the high cost of living and the high cost of trust-made goods and products.

'Way down in Dixie it looks like the performer is trying to ride horses going in opposite directions. Our people, I believe, are ready, able, and willing in North Carolina to retire him to private life by giving a vote of over 50,000 majority against him for Woodrow Wilson. These are my convictions of a public man whom I sincerely wish, after the great honor that has been heaped upon him, would not have let ambition led him astray; but, we read, by ambition angels fell.

HERIOT CLARKSON,
Former Prosecuting Attorney.

Democrats Loyal to Party.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug. 18.—Col. Roosevelt will not receive any Democratic votes in this State. I have not heard of a single Democrat who will support him. The opposition vote will be about equally divided between President Taft and Col. Roosevelt, but combined will be 25,000 below President Taft's vote years ago.

Woodrow Wilson is the most popular candidate for President with the voters of this State that any party has nominated since the early days of the Republic. Our people believe he is the best prpared man in the Republic to lead in solving the great problems which modern thought and business have developed.

In the last twelve years the Republicans made heavy gains in this State because the Democrats have been divided to some extent over the leadership of Mr. Bryan and Judge Parker, and the Republicans were united under Roosevelt and Taft. Now the Democrats are united as they have not been before since the controversy over Cleveland's second Administration divided the party. I believe Wilson will carry North Carolina by double the majority over all opponents that Bryan defeated President Taft four years ago.

CAMERON MORRISON,
Lawyer, and active in politics.

Virginia Welcome Worn Out.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 17.—In my judgment conditions in Virginia do not warrant Col. Roosevelt's managers basing their campaign in the North upon the large Democratic vote the Colonel expects to get in the South. Our people do not take kindly to third parties. In this city, of about 150,000 inhabitants, I know of but two Democrats who say they expect to vote for the great and only Colonel, so at this ratio you can figure out what Democratic vote Roosevelt will draw in the South.

One time we had a warm place in our hearts for the dashing Colonel, but he has about worn his welcome out. My prediction is that Gov. Wilson will carry Virginia by the largest vote ever given a Presidential candidate in the State.

BARTON H. GRUNDY,
Member City Council, active in local politics.

No Support in the South.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 17.—Nothing in Roosevelt's platform or record appeals to Southern Democrats. He made some good appointments, but disappointed in many other ways. Not a Democratic paper in Alabama has uttered a word which indicates sympathy in his cause.

On the contrary, without exception, they are loyally supporting Wilson. No Democrat in this vicinity has expressed his intention to vote for Roosevelt, and sentiment here seems to be that of the entire State. People here have been too long subjected to discrimination against their leaders for Presidential consideration because of sectional lines to be led off by Roosevelt's specious claim of being half Southern. If he were all Southern, and running on his present platform and past record, it would avail him nothing. So far as I can learn from correspondence and close reading of newspapers, Roosevelt's Democracy support in Alabama, Georgia, Florida, and Mississippi, will be absolutely nothing. Democrats of these States loyally supported Underwood, and, like their leader, they will stand by the action of the Baltimore Convention. If Roosevelt secures no more Democratic votes in other sections than he does in the State of Alabama we will have to depend upon disgruntled Republicans. Taft will secure practically all the Republican votes that will be cast in this State. More Republicans will vote for Wilson than there will be Democrats voting for Roosevelt.

W. W. SCREWS,
Editor Montgomery Advertiser.

Solid South for Democrats.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Aug. 17.—It is perfectly safe to put the solid South in the Democratic column. Roosevelt will probably take sufficient votes away from Taft in the North to insure Wilson's election by a large majority in the Electoral College.

THOMAS G. RAPIER,
Editor New Orleans Picayune.

Not Even Interest in South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 17.—There is no evidence in South Carolina of any practical interest in Col. Roosevelt's candidacy and not the remotest prospect of his obtaining any number of votes. It is not even certain that his party will have an Electoral ticket in this State, but it one is put out it will not attract the support of Democrats.

There is practically only one party in South Carolina, and the naming of Democratic Electors is a foregone conclusion. The regular Republican organization will put up an Electoral ticket, but it will have no formal significance. In the preliminary contest of the Republican nomination there was considerable Roosevelt sentiment among South Carolina Republicans, and Col. Roosevelt had at Chicago seven of the delegation on the early votes, though sixteen of the eighteen delegates finally voted for Taft.

Col. Roosevelt will get comparatively few votes of Democrats in any part of the South. His proscription of the negro is read in the light of his action in the Crum appointment and the Idianola case and of his repudiation of the Lily White Republican movement which had a promising start in the early days of his Administration.

T. R. WARING,
Editor Charleston Evening Post.

Classes Wilson as Jefferson's Equal.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 17.—Gov. Wilson will get the entire Democratic vote of the South. The Southern people have an abiding faith in him, and believe his election will elevate the standard of politics and put the Democratic Party and the Nation on the high plane it occupied in the days of Jefferson, Madison, and Monroe. They believe Gov. Wilson stands for the best that Jefferson taught, and in all essential respects is Mr. Jefferson's equal, and in some even his superior.

Roosevelt has no following with the Democracy of this section. Taft is stronger than Roosevelt, because our people believe in the honest aim of the President. They have little respect for some of the doctrines advanced by Roosevelt, and less faith in his professions. Should Roosevelt get 5 per cent. of the Democratic vote of the South it would prove a surprise. He will hardly get 2 per cent. of the Democratic vote of Tennessee, equal to a total of less than 3,000 in the State.

It is folly to talk about Roosevelt making any headway in the Democratic ranks of the South or carrying a Southern State. Gov. Wilson will sweep this section by largely increased Democratic majorities. Having recently spent a week in Ohio and Indiana, and mixed with the people. I believe what I am saying as to the Democratic vote and prospects in the South will also prove true as to these States.

E. B. STAHLMAN,
Owner Nashville Banner.

Republican Break Helps Democrats.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 17.—So far as the South is concerned, nothing has happened to indicate that there will be the slightest break in the Democratic solidarity of this section. On the other hand, all indications point to the fact that the break in the Republican Party has strengthened Democratic hope and insured Democratic co-operation and activity to an unprecedented degree.

Whatever defection there may be on account of the personal admiration in which Mr. Roosevelt is held will be more than compensated by the recruits obtained from among those who for the past few years have been affiliating with the Republicans in National elections. Wickershamism and Hitchcockism will drive more votes to Wilson than Roosevelt will get from the Democrats.

This condition seems to prevail throughout the South, which is more solidly Democratic this year than at any time during the last quarter of a century.

CLARK HOWELL,
Editor The Constitution.

May Get a Few Votes.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 17.—Mr. Roosevelt enjoys considerable personal popularity in the South. His half-Georgia origin, his undoubted ability, his frequent visits to this section, and his rather pleasing manners have won for him the friendship, and to an extent the admiration, of the Southern people. He will get some votes in Georgia and every other Southern State. Any other Republican candidate would get the same, but Roosevelt will get few if any more than any other well-known and well-liked Republican. He will make no inroads whatever upon the Democratic strength, and the idea that he may be able to carry a single Southern State is preposterous.

The South is Democratic and conservative. It will not indorse the things for which Roosevelt stands. The Democratic platform and the Democratic candidate well represent the views of the Southern people. Their votes will be cast solidly for the Southern ticket. Wilson will carry every Southern State overwhelmingly and Georgia will lead them all in the size of her Democratic majority, at least east of the Mississippi.

No ticket in many years has been so acceptable to the South as Wilson and Marshall. And if Mr. Roosevelt and his party depend upon the South to contribute to his election, they will find themselves greatly mistaken.

JAMES R. GRAY,
Editor Atlanta Journal.

Can't Get White Support.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 17.—Roosevelt has no following in the South so far as I can see. His third term stand and his one time partiality for Booker Washington and Dr. Crum have deprived him for all time of all chance of white support.

Roosevelt's family came from Savannah, and yet he has never had any following here, and he never visited the city, even while he was President. Taft is stronger here, and will get more votes than Roosevelt. Woodrow Wilson's nomination has cemented Georgia Democracy. The same is true of the Carolinas, Florida, and Alabama and Mississippi. Texas, of course, has always been strong for Wilson. Never was the South more united or confident. Savannah business men returning from buying trips North and West report Wilson a long favorite. Taft has friends in Augusta, because his Winter home was there, but Augusta was also the boyhood home of Woodrow Wilson, and will go to him overwhelmingly in November.

The only Republican who will get any considerable number of votes in Georgia is Taft, and Georgia will give Woodrow Wilson the biggest Democratic majority in ten years. The State is ablaze with interest. Everybody is subscribing to his campaign found, and Col. Roosevelt will limp along a poor third in the race in this section.

PLEASANT A. STOVALL,
Editor The Savannah Press.

Claims in Georgia Absurd.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Aug. 17.—As for Roosevelt getting any Democratic votes in Georgia worth speaking of, the claim is absurd. His race is scarcely being noticed here. I know of but two white men in this county who will confess to a leaning toward Bull Moosery. One of these was a Taft disappointee, while the other is just "queer."

A great many old-time Georgia Democrats, (conservatives,) however, will vote for Mr. Taft, particularly here in Augusta, where he is so well known and genuinely liked. The fact, however, that Woodrow Wilson is also claimed as an Augustan, he having spent his boyhood here, may keep Mr. Taft from carrying this county. The State, of course, will go for Wilson by a safe majority.

I don't know how it is in other States, but if any considerable number of Democrats are inclined to swap the Donkey for the Bull Moose, it must be because they have cause to feel that there is something in their old party emblem that is entirely too personal to themselves.

My observation, however, has been that most Democrats seem to regard the Colonel merely in the light of a particularly peevish person, who simply kicked a hole in the Republican boat because they would not let him do the steering. For which he may have the thanks of very many Democrats, but not their votes.

THOMAS W. LOYLESS,
Editor The Chronicle.

Hopes Will Be Dispelled.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 17.—The hope of Mr. Roosevelt's managers that he will receive a large Democratic vote in this section of the country will be dispelled when the votes are cast in November. There are some men in Tennessee who have heretofore voted the Democratic ticket who will vote for the ex-President, but they are few and far between.

In Tennessee Roosevelt will get a good vote, but it will not be polled by Democrats. His vote will be almost entirely Republican, nor will he have more votes in Tennessee than Taft. The Democrats in Tennessee, despite factional conditions, are almost to a man for Wilson. The Jersey man will carry the State by 25,000 or 30,000. Taft will be second because many of the most prominent Republicans in the State who supported Roosevelt before the June Convention in Chicago which nominated Mr. Taft have since that convention declared for Mr. Taft, and will support him even as against their favorite, because they want to be regular.

The Democracy will unquestionably win all through in Tennessee this year. A Democrat will be elected Governor, the Legislature will be Democratic, and a Democratic United States Senator will be returned in place of Senator Sanders, who is a standpat Republican. The last Legislature was controlled by the Fusionists, that is to say, a combination of Prohibition Democrats and Republicans.

W. J. EWING,
Managing Editor Democrat.

Colonel Doomed to Disappointment.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 17.—When Col. Roosevelt's managers claim a large Democratic vote for their candidate the wish is fathering the child of their hopes. It is frequently predicted in New York that Roosevelt will win more Electoral votes than Taft. I do not believe consideration of conditions gives any ground for such estimate, but there is more foundation for that prediction than for the claim of the Democratic support.

Col. Roosevelt began losing supporters before his nomination by his personally conducted convention, and has continued to lose them. On the other hand Wilson is receiving notice of accessions from both Republican and Independent sources. The Colonel's supporters are banking chiefly on the Colonel's personality, his "wonderful magnetism," but when they seek Democratic votes they will find three obstructions: First, that Wilson is himself heavily charged with magnetism; second, that Wilson's position on the tariff must alone settle the issue in his favor with every Democrat; third, that there is never a rush to get aboard a ship without ballast, with several leaks, and whose destination is unknown, when there is a regular liner at hand, flying the "homeward bound" pennant, and with officers and crews enthusiastic.

When Wilson was nominated, the reason for Roosevelt in the campaign vanished and the sound hope for a great demonstration of strength by Roosevelt perished. The Independents wishing reform are going to the party they expect to win, and therefore to be in position to make reforms. Democrats will surely support the party when the prospects of success are better than they have ever known, and when the standard bearer's sane progressiveness creates enthusiasm. My prediction? The Colonel's huge disappointment.

WILLIAM E. GONZALES,
Editor The State.

Disgusted by Attitude to Negroes.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 17.—There is not the slightest evidence that the third termer's candidacy is making any serious impression on the Democrats of Alabama. Here and there may be found a few erratic, visionary persons who have Col. Roosevelt at his own valuation, but the great mass of Southern people are distinctly conservative and take no stock in his platform of Socialistic appeals to the discontented.

His attitude on the negro question disgusts Southern people, who see no practical difference between Northern and Southern negroes, save the power of the Northern negro to vote. When the West Virginia negro delegates to his convention were the equal of their Northern colleagues, he virtually said they were the equal of Southern white men. The leopard has not changed his spots. Alabama Democrats are delighted that a typical Southerner in ability, culture, and character is the Democratic nominee and they are going to support Woodrow Wilson enthusiastically. This is unquestionably true of Alabama, and it is believed to be true of all other Southern States.

FRANK P. GLASS,
Editor The News.

South Is to Remain Solid.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HOUSTON, Texas, Aug. 17. — If Col. Roosevelt bases his hope of success upon considerable Democratic support he is doomed to disappointment. It has been said that he expects to break into the solid South. There is no evidence anywhere of Democratic defection.

In Texas the combined vote of Taft and Roosevelt will be less than Taft's vote of 1908, and that will be the rule in all the States of the South. Col. Roosevelt will obtain his strength from the Republican Party, to which may be added scattered Independents. The fact that the Republican Party is split wide open is not causing the slightest ripple in Democratic circles in any part of the country. The real effect of the Republican breach will be to bring Wilson supporters from both Republican factions—from the Republican Conservatives who will take the ultimate step to defeat Roosevelt and from the Republican radicals who will take the logical step to defeat Taft.

It is possible, of course, that Roosevelt may carry a few States in the Far West, but this is as uncertain as Taft's chances to carry any of the States of the East or Middle West. Wilson will get more votes than Taft and Roosevelt combined for the reason that the average citizen, when he comes to vote, chooses between the two candidates who seem to be within the range of choice.

It would be extravagant to predict that Wilson will carry every State in the Union, but the logic of the situation is that he will carry all the certain Democratic States and obtain a plurality in the States which have been heretofore classified as Republican. Roosevelt's candidacy is going to destroy the old Republican Party in most of these States—such as Ohio, Illinois, Maine, New Jersey, Michigan, Wisconsin and New York. Taft will be strong enough to destroy Roosevelt in such States as Kansas, the Dakotas, Minnesota and Iowa. Because of his platform demand for woman's suffrage, Roosevelt may score in the woman suffrage States, but this is not certain. The magnitude of Wilson's victory in the matter of electoral votes will be epochal.

GEORGE M. BAILEY,
Editor The Houston Post.

Little Support from the South.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 17.—In my opinion Mr. Roosevelt will receive very little support from Democrats in the South, for two reasons:

His platform is too Socialistic to meet the conservative views of the South, and on the tariff issue he is radically opposed to the prevailing sentiment; but the main reason, in my judgment, why he cannot hope to gain support from Democrats in the South is the attitude taken by him toward the negro in the South during the seven years he was President.

Whatever his professions may be now, the people of the South will not forget that he was the only President who insisted upon the appointment of a negro Collector at the Port of Charleston, against the protest of the entire white population of the State, and in violation of what was considered here to have been the understanding on the subject with him.

They also remember that he insisted upon appointing negroes to the offices of Postmaster and Collector at Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah, Brunswick, and Jacksonville, and, so far as he was able, tried to Africanize the South Atlantic Coast. As against his present determination to exclude colored delegates to Bull Moose conventions they cannot fail to recall his past performances in recognition of the negro against the unanimous protest of the South, and to judge him by what he has done rather than by what he now professes he will do.

As between Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft, the South, while of course preferring Mr. Wilson and intending to support him loyally, has every reason to feel kindly to Mr. Taft. He has made no professions on the subject of the negro, but has studiously refrained from appointing any negro to office in the South.

On the other hand, there never has been a time since the last election of Mr. Cleveland when the prospects of a Democratic victory in November were brighter, and when there was less disposition on the part of the Democrats of the South to waver in their loyalty to the Democratic Party. The nomination of Mr. Wilson has made it possible for all factions of the Democratic Party in the South to get together, and I have never known a candidate since Mr. Cleveland who so fully commanded the respect and enthusiastic support of all factions of the Democratic Party in the South as Mr. Wilson. I predict that he will carry every Southern State by an overwhelming majority.

P. H. GADSDEN.
President Consolidated Electric, Gas Co., and other public utilities.

Lack of Enthusiasm in Florida.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 17.—The Roosevelt third party movement in Florida is devoid of enthusiasm, and the indications are that it will have a very slim following—not enough to make it a factor in the campaign.

The negroes were ready to join the movement, but they consider their treatment in Chicago as an insult, and will do all in their power to oppose the third party nominees. C. H. Alston, one of the negro delegates who was barred from the Chicago convention, is holding public meetings and advising the negroes to vote for Woodrow Wilson.

A few disgruntled Democrats have joined the Moose movement, but they are not men of prominence and cannot draw votes from the Democratic Party. The inauguration of the third party movement will make no change in the usual result in Florida. In fact, many believe the Democratic majority will be even larger than ever before.

WILLIS M. BALL,
Editor of The Florida Times Union.

Claims Without Foundation.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 17.—The claim of the third party managers that the Roosevelt ticket will get a substantial Democratic vote is absolutely without foundation, so far as sentiment in Tennessee, Alabama, and Georgia is concerned. There has been no Democratic defection in any quarter of Tennessee, and even the Republican Roosevelt sentiment in the State is up to this time, at least, negligible.

The only Democrat in Tennessee known beyond the confines of his immediate county who has indorsed Roosevelt is Col. J. H. McDowell of West Tennessee, and he is a Populist. The announced attitude of Mr. Roosevelt toward the Southern negro is thoroughly understood in this section to be a bid for Southern white votes and is therefore having an opposite effect.

It has given the right thinking Southern Democrat a contempt for the man who puts such a low estimate upon their intelligence and their fidelity to the Democratic Party. They do not intend that a man of Mr. Roosevelt's uncertain words and known attitude toward social equality shall lead them into a snare which they realize this bid of his is.

The Southern people have never forgiven Mr. Roosevelt for the gratuitous and wanton insult he offered to ex-President Davis and for which he has never apologized and they will take great pleasure in showing him exactly what they think of him when they get the opportunity. They have not been satisfied with his violation of his solemn pledge never under any circumstances to become a candidate or accept another nomination for the Presidency, for a solemn pledge among Southern people has always been and is now regarded as unbreakable when made by a man of honor and integrity.

The Democrats of Tennessee are thoroughly harmonized in Gov. Wilson and he will get the largest popular majority a Democratic candidate for President has had in this State in twenty years. If Mr. Roosevelt's managers expect to get any support from Democrats in the Middle Southern States, the sentiment will have to be created during the progress of the campaign. It doesn't exist here now.

THE TIMES.

Taft's Words Apply to Colonel.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 17.—If Col. Roosevelt has succeeded in securing any Democratic votes in Virginia he has used such gumshoe methods that the fact is not known to those who are supposed to be alive to the political situation. As far as this State is concerned he is not a factor in any sense of the word. There are three well-known Democrats in Richmond classified as cranks who have declared they will vote for the Bull Moose, but even these three votes are not securely anchored.

The people of Virginia admire many of the good qualities of Theodore Roosevelt, but admiration does not mean affiliation.

President Taft once said at a dinner here at the Westmoreland Club that every one present liked him and was his friend, but not a man present would ever vote for him. This statement was true. The same saying applies to Col. Roosevelt.

It is my opinion that Woodrow Wilson will receive the largest vote Virginia has ever given a President. Even the few negroes who are qualified to vote in this State are coming out strong for Wilson, showing that the political wind is blowing a black hurricane toward Democracy. Virginians laugh with Roosevelt, enjoy his spectacular stage settings and mechanical effects, but they demand a safe and sane man for the White House.

ALLEN POTTS,
Managing Editor The Times-Dispatch.

The Words of Henry Watterson.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 17.—In answer to the telegram of THE NEW YORK TIMES, Henry Watterson says in The Courier Journal that he sees nothing in any quarter to justify any claim of the Roosevelt managers, or to indicate that the Democratic Presidential ticket will not receive the fullest Democratic vote which has been polled since 1892. This latter will be found especially true in the Southern States. He then comments on the situation as follows:

> To begin with, the Democratic Party is very much united. It is well pleased with its Presidential ticket, and has little if any fault to find with its platform. Democratic crankiness and factionism seem to have run their course. The party has been winnowed of the chaff of Socialism and Populism that at one time threatened to divert it from the larger issues and interests of government into the uncertain byways of emotional morality. It is offering the people no quack remedies for the regeneration of human kind, leaving Debs and Roosevelt to vie with one another for the votes of the visionary and the gullible.
>
> Hence the outlook is that Roosevelt will play second fiddle, while Taft retains such of the old-fashioned, iron-clad Republicans as adhere to the Tory idea of close corporations and cast distinction.
>
> Doctrinal Republicanism is dead. But there is still a certain power in organization. Nor are party loyalty and honor quite vanished from the hearts of the brave, misguided men who followed Blaine to defeat and McKinley to victory, who took Roosevelt at his word and believed in Taft. But nothing can avail to save them the day. If there were no Republican division the Democrats would have the better of it. As it is, he were a bold gambler who ventured to put money on any State, or group of States, likely to go for either Taft or Roosevelt.
>
> In the South the Republicans might have some show if they were in any condition to avail themselves of it. There is a strong protectionist leaning in Louisiana, Florida, and North Carolina. Old sugar-in-the-gourd seems unable to understand that he would be safe with a revenue tariff party, because sugar is a great revenue yielding duty. But the well dressed and highly educated and accomplished donkeys down there can't see it, and, were the political conditions other than they are, Louisiana, the negro menace lifted, might go Republican.
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> The fruit-suckers of Florida fancy that, unless Cuba and Italy, Kalamazoo and the south pole are barred, there will be another Big Frost. As for the Tar Heels, they are not satisfied with the cheaper processes acquired by bringing the factories to the edge of the cotton patch, and they don't want the tariff robbery to stop until they get rich, "like them damn Yankees about Boston."
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> So, with things normal, North Carolina might also go for Taft. With Underwood to show the plutocrats of the iron mills of Birmingham that they do not need a protective duty to meet and beat their rivals, Alabama is safely Democratic, while in Tennessee the alliance between the boot-leggers and the Republicans to fool the Democrats has played out. Thus the National Democratic ticket is sure of the Electoral vote of the Southern States.
>
> As for Roosevelt, he is not in it at all. He is literally nowhere. Even "them Booker Washington niggers—B. C.—befo' de circus" will divide their vote, while the riff-raff of whites that have no politics will "swim with the current."
>
> The truth is that Teddy twangs too many queer notes to suit even the impressionable among the denizens of Dixie. They have not forgotten the case of the negro Collector of the Port of Charleston. They have not forgotten the case of the negro Postmistress of Mississippi. Less than two years ago the Colonel went to Kansas and canonized old John Brown, who wanted to start a servile insurrection and to butcher the white women and children of the South.
>
> Even the Roosevelt protectionism is too light and airy to please the Southerner who wants to develop our infant industries, and goes in for the old flag and an appropriation. That Teddy is half Southern is good enough for barbecues, but it does not promise much in the way of emolument and office. Hence the sentimental vote, always wayward, is in his case likely to be scattering, wide apart, few and far between.
>
> In short and in fine it is a Democratic year.

Where the Colonel Lost.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHARLESTOWN, S. C., Aug. 17.—Had President Roosevelt taken the position on the negro question which Candidate Roosevelt is now advocating, he would have won enthusiastic support of many Southerners.

Having failed to abate a crying political nuisance while he had the power to do so, few thoughtful persons are disposed to take as more than a demagogic appeal his present protestations of regret over conditions which he indorsed with perfect fortitude so long as he was a conspicuous beneficiary of them.

Powerful as is the bid he has made for the Southern vote, there is such a widespread distrust in this section of the country of the stability and integrity of his purposes political that there is small likelihood that there will be many takers.

The spirit of unrest and radicalism is widespread here, as it is throughout the country, but it is not disposed to accept the leadership of an eleventh-hour convert, nor that of one who in frantic quest of followers, puts forth a "confession of faith" in which progressiveness is advocated in one paragraph and a high protection policy in the next.

Those who were Radicals and Progressives while Col. Roosevelt himself was among their chief opponents, will scarcely confide their long cherished cause to his unstable leadership at the present time. At least there is no chance of Col. Roosevelt atracting to himself any considerable following in the South.

JOHN MARSHALL.

ROOSEVELT DECIDES TAFT ISN'T A FACTOR

A Two-Sided Fight, He Says Now, and He'll Drop the President to Attack Wilson.

BACK HOME MORE CONFIDENT

Big Meetings in Boston and Providence Satisfied Him Things Were Going as in His Primary Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Col. Roosevelt returned to Sagamore Hill today more confident than he has been at any time since he bolted the National Republican Convention and started his third-party movement. The big receptions he received in Providence and Boston on his first New England campaign, and the reports that have been coming in from his managers all over the country have led him to believe that the fight may not be a hopeless one after all. He believes President Taft is not going to be a factor in the race.

"It is a two-sided fight," he said today, "not a three-cornered one."

As a result of this decision Col. Roosevelt let it be known that he has about decided to drop President Taft from any further serious consideration, and devote most of his time and energy to attacking the Democrats and their platform. He believes that Gov. Johnson of California, his running mate, is a "bigger" man than either President Taft or Gov. Wilson, and is anxiously waiting to see the impression that Gov. Johnson will make in his Eastern campaigns. Gov. Johnson, the Progressives declare, has accomplished much more along progressive lines in California than has Gov. Wilson in New Jersey.

Col. Roosevelt is refraining from direct personal attack upon Gov. Wilson, but it is evident that he is only too anxious to have the Jersey Governor start to "mix things up." That will be the signal for the Colonel to let loose, and if the occasion arises he promises a lively time of it for all concerned.

The Colonel made reference to-day to the address delivered by Gov. Wilson at Sea Girt Saturday.

"We are not saying that we are like the Democrats," he said, "but the Democrats are saying that they are like the Progressives. There could have been no better endorsement of the Progressive Party than that given by Dr. Wilson yesterday. He said that it is the feeling that men have gone into blind alleys and come back often enough, and that they propose to find an open road for themselves.

"He said what was perfectly true, and it is for just that purpose, to lead people out of blind alleys, that the Progressive Party has been formed. And we have led the way in this movement."

The big meetings in Providence and Boston, and especially the mass meeting on the Boston Common last night, which was attended by fully 20,000 people, the Colonel said, had surprised him and given a tremendous impetus to the Progressive movement.

"They were all listening intently," said the Colonel, "and there was sincere purpose in their faces. In my primary fight we reached the people. There were great crowds, and they came out afterward and voted.

"And we won."

"I was glad to answer, last night, the questions about Mr. Perkins and tell about Mr. Flinn. I understand that some one asked about McCormick, too. I did not hear that question, but I am glad to answer it now.

"I suppose they meant to refer to the Harvester Company when they mentioned McCormick. My answer is that the McCormicks who are with me have not a dollar's interest in the International Harvester Company, and that the McCormicks who are interested in the company are, I understand, helping Taft or Gov. Wilson, as they properly should do."

Col. Roosevelt will remain at Oyster Bay until Wednesday evening, when he will go to Wilkesbarre to attend the golden jubilee of Father Curran, who entertained him two years ago when he visited the anthracite coal mining district. He will have no prepared address, but will talk on the subject of moralities and good citizenship.

After his Western trip, which ends at Memphis about Aug. 25, Col. Roosevelt will spend a week touring in the South, and will visit New Orleans, Atlanta, Ga., and other Southern cities.

ROOSEVELT GAIN IN NEVADA.

Bishop Henry Douglas Robinson of Nevada, who preached in Trinity Church, Broadway and Wall Street, yesterday, might have been a delegate from Nevada to the Progressive convention in Chicago at the beginning of this month. The reason he was not was that he refused to accept. After the sermon yesterday Bishop Robinson privately talked politics, because he was asked to do so. He said:

"I believe in the initiative, the referendum, and equal suffrage. I find that the numbers who believe in these principles are increasing in the West—not in my State alone, but in most States. Nevada wanted Champ Clark or President Taft, both Democrats and Republicans standing, at the outset, against Col. Roosevelt. Whether Nevada will show itself a Progressive State or not remains for November to tell, but that the Colonel's strength is on the increase there admits of no doubt."

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GIANTS' BATTING DOWNS CARDINALS

New York Captures First Game at St. Louis and Gains on the Cubs.

New York..2 0 2 0 2 3 2 0 0—11
St. Louis...0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0— 1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
S'grass, cf., 1b.	5	3	2	1	0	7	2	0
Doyle, 2b.	4	3	3	0	0	1	1	0
McCormick, rf.	4	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
Murray, lf.	3	1	0	1	1	3	0	1
Merkle, 1b.	2	1	1	1	0	2	0	0
Devore, cf.	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Herzog, 3b.	5	1	2	0	0	2	3	0
Meyers, c.	2	0	0	0	1	4	0	0
Wilson, c.	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Fletcher, ss.	5	0	3	0	0	4	3	0
Marquard, p.	2	1	0	0	1	0	2	0
Shafer, 2b.	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Kirby, p.	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	38	11	15	4	3	27	11	1

ST. LOUIS.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Huggins, 2b.	4	0	0	0	1	2	3	0
Magee, lf.	4	1	2	0	0	2	0	0
Mowrey, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
Konetchy, 1b.	4	0	2	0	0	9	0	1
Evans, rf.	3	0	1	1	0	2	1	1
Hauser, ss.	4	0	1	0	1	3	0	1
Oakes, cf.	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
Wingo, c.	2	0	0	0	1	3	0	1
Snyder, c.	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	0
Geyer, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	0
Griner, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
*Smith	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	1	7	1	5	27	14	4

*Batted for Geyer in the fifth inning.

Two-base hit—Doyle. Three-base hit—Devore. Sacrifice hits—Murray, Marquard. Sacrifice fly—Evans. Stolen bases—Doyle, Murray, McCormick. Double play—Fletcher and Snodgrass. Hit by pitcher—By Griner, (Murray, Marquard.) Bases on balls—Off Geyer, 2; off Griner, 2; off Marquard, 1. Struck out—By Geyer, 2; by Marquard, 5; by Griner, 1. Hits—Off Geyer, 10 in five innings; off Griner, 5 in four innings; off Marquard, 5 in eight innings; off Kirby, 2 in one inning. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; New York, 8. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Orth.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 18.—The Giants, pretty well shaken up by their recent experience in Chicago, tackled the Cardinals here to-day with renewed vigor, inaugurating their last visit of the season to the Mound City with an easy victory over St. Louis, by a score of 11 to 1. The win sent Manager McGraw's team up half a game over Chicago, and the visitors displayed a snap and dash in their work which seem to discredit the fear that this last Western invasion is going to be a disastrous one for the National League champions.

Becker's costly error in Chicago on Saturday cost him his berth in centre field, and for the first time this season Harry McCormick was placed in an outfield position. Devore, who has been on the bench for some time, went to centre field, and McCormick in right, while Murray went to left.

Rube Marquard again came into his own and in the eight innings he was on the mound allowed only five hits. He gave but one pass and fanned five of the Cardinals. When the victory was cinched Manager McGraw took Meyers, Doyle, and Merkle out of the game and gave them a rest, finishing the fray with several substitutes. Kirby, a recruit, pitched the ninth inning and allowed two hits.

The Giants worked a satisfying revenge on Jake Geyer the Cardinal's pitcher, who defeated New York at the Polo Grounds on his last visit to Manhattan. He lasted only five innings, the Giants peppering him for ten hits while he was in the box.

One of the largest crowds of the season welcomed the Giants here to-day. More than 20,000 fans jammed into the stands and bleachers, with the expectation that Roger Bresnahan's team would repeat their last New York experience and put the Giants to rout. They were bitterly disappointed because New York took the game at the very start and won as it pleased.

A delegation of strong-lunged citizens from Breeze, Ill., Larry Doyle's home town, was on hand and gave the Giant Captain a great reception. The folks from Breeze can't see where the Giants are going to lose the pennant, and they told Larry so. Doyle was a busy citizen while he was in the game, and made three hits—one a two-bagger—and scored three runs.

The most encouraging part of New York's showing was their revival of batting. After hammering Geyer all over the field they turned on Griner, a new pitcher from Tennessee, and treated him just as roughly. Murray, Meyers, and Marquard were the only Giants who didn't take a whack at the ball, and after the fray was over the big crowd filed out of the park with the impression strong in their minds that all this talk about the Giants "blowing up" was more or less fiction.

New York took all its runs in groups. Their hitting came just at the right time, when there were men on the bases to profit by timely taps, and they were wide awake and alert on the base paths. Marquard's excellent box work gave the New Yorks confidence, and they are ready to forget the wounds inflicted by the Cubs, and hold tightly to the substantial lead they still retain in the league race.

The Giants went after Geyer in the first inning. Snodgrass smashed a single over the pitcher's head and Doyle singled to right. Konetchy fumbled McCormick's grounder and the bases were crowded. Murray forced McCormick at second, Huggins to Hauser, while Snodgrass crossed the plate on the play. Merkle forced Murray, Mowrey to Huggins, and Doyle scored during the proceeding. Herzog scratched a hit off Mowrey's shins and Meyers sent a smash at Geyer which almost knocked the pitcher over, but Geyer made a great stop and tossed the Indian out at first for the third out.

Doyle opened the third inning with a single through second. McCormick drew a pass, and Murray sacrificed, Geyer to Konetchy. Merkle hit a single to left, scoring Doyle and McCormick. Up to the fourth Marquard held the Cardinals completely at his mercy. In the fourth Magee beat out a hit to short and Mowrey popped to Fletcher. Magee proceeded to third on Konetchy's single to left, and when Murray fumbled the ball Konetchy went to second. Evans lifted a sacrifice fly to Murray and Magee raced home. That was all the scoring that St. Louis was able to do.

There was no stopping the Giants now, and they jostled Geyer roughly again in the fifth inning. After McCormick and Murray had flied out, Merkle walked and went to second on Herzog's single to deep short. Wilson, who had succeeded Meyers in the fourth inning, singled to left, scoring Merkle, while Herzog went to third and Wilson proceeded to second on the throw home. Fletcher banged a single to centre, sending Herzog over the plate. Wilson was held at third on Oake's throw to the plate, but Fletcher went to second. Marquard fanned and ended the inning.

That was the end of Geyer, and Boss Bresnahan sent his new twirler, Griner, in to stop the Giants' rush. He failed miserably, for during his first round on the rubber the New Yorks pushed three more runs over the plate. Snodgrass singled in front of the plate, and Wingo threw the ball to the fence with a mad toss, sending Snodgrass to third, and when Evans attempted to throw to third and made another lurid throw, the runner went home. Doyle smashed a two-bagger to right and promptly stole third. McCormick's foul was caught by Mowrey, and Griner, very much disturbed, hit Murray with the ball. "Red" stole second, and then Josh Devore demonstrated that he was still very much in the game. He hammered a long three-bagger to left field, scoring Doyle and Murray. Herzog rolled to the infield, and Devore was out at the plate, while Wilson's liner was pulled down by Mowrey.

In the seventh inning, after Fletcher shot a high fly to Evans, Marquard was hit by a pitched ball. Snodgrass walked, and Shafer, who succeeded Doyle in the Giant line-up, singled to right, scoring Marquard. McCormick then hit out a single, scoring Snodgrass, but Shafer was out trying to squeeze himself home. McCormick stole second, which was something of an accomplishment for such a slow runner, but Murray ended the inning and the Giants' scoring when he struck out.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
No games scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 11; St. Louis, 1.
Philadelphia, 10; Chicago, 6.
Chicago, 5; Philadelphia, 1.
Boston, 5; Cincinnati, 4.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Rochester, 3; Jersey City, 1.
Newark, 9; Montreal, 2.
Montreal, 4; Newark, 2.
Providence-Buffalo—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Boston	77	35	.688
Washington	69	44	.611
Philadelphia	67	44	.604
Chicago	55	56	.495
Detroit	55	60	.478
Cleveland	51	61	.455
New York	38	74	.339
St. Louis	36	74	.327

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
New York	75	31	.708
Chicago	71	38	.652
Pittsburgh	65	42	.607
Philadelphia	53	55	.491
Cincinnati	52	59	.468
St. Louis	50	61	.450
Brooklyn	39	71	.355
Boston	30	78	.278

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Rochester	71	47	.602
Toronto	68	49	.581
Baltimore	59	55	.518
Newark	59	61	.492
Jersey City	58	61	.488
Buffalo	53	60	.469
Montreal	53	68	.438
Providence	48	68	.414

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
St. Louis at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Washington.
Detroit at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Boston at Cincinnati.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Jersey City at Toronto.
Newark at Buffalo.
Providence at Montreal.
Baltimore at Rochester.

EVEN BREAK IN CHICAGO.

Phillies Win and Lose to Cubs in a Double-Header.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—Philadelphia set Chicago back a half a game behind New York by dividing a double-header with the local team while New York defeated St. Louis. The visitors won the first contest 10 to 6 and lost the second 1 to 5. The opening game was a wild affair, in which the visitors hit opportunely. Cheney had everything his own way in the second game, holding the Philadelphians to seven hits, no two of which came in the same inning. Rixey was wild, and Chicago had little difficulty hitting when hits meant runs. An overflow crowd witnessed the double bill, and ground rules were necessary, making a hit into the crowd good for two bases. Paskert and Dooin got into arguments with Umpire Owens in the first game and were sent to the clubhouse. The scores:

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paskert, cf.	0	1	0	8	0
R.Mil'r, rf.	2	1	0	0	0
Lobert, 3b.	4	1	2	1	1
Magee, lf.	3	1	0	4	0
C'vath, rf, cf.	5	1	0	1	0
Luder's, 1b.	3	2	2	8	1
Knabe, 2b.	5	0	1	0	2
Doolan, ss.	4	2	2	2	0
Dooin, c.	1	1	1	1	0
Killifer, c.	3	0	1	4	0
Seaton, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Shultz, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Rixey, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Total	33	10	9	27	5

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf.	2	2	0	2	2
Schulte, rf.	5	1	2	4	0
Tinker, ss.	2	1	0	3	2
Zim'm'n, 3b.	3	1	1	2	3
Leach, cf.	3	0	0	2	1
Saier, 1b.	5	1	1	7	0
Evers, 2b.	4	0	0	2	1
Cotter, c.	2	0	0	3	0
Archer, c.	1	0	0	2	0
Smith, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Lav'der, p.	2	0	0	0	1
R'lbach, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*W. Miller	0	0	0	0	0
†Goode	0	0	0	0	0
‡Downey	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	6	7	27	10

*Batted for Cotter in the fifth inning.
†Batted for Lavender in the seventh inning.
‡Batted for Goode in the seventh inning.
Errors—Zimmerman, (2,) Archer, Dooin.

Philadelphia ....1 0 3 1 1 0 0 1 3—10
Chicago ....1 0 2 0 3 0 0 0 0— 6

Two-base hits—Doolan, Schulte, and Luderus. Hits—Off Smith, 4 in 3 innings, (none out in fourth;) off Lavender, 4 in 4 innings; off Reulbach, 1 in 2 innings; off Seaton, 6 in 4 1-3 innings; off Shultz, 1 in 2 innings; off Rixey, 0 in 2 2-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Seaton, Tinker, Killifer. Sacrifice flies—Zimmerman, W. Miller, R. Miller. Stolen bases—Saier, Evers. Double play—Leach and Evers. Left on bases—Chicago, 11; Philadelphia, 8. First base on balls—Off Smith, 2; off Seaton, 6; off Lavender, 3; off Shultz, 3; off Reulbach, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Smith, (Magee;) by Rixey, (Zimmerman.) Struck out—By Smith, 2; by Seaton, 2; by Lavender, 1; by Rixey, 2; by Shultz, 1; by Reulbach, 1. Wild pitch—Seaton. Time of game—Two hours and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Brennan.

SECOND GAME.

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf.	1	0	1	3	1
Shulte, rf.	3	2	1	1	0
Tinker, ss.	4	1	1	1	6
Zim'm'n, 3b.	3	1	1	1	3
Leach, cf.	1	1	0	5	0
Saier, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
Evers, 2b.	3	0	0	3	2
Archer, c.	2	1	1	3	0
Cheney, p.	2	0	0	0	3
Total	22	5	5	27	14

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Miller, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
Lobert, 3b.	4	0	1	3	0
Magee, lf.	4	0	2	2	0
Crav'th, cf.	4	0	2	1	0
Luder's, 1b.	4	0	0	6	1
Knabe, 2b.	4	0	1	7	4
Doolan, ss.	2	0	0	2	3
Killifer, c.	3	0	2	2	3
Rixey, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Shultz, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Walsh	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	7	24	14

*Batted for Rixey in the ninth inning.
Error—Zimmerman.

Chicago ....1 0 0 0 0 3 1 0 .—5
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Knabe, Archer. Hits—Off Rixey, 4 in six innings; off Shultz, 1 in two innings. Sacrifice fly—Saier. Sacrifice hits—Doolan, Zimmerman, Cheney. Stolen base—Lobert. Double play—Doolan, Knabe, and Luderus. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Rixey, 6; off Schultz, 2. Struck out—By Rixey, 1; by Cheney, 2; by Schultz, 1. Passed ball—Archer. Wild pitch—Rixey. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Owens.

Boston Defeats Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 18.—Boston won the opening game of the series with Cincinnati here to-day 5 to 4. Benton, Kroh, and Dickson were each hit hard, but Humphries and Tyler were effective, the latter allowing only one hit during the final six innings. The score:

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
McD'ld, 3b.	3	0	0	0	3
Kirke, lf.	5	1	1	2	1
Sw'ney, 2b.	3	1	1	5	4
Jackson, cf.	4	1	1	5	0
Titus, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Devlin, 1b.	4	1	1	9	1
B'dwell, ss.	4	0	2	2	1
Rariden, c.	4	0	0	4	2
Kroh, p.	1	1	1	0	0
Dickson, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Tyler, p.	2	0	0	0	2
‡Hauser	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	5	8	27	15

CINCINNATI.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf.	4	0	1	4	0
Marsans, cf.	5	0	2	8	0
H'litzel, 1b.	2	0	0	8	0
Mitchell, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Phelan, 3b.	4	0	1	2	1
Grant, ss.	2	1	1	0	2
Esmond, ss.	0	0	0	0	1
Egan, 2b.	2	2	1	2	6
Clarke, c.	3	1	1	8	2
Benton, p.	0	0	0	0	0
H'phries, p.	2	0	1	0	1
*Severeid	1	0	0	0	0
†McLean	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	4	9	27	10

*Batted for Grant in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Humphries in the ninth inning.
‡Batted for Kroh in the third inning.
Errors—Phelan, Egan.

Boston ....4 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—5
Cincinnati ....0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hit—Kirke. Three-base hits—Sweeney, Bridwell. Hits—Off Benton, 4 in one inning; off Humphries, 4 in eight innings; off Kroh, 5 in two innings; off Dickson, 3 in one inning, (none out in the fourth;) off Tyler, 1 in six innings. Stolen bases—Jackson, Marsans, Grant, Egan. Sacrifice fly—Bescher. Double plays—Bridwell, Sweeney, and Devlin; Sweeney and Devlin; Tyler, Sweeney, and Devlin. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 7. First base on balls—Off Kroh, 1; off Dickson, 2; off Tyler, 4; off Humphries, 3. Struck out—By Humphries, 2. Time of game—Two hours and seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Rigler.

Red Sox Get New Shortstop.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Aug. 18.—Shortstop Albin Carlstrom of the Lawrence (New England League) team has been sold to the Boston Red Sox, and will report to the Boston team at the close of the New England League season. Carlstrom has been with the Lawrence team for two years, coming from his home in Elizabeth, N. J., where he has played only as semi-professional teams.

GIANTS SEE HOPE IN JEFF TESREAU

Big Pitcher Will Be Valuable Asset to New York in Remaining Games.

The Giants, by virtue of their victory over St. Louis yesterday while the Cubs won and lost against Philadelphia, crept up half a game in the National League race and are now five and a half games in front. Which, by the way, is something of a substantial lead at this stage of the race, in spite of the roar from Chicago that the Cubs are going to beat out New York for the flag.

Just a year ago to-day the Giants were one and a half games behind the Cubs in the race, and their great playing during September carried them through a winner. They cannot hope to repeat the September campaign of last year, although finishing up the last few weeks of the season at home will be an advantage.

Thus far on the Western trip the Giants have won two and lost two, and during the same period the Cubs have won three and lost two. Between now and Labor Day the Giants have twenty-three games to play, fifteen of the contests being with St. Louis, Pittsburgh, and Philadelphia and one game with Chicago. The other seven games are with Cincinnati, Boston, and Brooklyn. In the same period the Cubs have sixteen games to play, and eleven of the games are with St. Louis, Pittsburgh, and Philadelphia, including one game with the Giants.

True it is that the Cubs have had the call on the Giants in every series of the season, but, on the other hand, the Cubs' showing against the remaining clubs of the league has not been so good as the New Yorks. Giant fans have not been discouraged, in spite of the fact that the Cubs' stock has taken a wonderful boost. To beat out McGraw's men, the Cubs must play phenomenal ball in the remaining games of the season, and it is only reasonable to suppose that the Cubs, like all other teams, will slump before the season is over under the stress of the grueling pace at which they have been traveling. The Cubs have had to fight, and fight hard, to cut down the Giants' lead, and the strain is apt to have its effect before the season's end.

The Giants have been in the throes of a slump for some time, their batting and fielding having fallen off to an alarming extent, and yet, in view of the great playing the team showed earlier in the season, it is not unlikely that they can recover this form to a great extent before their substantial lead is taken from them. The Giants must play every game safe for some time to be certain of their advantage, while the Cubs must travel ahead at the fastest speed possible. Manager McGraw believes his team will be in better shape at the season's end than the Cubs, and this counts for much in the final reckoning.

Chicago has an easier time between now and Labor Day than the Giants, but McGraw is confident that his club will go through the hard fighting of the next two weeks with credit.

In big Jeff Tesreau the Giants see great hope, for he has already shown that he will be a valuable asset to the pitching staff from now until the season's end. Under the constant coaching of Wilbert Robinson, Tesreau has gradually overcome his lack of control, the only flaw that he has shown in his mound work this season. With big Jeff working along with Marquard and Mathewson, New York has three pitchers who probably have the call on any other pitching staff in the league. The Giants haven't the pennant cinched by any means, but it is going to take nothing less than phenomenal playing by the Cubs from now until the season's end to beat them out.

The Boston Red Sox look more like the American League winners every day. McAleer's great team is now eight and a half games ahead of Washington and nine and a half games in front of the world's champion Athletics. This advantage looks safe at this stage of the season.

The surprise of the season in these parts is the sudden revival of the Yankees. No team on the circuit has been so handicapped by injured players as Wolverton's team, and for three months the team was at the mercy of the other teams on the circuit. The young players which have been whipped into line have arrived, and the team during the series last week with Detroit and St. Louis showed some great baseball. The Yankees are sure to conduct themselves with credit from now until the end of the season.

MAJORS EXERCISE OPTIONS.

Minor League Players Must Be Recalled Before Aug. 20.

The National Commission has notified all major league clubs that the option to repurchase the release of all major league players released to minor league clubs earlier in the season expires on Aug. 20. A major league club desiring to recall a player must serve notice to that effect on the Secretary of the commission before 6 o'clock on Aug. 20. A check for the amount stipulated in such agreements as the consideration for the player's release must accompany the notice. Failure by a major league club to notify the commission will be construed as a waiver of its right to exercise the option.

The Giants have the following players which they may recall: Mobile, Jacobson, $500; Gardella, $500; Buffalo, Stock, $500; Munsell, $500; Bues, $500; Fullenwelder, $500; Toronto, Drucke, $500.

The Yankees released the following players and waived their rights to recall their services and these players are subject to draft or purchase: Atlanta, Bailey, $500; Joynes, $300; Revelle, $300; Russell, $300; Hogue, $300; Rochester, Martin, $1,000; Holyoke, Curry, option to select any player for $1,000; Wilkesbarre, right to purchase any player, $1,250; Rochester, Clark, $500; Albany, Priest, right to purchase any player or Priest for $1,000; Rochester, Klepfer, $500.

The Brooklyn club has already exercised its option on the following players: Kirkpatrick, Newark; Kent, Toronto; Madden, South Bend; Somers and James, Nashville; Aitchinson and Stengel, Montgomery, and Myers, Sioux City.

Baltimore Wins from Cleveland.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 18.—The Baltimore International League Club defeated the Cleveland Americans to-day in an eleven-inning game by a score of 3 to 2. An error and three singles brought in the winning run. Score by innings:

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1	3	11	1
Cleveland	0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	2	8	1

Batteries—Smith and McAllister; Baskette, Mitchell, Walker, and Adams.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Jersey City.

		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	3	10	1
Jersey City	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	3	3

Batteries—Akers and Blair; Viebahn, McHale, and Wells.

At Newark.

FIRST GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Montreal	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1	2	6	3
Newark	0 2 3 0 1 0 0 3 .	9	16	3

Batteries—Carroll, Taylor, and Madden; Dent and Smith.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Montreal	1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 1	4	9	1
Newark	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	2	6	2

Batteries—Mattern and Burns; Gaskell, Lee, and Higgins.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 5; Indianapolis, 3.
At Kansas City—Louisville, 5; Kansas City, 1. Kansas City, 10; Louisville, 1.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 8; Columbus, 1. Columbus, 1; Minneapolis, 0.
At St. Paul—Toledo, 1; St. Paul, 0. St. Paul, 3; Toledo, 2.

State League.

At Utica—Scranton, 5; Utica, 1.
Other games postponed—Rain.

Southern League.

At New Orleans—Chattanooga, 2; New Orleans, 1. Chattanooga, 3; New Orleans, 1.
At Mobile—Mobile, 10; Atlanta, 8.
At Montgomery—Nashville, 5; Montgomery, 1.
At Memphis—Birmingham, 6; Memphis, 0.

Pacific Coast League.

At Oakland—Sacramento, 6; San Francisco, 4. San Francisco, 7; Sacramento, 4.
At Los Angeles—Vernon, 4; Oakland, 3. Oakland, 5; Vernon, 1.
At Portland—Los Angeles, 2; Portland, 0.

Baseball To-day, 2:45 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. St. Louis. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

YACHT RACES AT CANARSIE.

Jamaica Bay Catboats Sail for Set of Special Prizes.

Yachtsmen of the Jamaica Bay district raced for cups offered by the Diamond Point Yacht Club of Canarsie yesterday. The sailing divisions, which were sent twice over a course from the clubhouse to mark off Canarsie dock, thence to the breakwater off Bergen Beach and thence to the finish line, had a light south-southeast breeze to drive them around the course. Interest centred in the race for open catboats, which was a splendid fight between W. Smith's Selfish and C. Merritt's Siren, sailed by Albert Smith. On both actual and corrected time, Siren was the winner.

Elvira took the cabin catboat class and Zoe was the winner among the small open cats. Bill Morrison again took the prize for open power boats. Thistle won the other class of open power boats. The standing cabin launch division was won by Brisk. So Long was the first of the semi-speed boats to finish. The motor boats raced from the clubhouse to Red Can Buoy 2, off Rockaway Point and back to Canarsie. So Long also received a prize for making the fastest time over the course. The summary:

CABIN CATBOATS.
Start, 11:35. Course, 10 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.	Cor'cted Time. H.M.S.
Elvira, J. A. Anderson, Jr.	1:55:00	1:55:00
Virginia, R. Rudolph	2:00:00	1:58:33

OPEN CATBOATS—CLASS C.
Start, 11:40. Course, 10 Miles.

Siren, C. Merritt	1:44:50	1:42:41
Selfish, W. Smith	1:45:15	1:45:15

OPEN CATBOATS—CLASS D.
Start, 11:40. Course, 10 Miles.

Joe, G. Lafonde	1:56:30	1:48:25
Girlie, E. Datzler	1:56:00	1:50:24
Alert, E. Esqurol	1:55:00	1:55:00

OPEN POWER BOATS—CLASS F.
Start, 11:50. Course, 16 Miles.

Bill Morrison, H. Hamm	1:21:30	1:21:30
Margaret F., C. Faulkner	1:28:00	1:26:15
Smarty, L. Golly	1:27:45	1:26:43
Ella and Elsie, C. McDonald	Did not finish	

OPEN POWER BOATS—CLASS G.
Start, 11:55. Course, 16 Miles.

Thistle, E. Bunchard	1:40:15	1:40:15
Paul Jones, W. Jones	1:53:00	1:53:00
Elsie May, H. Eirman	Did not finish	

STANDING CABIN LAUNCHES—CLASS M.
Start, 12:05. Course, 16 Miles.

Brisk, Yenger & Mathal	1:24:15	1:21:15
Maspeth, E. Hayward	1:27:00	1:27:00

SEMI-SPEED CLASS.
Start, 12. Course, 16 Miles.

So Long, A. Humphries	1:20:45	1:20:15
Valliant II., J. Sauer	1:23:15	1:23:15
Ray, M. Brett	Did not finish	

BUDD'S YACHT LEADS FLEET.

Alert Wins Harlem Y. C. Stratford Shoal Race.

R. B. Budd's sloop yacht Alert, which crossed the finish line off Execution Light at 1:12 yesterday afternoon, is the winner of the Harlem Yacht Club's Stratford Shoal race of 61 miles, in which eighteen yachts started at 5 o'clock on Saturday afternoon. The Alert covered the course in 8 hours 12 minutes. She received an allowance of 9 minutes 12 seconds, and she defeated the second boat, the Juanita, owned by S. C. Hunter, by 2 minutes 48 seconds corrected time. The Alert wins the handicap prize for the fastest time over the course, as well as the cup presented by Vice Commodore Allan Gibson. The Juanita wins the Rear Commodore's prize, and the Coot the Herbert Stone prize.

The winner of the power boat race was the Melrah, owned by Harry Merz. The Empire started 14 minutes late, having been detained at the Huntington races. The summary:

CABIN SAILBOATS.
Course, 61 Miles.

Boat and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.	Cor'ted Time. H.M.S.
Alert, R. B. Budd	1:12:00	8:12:00	8:02:48
Juanita, S. C. Hunter	1:26:55	8:26:55	8:05:36
Coot, H. Wennemer	3:18:00	10:18:00	8:05:59
Hyperion, W. N. Bavier	1:21:50	8:21:50	8:07:05
Sally IX., A. E. Black	1:53:31	8:53:31	8:07:52
Mist, H. T. Hornidge	2:35:35	9:35:35	8:13:05
Victory, H. A. Jackson	2:33:45	9:33:45	8:13:29
Ediana, J. A. Crowley	1:19:00	8:19:00	8:19:00
Veda, Schultz and Lannan	1:47:25	8:47:25	8:26:35
More Joy, P. V. Giffin	2:12:00	9:12:00	8:27:14
Crescent, H. T. Southwick, Jr.	1:33:55	8:43:55	8:39:24
Malolo, C. A. Stoltze	2:41:25	9:41:25	8:32:51
Alyce, G. Branfuehr	2:31:10	9:31:10	8:42:51
Naiad, J. Bruns	2:37:38	9:37:38	8:51:59
Bobtail, E. H. Clark	1:58:50	8:53:50	8:53:12
Tillicum II., M. J. Early, Jr.	3:04:20	10:04:20	8:55:49
Kenmuir, V. P. Krauss	2:48:25	9:48:25	9:12:11

MOTOR BOATS.
Start, 6 P. M. Course, 61 Miles.

Melrah, Harry Merz	1:13:45	7:13:45	6:54:49
Empire, J. L. Luckenbach	12:16:10	6:16:10	6:16:10
Anna, J. Anderson	1:38:10	7:38:10	7:03:12

NEW ROCHELLE Y. C. CRUISE.

Rear Commodore J. A. Mohlstedt's Okee Wins Flag Officers' Cup.

The Okee, owned by Rear Commodore J. A. Mohlstedt, won the Flag Officers' Cup, the first prize in the annual cruise of the New Rochelle Yacht Club, which was run during the past week. The yachts left New Rochelle on Saturday, Aug. 10, and were scheduled to arrive at New Rochelle yesterday. Practically all the contestants arrived home as per schedule, but the cruise was discontinued at New London Friday.

On the first day the cruise covered a course between the New Rochelle Yacht Club and Lloyd's Harbor. On Sunday the finishing point was New Haven, on Monday they continued to Stonington, Conn., and on Tuesday to Newport. On Wednesday and Thursday the yachts remained at Newport during the King's Cup races. On Friday the cruise was continued to New London. The schedule called for a sail to Lloyd's Harbor Saturday, and thence to New Rochelle yesterday, but the fleet disbanded at New London Friday.

Following are the boats which figured in the cruise, the owners, and the number of points won by each:

Okee, Rear Commodore J. A. Mohlstedt, 25; Amada, B. R. Stoddard, 22; Twilight, J. F. London, 18; Lady M., Commodore E. C. Myrick, 18; Surprise II., M. Kattenhorn, 2; Olwyn, A. B. Seymour, Jr., 2; Guardia, C. A. Marsland, 1.

PLAY FOR TENNIS TITLE.

Newport Championship Tournament Opens To-day.

Lawn tennis players passing through the city on their way to the National All-Comers championship tournament which begins to-day on the turf courts of the Casino, at Newport, R. I., expressed little surprise that the list had diminished in numbers to 159 contestants this year. For the past two or three months officials of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association have quietly passed the word around that entrance to the championship to secure the club privileges of the Casino would be frowned upon. Furthermore, Robert D. Wrenn, the President, and others of the Executive Committee, have discussed ways and means of still further limiting the list, say to not more than 100, so that the tournament may surely be played off in a week. It is said that before the next annual meeting that some sort of a qualification rule will be framed to meet this phase of the game.

The majority of the players journeyed to Newport by the Fall River night boat last night. Only a few went down by train yesterday, and among this number was Karl H. Behr. The former international list is especially keen upon the tournament this year, confident of his game and believing that he is sure to be among the finalists. The three players from the Pacific Coast, Maurice E. McLoughlin, Thomas C. Bundy, and H. H. Braly, were of the group that journeyed by boat. Among the others were Walter L. Pate, Henry Torrance, Jr., S. W. Merrihew, and others.

It was estimated by the leading players that with anything like favorable weather the championship would be decided in eight days of playing. This, if held to, will bring the final and championship match next Tuesday morning. Although William A. Larned is not a competitor he is likely to take part in the special series of matches for which the citizens of Newport have offered a special prize. In any event he will assist Bob Wrenn in the conducting of the tournament, as the President of the association is to act as referee.

McNamara Breaks Golf Record.

Special to The New York Times.

MAPLEWOOD, N. H., Aug. 18.—Record breaking was the feature of the golf at Maplewood to-day, for T. L. McNamara of Boston, the metropolitan open champion, put up a new professional mark of 70, and Heinrich Schmit of Worcester, the Massachusetts amateur champion, set up a new amateur mark for 72 holes of 299. Jimmie MacKrell, the Bretton Woods "pro," would have bettered this mark had he not picked up on one hole when his ball was unplayable. He was 64 for the 17 holes he played. Schmit was at his best to-day despite heavy showers, which made the course slow, and scored 74, 76 for a total of 150, which was within one stroke of the thirty-six-hole mark he established yesterday.

WORLD'S RECORD THROWS BEATEN

Pat McDonald and Matt McGrath Do Wonderful Work at Eccentric Firemen's Sports.

Although Matt McGrath, the world's champion hammer thrower, made a wonderful toss of the sixteen-pound missile yesterday at the games of the Eccentric Firemen, which attracted nearly 10,000 persons to Celtic Park, his sterling performance promises to go for naught because the management had failed to provide a steel tape with which to measure his unprecedented throw of 190 feet with an unlimited run and follow, which bettered by an inch less than ten feet the best mark on the books, credited to John Flanagan.

Pat McDonald, the Times Square traffic policeman, fresh from his Olympic triumph at his favorite game of putting the shot, gave the adjusters of the record books a little work to do when he put the twelve-pound sphere 99 feet 1¾ inches as the result of his combined right and left handed puts, beating the world's records, but under the same unfortunate conditions prevailing in McGrath's performance.

Platt and Ben Adams contributed their share to the best of the contests seen when each leaped 5 feet 4 inches at his specialty of standing high jumping. Try as they would to determine the out-and-out winner, neither could surpass that height, and they accepted a tie as the result of their work. Leo Goehring of the Mohawks did 5 feet 2 inches and was placed third.

By long odds the best piece of running of the afternoon was done by Eddie Frick, the New York Athletic Club middistance star, who, after finishing fourth in the 800-meter event, a handicap, came back in the 400-meter race, starting from scratch and winning in commanding fashion in the really fine time of 0:50 4-5.

This race was well attended by the long-start men, who made a great pace of it from the crack of the pistol. After the real goers had reached the front, J. F. O'Conner of the Morris A. A., off 75 yards, assumed command and gave a pretty sprint in his successful effort to stall off the challenge of an unattached athlete, W. Anderson, running from the same mark as himself, third place being taken by J. McLaughlin, Eymard Lyceum.

Although Frick ran grandly in the 800-meter handicap, he was unable to get up and make a winning bid. Frank Planck, Pastime A. C.; H. Weinberger, Clark House, and W. Boyle, Mohawk A. C., all made the best possible use of their liberal handicaps and finished in that order in a blanket finish, the time being very fast, 1:55 4-5.

E. Jordan of the Xaviers made a runaway of the 5,000-meter handicap, in which Tom Collins was at scratch. The latter was unable to get into the prize division, and had his own troubles with a negro runner named Morris, to whom he was conceding 250 yards, and who refused to be denied for three laps after the Irish-American man had caught him. It was nip and tuck for supremacy between the pair, but the negro quit when the Irishman showed that he was on business bent in the matter of a final sprint. The summaries:

100-Meter Dash, Handicap.—Won by B. Berger, Loughlin Lyceum, (7½ yards;) E. Schleich, Dominican Lyceum, (5 yards,) second; E. Schedler, unattached, (6½ yards,) third. Time—0:11 1-5.

800-Meter Run, Handicap.—Won by F. J. Planck, Pastime A. C., (48 yards;) I. Weinberger, Clark House A. C., (42 yards,) second; W. Boyle, Mohawk A. C., (48 yards,) third. Time—1:55 4-5.

3,000-Meter Steeplechase, Handicap.—Won by J. H. Dennelly, Irish-American A. C., (140 yards;) T. Nelson, Irish-American A. C., (100 yards,) second; W. Galvin, unattached, (100 yards,) third. Time—9:25 2-5.

1,500-Meter Run, Handicap.—Won by J. F. O'Connor, Morris A. C., (75 yards;) W. Anderson, unattached, (75 yards,) second; J. McLaughlin, Eymard Lyceum, (110 yards,) third. Time—4:06.

Running High Jump, Handicap.—Won by A. Moeller, Norwegian Turn Verein, (6 inches,) with an actual jump of 5 feet 9 inches; H. J. Grumpelt, New York A. C., (scratch,) second, with a jump of 6 feet; A. R. Rodriquez, Irish-American A. C., (6 inches,) third, with a jump of 5 feet 7½ inches.

5,000-Meter Run, Handicap.—Won by E. Jordan, Xavier A. A., (120 yards;) T. F. Barden, Irish-American A. C., (100 yards,) second; E. J. Critchley, New York A. C., (120 yards,) third. Time—16:03 4-5.

200-Meter Dash, Handicap.—Won by J. Slowen, Buffalo, (7 yards;) L. B. Dorland, Dominican Lyceum, (2½ yards,) second; W. McCracken, unattached, (8 yards,) third. Time—0:22 4-5.

400-Meter Run, Handicap.—Won by E. Frick, New York A. C., (scratch;) F. Gordon, Dominican Lyceum, (17 yards,) second; B. Story, Irish-American A. C., (9 yards,) third. Time—0:50 4-5.

Putting 12-Pound Shot, Handicap, Olympic Style.—Won by P. McDonald, Irish-American A. C., (scratch,) right hand 54 feet 3¼ inches, left hand 44 feet 10½ inches, total 99 feet 1¾ inches; W. J. Fortune, Irish-American A. C., (10 feet,) second, right hand 48 feet 11½ inches, left hand 39 feet 2¾ inches, total 88 feet 2¼ inches; H. C. Klages, unattached, (8 feet,) third, right hand 49 feet 1 inch, left hand 40 feet, total 89 feet 1 inch.

Standing High Jump, Scratch.—Platt Adams, New York A. C., and Ben Adams, New York A. C., tied for first with 5 feet 4 inches; Leo Goehring, Mohawk A. C., third with 5 feet 2 inches.

Half Mile Run for Members.—Won by P. J. Flanagan; F. Hussey, second; T. Scott, third. Time—2:30.

Boys' Race, Under 14 Years.—Won by Walter Buehan; J. Toomey, second; J. McDonough, third.

Tug of War.—Paper Handlers' Union defeated Eccentric Firemen by 18 inches.

Throwing 16-Pound Hammer, Handicap, Unlimited Run and Follow.—Won by Matt J. McGrath, Irish-American A. C., (scratch,) with 190 feet; P. Ryan, Irish-American A. C., (3 feet,) second, with an actual throw of 185 feet; A. McDougall, Irish-American A. C., (23 feet,) third, with 157 feet 5 inches.

PROTESTS MOTOR BOAT RACE.

Owner of Disturber III. Claims the Wrigley Trophy.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—Further controversy over the Wrigley trophy race for power boats arose to-day. Baby Reliance II., heretofore absent from the event, took the third heat in a decisive manner from Disturber III., which already had won two heats. After the race James A. Pugh, owner and driver of Disturber III., laid claims to the trophy on the ground that Baby Reliance II. was not properly entered. The Judges will make a decision before to-morrow's races.

Baby Reliance II., owned by J. S. Blockton of New York, took to-day's heat of twenty-five miles in 35:49, and Disturber III. finished fifteen minutes later. Chicago sprang a leak and did not finish. In both the 26 and 40 foot classes Baby Reliance II. finished first, but was disqualified for cutting a buoy.

During the 26-foot class race, Crusader III., owned by A. W. Work, Akron, Ohio, struck a log and sank after a four-foot hole had been torn in her bottom. Capt. Louis Thompson and Mechanician Zollerin were picked up by the revenue cutter Tuscarora. Débutante, owned by Noels Sampson of the Royal Motor Yacht Club, London, was declared the winner after the disqualification of Baby Reliance II. Débutante finished the fifteen miles in 35:24 4-5. Kitty Hawk II., Baby Reliance II., and Débutante now have won one heat each in this race. The deciding heat will be raced to-morrow.

Chicago was given the 40-foot class event. Her time for the fifteen miles was 36:36 2-5. Disturber III. was the only other entrant. Another heat will be run in this race to-morrow. Baby Reliance II. and Chicago each has won a heat in the event.

Here to Report Golf Championship.

Henry Leach, one of the best-known writers on golf in England, arrived yesterday on the American liner St. Paul to write a series of articles for London papers on the amateur golf championship tournament, which is to be held next month on the links at Wheaton, Ill.

Harry Hilton, the present champion, who came over from England to play last year and made a big hit, will compete again this year, so will Norman Hunter, a Scotsman. Mr. Leach is a Nottingham man, the city where the lace comes from, and has acquired a Scotch accent, it is said, through writing about golf for the last fifteen years.

Mauretania Crew Holds Games.

Three hundred and fifty officers and men of the Cunard Liner Mauretania held their annual picnic yesterday at Whitestone, landing by special steamer, where they had all kinds of sports, including an association football match. The rain which fell at intervals during the day did not interfere with the games to any extent, as the men were accustomed to rain in England and Scotland all the year round. It is understood that the Mauretania's lifeboat crew, which won the race on Friday against the Orotava and Ivernia crews, will receive a challenge next trip in New York from the crews of the German steamships.

SPORTING EVENTS.
Choice ringside seats and boxes, Madison Square Garden, to-night, Normandie Hotel Ticket Office, Broadway and 38th St. Phone 4139 Greeley.

MORE ATHLETES ARRIVE.

Babcock, Duncan, Horine, and Others Return on the St. Paul.

In the rear guard of American Olympic athletes who arrived yesterday on the St. Paul were a score of the members of the team who did the Continent after the sports in Stockholm. There wasn't one of the crowd who did not admit that he was glad to be home again. In the coterie of homecomers were Harry S. Babcock, the Columbia track Captain for next year, who won the pole vault in Sweden with the wonderful height of 12 feet 11¾ inches; Frank J. Coyle of Chicago, another pole vaulter; Jim Duncan, the discus thrower, who failed to perform up to expectations; George L. Horine, the Stanford University youth who was third in the running high jump; L. R. Anderson, J. W. Burdick, D. M. Caldwell, C. C. Cooke, James J. Donoghue, H. B. Enright, Forrest Fletcher, Joseph Forshaw, H. J. Hebner, winner of the back stroke swimming race; J. A. Menaul, R. B. Retzer, M. Wikoff, C. P. Wilson, and Marc S. Wright.

The athletes all gave glowing accounts of the manner in which they were entertained while abroad after the games were over and the strict discipline of the trainers relaxed. It was said that the scene on the Finland in Stockholm harbor the night after the sports had ended was one which will live long in the memories of those who participated in the doings. The lads are said to have made up for all the previous restraint by dropping down through skylights, climbing the rigging, and trying to slide through the big ventilators from the deck to the hold. The out-of-town men will stop at the Hotel Hermitage until after the reception which is to be tendered the team from Friday night to the dinner of the succeeding evening, with a parade the morning of next Saturday, which starts at 10 o'clock.

ALL-STAR BOXING SHOWS.

Garden A. C. and St. Nicholas A. C. Will Furnish Week's Bouts.

A heavyweight carnival at the Garden A. C. to-night and the all-star show at the St. Nicholas A. C. Wednesday night furnish practically all the important boxing scheduled for the coming week in this city. Both clubs will put on three ten-round bouts, the Garden A. C. adding two six-round preliminaries. The St. Nicholas A. C. will dispense with the preliminaries at all future shows so as not to extend the card until near midnight.

Principal interest in to-night's bouts at the Garden centres in the work of Luther McCarty, regarded as one of the most promising of white hopes, and Joe Jeannette, who is soon to clash with Jack Johnson in this city. McCarty will appear in the final bout against Arthur Pelkey of Chicopee, Mass., who recently boxed at the Garden. Pelkey is a hard hitter and can take plenty of punishment. He is expected to give McCarty a hard bout. Jeannette will oppose Jeff Madden, a 210-pound boxer from Boston, in the first of the ten-round bouts. Little is known of Madden, and unless he is an unusually clever heavyweight Jeannette should have little difficulty with him. In the second ten-round bout Tom Kennedy will clash with Jim Savage. Kennedy can take far more punishment than Savage and is the favorite in this bout.

The feature of Wednesday night's show at the St. Nicholas A. C. will be the return bout between Leach Cross of this city and Tommy O'Keefe of Philadelphia. O'Keefe made a decided impression with New Yorkers on his first appearance here a few weeks ago, when he held Cross to a draw in ten rounds. He combines cleverness and hitting ability, and in his recent bout here he forced Cross to travel at top speed all the way. Phil Cross will mix with Johnny Dohan of Brooklyn in the ten-round semi-final, which promises to furnish plenty of action, though little science. In the first ten-round bout two heavyweights, Jim Coffey of this city and Jack Rowan of Philadelphia, will be the principals.

At the Atlas A. C. of Rockaway to-morrow night Frankie Burns of Jersey City and Jim Kendrick, the English bantamweight, will come together in the main event. The six-round semi-final will bring together Young Goldie and K. O. Egers.

The usual week-end shows will be held Saturday night at the Fairmont and St. Nicholas A. C. of New York and at the Royale and Gowanus Clubs of Brooklyn.

SPEEDWAY MATINEES END.

Ten Successful Meetings Close with Presentation of Cups.

The Summer brushing season of the Road Drivers' Association of New York closed yesterday on the Harlem Speedway with the final of a series of ten matinées and the presentation of the five silver cups to the highest point winners of the two divisions.

I. V. Hunt's brown mare Clover Patch, which annexed the title of champion pacer during the Spring season, duplicated her performance in the Summer matinée season, and landed the stellar honors for sidewheelers by taking the first cup for pacers, with a total of 20 points. William O'Neil's black colt Hayworth, which has been a consistent winner in the open colt class, was awarded the second cup in the pacing division, with a total of 18 points won throughout the season, and James Kennedy's roan gelding Dick Welsh, the only horse on the drive to lower the colors of Clover Patch, secured the third cup. At the opening of the final matinée the race between Dick Welsh and Clover Patch was a close one, with only one point separating them, and victory for either meant the capturing of the premier cup. Dick Welsh, however, showed a falling off in his form, and, instead of making a spirited battle against Clover Patch, failed miserably.

The competition in the trotting division was also keen, but Charles G. Schmidt's bay mare Trixie H. was in possession of enough heats to land the cup without the final day's racing. E. O. Benzen's Promise took the last cup, which was for the horse winning the second highest honors in the trotting class.

The presentation of the cups was made to the victorious horsemen at the association's clubrooms, and a large number of members and friends were on hand to celebrate the occasion. The summaries:

Colt class, mixed.

Hayworth, blk. c., (W. O'Neil)	1	1
Addie, blk. g., (C. Cramer)	2	2
Prince, blk. g., (J. Halloway)	3	3

Time—1:19¾; 1:19.

Class B, trotting.

Ashland Boy, b. g., (G. B. Conklin)	1	1
C. C., br. g., (T. Young)	3	2
The Trip, b. s., (L. Smith)	2	3

Time—1:09; 1:07½.

Class C, trotting.

Dr. Eddy, b. g., (W. Horn)	1	2	1
Excelsior, b. g., (H. Reber)	3	1	3
Freedomsfield, b. c., (W. Hoegg)	2	3	2

Time—1:15; 1:10; 1:13.

Class A A A, pacing.

Clover Patch, br. m., (F. Reilly)	1	1
George Patchen, ch. g., (T. Harper)	2	2
Dick Welsh, rn. g., (J. Kennedy)	3	3

Time—1:07; 1:06.

Class A A, trotting.

Trixie H., b. m., (C. G. Schmidt)	2	2	1	1
Kippewa, br. m., (C. J. Fendt)	1	3	5	2
Startle, b. g., (E. Shoemaker)	3	1	3	
Promise, b. m., (E. O. Benzen)	5	5	3	
Dawson Dillon, b. m., (S. Goldsmith)	4	4	4	

Time—1:05½; 1:04; 1:07; 1:10.

Class C, pacing.

Triphammer, b. g., (N. Grunzfelder)	1	1
The Rube, br. g., (J. Shannon)	2	2
Hazel Bell, ch. m., (S. Goldsmith)	3	3

Time—1:08; 1:09.

Class A A, pacing.

Korrect Shape, b. g., (W. C. Urban)	4	3	1	1
Alphonse O., b. g., (J. Chaimowitz)	2	1	4	2
Kid Kelly, blk. g., (A. Mullady)	1	4	3	3
Midnight Direct, b. m., (W. O'Neil)	3	2	2	

Time—1:07; 1:07; 1:06½; 1:05.

Wahnetah B. C. Water Carnival.

Five thousand people witnessed the annual water carnival of the Wahnetah Boat Club of Flushing yesterday on Flushing Creek. The principal attraction was exhibition diving by Miss Elsie Haneman of Manhattan and a 100-yard exhibition swim by Capt. Alfred Brown, who covered the 100 yards in 1:22 1-5. Frank Rix, starting at scratch, won the 60-yard senior swimming race, defeating Richard Stapleton by two yards. Joseph Stapleton was third. The summary:

Tub Race.—Won by John Trapp; William Methven, second.

60-Yard Senior Swimming Race.—Won by Frank Rix; Richard Stapleton, second; Joseph Stapleton, third. Time—0:36 3-5.

60-Yard Junior Swimming Race.—Won by Robert Anrig; William Ryan, second; L. Hartnung, third. Time—0:42 3-5.

Canoe Tilting Contest.—Won by Robert Handy; Frank Rix, second.

Straight Diving Contest.—Won by Albert Methven; Frank Rix, second; George Ivans, third.

Fancy Diving Contest.—Won by William Halleran; Richard Stapleton, second; R. Anrig, third.

Watermelon Race.—Won by Fred Doyle.

Obstacle Race.—Won by William Halleran and William Methven.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.
SAVE-THE-HORSE SPAVIN REMEDY
Druggists everywhere sell Save-The-Horse with a legal contract to cure or refund money.

MERCIER CAPTURES MOTOR CYCLE RACES

Brooklyn Rider Shows the Way Home in Two Events at Brighton Motordrome.

Ferdie Mercier, the professional motor cyclist of Brooklyn, carried off the honors last night at the Brighton Beach Stadium Motordrome by his victories in the six-mile scratch and nine-mile professional handicap races.

Four of the best riders in the camp made up the field in the six-mile event, consisting of Billy Wray, George Lochnar, Howard Wray and Mercier. In the first heat George Lochnar won by three lengths. The succeeding two heats went to Mercier, giving him the race. He took better positions at the start and was able to show the way home in commanding style.

In the nine-mile handicap Mercier, with a handicap of 2 laps, lowered the colors of Chapple, who started from the back mark, the time being 6:17 3-5.

Arthur Chapple took the special match race with Mike Costello in straight heats. In the first heat both men got off on even terms, but Chapple soon showed in the lead. He shot out after receiving the starting flag and began opening a gap on his opponents, which at the completion of the race was almost a full lap. Costello had some trouble with the mechanism of his machine.

The same conditions existed in the second heat, Chapple winning handily. He led all the way and steadily opened a gap on Costello. At two miles Chapple was in possession of a half lap lead, and retained the advantage until the end. The two heats were traversed in 2:01 3-5 and 2:05 1-5, respectively.

The special three-mile match race between Charles Greening and Howard Wray, both of Brooklyn, had to be called off on account of a spill. The race was started, but after one and one-half miles had been covered Greening came a cropper. On rounding the back stretch in hot pursuit of Wray, the leader, Greening crashed into Wray's rear wheel. He fell to the flat runway and rolled about thirty-five yards with his machine, and later withdrew. The summaries:

Six-Mile Professional.—First Heat—Won by G. Lochnar, Syracuse; F. Mercier, Brooklyn, second; W. H. Wray, Brooklyn, third. Time—4:28 1-5. Second Heat—Won by F. Mercier, Brooklyn; W. H. Wray, Brooklyn, second. Time—3:16 1-5. Only four miles covered. Third Heat—Won by F. Mercier, Brooklyn; W. H. Wray, Brooklyn, second. Time—4:37 3-5.

Three-Mile Professional Match Race Between Arthur Chapple, New York, and Mike Costello, New York.—First Heat—Won by Arthur Chapple, New York. Time—2:01 3-5. Second Heat—Won by Arthur Chapple, New York. Time—2:05 1-5.

Nine-Mile Professional Handicap.—Won by F. Mercier, Brooklyn, (2 laps;) Arthur Chapple, New York, (scratch,) second; M. Costello, Brooklyn, (2 laps,) third. Time—6:17 3-5.

AMERICAN CYCLISTS WIN.

Kramer and Drobach Capture International Race at Newark.

Six stars of the Newark Velodrome proved the feature yesterday afternoon in three special match heats of a one-mile race. Frank L. Kramer and Peter Drobach of Boston were lined up against the French team of Marcel Dupuy and Emil Friol, and the Australian team of Alfred Grenda and L. Pye. The latter team won the first heat, but in the second two Drobach drew, Kramer cut in great style, and the champion won both. The French team was second in the second heat, but Grenda raced in a close second to Kramer in the third heat.

Donald McDougal continued to sweep things before him in the amateur events, annexing a first in the third-mile National championship, for which he leads in points, and in the three-mile handicap, Norman Hansen of Denmark gave him a good fight in both events. The summaries:

Team Match Race (Professional.)—Won by Frank L. Kramer, East Orange, and P. Drobach, Boston, in two out of three heats; A. Grenda, Australia, and L. Pye, Australia, second; E. Friol and M. Dupuy, France, third.

Half-Mile Novice.—Won by T. Flanagan, Jersey City; T. K. Smith, Madison, second. Time—1:09 3-5.

Half-Mile Handicap (Professional.)—Won by Ben Hill, Newark, (130 yards;) Jay Eaton, Elizabeth, (65 yards,) second; T. Billington, Vailsburg, (60 yards,) third. Time—0:54 3-5.

Motor-Paced Match Race (Professional.)—First Heat (Five Miles)—Won by George Wiley, Syracuse; Elmer Collins, Lynn, Mass., second; Menus Bedell, Lynbrook, third. Time—6:57 3-5.

Second Heat (Ten Miles)—Won by Collins, Bedell second, Wiley third. Time—14:01.

Third Heat (Two Miles)—Won by Bedell, Collins second, Wiley third.

Two-Mile Tandem (Open.)—Won by W. De Mara, Cleveland, and Norman Anderson, Denmark; George J. Cameron, New York, and Jumbo Wells, New Zealand, second; John Bedell, Lynbrook, and Tommie Smith, Newark, third. Time—4.07 2-5.

Three-Mile National Championship (Amateur.)—Won by Donald McDougal, Newark; Norman Hansen, Denmark, second; Fred Diver, Bay Side Wheelmen, third. Time—0:41 3-5.

Three-Mile Handicap (Amateur.)—Won by Donald McDougal, Newark, (scratch;) Irving B. Rice, Newark, (210 yards,) second; Leonard Tebout, Paterson, (180 yards,) third. Time—6:52 1-5.

Three-Mile Open (Professional.)—Won by John Bedell, Lynbrook; F. De Mara, San Francisco, second; F. Krebs, Newark, third. Time—6:10 2-5.

Hasha to Try for New Record.

Eddie Hasha, the Dallas, Texas, speed sensation, will make an effort to lower his mile record of 37 1-5 seconds established at the Stadium-Motordrome at Brighton Beach Saturday night, when he hurls his motor over the course to-morrow night in the feature event of the evening's card. In the five-mile open professional Howard Wray, the Brooklyn boy, will inject new talent into the field. The consistent performances of the lad in the amateur events caused him to break into the professional field, and he will make Mercier, Lochnar, and Shields hurry to carry off the prize.

OUTSIDER WINS RACE.

Gorgorito at 15 to 1 Wins $30,000 Prize at Deauville.

DEAUVILLE, France, Aug. 18. — Four American horses were among the starters for the Grand Prix de Deauville, worth $30,000, the feature of the racing card here to-day, but they were able to capture only third and fourth places. The rich prize was won by Gorgorito, an outsider in the betting.

Sixteen horses ran, and the result was: First, Gorgorito; second, Gayoffe; third, Herman Duryea's Shannon, and fourth, August Belmont's Amoureux III. The distance was one mile and five furlongs.

Sightly, owned by W. K. Vanderbilt, and Charles Kohler's Novelty led at the start, but the former failed to stay. Entering the straight, Shannon assumed command, but near the finish Gorgorito came up with a rush and won by half a length from Gayoffe, that horse being a head in front of Shannon.

Belmont's Amoreux III. was the favorite in the betting, being quoted at 33 to 10. Gorgorito was a 15 to 1 shot, while the odds on Gayoffe and Shannon were 29 to 2 and 36 to 1, respectively.

Notwithstanding the bad weather an immense crowd of society people witnessed the race.

Pathfinder Reaches Lulu.

Special to The New York Times.

LULU, Miss., Aug. 18.—The Flanders Electric A. A. A. National tour pathfinder arrived here Saturday night after having concluded another 75 miles for the tour from the lakes to the Gulf. A late start was made from Memphis Saturday morning, and during the day many detours were necessary owing to the activity of the good roads movement in Dixieland. The pathfinders were guests of Major State to-day for luncheon on his big cotton plantation, and during the stop Charles Ross, driver of the Flanders, took advantage of the private lighting plant installed in the Major's house, and charged his car, very much to the surprise of all present.

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PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office..........Times Square
Downtown..........15 Beekman Street
Wall Street..........2 Rector Street
Harlem..........263 West 125th Street
Bronx..........149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island..8 Richmond Tce., St. George
Long Island City..........47 Vernon Avenue
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To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $2.00 per month; Daily, $1.30 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 50c. per month; Daily and Sunday, 90c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month. Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUG. 19, 1912.

THE GOVERNOR OF NEW JERSEY.

In a sense it was a family matter that Gov. WILSON dealt with on Saturday at Sea Girt when he denounced a plot on the part of the old bosses to undo the work he had done in that State, and to snatch the control which has been taken away from them.

But, in a wider sense, it was a very important National matter. He declared:

> I suppose you know the force that is behind the new party that has recently been formed, the so-called Progressive Party. It is a force of discontent with the regular parties of the United States. It is the feeling that men have gone into blind alleys and come out often enough, and that they propose to find an open road for themselves.

This might well have been qualified. There is a "force of discontent with the regular parties of the United States" behind the so-called Progressive Party, but it is not "the force." An earlier force, and, in actual conditions, a more important one, was the "discontent" of an ambitious demagogue and politician with his own party because it would not yield to his preposterous demand for a third term as President, which WASHINGTON condemned and GRANT was refused. This man was steeped to the lips in the worst practices of the old-time politics; he was loaded down with honors and emoluments achieved with the aid of these practices; he strove through these practices to attain the nomination of his party; had he won it, there would have been no new party. His insatiate greed for power was and is the indispensable force that brought the new party into being and keeps it in action. The Governor, who cannot be ignorant of this fact, would have done better to include a recognition of it in his reference to the new party.

Since, however, it is true that some of the backing of Mr. ROOSEVELT comes from discontent with the old parties by voters blind to the fact that the new one is thickly tarred with the same stick, Gov. WILSON is entitled to respect for showing that his way of satisfying that discontent is by no means the same as that of ROOSEVELT; is, indeed, wholly the opposite. ROOSEVELT shows, by profession and practice, that he will forgive and forget past or present evil in any one who will rally to the black square with a bull moose head. Support now of him is a baptism of purification from accumulated vice, and an immunity bath for the future. Gov. WILSON has not so facile a conscience. Those whom, rightly or wrongly, he believes to be living in political sin, though they be his professed friends, he rebukes, and essays to expose them. If he be not sure of his facts, he is foolish; if he be, he is both brave and wise.

THE PANAMA BILL.

It will not change the wrong to other nations in the Panama bill, and the deeper wrong to ourselves, to give the right to injured parties to sue for damages in our courts. In the first place, it is not well that we, even through our excellent tribunals, should pass judgment upon our own case. That is against a well-settled rule of law and ethics, based on human nature. In the second place, though a suit thus brought would indirectly involve the essential question of the violation of a treaty, it would be a lawsuit, surrounded by all the technicalities of practice and procedure. The decision might well turn on something else and less than the essential question. It might not satisfy the enlightened opinion of the world. It ought not to satisfy the National conscience.

There is one way of dealing with this matter honorably. It is to enact the necessary features of the bill, and to request the President, by proper negotiations, to come to a friendly understanding with Great Britain as to the treatment of American coastwise vessels. This might lead to the submission of the interpretation of the treaty to The Hague Tribunal. If so, it would be another substantial proof of our loyalty to the underlying principle of that tribunal, in the development of which our Nation has played so important a part. If we won at The Hague, we should win fairly, with no loss of credit. If we lost, we could accept the result with no impairment of self-respect. If, on the other hand, we should insist on referring the matter to our own courts, a favorable judgment would not clear our good name; an unfavorable judgment would leave us convicted of glaring bad faith.

President TAFT is said to feel embarrassment on account of his previous commitments. He need not. New circumstances have arisen. Our honor has been questioned at home and abroad. It is his plain right and duty to reconsider his opinion, and to see to it that the question is determined in accord with the principles of right and justice, and by the fair and peaceful methods of which he has long been an advanced and consistent advocate.

MR. ROOSEVELT IN THE SOUTH.

It has been freely predicted by the managers of the Bull Moose campaign and by the Bull Moose himself that there is to be a wonderful overturn of the South politically at the election in November. THE TIMES has made inquiry of a considerable number of men of high character and much political experience as to real conditions in that part of our great moral vineyard. The returns do not seem to sustain any of the claims that have been made by the Progressives. The Southern white people have long memories. They have no faith in the professions of Mr. ROOSEVELT. It was the late Senator IRBY of South Carolina who said on one occasion when the tactics he had used successfully in one case were resorted to in another with disappointing results: "A loo-loo hand wins only once." Among the men who have been kind enough to advise THE TIMES of the condition of the Bull Moose movement in their respective States and neighborhoods are manufacturers, merchants, railroad men, lawyers, Governors, politicians, men engaged in the promotion of large development enterprises which will advance the ends of social and industrial justice, and wide-awake editors of leading newspapers.

PLEASANT STOVALL of The Savannah Press says: "ROOSEVELT'S family came "from Savannah, and yet he has never "had any following here. * * * His "one-time partiality for BOOKER "WASHINGTON and Dr. CRUM has deprived him for all time of all chance "of white support."

PHILIP H. GADSDEN of Charleston says, that, so far as he was able, Mr. ROOSEVELT "tried to Africanize the South Atlantic Coast," and that the white people of that region will "judge "him by what he has done rather than "by what he now professes he will do."

The editor of The Chattanooga Times says the Southern people "will take "great pleasure in showing him exact-"ly what they think of him when they "get the opportunity."

Mr. BARTON GRUNDY of Richmond knows "of but two Democrats" in Richmond, with its population of 150,000, "who say that they expect to vote for the great and only Colonel."

Mr. LOYLESS, editor of The Augusta Chronicle, says that there are "only two white men" in Richmond County who lean to the Bull Moose, and adds that "one of these is a Taft disap-"pointee, while the other is just "'queer.'"

Mr. HERIOT CLARKSON, a prominent lawyer, an active politician, and a Prohibitionist, in spite of being a Democrat, of Charlotte, N. C., declares that "the people of this section will not "be led astray by political vagrants "and this so-called Progressive move-"ment."

E. B. STAHLMAN of Nashville, Tenn., says that Mr. ROOSEVELT "has no fol-"lowing with the Democrats of this "section," and that the people have "little respect for some of the doctrines "advanced by ROOSEVELT and less "faith in his professions."

FRANK GLASS of Birmingham declares that "the leopard has not changed his spots."

So it goes all around the circle. There is no Democratic defection. The Democratic Party is solid for WILSON. The white people of the South do not trust Mr. ROOSEVELT, and the negroes have been dismissed by him as undesirable citizens. If the sentiment of the South is fairly represented by the statements printed in THE TIMES to-day, and we are satisfied that only the truth has been spoken and naught set down in malice, the Bull Moose is already dead in the South. In fact, so far as that part of the country is concerned, he never was alive.

THE POINT OBSCURED.

A gambler who imparted to the District Attorney facts about the evil relations of the police and his craft was shot down in the heart of this city, and his murder has been charged, on a fair amount of evidence, against at least one officer of the police and a number of rascals associated with gamblers. There is a sudden and tremendous outburst of activity in the Police Department and the City Government generally against vice and corruption hereabout, but not touching this particular crime. The idea prevails that all this noise, all this accumulation of new facts and charges, must tend to confuse the situation. The main point which interests the people is being obscured.

The recent raids on evil resorts have nothing to do with the case of ROSENTHAL and BECKER. The degradation of one Police Inspector and the threatened punishment of others have no relation to that case. The public is waiting eagerly for all the facts about BECKER and his accomplices, for the names of all persons associated in this dastardly crime, for the quick trial and prompt punishment of these rascals. Until the Rosenthal matter is off their minds the people can wait for other proofs of police villainy. The whole department is on trial now at the bar of public opinion. Mayor GAYNOR and his Police Commissioner are behaving in a very strange way in this matter.

A GENUINE VOTERS' FUND.

The list of contributions to the Wilson Campaign Fund, ranging from 5 cents to $50, from residents of Union County, N. J., alone, which was published in THE TIMES yesterday, was most encouraging to the hope that the voters themselves are to finance the Democratic campaign. If the Democratic voters of every other normally Republican county in the United States should do as well, the campaign fund would be the largest ever collected, much larger than is needed. But the Democratic managers can hardly hope to find a force so potent and influential as the Elizabeth editor, Mr. L. T. RUSSELL, working for them in every neighborhood. The plan of Mr. RUSSELL to collect small subscriptions, none larger than the voters can afford to pay, through the agency of local newspapers, is excellent, and its potentiality has already been proved.

Not only is there every likelihood now that money enough will be obtained to pay all the expenses of the Democratic National campaign, with no large subscriptions at all, but the voters will be aroused to a new sort of interest in their candidates. It will be essentially a voters' fund, in which no corporation, no ambitious person of large wealth, can have any greater interest than the newsboy who gives a portion of his small earnings, or the artisan who spares his half dollar or less. The voters who thus contribute will feel that the party they thus finance is truly their own party. The small-contribution plan was well conceived, and there is no reason to doubt that it will be thoroughly successful.

GERMANY AND THE CANAL.

The Berlin dispatch of THE TIMES yesterday, setting forth the aim of Germany, should the Government take part in the Panama Exposition at San Francisco, is significant. Neither the Government nor German business men will expect to gain much American trade by what they can show there. They will seek chiefly South American trade.

They will not seek it in vain, as against the competition of the United States they have two grand advantages. They are ready to buy as well as to sell in South America, and they are strongly and skillfully organized for foreign commerce. The American policy is to fine South America heavily on its products. That blocks imports. Then, safe within our fortified home market, our manufacturers, as a rule, do not learn the arts of foreign trade, are indifferent to it, and unfitted for it. In these conditions, the main benefit to our business from the San Francisco Exposition will be the object lesson it will afford as to the futility and shortsightedness of our wretched "protective" tariff.

GRAND OPERA EVERYWHERE.

Mr. HAMMERSTEIN has built two splendid opera houses in two great cities, New York and London, and presented grand opera in them splendidly, at large pecuniary loss. We have his own word for that—for the loss, we mean, as the rest of the statement is contemporary history writ large, so that he who runs may read. In the old days impresarios who encountered such experiences as Mr. HAMMERSTEIN'S retired humbly from the field. PALMO mixed drinks at Delmonico's, MARETZEK conducted the orchestra for other managers, poor STRAKOSCH died of a broken heart.

But Mr. HAMMERSTEIN says he proposes to keep his London Opera House going, to keep in employment all the great singers and musicians he can hire, and to build a chain of theatres all over this country, from 20 to 40 of them, in which he can keep grand opera in a state of perpetual motion. It is perfectly natural that when Mr. HAMMERSTEIN says he is going to do this people believe him. Hitherto he has done what he has said he would do.

It is a tremendous scheme, but, clarified in Mr. HAMMERSTEIN'S own statement of it, it seems feasible. All the proposed new opera houses are to be exactly alike, designed by one architect, and the steel, concrete and decorations will be ordered by wholesale. The choristers are to have sleeping rooms in the opera houses. The scheme does not include New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago, but all the other large cities are to have grand opera on a grand scale. Splendid is the adjective we must use again—a splendid conception.

BUSINESS FARMERS.

The interview with Chairman B. F. YOAKUM of the Frisco Lines, which we print this morning, should be read by the candidates of the chief parties for the Presidency. The Southern and the Southwestern States, of which Mr. YOAKUM speaks, are becoming the market gardens of the Nation. The improved lands of the United States are not increasing with the increase of population—they fell short 23,000,000 acres in the last decade.

The successful farmer must supplement his staple crops with garden truck and poultry, and to this end his farm must lie within five to ten miles of a means of transportation to the Nation's chief markets. In Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Arizona, and New Mexico, Mr. YOAKUM says, there "are 160,000,-"000 acres of land more than ten miles "from a railroad." To accommodate the farmers of these States 27,000 miles more of railway are needed than last year. But 475 miles of new road were built.

The farmers of the new area must be business men. Their chief business need is speedy access to means of transportation for marketing their products. By agencies of bankers and merchants, Faculties of agricultural colleges and schools, the National Department of Agriculture, and stimulated by the higher prices of food products, the farmers of the country are thoroughly awakened, and are seeking more efficiently to supply more foodstuffs. But the Directors of the railroads, after examining their balance sheets, are not at present disposed to extend their systems.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Capt. Lord's Defense a Failure.

Capt. LORD, late of the Leyland liner Californian, has issued in London a statement in defense of his conduct on the night when the Titanic went down after vainly signaling for his help—the help which, whether or not "refused" by him, he certainly could have given and didn't.

The statement shows by the terms in which Capt. LORD refers to the accusations against him that he is not the callous monster that he, not less than everybody else, says the master of a vessel would be who at such a time deliberately withheld any assistance in his power to render. That charge has not been made, however. Instead, Capt. LORD has been held guilty at the bar of public opinion of having acted with a stupidity almost unimaginable, for which no explanation in the slightest degree plausible has yet been suggested. And in this statement the Captain offers none; on the contrary, he deepens the mystery as to the workings of his mind by repeating his original story—that the signals seen from his ship were not sent up from the Titanic, but from some other vessel that was in slight and temporary difficulties, if any, and soon steamed away.

The trouble with this tale is that there was no other vessel anywhere in that stretch of sea. That is as nearly certain as any negative proposition of its kind can be, and the very possibility of it was, in fact, disproved in the eager search of the shipping records that was made after the Titanic went down.

What Capt. LORD means by saying in his statement that if the signals seen by his second officer had been from the Titanic they would also have been seen by the Carpathia is quite beyond comprehension. The Carpathia was a long night's fast steaming away when she received by wireless telegraphy her first news of the disaster, and it was hours after the Titanic went down before she came within seeing distance of the light signals that were made on that ship.

Capt. LORD also says that he had a right to trust to his subordinate's judgment as to the significance of the lights seen. He had a duty, much larger than the alleged right—that of knowing his subordinate's gross ignorance of nautical matters and of putting no trust whatever in him.

The defense leaves the case just what it was before—about the very worst in the annals of the sea.

Birthstones Again Considered.

One of our correspondents, a jeweler, thinks that we were unjust to the members of his craft in our comments on their recent revision of the "birthstone" list. His protest was made in such good temper, and in the course of presenting it he displayed so much and such interesting knowledge of gems in general and of birthstones in particular, that we were glad to print his letter. In return it is only fair to admit that he made out a pretty good case for changing the old list.

To agree, however, with his denial that the men who originated the birthstone idea gave reasons for their selections is impossible. To be sure, the reasons they gave were not sound—indeed, being astrological and superstitious, they were, from the modern point of view, extremely bad. But none the less they really were reasons, and of a kind, too, that ranked high in their time. That is more than can be said for the innovations just made.

The new list is composed of stones at once more beautiful and more expensive, on the whole, than those they supersede. That they are more expensive is a good reason for the jewelers to like the change. It will probably, though not certainly, increase their profits. That the stones are more beautiful gives the customer a better reason for buying than he, as a modern, had before. But neither beauty nor cost makes a gem a "birthstone," since neither fact provides even a false reason for believing, or even pretending, that this or that crystal stands in mysteriously potent relation to this or that month.

Our correspondent declared that nowadays people bought birthstones, not because of confidence in their occult influences, but as a mark of affection and remembrance, made more pleasing by the old fancies and associations. Therein was he a little rash. Superstition has by no means died out of the world, and the chances are that few people buy a birthstone, as such, without at least a trace of faith or hope that it will somehow be something more than a mere ornament. This trace the new reasons will not create; on the contrary, they will tend to destroy it by proving that the jewelers themselves are either heretics or skeptics on the whole birthstone question.

Hence was it that we called the changes absurd and hinted that the jewelers may have been practical to their own disadvantage.

We Put Our Faith in Amateurs.

Justice GOFF, while discussing, some time ago, the reasons for the police scandals so often recorded in the annals of American cities, expressed the opinion that, underlying them all, if not as their cause, at least as explaining why they are not prevented, was our National failure to appreciate the need of highly trained men at the head of police as of other municipal activities.

This is the same thing as saying that we lack professional office holders. Professional hunters of office, skilled and experienced, we have in more than sufficient abundance, as everybody knows, but it has hardly dawned upon the American mind as yet that more than honesty, intelligence, and good intentions is required to qualify a man for the occupancy of any position—for any public position, that is.

We make no such mistake in private affairs. In them we expect a man to begin somewhere near the bottom and to work up only as fast as he learns his particular business, but our view of public service is so wholly different that one can hardly conceive of the selection by a big city of a man for Mayor or Police Commissioner or chief financial officer because he had successfully performed like services in several smaller towns. The howl of rage that went up from New York when Col. WARING was appointed on this principle can be well remembered, and the remarkable efficiency he demonstrated, though not denied, led to no repetitions of that experiment.

That our curious method of selecting public servants occasionally reveals a competent man cannot be denied. Indeed, considering how absurd as well as curious the method is, the frequency with which it has done so is amazing. Its failures are vastly more numerous, however, and New York—well, it sometimes seems that New York has had more than its fair share of them.

TEACHING THE VOTER

Should Be Done Through the Press by Men Like Everett P. Wheeler.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am sure that you have many readers who have been greatly interested, as I have been, in the communications of Everett P. Wheeler. There is only one criticism to be made of these. They have been, perhaps, too desultory. Mr. Wheeler is peculiarly equipped to perform a great public service. What is needed more than anything else in this campaign is clear exposition of certain fundamental principles of Government, especially the advantages of constitutional restraints. To make this clear to persons who know little about the subject—and the number of voters in this class is prodigious—requires not merely information gathered from books but that seasoned knowledge possessed only by those whose acquaintance with such matters is familiar and practical. Again, the person having this knowledge must have also the power of luminous statement. If Mr. Taft could have presented a constitutional question as Senator Thurman or Senator Carpenter would have presented it, the Columbus speech would have been torn to rags, and all intelligent voters would have fully apprehended its absurdities. If men like Mr. Wheeler will give the voters the benefit of their ripe knowledge, in their own lucid way, the voters will plainly see the dangerous fallacies that underly the flashy novelties which a turbulent egotist is now exploiting for his own advantage.

JOHN J. CRAWFORD.

New York, Aug. 16, 1912.

THE IMPRISONED GAMBLERS.

A Reader Is Surprised at the Liberties They Take.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the newspapers of Aug. 15, among other news relative to the Rosenthal case, reference was made to a disagreement between Sullivan, Rose, and Webber—even that they came to blows.

It has been my impression, and, I suppose, that of others, that the Tombs was a prison, but we read that yesterday, when Sullivan learned something of which he did not approve he left his cell and visited the cells of Rose and Webber to express his displeasure. From this it would appear that the Tombs is a house of refuge for those who might be in danger if loose upon the streets, and that these blackguards receive all the visitors they please, discuss what is said at their meetings, and, apparently, give the newspapers such gossip as they think best. It seems extraordinary that men under sufficient suspicion to be placed where they are should not at least be kept apart and from contact with the outer world.

Since I have taken your time so far, I would like to ask another question. How is it possible that the public can learn what is said to take place before the Grand Jury, the members of which, I understand, are sworn to secrecy?

Another matter. It is said by many that the energy of Mr. Whitman is due to the fact that he wishes to be Governor of this State. This seems to me a very unfair construction to put upon the untiring and commendable effort on the part of the District Attorney. Few men have had such an opportunity as he has in this case, and he is "making good." Newspapers and respectable citizens are behind him, and I believe that if Mr. Whitman could make it clear that he is not looking for political preferment he would draw even greater confidence and aid from the public.

It is painful to hear so many people express themselves as not astonished at the connection of the police with lawbreakers, but emphasize delight that it is at last made public and that the practice may be broken.

A LAYMAN.

New York, Aug. 15, 1912.

A Tribute to Dr. Furness.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to add a word to the many expressions of sorrow and regret for the death of Dr. Horace Howard Furness. Only a writer whose small measure of success has been attained without outside influence or literary affiliations can realize the full meaning of Dr. Furness's friendly kindness and encouragement. He judged for himself as to the value of current literary work, without waiting for the world's verdict or the indorsement of other critics. I know of more than one instance in which his cordial yet always discriminating praise was given unsolicited, and his generous friendship accorded without reserve. He was too great, too simple, too high-minded, for egotism or cold aloofness. His great heart knew but one desire—to open its stores of kindness to those who were striving honestly and achieving something that could be counted as true.

He bore his years lightly, and it was the hope of all who valued his brilliant mind and delightful personality that he would live, like his honored father, to a great age. But the blow has fallen and the world cannot know to how many hearts his loss comes home as a personal grief.

MARION COUTHOUY SMITH.

East Orange, N. J., Aug. 15, 1912.

Montclair's Mosquito Campaign.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Board of Health has practically abolished mosquitos in Montclair. The Spring campaign was planned somewhat on the lines of the work in the Canal Zone, so successfully carried on by the Government, and Inspectors were appointed whose duty it was to make house-to-house inspections, and notify the residents that receptacles, such as tin cans, &c., were fine breeding places, and that all marshy spots were to be drained or oiled. This, however, was not sufficient, and the pocketbook was endangered by failure to attend to the mandates of the Inspectors. While other towns are growling at the pests, Montclair people have discarded canopies in the house, and are able to sit on the porches and enjoy the evening with little or no molestation. Having been a lifelong resident of the town, I am able to judge of the effect of this work.

MONTCLAIR.

Montclair, N. J., Aug. 16, 1912.

The Deadly Hatpin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this age of preventive remedies and inventions why does not some one ingeniously conceive a remedy for the audacious mode of wearing hatpins by the female riding public of New York City? The length of this article of female millinery adornment makes it a menace to the body. The writer has witnessed very narrow escapes from blindness and facial embellishments in the shape of scars, &c. Who will save us from this daily increasing evil?

IRA MAIER.

New York, Aug. 17, 1912.

Should Auld Acquaintance Be Forgot?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note in a Western newspaper a paragraph to the effect that when a widower marries again he should no longer wear one of his first wife's teeth as a watch charm, and I would like to ask if any second wife with any sentiment at all could justly object to this artistic and romantic evidence of a husband's loyalty?

W. J. L.

New York, Aug. 14, 1912.

SUFFRAGISTS IN PARTIES.

Individuals Are Socialists, Prohibitionists, and Progressives.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mrs. Ida Husted Harper in your columns criticises Jane Addams and the other Chicago suffragists who gave active support to the National Bull Moose Convention. She says they "violated the unbroken tradition and unwritten law of the National Suffrage Association that its members must be absolutely non-partisan; that they must not indorse candidates or parties further than to express appreciation of favorable action toward woman suffrage."

It has been our unwritten law that the Suffrage Association as an organization must be non-partisan. This is necessarily the case, since it includes women of all shades of political opinion. But its members have always been free to take any side in politics that they chose, as individuals, and to support any candidate. In a large number of cases they have exercised this right. Some of them have campaigned for the Republicans, others for the Democrats, others for the Populists, or the Prohibitionists, or the Socialists. Mrs. La Follette is a member of the Suffrage Association, yet she has been making campaign speeches for her husband, and has not been criticised as breaking any rule. In Philadelphia not long ago a host of women belonging to the Suffrage Association took an active part in the campaign that elected Mayor Blankenburg. Jane Addams attended the Bull Moose Convention and seconded Roosevelt's nomination not as Vice President of the National Suffrage Association but as an individual citizen, and as such she had a perfect right to do so.

The National Suffrage Association is non-sectarian, but its officers and members, as individuals, belong to all sorts of churches.

The non-partisan position is the right one for the association, and there is no likelihood that it will depart from it; but with the growing interest and influence of women in public affairs it is certain that they will more and more align themselves with the party of their choice—some with one party and some with another—even before they get the ballot. And it is interesting and encouraging to see how all the parties are now appealing to women for their support, and calling their attention to those features in their programmes which they think likely to win the approval of the American housewife.

ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.

Chilmark, Mass., Aug. 12, 1912.

A MERCHANT MARINE NEEDED.

Because, Says Reader, Our Foreign Trade Follows the Flag.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Business men of New York and New England will smile at the assertion in your editorial, "Merchant Marine Fantasies," that the American desire for a merchant marine is a matter of imagination and "patriotic sentimentality."

This is doubtless the view of the British, German, and other foreign steamship agents at New York, but it is emphatically not the view of American merchants. A demand for an American merchant marine has been kept alive by thoroughly practical men—by the Chambers of Commerce and Boards of Trade all over the United States, including pre-eminently your own Chamber of New York. The overwhelming strength of the demand for American ships cannot be disputed. Two years ago the European shipping people in this country were jubilant over the Republican defeat in the Congressional elections. They declared that that meant a "shelving" of the shipping question which had troubled them.

But now these same European agents are downcast at the words of Dr. Wilson and the declaration of the Democratic National platform —more earnest than any Republican words—on the merchant marine.

There are several American steamship lines out of New York to the Caribbean region, sustained under the Ocean Mail law of 1891. The countries to which these American steamships run buy 50 per cent. of all their imports in the United States. There are other countries not very far away to which no American steamships go. Our communication with those lands is wholly in foreign craft, controlled and run by foreigners. These latter countries, just as good natural markets, buy no more than 15 per cent. of their imports in the United States.

Does it appear from this that the demand of American business men for American shipping is a mere matter of imagination, of "patriotic sentimentality"?

NEW ENGLANDER.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 16, 1912.

SHORTHAND PROFICIENCY.

Miss Tarr Did What Any Bright Young Woman Might Do.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with interest the articles that have appeared in your paper with reference to the ability of the remarkable young woman who is now employed by Gov. Wilson. It is not my intention to belittle her capabilities, but had she been employed by a less distinguished gentleman her performances might not have been heard of. Although your statements that "shorthand is not an exact system; at best it is a method of mnemonics," and that "one shorthand system is as good as another; it is all a matter of nerve and brain," are not as clear to the lay mind as they are to the experienced shorthand writer, they are correct, and the further statement that "it is possible for the writer of any of the shorthand systems to read the notes of another writer of that system," is also correct, for they all memorize the same signs.

Further than that, it is possible to read the notes of writers of other systems with a fair degree of accuracy. The statement that "shorthand is as exact as longhand itself" is not necessarily a recommendation for shorthand, for in longhand few words are spelled according to the sounds the letters they contain represent. Up to a certain point shorthand is more legible than longhand. In some systems this point is reached sooner than others, but the briefer the system the more it depends on mnemonic signs. One system reaches brevity by one method and another by another, but the final result is the same. All systems are capable of sufficient speed to record the utterances of any speaker, but the mnemonic forms of some are so complicated that when written rapidly are liable to be written so incorrectly as to be difficult to read.

In the international speed contest at Washington, D. C., in 1910, this remarkable little woman did win great honors. Very few expert writers were in the contest, and those that were were trained with the object in view of breaking a record for advertising purposes, and the results of these contests merely show what can be done with shorthand in the hands of properly trained young men and women. There are hundreds of young women in every large city doing technical work in the shorthand line far more exacting than speechtaking, and they are using many different systems.

But it is not my purpose to dwell on the merits of methods of brief writing. Miss Tarr and her performances are unusual, and in this respect especially she had the ambition, the nerve, and the brain that comparatively few have, and the tenacity to stick to a purpose until she had won. Few there are like her, but thousands there might be. It is simply a matter of putting one's self under a proper course of training, but there is not one in a thousand who is ambitious enough to succeed in any calling to put forth that effort.

R. A. KELLS.

New York, Aug. 14, 1912.

Justice Gerard for Governor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the Gubernatorial campaign is at hand, the people of the State could not select a Governor better qualified for that high office than Justice James W. Gerard. He embodies the highest type of American citizenship. He is an eminent jurist, a profound student of political economy, an indefatigable worker, endowed with brilliant mental attainments, and, above all, he represents the people in the true democratic sense. His career has always been above reproach, and the people of the Empire State would make no mistake in electing Justice Gerard our next Governor.

THOMAS A. READING.

New York, Aug. 15, 1912.

PROGRESSIVE AID FOR OUR ALIENS

How the Roosevelt Party Proposes to Protect Them from Fraud.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of Aug. 17 Mr. Alexander Konta asks for the views of Presidential candidates on what to do with the resident aliens, and in your editorial you call attention to certain questions of vital importance to him, such as investments, which need to be dealt with.

I can only speak for one candidate and one platform, that of the Progressives, and in that platform both questions raised are answered comprehensively and directly. The first plank deals with what to do with the alien now resident, and is as follows:

> Through the establishment of industrial standards we propose to secure to the able-bodied immigrant and to his native fellow-workers a larger share of American opportunity.
>
> We denounce the fatal policy of indifference and neglect which has left our enormous immigrant population to become the prey of chance and cupidity. We favor Governmental action to encourage the distribution of immigrants away from the congested cities, rigidly to supervise all private agencies dealing with them, and to promote their assimilation, education, and advancement.

Specifically, the Progressive Party means to carry out this plank along the following lines:

By the enactment of Federal laws reorganizing the Federal Bureau of Naturalization and its correlation with the educational institutions of the country, in the establishment of schools of citizenship, and separate courts of naturalization; creating a bureau which will cooperate with various State boards and perform the services of a clearing house for inter-State immigration matters, facilitate distribution, protect aliens from fraud and abuses and during transit from ports to destination; protecting the unemployed by regulating labor exchanges which furnish aliens to industries engaged in inter-State commerce, and establishing free labor exchanges, by the passage of workingmen's compensation laws guaranteeing equal rights to the non-resident family of the injured alien.

By the enactment of State laws which will protect, educate, distribute, and assimilate the admitted alien and preserve the State by the establishment of State Bureaus of Immigration, which will deal with all State immigration matters; uniform laws regulating private employment agencies and establishing free employment exchanges; regulation of immigrant trusts operating as private bankers, foreign departments of National banks, steamship agencies, and employment agents; equal rights and protection in the courts and the establishment of immigrant courts.

There is another plank which aims to protect the alien and American alike, namely, that giving the United States Government supervision over investments. It is well known that one reason aliens do not invest here is that private bankers and steamship lines and the foreign departments of our own banks encourage them to invest abroad, so as to get the commission on exchange and transmission.

It is also known that this country is honeycombed with land and investment companies, under no adequate regulation, which fleece the alien through workingmen's home clubs, colonization, farm land and other schemes, and insurance societies and naturalization clubs. So many of the aliens have been bullied and cheated, and the terms of investment so misrepresented that they are now warning their fellow-countrymen against even buying homes in this country.

The State of New Jersey is the worst in the Union, and there are, to my knowledge, ten or a dozen large companies advertising broadcast in this country as desirable homesteads barren sand flats and isolated swamp lands. The frauds are particularly bad in the West and South, but the Federal Government has no weapon to cope with the situation and State regulations are inadequate.

There are two things to which the business men of this country must turn their attention if they would keep in this country the savings of the alien.

1. Intelligent and energetic competition with padroni, foreign bankers, and steamship agents, setting forth the advantages of spending and of investment in this country, not leaving, as at present, the matter so entirely to foreign interests. Business men and the Government should prevent the combination of great steamship lines and railways. The former are interested chiefly in the alien as a transient, and their efforts are bent in this direction. The railways are interested in the alien as a settler and producer. When the great steamship lines instruct their thousands of agents, who are also very often bankers, throughout this country to keep investments in this country and get aliens on the land, we shall see the savings of aliens put into American homes and products.

2. Safeguarding by law, publicity, and education, the small savings of the immigrant who wants to invest and does invest, often to his sorrow and loss. If we would make the most of the alien as an asset to the stability and progress of this great country, we should cease the suicidal policy of working him and his family to death, and throwing him on our own as well as his home country's scrap heap. We should instead educate, distribute, and protect him intelligently and consistently all along the line of his march, as a new resident and as a prospective citizen. This the Progressive Party proposes to do in the declaration of its platform. For a great country to have a foreign policy of exclusion and admission with no domestic policy of dealing with its admitted aliens is one of the travesties on statesmanship.

FRANCES A. KELLOR,
Chief Investigator, Bureau of Industries and Immigration, State Department of Labor.

New York, Aug. 18, 1912.

The Bull Moose Bosses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is more than one political boss at the Bull Moose Convention at Chicago. No political camp meeting or any other "saving influence" could change the office-seeking expressions of Flinn of Pennsylvania, W. C. Thompson of Alabama, Marion Butler of North Carolina, J. G. Capers of South Carolina, Walter Brown of Ohio, ex-Gov. Dawson of West Virginia, Col. Cecil Lyon of Texas, John R. Dolley of Kansas, Thomas F. Neidringhaus of Missouri, George W. Perkins, William L. Ward, William Halpin, Timothy Woodruff, Lucius Littauer, all of New York; ex-Gov. Fort and ex-Gov. Stokes of New Jersey, Chauncey Dewey and ex-District Attorney Sims of Illinois, Jerry McCarthy of Massachusetts, Frederick Hale of Maine, Sydney Bieber of the District of Columbia, all of whom are listed as State or district leaders in the Bull Moose cause, and I think are delegates to the convention.

The political records of these gentlemen should show the public that the "new-born party" has already many deep-rooted political carbuncles on its body politic, and its claim of more "holy than thou" is in keeping with all of the hypocrisies, including its half white, half negro policy.

GEORGE CARRINGTON.

New York, Aug. 6, 1912.

NEWPORTERS BATHE IN STORMY SURF

Dozen Daring Women of the Summer Colony Brave High Wind and Heavy Rain.

MRS. FISH'S BALL TO-NIGHT

Numerous Dinners to Precede the Event—Mrs. Astor, with Muriel and Vincent, Expected Soon.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 18.—Wind in gale force, with torrents of rain, caused postponement of all outdoor affairs to-day. A high surf beat against the Ocean Drive, and on Bailey's Beach, yet there were at least a dozen daring bathers, including Mrs. French Vanderbilt, Miss Sadie Jones, Miss Rose Dolan, Forsyth Wickes, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Milton S. Barger, John Clinton Gray, Jr., and Lawrence and J. M. Waterbury, Jr.

Society here will not be surprised to see Mrs. Astor, Vincent Astor, and Miss Muriel Astor during the latter part of next month, when they return from England. Vincent Astor is having his steam yacht made ready to meet his mother and sister, who expect to sail with him about Sept. 15.

To-morrow night Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish gives a Louis XVI. ball at Crossways. Numerous dinner parties will occur prior to the dance. Conrad's two orchestras will play, in addition to the Russian orchestra which will play for the Russian dances. The grounds will be brilliantly illuminated. The ball is in honor of Miss Helena L. Fish, niece of Mrs. Fish and daughter of Hamilton Fish.

On Tuesday night the tennis players' ball occurs at the Casino.

On Wednesday evening Mrs. Vanderbilt will give a large dance at The Breakers, the same night on which Mrs. Fish will give a dinner for 100 guests, who will then go to the dance.

On Thursday Mrs. R. T. Wilson will give a ball for Miss Beatrice Whitehouse, and Stanley Mortimer will give a large affair at the Clambake Club.

On Fridy night Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt will give a costume dance, with theatricals and surprises, at Beaulieu.

Mrs. Pembroke Jones will give a large dinner, with dancing, on Saturday night, bringing all the Summer residents there.

Large dinners by Mrs. Roche, Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer, Mrs. Oelrichs, Mrs. Vanderbilt, Henry Clews, and Mrs. Joseph H. Willard occur to-morrow, the guests then going to Mrs. Fish's ball.

Mrs. August Belmont will give a lawn party on Wednesday.

Col. William Jay proved himself a good fisherman on Saturday, landing a good catch of flounders and blackfish in Agassiz's Cove.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives, who recently returned from Europe, are to stay very late this Fall.

Miss Helen Rives of New York is visiting Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives, who will give a dinner on Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Gibson have returned from Washington.

Craig Wadsworth, who was recently named as Secretary of Legation at Teheran, Persia, is at the Berkeley.

Mrs. J. Norman de R. Whitehouse will give a dinner for fifty guests on Tuesday evening, afterward taking the guests to the tennis players' ball.

Bradish Johnson, visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman; W. E. Parsons, Edmund W. Peaslee, Huntington Wyckes, and W. H. Law, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss, and Mrs. H. W. Miller, visiting Mrs. Stanley McCormick of New York; George Brooke of Philadelphia, visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Wilson; R. De B. Boardman of Boston, visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. Lothrop Ames, registered at the Casino to-day.

At the Newport Golf Club were registered to-day Mrs. F. C. Bishop, Hollis H. Hunnewell, Sheldon Whitehouse, Mrs. French E. Chadwick, John Russell Pope, New York, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Duncan; J. Philip Bankard, P. A. Carroll, Kenneth P. Budd of New York, visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas; Miss Helena Fish, Edward Horner, and F. E. Smith of England, Miss Evelyn Smith of New York, visiting Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives; the Rev. Harold A. Prichard, Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt, William Stephen Van Rensselaer, S. C. Hopkins, the guest of William Harkness; George M. Woolsey of New York, visiting Mrs. French Vanderbilt, Frederick R. Sears, Jr., Boston, and Mrs. Cecil Higgins, London, visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Woodward; W. F. Whitehouse, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Frederick M. Davies; Henry Talmadge, New York, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Duncan; Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, and Miss Muriel Winthrop.

Mrs. William B. Leeds gave a luncheon for her house guest, Count Helie de Talleyrand-Périgord, and other guests to-day.

Former Senator Nelson W. Aldrich came from Warwick Neck to entertain a luncheon party at Gooseberry Island to-day.

Mrs. Reginald Norman had a large party at Sandy Point Farm for luncheon yesterday, and Mrs. Stuart Duncan entertained her house party with other guests at luncheon.

Mrs. Henry S. Redmond gave a luncheon on the steam yacht Margaret.

Mrs. R. T. Wilson had a large company for dinner.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt was hostess to-night for a large dinner company, and Mrs. Forsyth Wickes gave a luncheon at Zee Rust.

The Russian Ambassador and Mme. Bakhmetieff left for Bar Harbor to-day to visit Mr. and Mrs. Edward McLean. They will return on Thursday.

Capt. Louis M. Little, United States Marine Corps, of the White House staff, will arrive on Tuesday to visit his sister, Mrs. Reginald Norman.

Mrs. George von L. Meyer and the Misses Julia and Alice Meyer, and George Meyer, Jr., will arrive from Hamilton at the Redwood cottage to-morrow, to remain over tennis week.

Judge and Mrs. James W. Gerard will sail from Europe next week. They will come here to spend a part of the late season.

Mrs. Bruguiere and Mr. Louis Bruguiere will give a dance during horse show week.

The ladies who are to dance in the costume quadrilles at Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt's ball on Friday night, rehearsed with the dancing master at the residence of Mrs. John R. Drexel to-day.

Mrs. F. Lothrop Ames plans a dance shortly for her sister, Mrs. Cecil Higgins of London.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer, who will give a large dinner to-morrow, have in their house party Mr. and Mrs. Walter Low and Henry W. Williams of Baltimore, and Charles K. Beekman and John Russell Pope of New York.

Worthington Whitehouse has arrived from New York.

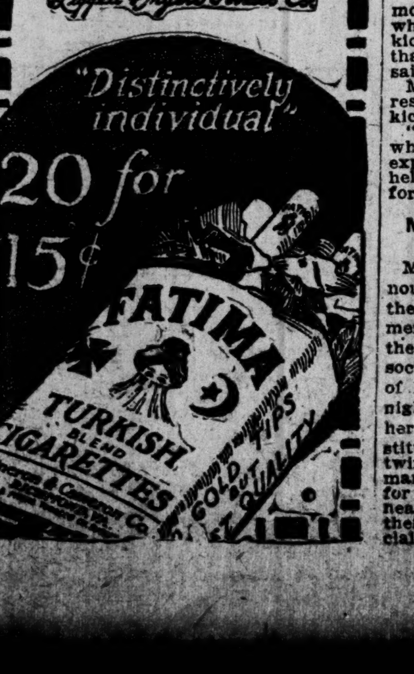
Mr. and Mrs. Bradish G. Johnson of New York are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Livingston Beeckman.

O. H. Harvey of Baltimore is visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Wilson.

The great attraction of FATIMA CIGARETTES is due solely to their tobacco flavor—the natural flavor of pure, high-grade leaf made rarely distinctive by skillful blending.

"Distinctively Individual"

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



GIRL OF 15 A GOOD DETECTIVE

She Traces Man Who She Says Took Her $4 Salary.

Rose Lignitz, 15 years old, succeeded in tracing to his home a man who she said had robbed her of her pay envelope on Saturday, had him arrested, and yesterday appeared against him in the Tombs Court. As a result John Toyas, a Greek, is being held in $2,500 bail pending his examination to-morrow. The prisoner, it is said, has not been in this country for more than nine months. So if he is convicted of the robbery charge he can be deported after serving his sentence.

Rose, who lives at 260 Water Street, works in a Frankfort Street candy store in the Summer months, earning $4 a week. On Saturday, shortly after she was paid off, she opened her pay envelope to count her money. Toyas, she said, offered to do this for her, and struck her on the head, snatching the envelope. She reported the robbery to the Oak Street Station, and, as she seemed to know who the man was, she was instructed to find out where he lived.

In less than half an hour Rose had caught sight of the Greek and trailed him to his home in the basement of 86 Cherry Street. Detective Moore accompanied her back to this house, and Toyas was arrested. He was carrying a roll of Confederate money, $500 in tens and twenties, on the back of which were advertisements. Wrapped around the worthless bills were a few genuine certificates, and in another pocket of Toyas's coat was found a package containing four new one-dollar bills.

ONLY ONE MILK BABY DEATH.

Week's Record Also Shows 17,362 Infants Enrolled at Stations.

There was only one death among the 17,000 milk station babies last week. At the ninety milk stations of the city there were enrolled at the close of the week 17,362 babies, a gain over the week before of 216.

Active measures are being taken by the Babies' Welfare Association to keep the enrollment up throughout the Winter season. The milk stations will remain open to assist in the fight against the respiratory diseases, which cause nearly as much trouble in the Winter as the ailments of the Summer.

Thousands of pocket cards giving the addresses of the milk stations have been distributed throughout the city to every one in a position to direct mothers to the stations. Even the patrolmen who patrol the tenement districts have these cards in their pockets, and so have been enlisted in the work of saving babies.

Conditions in the lower part of Manhattan were better last week than they were the week before. The area of high death rate among babies shifted to the northern part of the island. There have been 629 fewer deaths of babies under 1 year since Jan. 1 this year than there were during the corresponding period last year. Last week saw only 353 such deaths in the greater city, as compared with 408 during the corresponding week of last year. Brooklyn, however, which made a decided improvement during the week of Aug. 10, fell back a little last week, but still had 21 fewer deaths than during the corresponding week of the year before.

WOMEN SAVE ABUSED HORSE.

Cause the Arrest of Two Men for Ill-Treating the Animal.

Three women, intent upon saving a horse from inhuman treatment last night, caused the arrest of Peter Cannon, a driver for the Holmes Express Company of 37 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, and living at 100 Warren Street, Brooklyn, and also William Reilly, a longshoreman of 141 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn. The three women asked John Miller, a clerk of 223 East Eighty-second Street, to aid them in protecting the horse, and they had him make a complaint against the two men, one for cruelty to animals and the other for disorderly conduct.

Miller told the police that each man held the rein of a jaded horse and kept jerking it so violently that the bit was tearing the horse's mouth. He remonstrated with them, he said, and then one of them climbed off the wagon and threatened him.

OVERBOARD ON MOTOR CYCLE

Boy Rode Off Stapleton Pier and Was Rescued by Motor Boat.

More than 100 people strolling yesterday afternoon on the municipal pier at Stapleton, S. I., saw a boy start off on his motor cycle at a rapid clip up the long stretch of pier leading to the street. He had gone scarcely 100 feet when his motor cycle swerved to one side. Shrieks went up as the motor cycle dashed into the stringpiece and with the boy astride plunged into the water ten feet below.

The motor cycle and rider disappeared just as Capt. Arthur Genyre of Arrietta Street, Tompkinsville, S. I., approached the pier in his motor boat Daisy. As the boy rose to the surface Capt. Genyre plunged into the water after him and got the lad on the motor boat. The boy who took the plunge was Gustave Henkler, who lives with two brothers at 92 Pargee Street, Stapleton.

WILLING TO STAND ABUSE.

But Being Kicked in the Face Is Too Much, Mrs. Carr Says.

Mrs. Patrick Carr of 542 West Fifty-third Street stood before Magistrate House in the West Side Court yesterday, pointed to her bruised face, and then to her defendant husband, and declared:

"I have been married to him twenty years, Judge, and I've been standing his abuse all this time. I don't mind a certain amount of abuse, or a shortage of money, or even being pushed around when he's in a temper, but for him to kick me in the face, and with shoes that had just been half-soled, too! Oh," said Mrs. Carr, "I won't stand for that."

Mrs. Carr had had her husband arrested. He protested that he had not kicked her.

"I stepped on her face accidentally when I tried to get out of the room," he explained, whereupon Magistrate House held him in $1,000 for his good behavior for two months.

Mills-Pratt Marriage Announced.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Aug. 18.—Announcement was made here to-day of the marriage of Doremus L. Mills, a member of the crack basket ball team of the Montclair Young Men's Christian Association, and Miss Marguerite M. Pratt of Brooklyn. It took place on Thursday night at Springfield, Mass. The bride and her husband are graduates of Pratt Institute, class of 1907. William Mills, a twin brother of the groom, acted as best man at the wedding. The couple sailed for Europe yesterday on the steamer Minneapolis, to be abroad two months. Upon their return they will reside in Montclair.

'GIRAFFE GYRATION' ZOO'S LATEST DANCE

Keeper Snyder Taught Tom and His Mate to Go Through the Rhythmic Motions.

MAYBE ALL ANIMALS DANCE

Snyder Inclined to This View After Watching Syrina, the Brown Bear, and Her Cub.

An interesting series of experiments has been made by Charles Snyder, keeper in the Zoological Park in the Bronx, to determine whether animals can be made to sustain a rhythmic motion following certain lines and keeping to set movements as in the dance. Snyder, who is of a literary bent, has been reading much lately on national dances, and it occurred to him that it was possible that certain animals had "national" dances. This thought, he said yesterday, first came to him as he stood outside the bear cages and watched Syrina, the Syrian brown bear, climb to the rock shelf and there, with her paws on the edge of the rocks, begin a swinging motion. Like a pendulum, she rocked back and forth in perfect time, often bending so far forward that it looked as if she would topple from the ledge.

Syrina has two cubs, born last Winter and now able to scamper about the inclosure. As Snyder watched, he says, the mother bear grunted, and one of her cubs climbed to her side, and, taking a position beside her, began to sway back and forth. Two or three times Syrina poked the cub and it promptly quickened its motion.

"There," said Snyder; "she is teaching her little one the bear dance."

The more Snyder thought over the performance of the bear the more convinced he became that animals had their dances, and so he confided his thoughts to Curator Raymond Ditmars.

"I have got this thing all reasoned out," he told Mr. Ditmars, "and I am going to experiment to see whether there is anything in my theory."

"Do try," counseled Mr. Ditmars, becoming interested at once in the new field for investigation opened up by his assistant.

The keeper said that what he had done was in no sense the training of animals to perform certain gyrations, such as the laborious dancing of a trained bear, which is a constant source of delight to all children.

After some days of watching the various animals in the park, Snyder became convinced that the giraffes were the best animals for his experimental work. At the end of his experiments, he is able to announce a new dance, the "giraffe gyration."

He noticed that the two animals spent much time walking up and down in their corral and that they always followed a certain path, each on the opposite side of the inclosure. Beginning at the door of the animal house, each one would walk with a prancing step alongside the fence until a certain point was reached and then they would turn sedately and walk back. They never varied this when taking their exercise and invariably stopped at the same point and turned back. After watching them Snyder became convinced that the reason the giraffes did not execute more elaborate figures was because of the smallness of the corral. This he determined to rectify.

"The hardest task I had," he said, "was to make the animals start together. Though both followed paths of the same length on each side of the corral they did not start together and it was absolutely necessary for them to do so before I could teach them new evolutions. I finally overcame this by standing at the starting line with hands full of nice, green leaves. The two animals would come up to me and I would feed them. When I thought it time I would put my hands behind my back and say: 'No more.' Both, disappointed, would start away together. I kept this up for quite a time and in the end both those giraffes would start off on their 'dance' together."

With this step done, Snyder moved to the second stage in his experiment and this was to make both animals execute difficult figures in unison as in the lancers. He found it impossible to make the giraffes follow given lines if any sort of a runway was built. They not only refused to enter such a runway but, Snyder says, lost enthusiasm for their dance. At a certain point in the paths followed by the animals the keeper drove a post. This deflected them so that when each arrived at the post they changed their course, making a wide circular sweep. At this point the experiment stopped for nearly a week and then one morning before the giraffes had been turned out into the inclosure Snyder had the post removed.

"This was the critical point in the experiment," he said, "for I knew that if when the giraffes were turned out they simply went back over their old path, all experimental work was useless. I was around early next morning when they were let out of their house for the day. When they did appear they did nothing, and I had a long wait until they started off in their dance.

"I watched anxiously when they did start. Tom started slightly in advance of his mate. When he reached the place where the post had been he stopped for a fraction of a second as though surprised not to find it there, and then he started off in the detour just as though it had been there. It was the same with the other naimal, and when I saw that I knew that teaching them a well-regulated dance was only a question of time and patience."

Snyder placed posts at another point, and by so doing again changed the course of the animals. Satisfied that they had learned another movement, he again changed the obstruction, and this he kept doing, regulating the changes so as to preserve the beauty of the dance and the grace of movement of the animals. He said that in order to give them the proper "dancing hop" he made the ground uneven, and over this uneven ground the animals would go with a graceful glide movement that quite delighted the keeper. Snyder is sure that both animals after many lessons became as much interested in the experiment as he was, and it was their willingness and interest that made it possible to teach them some of the more difficult movements, such as reversing, "balancing partners," and "forward to the centre and back."

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

The St. Paul and the Caledonia Bring Many Travelers.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

ST. PAUL (Southampton)—L. R. Anderson, C. M. Biddle, Mayhew Bronson, J. W. Burdick, Ralph Burton, D. M. Caldwell, E. R. Bushnell, A. F. B. Clarke, Dr. H. P. Collings, Mr. and Mrs. H. Cutler, Selwyn-Davies, J. H. Duncan, F. F. Fletcher, the Rev. J. A. Funer, G. L. Horne, Henry Leach, Miss Alice Lowring, Capt. F. R. Mayer, F. P. Nichols, Lieut. C. T. Osborn, Lieut. G. S. Patten, Jr., A. M. Penfield, E. H. Pritchard, Major M. F. Steele, Mrs. Steele, Miss Charlotte Thompson, Miss Ada V. Weeks, C. P. Wilson, and M. S. Wright.

CALEDONIA (Glasgow)—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Abbot, David Anderson, Miss S. C. Baker, A. J. Bennett, Edmond Beresford, James Black, Miss Ethel Craig, F. R. Drake, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gilmore, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hammer, Miss Dorothy Hunt, Benjamin A. Vail, Evarts Tracy, Miss M. Tyrell, Ferdinand Wagner, Edward Tilton, Charles Skinner, the Rev. J. S. Young, and Miss Anna G. Young.

Music in the Parks.

There will be concerts in Washington Square, Tompkins, and Corlears Hook Parks at 8 o'clock this evening.

BOY SCOUTS TO SAVE BIRDS.

Will Join Game Department of the States for Study and Protection.

The Boy Scouts all over the United States are to be banded together for the protection of songbirds. A plan of cooperation between the Boy Scouts and the Game and Fish Department has been worked out. It means that the boys will have greater opportunities for real scouting, and also that the Fish and Game Departments of the different States will be aided in their programme of conservation. This work has been accomplished by James E. West, Chief Scout Executive of the Boy Scouts of America, and George H. Merritt, Secretary of the Editorial Board.

Every possible opportunity is being extended by the various States to help the boys scout. The boys first of all will learn the habits of birds and many things about them. They will scout for them with cameras. Then they will be taught the economical value of birds, how they help the farmer and protect natural resources of the country. They will learn how they add to the enjoyment of persons in the woods, and finally they will realize the importance of saving the lives of birds instead of shooting them.

Letters have been received from practically every State in the Union supporting the plan outlined by the Boy Scout leaders.

"The commission," writes M. H. Hoover, chief of publication of the New York Conservation Commission, "welcomes the aid extended by you, and will do all within its power toward helping you along in the great work of conservation."

"It is my desire," writes D. F. Hudson, State Game Warden of the Wyoming Game Department, "to see the Boy Scouts organized permanently in Wyoming, as I have read of them a great deal, and am sure it will be of great benefit to our State."

John H. Wallace, Jr., Commissioner of the Alabama Department of Game and Fish, writes: "We hold that no surer way can be found for the preservation of the treasures of Nature's storehouse than by instilling into the minds and inculcating into the hearts of our little men and women the incalculable value of our National assets."

CHINAMAN KILLED BY THIEVES

Struck Down with Iron Bar by Two Men Who Got Away.

Struck with an iron bar by two men who entered his laundry at 54 Stanton Stret yesterday morning, Charlie Lem, a Chinaman, was killed. The men who struck the blow presented a ticket calling for laundry. When Lem bent to look for the package he was felled with the bar. He quickly regained his feet and grappled with one of the men, but he was again struck, and fell unconscious.

The men rushed from the laundry. Several small boys outside had heard the noise of the struggle, and they told a passer by, who entered the place and found the dying Chinaman. He notified the Fifth Street station, and Lem was removed to the Gouverneur Hospital, where he died last night.

He regained consciousness before being taken from the laundry, and told the police that he had $200 in a mattress in a rear room, and he believed the men were after that. He said that he employed three other Chinamen, but all were off on Sunday.

GIRL FROM CUBA LOST HERE.

Zeno Shultes Seeks His Sister-in-Law, Paula Pauls Neier.

Zeno Shultes of Hoboken, N. J., who is stopping at the Hotel Astor, appeared at Police Headquarters last night and asked Lieut. Funston to help him find his sister-in-law, Paula Pauls Neier. Miss Neier, he said, sailed on the Ward liner Mexico from Havana, which arrived in New York on Friday. He met the boat, on which he says he is sure that she embarked, but was unable to find her.

He thought that she might have landed without his knowledge, and searched the homes of New York friends for her, but without result. Miss Neier is 27 years old, 5 feet 10 inches in height, and weighs 225 pounds. She has light hair and blue eyes.

FROHMAN OPENING DATES.

New Pinero and Thomas Plays for Early Presentation Here.

Charles Frohman announced yesterday the opening dates of his more important attractions for this season. Billie Burke in "The 'Mind the Paint' Girl" will open at the Lyceum Theatre, New York, on Sept. 9; John Mason will begin his season in Bernstein's "The Aattack" at the Star Theatre, Buffalo, on Aug. 29, and come to New York as soon as a theatre can be found for the production; the new Augustus Thomas comedy, "The Model," will be produced at the Harris Theatre on Aug. 31, and will open in London in November; Donald Brian's season in "The Siren" will begin in Syracuse on Sept. 9, and will continue until December, when Mr. Brian will appear in the new musical comedy, "The Marriage Market."

The Garrick Theatre has been selected for the first New York presentation of "Primroses," the new comedy by Armand de Caillavet and Robert de Flers, in which Alexandra Carlisle will appear during the Christmas holidays. An earlier production at the Garrick will be three one-act plays by Barrie, Shaw, and Pinero, acted in one evening by three separate companies. Maude Adams will begin her tour in "Peter Pan" and other Barrie plays at Charlotte, N. C., on Oct. 7, and will continue until the middle of the following year.

Mme. Nazimova's tour in "The Marionettes" will begin at Toronto on Sept. 9, and end at Syracuse on Oct. 26, when this actress will begin rehearsals of "Bella Donna." Two other early Frohman productions will be "The Heart Decides" and the musical comedy, "The Doll Girl," which will be done at the Knickerbocker Theatre.

ACTORS PLAY FOR FIREMEN.

Star Player Folk Appear at Benefit in Long Beach.

LONG BEACH, L. I., Aug. 18.—Many theatrical stars gave their services to-night at a benefit for the Long Beach Fire Department in the Boardwalk tent. Hundreds of people arrived by train or automobile to be present at the performance, and it is expected that when the receipts are turned over to the local firemen the amount will run well up into the thousands. Nearly $1,000 was realized from the six boxes which were auctioned on Saturday night.

Among the player folk on the programme were William Collier, Frank Daniels, Mr. and Mrs. William Burress, George M. Cohan, Harry Williams, George Beban, Lew Dockstader, George Primrose, Brice and King, Harriet Burt, Dorothy Jarden, William MacArt, the Harmony Quartet, and Blanche Ring.

After the performance the fire fighters, led b ytheir Chief, escorted the actors and actresses to the Nassau Grill, where supper was served.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The original "Bunty Pulls the Strings" company will come back to Collier's Comedy Theatre Aug. 26, after a Summer's vacation. The members of the cast who have been away are Molly Pearson, Margaret Nybloc, Marjorie Davidson, Sanderson Moffat, and Edmund Beresford, all of whom have been abroad. Molly McIntyre, who has been playing the title role here this Summer, will go on tour with one of the road companies.

Pamela Gaythorne, who was at the Little Theatre last season, and who has recently returned from England, has arranged to make her home in the United States, and will be joined by her mother in a few days. They expect to buy a home in New Rochelle. Miss Gaythorne will not be in Winthrop Ames's company at the Little Theatre this season, and she has not yet decided what she will do.

Louis Mann will begin rehearsals to-day of "Elevating a Husband." The rehearsals will be held at Mr. Mann's home, in Riverside Drive, and will continue there until the opening of his season at Newark on Sept. 2. Emily Ann Wellman and Charles Miller will have the two leading roles in Mr. Mann's supporting company.

Recent engagements by the Liebler Company and the George C. Tyler Company include Maggie Halloway Fisher for "Pomander Walk," Muriel Hope and Theodosia de Coppett for "Buxl," George Irving and Frederick Webber for "Alias Jimmy Valentine," Elsie Leslie, Margaret Dale, Oscar Adye, Arthur Eldred, and Alexander Calvert for "Disraeli," Gertrude Hitz, Charles Wellsley, and J. J. Gardner for "The Man from Home," and W. T. Carleton, Poli Trenton, Harriet Ross, and Stella Congdon for "Oliver Twist."

EMPTY PEWS GREET THE CITY'S CLERGY

Unprecedented Slackness in Attendance Affecting All Churches This Summer.

WEARINESS IN WELL DOING

Shrinkage Due to Reaction After Big Religious Campaigns, One Churchman Explains.

An altogether unprecedented slackness in church attendance and other outward expressions of religious devotion is being noted by church workers in New York this Summer. The churches of Madison and Fifth Avenues are scantily filled at the services and in some the attendance is almost negligible. The slackness is being noted even in the best-known churches, which are apt to draw the out-of-town visitors and which keep their services as elaborate and complete in Summer as in the cold days when everybody is in town.

Such churches are Trinity, St. Bartholomew's and the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian, which maintain their choirs at full numbers and have only free seats. One observer of long experience said after a round of the churches yesterday:

"Trinity had 300, St. Bartholomew's 250, and the Fifth Avenue 750. Trinity's showing is about the same as in former years, I am assured. Perhaps it is only a little smaller. But St. Bartholomew's has had 900 to 1,200, and the Fifth Avenue Church 1,800 to 2,500. During this entire season, the Fifth Avenue has not opened its spacious gallery. In former years it has opened it and has had it filled. This church has for a decade made a special feature of its Summer services, bringing preachers from England and Scotland. Not in years has attendance been so small."

Of course, the attendance is far smaller in the churches which merely keep services going, with a curate or an assistant minister to preach. The same observer, in his rounds, found only 26 persons in the congregation at the Heavenly Rest and only 40 at St. Thomas's. Other churches, similarly maintained during the Summer months, had about the same attendance. The Heavenly Rest will close next Sunday. The Reformed Episcopal, the Madison Avenue Reformed, the Fifth Avenue Baptist, and the St. Nicholas Reformed are closed now. At the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church a week ago yesterday and again yesterday even downstairs pews were not filled. There were 175 persons at the Marble Collegiate Church, at the Brick Presbyterian, 205 and at the Madison Avenue Methodist, 110.

One church worker volunteered yesterday to explain the slackness. He was inclined to attribute no small part of it to the reaction after such campaigns as the Laymen's Missionary Movement and the Men and Religion Forward Movement.

"There is weariness in well doing," he said. "People want a rest and are taking it. Then it happens that neither in England or America are any big events scheduled before the Spring of 1913. With nothing in particular on hand, little preparation is being made. Finally, there is politics to distract."

CATHOLIC SOCIETIES MEET.

Archbishop Bonzano, Apostolic Delegate, Opens Louisville Convention.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 18.—The eleventh annual convention of the American Federation of Catholic Societies was formally opened here to-day by solemn pontifical mass celebrated at the Cathedral of the Assumption by the Most Rev. Giovanni Bonzano, Apostolic Delegate to the United States and titular Archbishop of Mitylone. Archbishop Bonzano also bestowed the apostolic benediction, authorized by a papal bull, upon the clergy, the federation, and the people and City of Louisville.

Twenty-five thousand communicants and church officers braved an intensely hot and sultry afternoon to march for four hours in an imposing parade. Two interesting personages in the pageant were Indian chiefs Hollow Horn Bear and Joe Horn Cloud, Shawnees from Pine Ridge, S. D. Chief Hollow Horn Bear rode Sultan, one of Kentucky's finest thoroughbreds. Two marchers were prostrated by the heat.

To-night a mass meeting was held at the First Regiment Armory. There were brief addresses by Archbishop Bonzano, the Right Rev. Denis O'Donaghue, Bishop of Louisville; Gov. James B. McCreary, Mayor Head, Edward Feeney of Brooklyn, National President of the federation, and the Most Rev. Sebastian G. Mossmer, Archbishop of Milwaukee.

The sermon at the Cathedral this morning was preached by the Right Rev. James A. McFall, Bishop of Trenton, N. J. His sermon dealt with the evils of the day, and in concluding he said:

"Here let me say that we Catholics are anxious to hold out the right hand of friendship to all Christian denominations combating the civil and religious errors of the day."

CHURCH WORKERS ADJOURN.

Dr. Gunsaulus Makes Final Address at Northfield Conference.

EAST NORTHFIELD, Mass., Aug. 18.—The sessions of the Northfield Conference for Christian Workers were brought to a close this afternoon, the final gathering being addressed by Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, President of the Armour Institute, Chicago. At the morning service Dr. Charles Brown of London was the speaker.

Exercises in connection with the Summer commencement of the Mount Hermon School were also held to-day. In the forenoon Dr. Gunsaulus delivered the baccalaureate sermon, and in the evening Major Cole of Adrian, Mich., spoke to the students.

Gives Up Court Clerkship.

William G. Davis of 40 Convent Avenue, assistant clerk of the Yorkville Court, tendered his resignation to the Board of Magistrates on Satudray, to take effect Oct. 1. He will devote his time to the management of his father's estate, worth $260,000, of which he became an heir and executor last February. Mr. Davis is a graduate of Harvard and studied law at Columbia.

Changes in Golf Rules.

American golfers are considerably interested in the proposals to change certain rules in golf as made by the Royal and Ancient Club of St. Andrews, Scotland, the governing body of British golf, and the interpreting organization of the rules for the entire golf world. The Rules Committee of the organization received permission some time back to consider certain alterations. Recently those proposed changes were submitted, and dealt with a number of subjects of importance to all devotees of driver and iron. More important than the rest, perhaps, are those which deal with the change of bogey play from the present match system to the stroke method of competition, and with the "lost ball" and the "ball out of bounds."

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KEYMEN HEAR OF MORE PAY.

Western Union Will Grant It to Avert Strike, Union Says.

That the Western Union Telegraph Company is preparing to make wage concessions in order to avert a threatened nation-wide strike of telegraphers is the assertion of an official high in the councils of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America. This official says that the Western Union is conducting a searching investigation into wage conditions in this city, with the object of an upward revision of the wage scale. The men are only waiting for some definite action on the part of the company. Meanwhile the officers of the union are going ahead with the formulation of grievances and the organization of a Grievance Committee representative of all divisions of the union throughout the country. At the request of the Chicago local, which is holding a secret meeting, the general meeting of the telegraphers, which was to have been held to-day to take further action in their controversy with the company, has been postponed.

S. J. Konenkamp, President of the union, said yesterday that an important victory had been gained in Canada, where the Canadian Pacific Railway had grnted a minimum advance of $5 a month to 800 commercial telegraphers and a maximum wage of $90 a month for telegraphers in Eastern Canada and $100 a month in Western Canada.

MUSHROOMS KILLED 30.

Dr. Peck, State Botanist, Thinks High Cost of Living Responsible.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 18.—Charles H. Peck, State Botanist, reports that eight species and varieties of mushrooms were tested for their edible qualities and approved during the last year. These make the number of New York edible species and varieties of mushrooms now known 213. In the vicinity of New York City there was an unusual crop of mushrooms last year. This resulted in more accidents and deaths from eating poisonous mushrooms than usual. More than thirty deaths in and about New York were reported. This showing led Dr. Peck to remark:

"It is possible that poverty, combined with the high cost of living, may have been a source of danger in some cases of mushroom poisoning."

The doctor cites the case of a mother and two children who ate heartily of an unwholesome variety. The mother was made very sick, and both children died. Then he adds:

"An excessive quantity of a good mushroom may be harmful, but of a bad one it would be still worse."

JAMES HAVEMEYER DIES.

Retired Sugar Man Son of Three-Term Mayor of New York.

James Havemeyer, son of William F. Havemeyer, who was three times Mayor of New York, and brother of William F. Havemeyer, Jr., who is well known in banking circles in New York, died yesterday at his home, 401 West End Avenue. He was 70 years of age.

Like all the Havemeyers he was connected at one time with the sugar refining business. The history of the Havemeyer family can be traced back for more than 300 years in Germany William Havemeyer came to this country in 1799. His son, William F. Havemeyer, was the father of James Havemeyer, the deceased. The father served one term as Mayor of New York, and, in 1845, declined the nomination for a second term. He was re-elected, however, in 1848. The following year he was defeated. When the transactions of the so-called Tweed Ring were exposed in 1870, he again exhibited his unswerving devotion to the welfare of the city, and as Vice President and afterward President of the Committee of Seventy, rendered efficient service to the reform movement. For the fourth time, in 1871, he was nominated for Mayor and elected for the third time. He died in November, 1874.

James Havemeyer leaves one son.

NATHANIEL D. JONES DEAD.

Veteran Actor Succumbs to Illness of Half a Dozen Years.

SCITUATE, Mass., Aug. 18.—Illness extending over half a dozen years caused the death at his Summer home here to-day of Nathaniel D. Jones, Boston's oldest actor, who in his day was known throughout the country. He was 74 years old and was connected with the stage fifty-two years. He appeared with Booth, Wallack, Fanny Davenport, and other stars, and later as playwright and manager. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Mollie Newton Jones, member of the one-time famous Newton sisters.

Nathaniel D. Jones was the son of Dr. Jones of Boston, who was a playwright of some note in that city a half century ago, many of his productions being presented in the Boston Museum, where his son also played for a number of years. Nathaniel Jones was a member of the Howard Athenaeum stock company for many seasons, and later was under the management of John B. Stetson. He last appeared with James A. Herne in "Sag Harbor."

HERBERT M. HEATH DIES.

Drew Maine's Primary Law and Was Candidate for United States Senator.

AUGUTA, Me., Aug. 18.—Herbert M. Heath, author of Maine's direct primary law and prominent for years as a corporation attorney, died to-day suddenly of an attacks of acute indigestion. He was 59 years of age.

In the recent primaries Mr. Heath was a candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator, but was defeated by former Congressman Edwin C. Burleigh. He had served four years in the Maine Legislature and shaped much of the street railway legislation now in force in the State.

Committee for Jaquillard Funeral.

William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, yesterday appointed a committee to attend the funeral of Henry Jaquillard, ex-Sergeant at Arms of the State Senate, who died at his home in Brooklyn on Saturday. It consists of Jacob A. Livingston, Samuel S. Koenig, Joseph H. De Bragga, Philip T. Williams, Charles F. Murphy, Frederick J. H. Kracke, Charles S. Devoy, Marcus B. Campbell, Reuben L. Haskell, Joseph Levenson, and John S. Shea.

Former Army Chaplain Dead.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 18.—The Rev. Dr. George Washington Simpson, a clergyman and physician and for a number of years a Chaplain in the United States Army at Western posts, died at his home here to-day. He was 71 years old. Dr. Simpson retired from the army twenty years ago and resumed the practice of medicine.

C. B. Farr.

WILLIAMSPORT, Penn., Aug. 18.—C. B. Farr, Vice President of the Central Pennsylvania Lumber Company, one of the largest in the State, died at his home in this city to-night. He was 66 years of age.

Henry Holmes.

TROY, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Henry Holmes, a collar manufacturer of this city, died here to-night. He was 74 years old and one of the pioneer collar manufacturers of this country.

Obituary Notes.

JOSEPH L. MAYER, a lawyer, 27 years old, of 2,026 Lexington Avenue, died suddenly last night at his home. He had been feeling badly yesterday morning, and Dr. M. Brobrow of 58 East 121st Street was called. At 4 o'clock Dr. Brobrow had not arrived, and Mrs. Mayer notified Patrolman Noonan of the East 126th Street Station, who called an ambulance from Harlem Hospital, but when it arrived the lawyer was dead.

MRS. C. A. POPE, 49 years old, wife of Charles A. Pope, died Saturday in Palenville, N. Y. Her home was at 1,095 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, and her death was hastened, it is said, by the death of her 19-year-old son several months ago.

STUART F. RANDOLPH, a lawyer, of 81 Nassau Street, died at his home, 135 West Eighty-fifth Street, New York City, on Saturday morning. Services will be held to-morrow at 10:30 A. M.

CORNELIUS CRONIN DEAD.

Noted Civil War Gunner Made an Ensign Years After His Retirement.

Cornelius Cronin, retired from the United States Navy in 1898 with the rank of chief gunner after forty years of active service, died yesterday morning at his home, 658 Park Place, Brooklyn, at the age of 74 years.

For signal bravery at the battle of New Orleans, where he served under Farragut, Congress gave him a gold medal, and in 1906, some years after his retirement, by special act, awarded the rank of ensign to him. A son, Lieut. G. E. Cronin of the Thirtieth Infantry, is now stationed in Alaska.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

HOHORST—EHLERS.—Aug. 8, Lillian W. Ehlers to Charles H. Hohorst.

JACOBSOHN—ENGEL.—Aug. 15, Helen Engel to Maurice B. Jacobsohn.

KAUNITZ—FRANK.—Aug. 11, Gertrude Frank to Morris M. Kaunitz.

SCHRAGE—SCHOEN.—Aug. 14, Theresa Schoen to Maxwell Schrage.

Died.

BALLOU.—Entered into rest on Saturday, Aug. 17, Florence Ballou. Funeral services at the residence of her nephew, Arthur E. Drake, 63 Linden St., Brooklyn, on Monday, Aug. 19, at 8 P. M.

BENEDICT.—In Round Lake, N. Y., Aug. 18, 1912, Le Grand Benedict, aged 70 years, formerly of New York City. Funeral services at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Job P. Fonda, 818 3d Av., North Troy, Wednesday morning, at 10:30 o'clock.

BENKARD.—At Ocean City, N. J., on Saturday, Aug. 17, Henry R., son of the late James Benkard. Funeral private. Interment at Greenwood.

BRAINERD.—At Haddam Neck, Conn., on Friday, Aug. 16, Cyprian S. Brainerd, Jr., in the 85th year of his age. Interment at Grove Street Cemetery, New Haven, Conn., Monday, Aug. 19, at 4 P. M.

CHEEVER.—On Friday, Aug. 16, 1912, Lottie E. Cheever, wife of Willard I. Cheever. Funeral service at the Harlem Presbyterian Church, corner of 122d St. and Mount Morris Park West, on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 1 P. M.

DEPUY.—On Saturday, Aug. 17, 1912, Elvira M. Depuy, at her late residence, Stapleton, S. I.

FAY.—On Friday, Aug. 16, Maria Fay, beloved widow of Andrew Fay. Funeral from her late residence, 129 East 94th St., on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of St. Francis de Sales, East 96th St., near Lexington Av., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

GIBSON.—Thomas, aged 37, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (Frank E. Campbell Building,) Wednesday, 8 o'clock.

HAINES.—At Tom's River, N. J., on Sunday, Aug. 18, 1912, William A. Haines, in his 67th year, son of the late William A. and Emily S. Haines. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, Tom's River, N. J., on Wednesday, Aug. 21, at 1:30 P. M. Train leaves foot of Liberty St., New York, at 10 A. M.; return, leaves Tom's River at 3 P. M.

HARNISCH.—At Philadelphia, Aug. 18, Catherine, wife of Gottlieb Harnisch, age 71. Relatives and friends invited to services Tuesday, 8 P. M. Residence, 237 East 54th St., New York City. Interment private, Wednesday, Woodlawn, N. Y.

HAVEMEYER.—On Sunday, Aug. 18, James Havemeyer, son of the late William F. Havemeyer and Sarah A. Havemeyer. Funeral services from his late residence, 401 West End Av., on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 10 A. M.

HINMAN.—On Aug. 16, 1912, Capt. Frederick A. Hinman, U. S. A., retired. Funeral services at his late residence, 111 Sanford Av., Flushing, L. I., on Monday, Aug. 19, at 2 P. M.

JONES.—At Hadley, N. Y., Friday, Aug. 16, 1912, Elizabeth Jones, widow of James Jones, of Scarsdale, N. Y. Funeral services at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Robert Cummings, 756 Warburton Av., Yonkers, N. Y., Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 2:30 P. M.

LINZ.—Mrs. Sophie S., nee Hoff, died Sunday morning. Funeral services Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock, at 106 Schenck Av., Brooklyn. Interment Wednesday morning at Greenwood Cemetery.

O'HALLERAN.—Thomas F., aged 35 years. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d Street, Campbell Building.

OUTERBRIDGE.—On Sunday, Aug. 18, Maude Estelle Outerbridge, beloved wife of Vivian L. Outerbridge and daughter of John E. Earle. Funeral services Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock, Aug. 20, at her late residence, 82 Lee Av., Brooklyn.

PURDY.—At Pittsfield, Mass., Aug. 18, 1912, Margaret Ellen, daughter of the late Benjamin and Millicent Purdy, in the 73d year of her age. Funeral services at Grace Church, White Plains, Tuesday, Aug. 30, at 8 o'clock.

RANDOLPH.—On Saturday morning, Aug. 17, 1912, at his residence, 135 West 85th St., Stuart F. Randolph. Funeral services at Church of Zion and St. Timothy Tuesday at 10:30 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

RUSSELL.—In Yonkers, N. Y., on Friday, Aug. 16, George T. Russell, formerly a member of the New York Fire Department. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 9 Purser Place, on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 2:30 P. M.

STEINHAUSER.—At Hood River, Ore., on Thursday, Aug. 15, suddenly, Mary C. Steinhauser, widow of Henry C. Steinhauser. Notice of funeral hereafter.

TERRY.—At her late residence, Mamaroneck, N. Y., on Saturday, Aug. 17, Tootie McGregor, wife of ex-Surgeon Gen. Marshall O. Terry. Services at her late residence, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Sunday, Aug. 18, at 2:30 P. M. Interment services at the A. M. McGregor Home, East Cleveland, Ohio, on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Lake View Cemetery, Cleveland. Cleveland papers please copy.

WEINBERG.—Hannah, mother of Mrs. Frank E. Rosen, died Aug. 18. Funeral from 53 East 97th St. Tuesday, 10 A. M. Interment Bayside Cemetery. Boston papers please copy.

CRAIG.—John, Aug. 17. Funeral 310 West 47th St. to-day, 2 P. M.
HAUSER.—Daniel, 306 East 125th St., Aug. 17. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.
HUGHES.—Mary A., 428 West 37th St., Aug. 17. Funeral to-day.
LA PLACE.—Leon, 238 West 123d St., Aug. 17. Funeral to-day.
LAVENDER.—Michael, 140 East 48th St., Aug. 17. Funeral services to-morrow.
LEYSERSOHN.—Max, 704 Eagle Av., Aug. 17. Funeral to-day.
McDERMOTT.—Mary A., 318 East 93d St., Aug. 17. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
MEYER.—Frances, 321 West 116th St., Aug. 17. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
O'BRIEN.—Patrick, 453 East 158th St., Aug. 17. Funeral notice later.
THEOBALD.—Charles, 763 Elton Av., Aug. 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
TYLER.—Elizabeth, 969 Summit Av., Aug. 17. Funeral notice later.
VALLEAU.—Mary A., Aug. 17. Funeral 171 8th Av. Notice later.
VAN KIRK.—Joseph, 107 Christopher St., Aug. 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
WIDDER.—Louise, 1,473 St. Lawrence Av., Aug. 17. Funeral notice later.

Brooklyn.

BENDER.—Abraham L., 169 East 32d St., Aug. 17. Funeral to-morrow.
BRUGGEMANN.—Eva, 87 St. Edward's St., Aug. 17. Funeral to-morrow.
ELLSMERE.—Edward H., 980 Putnam Av., Aug. 17. Funeral notice later.
HALLER.—Rose, 2,058 Pitkin Av., Aug. 17. Funeral service to-day.
KLINGMAN.—Louisa, 55th St. and Clarendon Road, Aug. 17. Funeral to-morrow.
ROGERS.—Adelaide P., 631 Prospect Place, Aug. 17. Funeral notice later.
SHAUGHNESSY.—Frank T., 110 Dean St., Aug. 17. Funeral service to-morrow.
SMITH.—Frank D., 238 Flatbush Av., Aug. 17. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
STOVER.—George J., 81 Euclid Av., Aug. 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
VON OEHSEN.—Henry, 177 South 8th St., Aug. 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
WADLOW.—William, 297 Baltic St., Aug. 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
WEIL.—Jacob, 121 Bay 34th St., Aug. 16. Funeral to-day.
WEYMOUTH.—Elisha T., 56 Garfield Place, Aug. 16. Funeral service to-day.

Long Island.

JACQUILLARD.—Harry, 17 Oceanus Av., Rockaway Beach, Aug. 17. Funeral notice later.

In Memoriam.

DISKEN.—Bridget, mass Church of St. Frances de Chantal to-morrow, 8 A. M.
DORING.—Louise E., in memory of; died Aug. 21, 1910.
GOODWIN.—Charles W., in memory of; died Aug. 19, 1908.
HEALY.—William, mass Church of St. Thomas, Woodhaven, to-morrow.

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

The stock market last midweek reached a resting point after prices had been carried to the highest level of the year, overtopping by a small margin the average quotations at the close of last April. The reaction which ensued was orderly and quiet, and suggested that the improvement which had occurred in prices had been brought about without the building up of a poorly supported bull account. To some degree public interest in the market had increased during the later days of the advance which led up to last week's high prices, but this public interest in the market has apparently not yet assumed large proportions. While any estimate of the extent to which bank credits for Stock Exchange purposes have been increased during recent weeks would be clouded by the unknown quantity of the foreign loans which are known to have been made in some amount on American securities, it does not appear from the record of our own bank loans nor from the prevailing conditions in the call money market that the rise in prices which has so far occurred has added much to the volume of credits employed in Stock Exchange operations. The character of the reaction during the later days of the week bore out the assumption that the floating supply of stocks was not much greater than it had been at the lower levels of recent weeks. If this latter proves to be the real situation, it will be a fortunate circumstance during the time when the New York banks will be called on to make heavy shipments of cash to the interior. Heavy calls on the New York money market are an inevitable accompaniment of improving business and of the harvesting and marketing of crops of the size of those which this year will certainly yield.

In the position of the crops, the most important single element in the situation, there was no impairment this past week, but rather improvement. The cotton market during the early part of the week reflected the further influence of the change in weather conditions in the Southwest, which came at a time to relieve anxiety regarding the cotton yield of that section, which for a while had been put in some jeopardy by continued hot and dry weather. A common report from the grain fields which have been under harvest has been that the yield per acre was proving higher than had been expected, thus suggesting that the final returns of grain yield will better the excellent prospects which were held forth by the August crop statement. Indeed, some authorities in the grain trade expressed confidence last week in a total wheat yield very substantially above the estimate based on the August figures. And all of this crop is now so near harvest that the chance of serious impairment has to all intents and purposes passed. Not as much, of course, can be said of the corn crop, which still has some time to go to harvest, and which may this year be exposed for a little longer period than usual to damage from early frosts. That is a contingency which cannot now be profitably discussed, but the present indications are sufficiently good to make it reasonable to expect that this year's yield of the farms will surpass in value those of any previous season. That will be a bulwark for prosperity, which it would take a combination of many adverse factors to overcome. If we have done well this past year in our foreign trade, and how well we have done the figures show, we promise to do still better this current year with crops which will give us a much larger exportable balance than we had in 1911. The smallness of that surplus was a handicap in our trade with other countries, yet it did not prevent the breaking of all previous records of total volume of trade. Further expansion of our trade with other nations is another of the factors reasonably promised for the current year which will add to the general degree of prosperity. In this connection, those who may still have misgivings regarding the effect of a reasonable revision of the tariff should take count of the possibilities for trade expansion which exists in a modification of our present tariff schedules which would foster the growth of our trade with other nations. From the statement which one of our leading bankers made last week announcing his purpose to support Mr. Wilson it was clear that he had no misgivings regarding such tariff revision as would commend itself to Mr. Wilson in the event of his success at the polls. More and more people in the financial district are coming to realize that the manner in which the tariff has been handled in recent years in the face of a wide popular demand for a downward revision has been a distinct element of weakness in the general situation, and those without regard to their political affiliations would welcome a sincere and businesslike downward revision. The growth of this feeling helps to account for the lessened part which political considerations have been playing in recent financial discussions. In the light of this growing belief in the desirability of tariff revision the vetoes of the Wool and Steel bills were not greeted with the expressions of enthusiasm which might have been heard in Wall Street in earlier stages of the tariff discussion of the last few years, nor did the possibility which for a time existed that the vetoes would be overridden cause any serious uneasiness. The movement of the market last week cannot, of course, be too closely linked with the fortunes of these tariff bills, but the equanimity of the Stock Exchange in a week when tariff schedules affecting two important industries were in the balance indicates, at least, that the sanctity of the tariff is no longer an essential tenet of Wall Street belief.

Earlier in the year, when conditions in the steel trade were unmistakably improving, there was some hesitation in regarding this movement of the country's most important industry as a sure indication of what could be expected in other lines. The steel trade had long been accepted as the surest single barometer of general business conditions, but while steel prices had turned upward and the volume of business was increasing, many other lines seemed slow to respond. Much has happened in recent weeks, however, to make it plain that the steel trade was really foreshadowing faithfully what was to be expected in other lines, and it is therefore especially worthy of note that improvement continues the order of the day in the steel trade. More price advances occurred last week, and the volume of new business showed clearly that consumers were planning confidently for their future requirements. It is understood that the orders which have come to the Steel Corporation so far this month have exceeded the bookings of the corresponding period in July, which is a particularly good showing, when it is recalled that the unfilled orders increased during July by more than 150,000 tons.

The money market showed no material change this past week, but it should be closely watched from now on for indications of the extent of the influence which the Fall demands will have upon interest rates at this centre.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE

AMERICANS STRONG IN LONDON.

Good Crop Reports Help Railroad Shares—Consols Rally.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Those who watched closely teh trend of recent events on the Stock Exchange agree that the outlook is favorable for active and profitable business. On the whole, it has been a week of consolidation.

After the recent advances, notably in Americans, Canadians, and some foreign railways, a certain hesitation was inevitable, especially since the rise was largely the outcome of comparatively small purchases in a limited market with scant supplies. The rise had yet to stand the test of larger dealings, and has done so quite satisfactorily.

Consols once or twice were depressed by waves of realization, but rallied and closed at the best.

The strongest feature of the week has been Americans, which found encouragement in good trade conditions and favorable crop prospects, and ignored political and other adverse influences. Canadian Pacifics were most prominent among the increases.

There is nothing discouraging in the monetary outlook, despite the chance of a rise in the bank rate next month and expected gold demands.

PARIS MARKET FIRM.

Atchison Gains Four Points—Rates for Money Moderate.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—The active market on the London Exchange and the strength of Wall Street have been encouraging factors. Firmness in all departments during the last few days was a feature of the Bourse. The fortnightly settlement passed off with great ease. Money was plentiful and rates moderate.

Rios provided as usual a most active market, despite a slight relapse of a few points on the publication of statistics showing an increase in the visible stock of metal.

Americans also were firm, especially Atchison, which gained four points.

The cordial reception of Premier Poincare at St. Petersburg was considered a happy augury from a financial standpoint, and the Turkish political situation was regarded as more settled, and it is hoped the volume of business on the Bourse soon will be increased considerably.

PRICES OFF IN BERLIN.

Profit-Taking and Depressing Factors the Cause of the Decline.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Aug. 18.—The week on the Boerse opened strong under the influence of favorable reports from both the domestic and the American iron trade, but prices declined as the week progressed in consequence of a general profit-taking movement.

Depressing factors were also contributed by the menace of troubles in the Balkans and uncertainty over coming events in the money market.

Canadian Pacifics were the speculative feature of the week, attaining another record quotation.

Hamburg-American shares were in demand at rising prices, on news of big earnings.

FARMERS IN NEED OF MORE RAILWAYS

B. F. Yoakum Says Agriculture and Transportation Must Be Developed Together.

PROBLEM NOW NEGLECTED

Uncultivated Arable Lands Could Yield Product Worth More Than $13,000,000,000.

B. F. Yoakum, Chairman of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, who has taken a prominent part in the upbuilding of the railroads of the Southwest and in the agricultural development of that section of the country, in a statement made to THE TIMES, outlined yesterday the problem which the country faces in respect to the developments of its railroads and of its farm lands. Mr. Yoakum said:

"There are 1,903,000,000 acres of land in the United States, and careful estimates show that 1,200,000,000 acres of this land are available for farming purposes.

"The cultivated acres last year produced $15.72 per acre, not including animals and their products. The uncultivated acres show our agricultural capabilities, for, figured at what we are now doing, they would yield the enormous sum of $13,362,000,000 additional, not including animals and their products, which the Government estimates in its last year's Agricultural Report at $2,913,000,000.

"The Government report also shows that in the ten years from 1900 to 1910 the improved lands in the United States increased 15 per cent., or 63,000,000 acres, while the population during the same period increased 21 per cent., or 17,000,000 people, who must be fed and clothed. Therefore, we fell short between 1900 and 1910 in keeping our land development up with our population by 23,000,000 acres. In other words, to keep pace with the increased population we must increase the cultivated acreage and the yield per acre, otherwise we will soon reach the point of not being able to feed our own people, and will have to look to other countries to supply us. Using the same basis and looking further ahead, with an increase of 15 per cent. every ten years in improved land, in fifty years the total increase would be 350,000,000 of cultivated land in the United States.

"During the same fifty years, if the population increased at the rate of 21 per cent. every ten years, as it has since 1900, the population of the United States in 1960 would be 238,000,000. In other words, while we now have nearly four acres of land cultivated per capita, we would then have less than three acres per capita. The cultivated land would then be 175,000,000 acres short of the amount needed on the present basis to take care of our population.

"The two big developments that will do for the entire Nation the greatest good are the expansion of agriculture and transportation. One cannot go forward without the other. The successful farmer must supplement his cotton, corn, wheat, and other standard products with vegetables, fruit, and poultry, and to do this successfully he should be within five to ten miles of a railroad.

"Confining ourselves to the Southwestern group of States of Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Arizona, and New Mexico: There are 160,000,000 acres of land in these States more than ten miles from a railroad; and the people of these States now need 27,000 miles more of railroads than they have at present to take care of their farming interests.

"It is very noticeable in a railroad ride through the United States that the best tillable lands along the railroads are practically all under improvement. Following the railroad trip with an automobile ride through the country a few miles back from a railroad will show millions of acres of rich land lying idle for lack of transportation. These two pictures tell the story of the country's biggest problem, and one which it is up to those responsible to the public through the Government to solve.

"Baron H. von Barnekow, through the Berlin press of July 18, after a recent visit to this country, said that the 'United States is beginning to decline' and concluded his remarks by saying that 'the possibilities of arresting the downward movement lies with the farmers.' The farmers of this country are for the first time in our history commencing to study their own business and looking out for their own interests. They are beginning to handle their own business in the same way as other business interests handle theirs.

"D. H. Doane, head of the Farm Management Department of the University of Missouri, in discussing this question before the Texas Farmers' Congress last month, said that business is simply organization under a working plan to accomplish a given end; that if a farmer buys 160 acres of land and equips it with stock, tools, &c., he would have an investment of ten to twelve thousand dollars; that it is hard for a man to make a fair living for his family on that amount of capital invested in any business. Therefore, he contends that a successful farmer needs to use as much business judgment in his work as do bankers, grocerymen, merchants or millers, as the farmer has more problems to meet and keener competition. The biggest single factor in the farmers' business, if he makes a success, is convenient and adequate transportation for marketing his products, otherwise all such farmers are doomed to fail, or be satisfied to exist on a less income than is necessary to properly care for and educate their families. Such educational work by men, agricultural institutes and agricultural journals is producing results, and the railroads are devoting their efforts in many ways to aiding the farmers in their organization and co-operation. The work is advancing rapidly and being felt in every State in the Nation. Bankers and merchants are beginning to become interested and are talking on the subject of agriculture at their conventions. It is, therefore, only a question of a short time until those engaged in political life will have to give these questions more serious consideration, and will realize that the expansion of the farming industry and transportation must move together.

"The crippled condition of our agricultural expansion which we are now approaching in the Southwestern States, above referred to, is shown by the fact that from 1900 to 1910 there were built in these States 17,500 miles of railroad, an average of 1,750 miles a year, and this fiscal year just finished there were only built in those States 475 miles, which shows that railroad construction has practically ceased in this agricultural belt, which is in effect limiting the farming area and making a greater scarcity of foodstuffs.

"We have this important question of more and better farms and more railroads to carry their products to the markets of the world, and we also have three candidates for the executive head of the Government, and none of them has treated this subject in the broad comprehensive manner that would indicate a full appreciation of what it means to the agricultural interests both from increase in production and expansion of marketing facilities. Their lack of reference to the subject in their respective speeches of acceptance was in marked contrast to the way they emphasized other present day economic questions."

ABSORBED BY LACKAWANNA.

Syracuse, Binghamton & New York Now a Part of Its System.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 18.—In granting the application of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company for permission to lease the property and franchises of the Syracuse, Binghamton & New York Railroad Company for the term of its legal existence, the up-State Public Service Commission says that upon the hearing of the application it developed that the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company owned 20,808 of the 25,000 shares of the Syracuse, Binghamton & New York Railroad Company, leaving 4,192 shares owned by persons and corporations other than the Lackawanna, and that at a meeting of the stockholders to approve the proposed lease, 2,270 of the minority favored the lease, 615 voted against it, and 1,307 failed to register any choice. Of the last named 224 gave approval of the hearing and 615 disapproved. The stockholders of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western gave unanimous approval of the lease.

The terms of the lease are that the Syracuse, Binghamton & New York is to receive a rental equal to 12 per centum per annum upon the capital stock of its corporation. The objection of the four persons and corporations owning the 615 shares in opposition was on the ground that the rental proposed was inadequate, and that the lease was virtually a sale of the property.

"In considering the question whether the lease is objectionable from the point of view of the public," the commission says, "the road in question is but 81 miles in length, having but a single track, somewhat inadequate terminal facilities, and insufficient rolling stock. Its prosperity in the past has apparently depended almost wholly upon the business relations with the Lackawanna."

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED AUG. 17. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 2,632,167 SHARES.

Range for Year 1911. High.	Range for Year 1911. Low.	Range for Year 1912. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Closing Saturday, Aug. 17. Bid	Ask.	Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Listed.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent	Period.	Range for Week Ended Aug. 17. First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Aug. 17, '12.
245	235	205	Apr. 3	200	Mar. 27	197	205	..	ALLIS-CHALMERS	100	$12,000,000	June 1, '12	3	Q	200	200	200	200	..	25
9¾	1⅛	6	May 14	4½	June 29	5¼	5½	..	Allis-Chalmers pf. t. r., 1st ass't pd	100	17,100,100	......	..	..	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5⅜	..	300
71⅝	44¾	88	June 6	60	Feb. 1	84⅞	85	+2	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	May 27, '12	1	Q	83¼	86	83⅛	85	62⅛	13,360
63¾	46	65⅝	Mar. 22	58¼	Aug. 9	60	60⅛	+1¼	American Agricultural Chemical Co.	100	18,330,900	July 15, '12	1	Q	59	60⅞	58¾	60½	54	5,600
105	99½	104¼	Mar. 20	98	July 17	100¼	100¾	+¼	American Agricultural Chemical Co. pf.	100	27,087,700	July 15, '12	1½	Q	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	..	100
59¾	39¾	76	Mar. 20	53	Feb. 26	71¼	71¾	+¼	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	Aug. 15, '12	1¼	Q	71½	71¾	70¾	71⅜	52¼	8,500
101	92½	101¼	June 20	97	Apr. 3	97	97½	+½	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	July 1, '12	1½	Q	99	99	97	97½	98	400
138	122½	142¾	Aug. 15	130	Jan. 2	141	..	+2¼	American Brake, Shoe & Foundry Co. pf.	100	4,000,000	June 29, '12	1¾	Q	141	142¾	141	142¾	..	200
12½	8⅞	43	May 11	11¼	Feb. 1	40¾	40⅞	..	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	......	..	..	41¼	42	40¼	40⅞	10¼	62,800
93⅛	77	121½	May 11	90⅝	Feb. 1	119¼	119⅝	+⅛	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	July 1, '12	1¼	Q	119¾	120½	119¼	119¾	85	6,700
58¼	42⅜	61⅞	Aug. 16	49⅜	Feb. 1	60⅞	61	+¾	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	July 1, '12	½	Q	60⅞	61¾	60	61	51	11,100
120	113	120	May 24	115	Feb. 14	118	120	..	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	July 1, '12	1¾	Q	118¼	118¼	118	118¼	116½	515
..	..	34	July 2	31½	Aug. 1	31¾	32	−⅛	American Cities	100	16,264,700	......	..	..	32	32	32	32	..	1,000
..	..	83⅛	June 20	75¼	Aug. 6	75½	77	..	American Cities pf.	100	20,553,500	July 1, '12	3	SA	76½	77	77	77	..	962
..	..	111	July 2	108¾	July 22	109	..	..	American Coal Products pf.	100	2,500,000	July 15, '12	1¾	Q	112	112	112	112	..	15
62⅞	41⅝	57¼	May 3	45½	Jan. 19	53⅞	54½	+1⅝	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	June 1, '11	2½	..	54¼	53½	53⅞	54	55	2,500
245	201	220	Apr. 6	199	Aug. 15	199	202	−6¾	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	July 1, '12	3	Q	201	201	199	199¼	215	535
5	3½	6½	May 16	3	Feb. 19	5¼	5⅜	−¼	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	......	..	..	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5¼	..	1,200
26⅝	18	27½	May 16	20	Feb. 26	26½	27½	+¼	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05	1	..	27	27	26¾	26¾	21	200
25¾	16½	30¾	May 20	18	Jan. 2	25⅝	25½	−¼	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,045,100	July 20, '07	1¾	..	26	27	25½	25½	19½	2,600
12⅜	8	17⅞	Apr. 23	9¼	Mar. 6	13¼	13⅝	−⅝	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	......	..	..	14⅛	14¼	13⅜	13⅜	8¾	850
34½	26⅛	43	Apr. 23	30	Feb. 20	35⅛	35¾	−⅜	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00	1¾	..	36¼	36¼	35¾	35⅞	27½	700
43¼	32⅛	46¾	Aug. 17	31¾	Feb. 27	45¾	46	+1⅝	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08	1¼	..	44½	46¾	44½	45¾	38	15,625
110⅝	102	110½	Aug. 14	103	Jan. 9	108	110	+1¼	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	July 22, '12	1¾	Q	110½	110½	110½	110½	107½	300
5⅝	3	19⅛	Aug. 5	4¾	June 10	17½	18¼	−½	American Malt Corporation	100	5,727,000	......	..	..	18½	18½	18	18	4⅛	800
43⅝	31½	69¼	Aug. 14	42	Jan. 6	67½	68	−¼	American Malt Corporation pf.	100	8,723,200	May 2, '12	2	SA	68¾	69¼	67½	67½	39½	4,321
83⅞	56⅝	89⅝	Mar. 25	67⅞	Feb. 1	85⅝	86	+1¾	American Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	July 5, '12	1	Q	84¾	87½	84¾	86	71¾	82,700
108½	98¾	108⅞	Aug. 10	102⅝	Jan. 2	107½	108½	+1⅝	American Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	June 1, '12	1¾	Q	107¼	108¾	107¼	108¾	105⅛	1,300
89⅛	82	89¼	June 10	85	Mar. 11	87½	87⅞	+⅛	American Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	July 1, '12	1¼	Q	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	87½	100
325	225	176	July 1	123	Mar. 6	168	169½	−⅜	American Snuff Co.	100	11,001,700	July 1, '12	2½	Q	171¾	171¾	170½	170½	..	1,310
105	96	111½	Aug. 16	102⅛	Jan. 16	108	112	+8½	American Snuff Co. pf.	100	3,566,300	July 1, '12	1½	Q	111½	111½	111½	111½	96	100
..	..	105	Aug. 13	99	Feb. 9	104	106	+1½	American Snuff Co. pf., new	100	1,301,000	July 1, '12	1½	Q	104⅞	105	104⅞	105	..	400
52½	25	39½	May 11	26	Jan. 19	36	36⅝	+2¼	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	May 15, '11	1¼	..	35⅛	36¾	35⅛	36¾	36	4,500
122½	112¼	133½	May 13	114¾	Jan. 12	128	129	+1	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	July 2, '12	1¾	Q	128	129	127¾	128½	115¾	8,850
119½	111	123⅜	Aug. 7	115½	Jan. 5	121½	123½	..	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	July 2, '12	1¾	Q	123	123⅜	123	123⅜	115	400
153⅛	131⅛	149⅛	Mar. 25	137⅝	Jan. 2	145¾	146	−⅛	American Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	45,000,000	July 2, '12	1¾	Q	146	146¼	145¾	145⅞	134⅛	4,796
..	..	324½	July 1	241⅛	Jan. 11	272	275	−11⅜	American Tobacco Co.	100	49,314,700	June 1, '12	2½	Q	307	307	265⅝	272⅛	..	5,200
105¼	87	108⅜	Jan. 19	102	June 9	107	111	+½	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	37,827,400	July 1, '12	1¼	Q	108	108	108	108	92¼	100
105⅝	87	106⅝	Jan. 19	101½	Jan. 11	105¼	105⅝	+¼	American Tobacco Co. pf., new	100	51,210,200	July 1, '12	1½	Q	105¾	105¾	105½	105½	..	1,000
36½	25½	31	May 17	25¼	Feb. 6	27½	29	+1⅝	American Woolen Co.	100	20,000,000	......	..	..	27⅝	28⅜	27⅝	28⅜	28½	700
96¼	85¼	94½	Mar. 21	86	Feb. 7	89½	90½	+⅝	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	July 15, '12	1¾	Q	89⅞	90¼	89¼	90	88	600
34½	24½	41⅝	May 2	25⅛	Jan. 25	38½	39½	−¼	American Writing Paper pf.	100	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '12	1	SA	39½	40⅝	39½	39⅝	28½	2,622
41⅛	29	45⅛	June 21	34	Feb. 1	43	43¼	+1¾	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	108,312,500	July 17, '12	50c	Q	41⅝	43⅛	41⅝	43⅛	36½	26,710
108	106½	126⅛	Aug. 14	105½	Feb. 1	125¼	126¼	+1⅛	Assets Realization Co.	100	9,967,600	July 1, '12	1¾	Q	126	126⅛	126	126⅛	..	200
116⅝	99⅞	110½	Aug. 14	103¼	Feb. 1	109½	109⅝	+½	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	170,493,000	June 1, '12	1½	Q	109¼	110½	109⅛	109½	106⅝	54,250
105½	100⅝	104¼	Feb. 10	101⅜	Jan. 2	102¼	102½	+⅛	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Aug. 1, '12	2½	SA	102¾	102⅝	102⅝	102½	102	1,100
139¼	117	148½	Aug. 12	133⅞	Jan. 10	145½	146	−1	Atlantic Coast Line	100	57,927,200	July 10, '12	2½	SA	147	148½	145¾	145¾	123½	9,000
..	..	60½	June 28	53⅝	June 18	58	59	+1	BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVE WORKS	100	20,000,000	July 1, '12	1	Q	57⅞	59	57½	59	..	2,300
107	103¼	108⅛	June 17	102¾	Feb. 2	105¾	106	+⅛	Baldwin Locomotive Works pf.	100	20,000,000	July 1, '12	3½	SA	105⅞	106¼	105¾	105⅞	..	1,200
109⅝	93½	111⅞	Apr. 30	101¼	Feb. 1	108½	108¾	+½	Baltimore & Ohio	100	152,314,800	Mar. 1, '12	3	SA	108⅜	109½	108¼	108¾	103	13,600
91	85½	91	Jan. 23	86⅛	Aug. 13	86	88	+2¼	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '12	2	SA	86⅛	88	86⅛	88	88	200
38¼	26	42	Apr. 29	27¾	Feb. 27	40	40⅛	+1¼	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	......	..	..	38⅞	40½	38	40	30¼	19,800
66¾	54	74¾	May 9	56½	Feb. 27	71½	72½	+1¼	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07	¾	..	71½	72¾	71½	72½	60⅛	2,900
84⅝	72	92½	July 2	76⅝	Jan. 2	92⅝	92¾	..	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	July 1, '12	1¼	Q	93⅛	93⅝	92⅝	92¾	76½	15,300
148¼	129	149	Aug. 12	137½	Mar. 21	147½	149	−¾	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,998,500	July 1, '12	†2½	Q	149	149	148	148	..	700
10⅝	8	11½	May 15	8	Jan. 22	8	8¼	−¼	Brunswick T. & Ry. Securities Co.	100	7,000,000	......	..	..	8½	8½	8	8½	8⅛	2,800
..	..	40½	Apr. 30	29½	Mar. 18	34⅛	36⅞	+¼	Butterick Co.	100	14,647,200	June 1, '12	¾	Q	37	37	37	37	29½	100
68	62	67⅞	Feb. 21	65	Jan. 31	65	67	−1½	CANADA SOUTHERN	100	15,000,000	Aug. 1, '12	1½	SA	66	66	66	66	..	100
247	195⅝	283	Aug. 15	226½	Mar. 4	276½	276⅝	−8½	Canadian Pacific	100	180,000,000	June 29, '12	2½	Q	280	283	276½	276½	236⅛	49,450
33⅝	18¾	30¼	Aug. 16	16½	Feb. 27	29⅝	29½	+1⅛	Central Leather Co.	100	39,580,100	......	..	..	27¾	30¼	27¾	27¾	26	28,500
105	91⅛	100	Aug. 15	80	Feb. 27	100	100⅛	+2½	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,277,800	July 1, '12	1¾	Q	97¼	100	97¼	100	98	8,860
86⅜	68⅜	83¼	Aug. 14	68¼	Feb. 1	82	82¼	+⅝	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	June 29, '12	1¼	Q	81¾	83¼	81⅝	82⅛	75½	47,510
25¼	17¼	20½	Apr. 8	16⅜	July 12	18⅝	19	+⅞	Chicago Great Western	100	45,146,800	......	..	..	17¾	18⅞	17½	18⅝	20	3,900
49¼	35½	39½	Apr. 8	31⅞	July 11	35⅝	36	+1⅜	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	40,995,400	......	..	..	35	36	35	35¼	38¾	900
133½	105¾	112¾	Apr. 8	99⅜	July 13	107⅛	107½	+¼	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '12	2½	SA	107	109	106¾	107	115⅝	23,400
155½	141	146	Jan. 2	140	July 15	141	144	+⅞	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '12	3½	SA	141⅝	141⅜	141⅜	141⅜	..	100
150½	138⅛	145	Apr. 28	134½	July 12	142⅞	143⅛	+⅛	Chicago & Northwestern	100	130,121,700	July 1, '12	1¾	Q	143	144	142½	143	142	6,600
144	130⅛	144	Jan. 30	126	July 16	133	135	+12¼	Chi., St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	100	18,556,200	......	3½	SA	132	134¾	132	134¾	..	300
3⅝	1⅝	3⅞	Apr. 18	1⅛	Feb. 16	2¼	2½	..	Chicago Union Traction trust rects.	100	8,523,000	......	..	..	2½	2½	2½	2½	2¼	400
27½	16½	39	Aug. 16	25	Jan. 15	37¾	38	+3	Chino Copper	5	3,849,835	......	..	..	34⅞	39	34⅜	37¾	20	57,700
36⅜	25	34½	Apr. 10	23⅛	Feb. 28	31½	31¾	+¾	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02	1¾	..	31⅜	32¾	31¼	31¾	30	6,800
60	43	45	Feb. 2	38⅛	June 20	40	42	+1¼	Colorado Southern	100	30,345,000	Dec. 30, '11	2	A	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	49⅝	100
148½	128¾	149½	Aug. 12	138¼	Feb. 17	146	146½	−2¾	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,738,400	June 15, '12	1½	Q	149½	149½	146	146	138	13,600
15¾	9⅝	17½	Apr. 24	10	Jan. 16	15⅞	16	+1	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,763,100	......	..	..	15	16⅜	15	15⅞	13	25,700
85	73	87	Apr. 24	76¼	Jan. 3	84	84¼	+2⅝	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,826,900	July 15, '12	1 2-3	Q	84½	84¾	84	84¾	78	1,200
174⅞	159½	175½	Feb. 6	166	July 8	171½	173⅛	+2⅜	DELAWARE & HUDSON	100	42,503,000	June 30, '12	2¼	Q	171½	172⅝	171¼	172⅜	165	1,150
35	17⅝	24	Mar. 27	18½	July 12	22	22½	+2½	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	......	..	..	20⅜	22½	20¼	22¼	26	1,400
74	36¾	46¼	Jan. 24	34½	June 19	39	40½	+2	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,778,400	Jan. 15, '11	2½	..	36⅝	39¼	36⅝	39	54	1,350
75½	66½	75	Aug. 1	61¼	Apr. 2	70	74	−⅝	Detroit United Railway	100	12,500,000	June 1, '12	1¼	Q	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	70	100
38¼	29	35	Aug. 16	28	Feb. 5	34	34⅛	+1⅝	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,809,200	......	..	..	33	35	33	34⅛	32	11,600
15⅝	9	11¾	May 16	8½	Mar. 4	9¾	10½	+⅝	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	......	..	..	10	10⅝	9⅞	10¼	9¾	1,200
30⅛	17⅛	23	May 15	16	Mar. 8	19½	21½	+⅝	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	......	..	..	21	21½	20	21½	19¾	1,300
38⅜	27¼	39⅛	Apr. 8	30¼	Jan. 11	37½	37⅝	+¾	ERIE	100	112,378,900	......	..	..	36½	38⅜	36	37¼	30¼	93,350
61¼	45⅝	57⅞	Apr. 11	50⅛	Feb. 3	55	55½	+1½	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07	2	..	54⅜	56	54¼	55½	50¼	12,300
49¾	35	48	Apr. 11	40	Feb. 3	44½	46	+1¾	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07	2	..	44½	46	44½	46	41	1,550
66½	37	50	July 2	37½	Jan. 23	43	45½	−⅛	FEDERAL MINING & SMELTING pf.	100	12,000,000	June 15, '12	1¾	Q	48	48	43¼	45⅞	..	500
135	104½	225	Aug. 12	128	Jan. 2	205	215	−5	GENERAL CHEMICAL CO.	100	8,558,900	June 1, '12	1½	Q	220	225	210	210	108¼	700
108	103⅝	112	July 26	106¼	Mar. 30	110	120	..	General Chemical Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	July 1, '12	1½	Q	110½	113	110½	113	..	45
168⅝	142	188½	July 25	155	Jan. 2	182	183	−½	General Electric Co.	100	77,677,200	July 15, '12	2	Q	182¾	183⅞	181½	183	154¾	5,810
51¾	35	38¼	Apr. 9	30	Feb. 26	36¼	37	+½	General Motors	100	15,501,700	......	..	..	36	37	35	37	46	3,300
86⅝	74½	82	Apr. 8	70¼	May 3	78	79	−½	General Motors pf.	100	13,824,300	May 1, '12	4 1-12	SA	78	79¼	77	79¼	81¼	1,550
7⅞	3½	5	Mar. 18	3¾	Aug. 6	3¾	3⅞	..	Goldfield Consolidated Mines	100	35,591,480	July 31, '12	30c	Q	3⅞	3⅞	3¾	3⅞	5⅜	6,960
140	119	143¾	Aug. 10	126	Jan. 15	140¾	141	−2¾	Great Northern pf.	100	209,901,100	Aug. 1, '12	1¾	Q	143¾	143¾	140⅝	140¾	126½	26,905
63¾	33¾	47½	Aug. 12	36	Jan. 31	46⅜	47	+2¾	Great Northern cfs. for ore prop.	..	1,500,000	[illegible], '11	50c	..	44⅛	47½	44	46½	48½	30,510
..	..	62⅞	June 14	53	July 11	58¾	58⅞	+2¾	Guggenheim Exploration	25	17,508,500	July 1, '12	62½c	Q	56½	59¾	56½	58¾	..	10,200
..	..	89	Aug. 12	89	Aug. 12	87	89	..	HAVANA ELECTRIC RY., L. & P.	100	7,500,000	......	..	Q	89	89	89	89	..	220
..	..	96	Aug. 10	96	Aug. 10	95	96	..	Havana Electric Ry., Light & Power pf.	100	5,000,000	......	..	Q	96	96	96	96	..	100
134	124	150	Aug. 14	127	Mar. 22	..	..	+15	Hocking Valley	100	11,000,000	......	..	SA	150	150	150	150	..	100
147	132	141⅝	Jan. 23	120⅝	May 9	131½	131⅞	−½	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	100	109,294,000	Mar. 1, '12	3½	SA	132	132	131¼	131½	140½	1,200
96¼	96½	20⅛	June 7	18¼	June 3	18¾	19	..	Inspiration Copper	100	14,457,280	......	..	..	19	19⅛	18¾	18¾	..	1,375
20⅝	13⅛	22	July 2	16⅜	Jan. 3	20	20¼	−¾	Interborough-Metropolitan vot. tr. cfs.	100	60,419,500	......	..	..	20¾	20¾	20	20⅛	15⅝	10,250
56⅝	39¾	62	Mar. 26	53⅜	Jan. 3	59⅛	59¾	−1	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	16,955,900	......	..	..	60⅝	60¾	59¾	59¾	44	6,025
61	40½	53½	July 9	33½	Aug. 17	43	44½	..	International Agricultural	100	7,520,000	......	..	..	46	46	46	46	..	200
104	84	99	June 27	94	July 9	94	95	..	International Agricultural pf.	100	12,955,600	July 15, '12	3½	SA	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	..	100

REPUBLIC OF CUBA

$35,000,000 Five Per Cent. Gold Loan of 1904.

NOTICE OF DRAWING FOR REDEMPTION

Notice is hereby given on behalf of the Cuban Government, and in pursuance of the agreement under which said bonds were issued, bearing date May 11th, 1904, made between the Republic of Cuba, represented by its President, and Speyer & Co., that in accordance with Article Third of said agreement, the distinguishing serial numbers set forth below of coupon bonds of said issue have been drawn by lot by Speyer & Co., at their office in the City of New York, in the presence of Senor M. Rocafort, Cuban Consul, acting at the request of the Republic of Cuba as its agent, and Herman J. Grüne, Notary Public in and for the County and State of New York, for redemption of said bonds at par and accrued interest, on the first day of September, 1912, the next ensuing interest day, when interest thereon will cease:

SERIES "A" FOR $1,000 EACH.

3350 3351 3353 3354 3355 3357 3358 3359 3360 3361 3362 3363 3364 3365 3366 3367 4025 4026 4086 4087 4088 4089 4092 4093 4094 4095 4096 4097 4209 4211 4229 4439 4505 4569 4587 4588 4589 4590 4591 4592 4605 4606 4621 4622 4623 4624 4625 4626 4646 4649 4858 4859 4860 4861 4989 4990 5011 5034 5036 5053 5233 5262 5288 5290 5291 5293 5294 5323 5324 5325 5326 5327

5328 5329 5330 5331 5332 5333 5334 5485 5486 5516 5517 5518 5520 5521 5522 5523 5524 5525 5526 5527 5528 5540 5541 5555 5556 5557 5758 5803 5804 5805 5806 5807 5808 5809 5810 5811 5812 5813 5814 5815 5816 5817 5818 5819 5823 5824 5825 5826 5827 5832 5833 5834 5835 5836 5837 5838 5839 5840 5841 5842 5843 5844 5845 5846 5847 5848 5849 5850 5851 5852 5853 5854

5855 5879 5887 5898 5899 6063 6064 6065 6066 6967 6968 7181 7751 8007 8008 8054 8107 8108 8109 8114 8229 8230 8231 8296 8297 8566 9032 9065 9134 9135 9136 9137 9138 9199 9212 9645 9646 9652 9653 9656 9687 9688 9689 9694 9695 9696 9697 9698 9699 9700 9701 9706 9707 9708 9709 9733 9734 9745 9746 10006 10008 10033 10034 10114 10199 10418 10419 10487 10488 10489 10492 10538

10679 10748 10892 10893 10894 10895 10896 10897 10898 10899 10901 10979 11362 11364 11365 11502 11505 11524 11537 11656 11657 11788 12041 12042 12043 12044 12071 12123 12124 12147 12178 12179 12180 12181 12183 12184 12250 12295 12304 12305 12332 12333 12346 12347 12348 12349 12350 12351 12597 12657 12658 12659 12660 12724 12809 12810 12817 12903 12955 12972 13071 13141 13142 13143 13144 13145 13146 13212 13213 13214 13215 13216

13217 13218 13267 13268 13269 13270 13309 13347 13351 13425 13426 13473 13520 13521 13522 13523 13524 13525 13526 13527 13528 13529 13569 13570 13582 13583 13584 13585 13586 13587 13588 13593 13595 13596 13597 13598 13599 13600 13612 13625 13626 13643 13758 13943 13944 13945 13946 13947 13948 13949 13950 13951 13952 13955 13956 13957 13982 13983 13995 13996 13997 13998 13999 14000 14068 14227 14234 14499 14668 14669 14750 14771

14772 14774 14806 14952 14956 14979 15090 15091 15092 15245 15300 15301 15345 15346 15347 15348 15349 15350 15364 15428 15429 15612 15709 15768 15905 16109 16110 16111 16113 16114 16161 16162 16188 16291 16292 16293 16294 16307 16308 16309 16390 16407 16421 16479 16480 16481 16620 16621 16622 16645 16646 16684 16685 16690 16691 16692 16693 16694 16695 16696 16697 16698 16699 16700 16702 16847 16893 17019 17027 17035 17058 17258

17415 17416 17417 17418 17419 17420 17421 17422 17423 17424 17425 17426 17427 17428 17448 17476 17479 17481 17482 17497 17521 17522 17523 17524 17525 17526 17527 17528 17537 17538 17540 17541 17542 17543 17682 17689 18056 18104 18105 18106 18107 18126 18127 18129 18130 18170 18180 18181 18290 18291 18374 18417 18436 18438 18508 18509 18510 18616 18617 18651 18729 18834 18910 18915 18948 18949 18952 19005 19058 19179 19180 19194

19195 19196 19243 19261 19262 19263 19264 19266 19267 19268 19269 19270 19271 19272 19273 19274 19407 19408 19409 19410 19411 19617 19771 19832 19865 19872 19874 19875 19876 19879 19880 19881 19882 19883 19884 19885 19886 19887 19888 19914 19977 20015 20016 20017 20018 20019 20020 20044 20061 20062 20063 20066 20070 20071 20072 20073 20096 20097 20098 20099 20119 20129 20130 20131 20136 20137 20167 20171 20191 20192 20193 20194

20195 20196 20197 20198 20199 20200 20201 20218 20239 20256 20257 20258 20259 20260 20261 20268 20332 20333 20334 20335 20336 20402 20487 20489 20601 20605 20630 20631 20632 20634 20635 20636 20637 20638 20639 20640 20673 20674 20675 20676 20677 20678 20679 20680 20681 20682 20769 20815 20816 20838 20839 20840 20841 20842 20843 20845 20846 20868 21006 21007 21098 21099 21135 21136 21137 21138 21139 21140 21141 21150 21151 21152

21153 21154 21155 21183 21197 21310 21311 21312 21396 21412 21461 21462 21463 21464 21465 21499 21512 21539 21540 21541 21542 21543 21544 21545 21548 21549 21550 21551 21552 21553 21634 21682 21813 21814 21837 21838 21845 21860 21898 21890 21912 21913 21947 22005 22007 22008 22022 22023 22024 22025 22029 22031 22032 22034 22048 22049 22050 22051 22052 22053 22225 22226 22322 22327 22328 22756 22887 23092 23202 23203 23310 23316

23334 23335 23345 23366 23367 23372 23382 23422 23423 23432 23433 23466 23488 23489 23513 23514 23515 23559 23560 23609 23610 23825 23826 24016 24017 24018 24019 24092 24093 24150 24164 24165 24169 24170 24174 24229 24242 24251 24252 24253 24254 24255 24256 24257 24258 24259 24260 24261 24262 24263 24264 24265 24266 24267 24275 24276 24277 24284 24285 24289 24292 24293 24296 24297 24298 24299 24342 24343 24497 24575 24576 24650

24718 24951 24952 25079 25080 25234 25334 25384 25448 25477 25729 25730 25767 25792 25866 26188 26189 26190 26192 26193 26200 26317 26319 26516 26668 26784 26834 26989 27141 27191 27192 27200 27250 27395 27403 27409 27426 27524 27559 27568 27580 27583 27584 27585 27593 27751 27761 27762 27763 27784 27785 27816 27817 27840 27854 28031 28032 28033 28034 28035 28062 28063 28064 28340 28744 28745 28746 28748 28749 28750 29069 29114

29421 29451 29452 29453 29454 29455 29554 29574 29781 29799 29800 30674 30775 30776 30777 30778 30790 30889 30890 30891 30892 30893 30894 30895 30896 30899 30900 30910 30911 30915 30919 30936 30939 30971 30972 30974 30977 30979 31130 31456 31509 31520 31521 31532 31533 31534 31535 31536 31537 31538 31539 31540 31541 31542 31543 31544 31545 31546 31547 31548 32015 32244 32286 32296 32544 32545 32546 32754 32755 32756 32761 32762

32763 32764 32765 32766 32767 32768 32769 32770 32771 32772 32773 32774 32775 32776 32777 32778 32779 32780 32781 32782 32783 32784 32785 32786 32787 32788 32789 32790 32791 32792 32793 32794 32795 32796 32797 32798 32799 32800 32801 32802 32803 32804 32873 32874 32879 32889 32890 32891 32892 32893 32894 32895 32896 32897 32898 32900 32901 32902 32903 32904 32905 32967 32968 32969

SERIES "B" FOR $500 EACH.

253 254 1073 1074 1075 1490 1491 1551 1671 2469 2470 3001 3008 3009 3010 3011 3012 3013 3054 3055 3056 3073 3120 3121 3122 3123 3124 3125 3126 3127 3128 3169 3170 3171 3172 3173 3315 3317 3341 3402

Said coupon bonds so designated for redemption will be paid at par and accrued interest on or after said September 1, 1912, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds, with all coupons appertaining thereto maturing on and subsequent to September 1, 1912, at the office of

SPEYER & CO.,	New York,
SPEYER BROTHERS,	London,
LAZARD SPEYER-ELLISSEN,	Frankfort-a-Main,
DEUTSCHE BANK,	Berlin,
CREDIT LYONNAIS,	Paris,
H. UPMANN & CO.,	Havana.

Said payments will be made in the money in which said bonds and the interest thereon are by the terms thereof made payable in the cities in which they are respectively presented.

Upon the presentation and surrender at the office of Speyer & Co. in the City of New York of registered bonds against which coupon bonds bearing the distinguishing serial numbers drawn as above are reserved for exchange, the par value of the bonds bearing the numbers so drawn and the interest accrued up to the said September 1, 1912, will be paid.

Said coupon bonds so drawn and registered bonds or portions of registered bonds against which drawn coupon bonds are held in reserve for exchange shall cease to bear interest from and after the date fixed for redemption in the foregoing notice.

The following bonds drawn for redemption September 1, 1911, have not yet been presented for payment:

SERIES "A" FOR $1,000 EACH.

4422 6354 6949 7549 7550 7551 7552 7812 9611 10988 10989 10995 11421 11810 11815 11883 15621 15622 19514 24149 25489

SERIES "B" FOR $500 EACH.

605 617 677 1270 1271 3205

Interest on these bonds ceased September 1, 1911.

SPEYER & CO.

Dated New York, July 25, 1912.

To Holders of Preferred and Common Stock of

THE WABASH RAILROAD COMPANY

In view of the financial difficulties of the Wabash Railroad Company, and in view of the announced intentions and purposes of the Committees representing First Refunding and Extensions Mortgage Bonds of that Company, it has become important that the holders of the stock of the Company (Preferred and Common) should unite for the protection of their interests.

For this purpose the undersigned, at the request of holders of large amounts of the stock of the Wabash Railroad Company, have consented to act as a Committee under an agreement dated December 19, 1911, (a copy of which is on file at the office of the **Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company, Depositary, 60 Broadway, New York City,**) and request the deposit by stockholders of their shares, under said agreement, with said Depositary. Stock certificates so deposited should be properly indorsed in blank or be accompanied by properly executed instruments for transfer, and properly stamped so as to comply with the laws of the State of New York in respect to the transfer of shares of capital stock. Against such deposit there will be issued certificates of deposit therefor under the agreement above referred to, copies of which agreement may be obtained upon application to the Depositary.

Application will be made in due course to list the certificates of deposit on the New York Stock Exchange.

New York, January 15, 1912.

J. HORACE HARDING, Chairman,
FRANKLIN Q. BROWN,
ARTHUR COPPELL,
CHARLES H. KEEP,
FRANK B. KEECH,
PHILIP LEHMAN,
FRANK K. STURGIS,
Committee.

CARTER, LEDYARD & MILBURN,
Counsel.

PEMBERTON BERMAN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Depositary.

Federal Sugar Com.
Colorado Fuel & Iron Pfd.
Knickerbocker Ice Pfd.
KEEN & WARD
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE,
20 Broad St. Tel. 2645 Rector.

WANTED.
$5,000 Dayton Lighting 5s, 1937.
$2,000 General Baking 5s, 1936.
$5,000 Hocking Valley Prod. 5s, 1961.
100 Mohawk Valley.
FOR SALE.
$5,000 Auto-Sales Gum & C. 6s.
100 Auto-Sales Gum & Choc.
100 Cripple Creek Central Com.
50 Southwest Util. Com.
WM. M. CLARKE
Tel. 1015 Rector. 20 Broad Street.

We Will Buy
Standard Oil
PEABODY & COMPANY
Specialists in Real Estate Securities
42 Broadway New York

ENGINEERS.
Investigation of Public Service Properties, Steam Railroads, Industrial Plants, etc.
43-49 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK.
First National Bank Bldg., Chicago, Ill. Alaska Commercial Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.
J. G. WHITE & COMPANY Inc
Engineers and Contractors.

Standard Oil Issues
Dealt in.
Weed & Gwynne
Hanover 7997-8 25 Wall St.

EXAMINATIONS, DESIGNS & ESTIMATES of ENGINEERING STRUCTURES & PROPERTIES
SCHUYLER B. SCHAFF, 5 BEEKMAN ST., New York City.
Civil Engineer.

Astor Trust Company

Trustee for Personal Trusts

Fifth Avenue & 36th Street
New York

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BENJAMIN ALTMAN, B. Altman & Co.
GEO. F. BAKER, Chairman First National Bank
STEPHEN BAKER, Pres. Bank of the Manhattan Co.
GEO. B. CASE, White & Case, Attorneys
JOHN CLAFLIN, Pres. United Dry Goods Companies
THOMAS COCHRAN, JR., Vice-President
E. C. CONVERSE, President
H. P. DAVISON, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
JOHN I. DOWNEY, Building Construction
ELBERT H. GARY, Chairman, U. S. Steel Corporation
ROBERT WALTON GOELET
FRANCIS L. HINE, Pres. First National Bank
THOMAS W. LAMONT, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
RANALD H. MACDONALD, Real Estate
EDGAR L. MARSTON, Blair & Co., Bankers
J. B. MARTINDALE, Pres. Chemical National Bank
GATES W. McGARRAH, Pres. Mechanics & Metals Nat. Bank
CHARLES A. PEABODY, Pres. Mutual Life Insurance Co.
D. E. POMEROY, Vice-Pres. Bankers Trust Co.
WILLIAM H. PORTER, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
SEWARD PROSSER, Pres. Liberty National Bank
DANIEL G. REID, Rock Island System
DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Real Estate
ARCHIBALD D. RUSSELL
ALEXANDER H. STEVENS, Vice-President
BENJAMIN STRONG, JR., Vice-Pres. Bankers Trust Co.
CHARLES L. TIFFANY, Vice-Pres. Tiffany & Co.
THEODORE N. VAIL, Pres. American Tel. & Tel. Co.
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Pres. Chase National Bank

Interest Paid on Daily Balances

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY
Allows Interest on Deposits, Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
28 Nassau Street
Capital & Surplus, $23,000,000
Resources, over $225,000,000

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Capital $2,000,000
Surplus $7,000,000

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY
of the City of New York
49 Wall Street
Transacts banking and trust business

New York Realty Owners

Assets $3,500,000
Cap. & Sur. $2,500,000

A strong, efficient Corporation engaged in the acquisition of New York Real Estate for the INCOME FROM PERMANENT OWNERSHIP—a highly profitable enterprise from which chance and risk are reduced to a minimum. Sixteen years of increasing prosperity under the same management, with unbroken interest and dividend record for the entire period. It offers

6.66% CONV. BONDS

Exchangeable at maturity (10 years) for stock and Income Bonds sharing in full profits and ownership of surplus.

$5 in assets against each $1 of Bonds provide UNQUESTIONED SECURITY. Before placing your funds, large or small, ask us for Circular T, which shows why this Company is the

Strongest and Most Successful
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

5½% IS WHAT YOUR MONEY WILL EARN IN GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES ON NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE

Legal investments for Trust Funds and Trust Estates. We have amounts from $500 to $100,000.

Our booklet "A" explains. Sent upon request.

FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE COMPANY
Bridge Plaza North, Long Island City, N. Y.

SPECIALIST IN
Marconis
Standard Oil
U. S. Motors
El Paso Cons.
Am. Mach. & Fdy. Co.

We execute orders in all outside Bonds and Stocks.
Exceptionally fast service on London business.

L. P. CARTIER,
30 Broad St., New York.

BANK of the METROPOLIS
31 Union Square, N. Y.
Organized 1871
Member of New York Clearing House
Capital - - - $1,000,000
Surplus - - - $2,100,000

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Aug. 17, 1912.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Adirond. El. P..	$9,500,000	..	..	....	26	28
Do preferred	2,500,000	..	..	....	70	72
Albany So. 5s..	$1,302,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	99
A. G. & E. ($50)	2,500,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 12	82½	..
Do pf. ($50)..	1,537,500	1½	Q	Aug. 1, 12	48¾	50
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,631,400	..	..	....	69	70
Do 6% cum.pf	3,106,800	1½	Q	July 1, 12	85	86½
Do opt. warr.	1,604,000	..	..	....	13	14
Do 6% notes,'21	2,081,000	3	S	F. & A.	97½	99½
Appalach. Pow.	6,000,000	..	..	....	24½	25½
Do preferred	2,180,000	..	..	....	72½	73½
Ariz. Power....	3,000,000	..	..	....	10	14
Do preferred	850,000	..	..	....	50	55
Asheville L. & P 1st s. f. 5s, '42	1,100,000	2½	S	A. & O.	93½	96
Aub. & Syr. El. R. R., tax ex.	1,460,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	101½
Aug.-Aik. R. & E. s. f. 5s, '35.	2,800,000	2½	S	J. & D.	90	95
Do pf. stock	1,500,000	1½	Q	Jun 29, 12	75	85
Do common..	2,250,000	1½	V	Dec 30, 11	25	35
Aug. Ry. & El. 1st 5s of '40...	967,000	5	S	J. & D.	102	104
Au., E. & C. R. R. 1st 5s, '41.	3,000,000	5	S	A. & O.	101½	102
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	908,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95½	97½
Ben. Har.-St. J. 1st 5s, '35....	810,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93	95
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	92	93½
Do ref. ex. 6s, '57	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	104	105
Buf. Cr't'n 1st5s	2,974,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104½	105
Buff. Gen. El. 5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	102	102¾
Buff. & Lacka. 1st 5s of '28...	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	90	96
B. & L. E. 5s, '36	7,066,000	2½	S	M. & N.	65	70
B. & Lockp. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B. & N. Falls E. L. & P. 1st5s, '42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99	100
Butte E.&P.Co.	4,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 12	119	121
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	May 1, 12	79	..
Do 1st 5s, '51	4,329,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	97½
Cal. Elec. Gen. Co. pf........	600,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 12	79	80
Capital Trac...	12,000,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 12	124	126
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	111	111½
Central Maine Power 1st 5s..	1,923,000	5	S	M. & N.	97	99
Cent. Mex. L. & P. pf.	1,250,000	..	..	....	65	..
Do 6s, 1940..	1,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	89	93½
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923.......	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102½	..
Chi.-Terre H. & S. E 1st 5s...	3,100,000	2½	S	J. & D.	..	98
Citz. L,H.&P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Clev. El.R 5s,'13	4,651,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99¾	..
Clevel'd Ry. 1st 5s, '31	5,349,000	2½	S	M. & S.	101	..
Col. Spgs. El.1st 5s, '20	......	..	..	....	97	100
Col. Spgs. L. & P. 1st 5s, '19..	......	..	..	....	97	100
Colum. R., G. & E. 1st 5s, '36..	2,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
Do common..	2,000,000	..	..	....	50	..
Do preferred	840,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	89	93
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble..	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	101	102¼
Do unstamp..	1,709,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101½	102¼
Con. Gas, E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	11,564,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	88⅝	89
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jul 15, 12	76	76¾
Do 1st 5s, '33.	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104	104⅝
Consum. El. & P. 5s, '36......	1,481,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	98
Consum. Power (Mich.) 5s, '36	8,407,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	96	98
C. Pow. (Minn.) 1st 5s, '29....	9,539,500	2½	S	M. & N.	90	92
Dallas El. Corp. 5s, '22	3,659,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95	98
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s.'56	1,621,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	100
Elec. Util. Cor.	2,250,000	..	..	....	29	33
Do preferred	1,500,000	1½	Q	Jul 15, 12	84	87
El Paso E.5s,'32	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
Emp. Dis. El.5s	1,925,000	2½	S	M. & N.	88	90
Erie & Sub. Ry. 5s, '41	970,000	2½	S	A. & O.	85	90
Fed. L. & T. Co	4,750,000	..	..	....	38½	39
Do preferred	2,500,000	1½	Q	June 1, 12	83½	86
Ft. Smith L. & T. pf.	1,410,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 12	92½b	95b
Ft. Worth P. & Lt. 1st 5s.....	1,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	98½
Gas & El.Sec.Co	1,000,000	..	..	....	125	160
Do preferred	1,000,000	7	A	Monthly	93	..
Guanaj.P. & E.	3,500,000	..	..	....	34	35½
Do preferred	1,500,000	1½	Q	May 1, 12	70	75
Do 6s, '32..	1,425,000	3	S	A. & O.	92½	95
Hamburg Ry. 4s of '26	650,000	2	S	M. & N.	83	86
Harwood El. 5s, '39	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	..
Ind. Un. Trac. 1st 5s	1,620,000	2½	S	A. & O.	76	80
Int. Ry. of Buf.:						
Buf. Div.5s,'31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	105	105½
Do deb.6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	104	105½
L.&O.Div.1st5s	800,000	3	S	M. & S.	98	100
B.&L.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B.&N.FD.1st5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104½	105
Int. Trac. 4s,'49 receipts	18,315,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	80½
J. C., H. & P.4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	80	80½
Joplin & Pit.Ry. 5s, 1930	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..	....	14	16
Do preferred	9,407,500	1½	Q	Mar 1, 11	39	41
Do 1st l.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	89½	91½
Do cv. 6s. '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & N.	91	..
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	105	105¾
K. C. Elv. 4s,'22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	75	80
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	80	85
K.C. Met. St.Ry cn.ex.1st 5s,'13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95	97½
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926...	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	93
Kan. G. & E. pf	1,500,000	1¾	Q	J,M,J,O	97½b	100b
Do 5s of '22..	2,660,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	98
Leav'nw'h L.,H. & P. 5s.......	675,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	96
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33	1,959,000	2½	S	A. & O.	104¾	..
L. Rock H. S. & W. R.R. 4s,'39	1,140,000	4	S	J. & J.	83¾	..
Lockport G. & E. 5s of '20...	300,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	100
Do L., H. & P. 5s, '38...	409,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	95
Los A.G. & E.5s	4,693,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99
Met. El. (Reading) 5s of '39.	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	98	100
Min.St.Ry.6s.'13	600,000	3	S	M. & N.	103½	104½
Mobile Elec. pf	852,000	1¾	Q	May 15,12	92½b	95b
Do 1st 6s, '46.	1,696,000	[illegible]	S	M. & N.	90	92½
Muskogee G. & E. pf.	1,438,500	1¾	Q	Jun 15, 11	95b	97½b
Do 1st 5s, '26	1,078,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	101
Nat. L, H. & P. col. tr. 5s,'19,B	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97⅝	100
Nat. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s,'20,C	460,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97¼	99
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. 1st 5s...	2,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101½	103
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes. 1912....	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
N. F. Pow.5s.'32	10,000,000	2½	S	Jul 15, 12	101½	102¼
Niag., L. & O.P. 5s, '54	4,850,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	94
N.Y.& Westch'r LtgG M4s,2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	84½	86
N.Hud.Co Ry.5s	1,291,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
N. I. & Mont. P	4,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	9½	12
Do preferred	2,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr., 1912	50	55
Do 1st 6s, '31	10,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	89	92
Nor. Jersey Ry. 1st 4s, 1948...	15,000,000	2	S	M. & N.	80	81
N. O. Ry. & Lt. 4½s of '35	17,544,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	87⅛	87½
Nor. St. Power.	6,225,000	..	..	....	30	31
Do preferred	7,386,700	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 12	88b	90b
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	102½
Okla. Ry. 5s....	2,630,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92½	94½
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,814,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	99
Ont. P. stock...	8,509,000	..	..	....	58	60
Ontario Pow. 5s	8,566,000	2½	S	F. & A.	94¾	95
Do deb. 6s,'21	3,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	94½	95½
Ont. Transmis. 1st 5s, 1945...	1,838,000	2½	S	M. & N.	91½	92½
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s.'28	1,657,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	100
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	101
Ottum. R.&L.pf	850,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 12	92b	95b
Do 1st 5s, '24	1,044,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	92
Pac. L. & P. 5s, '51	10,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	100
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30.	8,220,000	2½	S	M. & N.	101¼	102½
Port. R. L. & P. 5% notes,'14	4,273,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	99¼
Port. Gen. El.5s	8,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	103
Prescott G. & E 1st 6s, '40.....	250,000	3	S	J. & J.	90	93
Pub. S. Cor.ctfs	19,970,440	1½	Q	Jun 29, 12	109	110½
Pub U Cor.($50)	1,000,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 12	$50	..
Do pf. ($50)...	500,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 12	$47½	$50
Queens Boro. G. & E. 5s of '52	1,600,000	5	S	J. & J.	98½	100
Rep. R. & L. Co	5,200,000	..	..	....	29	31
Do preferred	6,360,000	1½	Q	Jul 15, 12	81¾	82½
Rich. L., H. & P. 5s of '14...	200,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Roanoke R. & E 5s '53	V	5	S	J. & D.	97½	..
Roanoke T. & L 5s, 58	2,400,000	2½	S	F. & A.	92	95
Roch Ry. & L.5s	9,101,000	2½	..	J. & J.	101¼	..
Same bond, tax exempt N. Y.	......	..	..	....	101½	..
Roch., Syr. & E. 5s of '45...	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	84	86
Rockld.L.& P.5s	605,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Rockf'd (Ill.) E. 5s of '39	1,504,000	5	S	M. & S.	96	97½
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s,'46	1,702,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93½	97
St. Jos.(Mo.) R., L., H. & P.5s.	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	..
St. Louis R. R. (B'way Cable) 4½s, 1920	1,948	2¼	S	M. & N.	98	98¼
Sagn. Val. Tr.5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97½	..
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s	1,150,000	..	S	F. & A.	97	..
San Diego Con. G.&E.1st5s.'39	3,175,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	..
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23....	1,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	2,770,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103½
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	60	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	62½	70
Do con.5s,'32	1,100,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 12	100	101½
Seattle Elec. Co con. 5s, '29....	7,417,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98½	100
Seattle Ltg. 5s.	3,701,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95	97
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s...	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	95
So. Cal. Ed'nCo.	7,200,000	1¼	Q	Jul 15, 12	81½	83
Do 5s	9,975,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	98
South'n Pow. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99½	101
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s.	4,057,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Spgfld. (Mo.) R. & L.F.L.5s.'26	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93½	96
Superior W.,L.& P. 1st 4s. 1931.	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	82	83½
Stan G&E ($50)	9,343,150	..	..	....	$23¾	$24¼
Do pf. ($50)..	10,977,950	2	Q	June, 1912	$50½	$51½b
Tampa El.1st 5s	932,500	2½	S	J. & J.	98	..
Tenn. R., L.&P.	20,000,000	..	..	....	25¼	25½
Do preferred	10,250,000	..	..	....	79⅝	79⅝
Tex. Tr. 1st 5s.	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
Tri-City R. & L.	9,000,000	..	..	....	56	..
Do preferred	2,826,200	1½	Q	July 1, 12	90	96
Do 5s of '23..	8,207,000	2½	S	A. & O.	..	98½
Unit. Elec. N.J. 4s, '49.......	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	82¾	83½
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s....	4,428,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	93½	95
U. Ry. & Elec. (Balt.) inc. 4s.	14,000,000	2	S	J. & D.	64¼	64½
UG & E of NJ.5s	1,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	..
United Util....	5,000,000	..	..	....	28	..
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 12	98½	101b
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s,'41	2,268,000	4½	S	M. & S.	96	97½
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	10,345,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	96½
Wash. R. & El.	5,500,000	1	Q	June 1, 12	91½	96
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	June 1, 12	95½	95½
Do con. 4s,'51	10,244,000	2	S	M. & S.	85½	85¾
Wash.-Va. Ry..	1,378,000	1½	S	May 1, 12	51	51¾
Do preferred	1,000,000	2	S	May 1, 12	79½	80¼
West'n Power..	14,670,000	..	..	....	32	33
Do 6% cum.pf	6,000,000	6	..	....	60	61
West Penn. Rys 5s of '31......	V	5	S	A. & O.	101	101½
West. St. G.&.E	3,503,000	..	..	....	60	65
Do preferred	1,800,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 12	95b	100b
Do 1st & ref. 5s, '41	8,400,000	2½	S	J. & D.	92½	95
Wheel. El. 5s,'41	877,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94½	96½
Y'gst'n & O. R. 1st 5s, '35....	1,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97⅝	98½

b—And dividends or interest accrued.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Bank Note Co. ($50)......	$5,000,000	1	Q	Aug 15,12	50	51½
Do pf. ($50)..	5,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	52½	54
Amer. Chicle...	6,000,000	1	M	Jul 20, 12	220	226
Do preferred	8,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	103	106
Am. Glue Co....	800,000	‡3	S	May 1, 12	106½	110
Do preferred	1,600,000	4	S	Feb 1, 12	145½	147½
Am. Graphoph..	1,500,000	[illegible]	..	1907	41	45
Do preferred	1,500,000	7	..	Aug 15,12	75	80
Am. Loco. 5s,'14	2,000,000	5	S	A. & O.	100¼	100¾
Am. Screw.....	3,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 29, 12	161	163
Am. Typefd....	4,000,000	1	Q	Jul 15, 12	46½	48
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 12	100	103
Do deb.6s,'39	1,900,000	3	S	M. & N.	100¼	101½
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	Oct. 1	3¾	4¼
Ast. V'neer Mis. & Dock 6s, '41	490,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105
Arlington Mills	8,000,000	8	S	J. & J.	119	121
Atl. Port. Cem.	11,000,000	..	..	....	60	65
Do 1st 6s, '25	4,400,000	3	S	M. & S.	100	105
Bab. & Wilcox.	15,000,000	7	Q	J,A,J,O	107	108½
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36..	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	88	90
Bliss, E. W., Co.	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	75	85
Do preferred	1,250,000	2	Q	July 1, 12	123	125
Bord. C. Milk..	21,250,000	4	S	Aug 15,12	122¼	123½
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Sep 15, 12	108¼	109½
Brit.-Am. Tob..	V	V	V	V	22⅛	22⅜
Case, J. I., pf...	8,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 12	101	102
Cay. Cog. Tob. 6% nts.,'13-'15	......	3	S	A. & O.	99½	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	143	144
Central C. & C.	5,125,000	1½	Q	Jul 15, 12	87	90
Do preferred	1,875,000	1¼	Q	Jul 15, 12	81½	83
Cen. Fireworks.	1,406,800	1	..	1907	1½	3
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	A	March 1	20	24
Chesebr'gh Mfg	500,000	‡$10	Q	Sep 2, 12	850	900
Consol. Coal ref s. f. 4½s, '34..	4,983,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	92	93
1st s. f. 5s,'50	13,596,000	2	S	J. & D.	93⅝	93⅞
Con. Rub. Tire.	4,000,000	..	..	....	15	15½
Do preferred	1,149,500	..	..	....	55	59
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	8,595,200	..	..	....	15	16
Cramp, Wm., & Sons 1st 5s...	1,200,000	5	S	M. & S.	100	101
Crocker-Wh'ler.	1,700,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 12	89	88½
Do preferred	500,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 12	105	107
Diam. St. Tel. 1st 5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	..
Fairmount Coal 5s of '31......	5,232,000	5	S	J. & J.	96	97
Fed. Sugar 5% notes, '14	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	99¼
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 12	75	76
Goodrich,BF,Co	60,000,000	1	..	Aug 15,12	72	73
Do preferred	30,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 12	107½	108¼
Hav. Tobacco..	29,790,700	..	..	....	5	7
Hav. Tob. pf...	4,703,800	..	..	....	9	14
Houston Oil....	20,000,000	..	..	....	14⅝	14¾
Int. Nickel.....	11,582,626	5½	..	Sep 3, 12	311	317
Int. Textb. Co.	6,000,000	10	Q	July 1, 12	143	146
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 12	71	72
Jeff. & Clear.C. & I. Ind. Co. 1st 5s, '50...	1,686,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	..
K. C. Stocky'ds	8,250,000	1½	Q	May 1, 12	98	99
Do cv. 5s, '13	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	100
Do 5s, '20..	V	V	V	V	100	101
Kayser, Jul., Co	6,750,000	1	Q	July 1, 12	90	92
Do preferred	2,900,000	1¾	Q	May 1, 12	110	111
Kolb Bakery pf	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr., 1912	..	98⅝
Lanston Mono..	6,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	91¾	92
L. V. Coal Sales	6,060,800	..	..	....	255	260
Marconi of Am. (new)	10,000,000	..	..	....	7⅝	7¾
Mays Oil ($1)..	875,000	..	..	....	25	30
McAndrew & F.	V	V	V	V	195	205
Merg. Linotype	12,797,800	†3	Q	Jun 29, 12	226	226½
Monon Coal 1st 5s, '36	2,625,000	2½	S	J. & D.	93½	94
Mtn. St. T. & T.	22,656,900	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 12	108½	109½
Otis Elevator...	6,371,500	1	Q	Jul 15, 12	72	76
Do preferred	6,451,100	1½	Q	Jul 15, 12	102	104
Pack'd Mto. Car 5% notes, '16..	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	99
Penn. Textile...	1,575,000	..	..	....	18	18¼
Poc. Con. Col. 1st 5s, '57.....	4,628,300	2½	S	J. & J.	86½	88
Proc. & Gamble	12,000,000	3	Q	Aug 15,12	410	425
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Jul 15, 12	188	..
Roch. & Pitts. C. & I. s. f. 4½s, '32	1,733,000	2¼	S	F. & A.	93½	..
Royal Bak. P..	10,000,000	3	Q	Jun 29, 12	208	218
Do. 6% cum.pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Jun 29, 12	109	110
Saf. C., H. & L.	9,862,000	2	Q	July 1, 12	116¾	117½
Singer Mfg.....	60,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 12	288	290
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	2	S	Dec 30, 11	35	40
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Dec 30, 11	106	110
Stand. Oil, N. J.	100,000,000	$5	Q	Sep 16, 12	416	418
Do subs. stks	......	..	..	....	630	660
Stern Bros. pf...	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Sep. 2, 12	85	89
Studebaker Cor.	30,000,000	..	..	....	45	45½
Do preferred	13,500,000	1¾	Q	Sep. 3, 12	95	96¼
Temple Iron 4s.	2,500,000	6	A	J. & J.	104⅝	105½
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	41½	43
Do 1st pf....	4,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 12	110	113
Do 2d pf....	5,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 12	107	110
Unit. Cig. Mfrs.	15,000,000	1	Q	Aug 31,12	53¾	57
Un. Cig. St.Am.	27,162,000	..	..	....	90	92
Do preferred	4,527,000	..	..	....	118	119
U. S. Env. 5s..	1,950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	103½
Do preferred	3,750,000	3½	S	Sep. 1, 12	118	121
Do common..	750,000	..	..	....	101	106
U. S. Equip. Co. 6% notes, '16..	......	3	S	J. & D.	99	100
U.S.Worsted pf.	2,840,600	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 12	..	80
West. Elec. 1st 5s, '22........	8,750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¾	102⅝

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust....	$1,250,000	2	Q	Aug 1, 12	410	420
Bankers' Trust.	10,000,000	5	Q	July 1, 12	580	585
Bd. & Mtg.Guar.	5,000,000	3½	Q	Aug 1, 12	282	288
Broadway Tr..	1,000,000	1½	Q	Aug 1, 12	175	185
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	July 1, 12	470	480
Columbia-Kn'k-erbocker	2,000,000	5	Q	Jun 29, 12	570	580
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	July 1, 12	1040	1060
Citizens'	500,000	3	S	Mar 1, 12	150	..
Commercial ...	500,000	..	..	....	100	102
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jun 29, 11	300	310
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Jun 29, 12	540	545
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25).	1,000,000	12½	Q	Aug 1, 12	1365	1390
Fidelity	1,000,000	3	S	Jun 29, 12	218	222
Franklin	1,000,000	6	S	Jun 29, 12	260	275
Fulton	500,000	5	S	July 1, 12	315	325
Guaranty	5,000,000	‡10	Q	July 1, 12	1005	1015
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	..	100
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Aug 1, 12	270	275
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	105	..
Hudson Trust..	500,000	3	S	July 1, 12	140	150
Kings County..	500,000	4	Q	Aug 1, 12	520	535
LawyersMtg.Co	4,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	220	224
Lawyers T. Ins. & Trust Co..	4,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	225	228
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	125	135
Long Island....	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	300	310
Metropolitan ...	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 29, 12	450	460
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Jun 30, 12	105	109
Mutual Alliance	1,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	135	149
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Aug 1, 12	150	155
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Jun 29, 12	635	645
N. Y. L. I. & T.	1,000,000	20	S	Jun 10, 11	1030	1060
N. Y. Mtg. & Sec. Co	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	208	212
People's Trust..	1,000,000	1	M	July 1, 12	295	300
Realty Assoc..	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15, 12	113	116
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Jun 29, 12	365	375
T. Guar. & Tr..	4,375,000	5	Q	Jun 30, 12	586	590
Title Insurance	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 12	116	120
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Apr 10, 12	1300	1320
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 28, 12	465	477
United States..	2,000,000	25	S	July 1, 12	1110	1125
Washington Tr.	500,000	4	Q	July 1, 12	400	410
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 20, 10	185	190

*New stock.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend.			Quotation Aug. 17, 1912.	
		Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Altoona G.5s,'32	$750,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	100
Am. Lt. & Trac	10,395,400	2½s	Q	May 1, 12	413	418
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	May 1, 12	111	112
Aub. Gas 1st 5s.	300,000	5	S	J. & J.	97½	..
B'klyn Boro. 1st 5s, '38	......	..	..	....	..	100½
Buffalo Gas....	7,000,000	..	..	....	.. 6	6½
Buff. Gas pf..	1,713,000	..	..	....	..	16
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,900,000	2½	S	A. & O.	65	64½
Burlington 1st 5s, '55	......	..	..	....	93½	94½
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	102	103
Cities Service..	5,499,430	1-3	M	Aug 1, 12	110	113
Do preferred	10,195,360	½	M	July 1, 12	90¼	91
Citz. G. & F. 1st ref. 5s, '60....	477,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95½	97
Do 1st 5s, '22	......	..	..	....	97	100
Colum. G. & F.	3,000,000	½	Q	June 1, 12	35	36½
Do preferred.	5,500,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 12	70	72
††Con.G. of N.J. 1st con.5s.1936	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	101
Cons. Water Co. of Utica 1st mtg. 5s of '30.	2,500,000	5	S	J. & J.	100½	..
Do deb. mtg. 5s of '30....	905,000	5	S	J. & J.	89	93
Dayton Gas 5s.	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98½	..
Denver G. & E.	7,001,300	¼	M	July 1, 12	220	..
Do gen. 5s..	6,000,300	2½	S	M. & N.	95½	96½
Det. City G. pr. lien 5s of '23..	5,619,000	5	S	J. & J.	101½	..
E. Ohio G. 1st 5s	14,500,000	5	S	J. & J.	98	101
Elmira Wat., L. & R.R. con. 5s	2,166,000	2½	S	M. & S.	91	95
Do 1st 5s, '49	1,661,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	104
Gd. Rap. G.L.5s	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99	101
Houston G.5s,'20	961,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98½	..
Hud. Co. Gas...	10,500,000	4	S	June 1, 12	139	139
Do 1st 5s...	10,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104½	105
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	1	S	Apr. 1, 12	40	44
Do 1st 4s. '58	3,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	71	72
Ind'apolis ($50).	2,000,000	..	..	....	38	45
Do 1st 5s,1952	4,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	89	91
Ind'olis Wat. 5s	2,431,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100¼	100½
J'ksonville5s,'37	1,200,000	1¼	Q	M,J,S,D	104¾	..
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	15	15½
Do 1st 6s, '16.	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	97½	100
Do 2d 6s, '18.	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	68	71
Kings Co. Ltg. 1st 5s, tax ex.	2,428,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	..	..	....	42	45
Do 5s, '41...	796,000	5	S	J. & D.	83	88
Mich. Lt. pf....	2,144,000	½	Q	July 1, 12	96¼	..
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27.	7,932,000	2	SA	M. & N.	90¼	91⅛
Minneap. Gas 5s	800,000	8	S	J. & J.	101½	102½
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¼	102¼
N. Y. & E. R. con. 5s. 1945..	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	103
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. 1st 5s	816,000	2½	S	Sep 1, 12	99	100
Nor. Union Gas 5s of '27.....	3,500,000	..	..	....	99½	101
Okla. G. & El. 5s, '29	2,482,000	2½	S	A. & O.	96¼	98½
Pacific G. & E.	31,908,750	1¼	..	Aug 15,12	64⅜	64⅝
Do gen. & ref 5s, '42	20,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91⅝	92⅛
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	May 15,12	91¾	92⅝
Portl'd G.&C.5s	3,405,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98½	100
Do pfd. stock	1,350,000	1¾	Q	May 1, 12	102	106
Scran. G. & W. 1st 5s, '23....	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103
Do deb. 5s,'35	421,000	5	S	J. & J.	101¾	102½
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	125	133
Do 1st 5s, '53	12,378,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99½	100
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,490,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103½	104¼
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	2	S	Dec 30, 11	60	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	3	S	Dec 30, 11	90	100
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104	106
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	..	..	....	101½	103
Syrac. L. & P. col tr. 5s, g.,'54	5,506,500	2½	S	J. & J.	85¾	86½
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51...	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100¾	102
Washington G.	2,600,000	V	V	V	84½	84½
Do 5s, 1960..	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	110⅝	111
West. N.Y.Wat.	5,000,000	..	..	....	..	6
Wilkesbarre G. & E. 1st 5s,'55	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.....	$500,000	2	Q	July 1, 12	200	210
America	1,500,000	14	S	July 1, 12	610	625
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	May 1, 12	237	242
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 12	135	140
Bowery	250,000	‡6	Q	Aug 1, 12	400	..
Bronx Borough.	150,000	10	S	July 1, 12	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)...	300,000	3	S	July 1, 12	130	140
Century	500,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	230	240
Chase National.	5,000,000	5	Q	July 1, 12	725	775
Chat.-Phen.Nat.	2,250,000	2	Q	July 1, 12	180	185
*Chelsea Exch..	400,000	6	S	A. & O.	150	..
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	July 1, 12	440	450
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	177	183
City (National).	25,000,000	5	S	May 1, 12	420	425
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 12	158	162
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	July 1, 12	450	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	July 1, 12	330	345
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 12	197	199
Corn Exchange.	3,000,000	4	Q	Aug 1, 12	315	322
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 12	90	105
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	May 1, 12	165	175
Fifth Avenue..	100,000	‡150	Q	July 1, 12	4400	..
Fifth National..	250,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	300	350
First National..	10,000,000	7	Q	July 1, 12	1005	1025
Fourth Nat....	5,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 12	200	203
Garfield Nat...	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 29, 12	275	285
Ger.-Am. ($75)..	750,000	3	S	Aug 1, 12	142	148
German Exch..	200,000	10	S	July 1, 12	400	450
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	May 1, 12	..	575
Gotham Nat....	200,000	..	..	....	162	167
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	July 1, 12	250	255
Hanover Nat...	3,000,000	4	Q	July 1, 12	700	..
Harriman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	290	300
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	July 1, 12	560	565
Internat. B'k'g..	3,250,000	3	S	Jun 29, 12	85	..
Irv. Nat. Exch..	2,000,000	‡21	Q	July 1, 12	200	210
Liberty Nat....	1,000,000	5	Q	July 1, 12	600	..
Lincoln Nat....	1,000,000	2½	Q	Aug 1, 12	870	890
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	7	S	July 1, 12	340	345
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	252	260
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	May 10,12	258	265
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	July 1, 12	185	195
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	July 1, 12	187	202
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	May 1, 12	355	380
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 12	194	197
Mount Morris..	250,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	190	198
Mutual	200,000	4	S	July 1, 12	275	295
Nat. Nassau...	1,000,000	4	S	May 1, 12	205	..
Nat. Reserve...	1,200,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 11	92	96
N. Netherland..	200,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 12	210	225
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	July 1, 12	335	350
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	July 1, 12	830	870
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Apr 15, 12	170	174
Pacific ($50)....	500,000	2	Q	Aug 1, 12	260	265
Park National..	5,000,000	4	Q	July 1, 12	367	373
People's ($25)..	200,000	5	S	July 1, 12	250	270
Seaboard Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	415	450
Second Nat.....	1,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	395	410
Security	1,000,000	3	S	Aug 1, 12	135	145
Sherman Nat...	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	July 1, 12	..	265
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 12	165	180
Union Ex. Nat..	1,000,000	4	S	July 1, 12	158	166
Wash. Heights.	100,000	2	Q	Jun 29, 12	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	July 1, 12	600	650
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	July 1, 12	585	610

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety..	$2,500,000	3	Q	Jun 29, 12	310	325
City of N. Y...	500,000	2½	Q	July 1, 12	175	200
Commonwealth	500,000	5	S	July 1, 12	325	..
Continental ...	2,000,000	25	S	Jul 18, 12	980	995
Empire City....	400,000	5	S	Jan 22, 12	180	..
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	460	500
Fidelity-Phenix	2,500,000	5	S	Jul 18, 12	315	325
Germ. Alliance.	400,000	7½	S	Jul 15, 12	285	295
Germ. Amer.....	2,000,000	15	S	Jul 15, 12	530	540
Germania ($50).	1,000,000	10	S	July 3, 12	300	310
Germania Life..	200,000	15	S	Jul 24, 12	215	..
Globe&Rutgers.	400,000	10	S	Jan 30, 12	500	..
Hanover ($50)..	1,000,000	4	Q	July 1, 12	200	210
Home Fire.....	3,000,000	17½	S	July 1, 12	705	715
Home Life......	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡18	S	F. & A.	400	420
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	150	170
Nassau ($50)...	200,000	5	Q	Jul 11, 12	145	155
National Surety	2,000,000	3	Q	July 1, 12	223	230
Niagara ($50)..	1,000,000	15	S	July 3, 12	320	340
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Apr., 1912	150	160
Pacific ($25)...	200,000	‡7	S	Jan 10,12	175	..
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	10	A	V	450	500
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
Un. States ($20)	400,000	3½	S	Mar, 1912	125	135
U. S. Casualty..	500,000	2½	Q	July 1, 12	190	210
U. S. Life.....	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	96	106
W'sb'g City($50)	250,000	10	S	Jan., 1912	400	..

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock..	900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	15	25
Do 1st 4s, '50	700,000	4	S	J. & J.	70	80
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	Q	J,A,J,O	165	175
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 12	163	166
Cen. C't'n 6s,'22	250,000	3	S	M. & N.	90	..
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	5	12
C. Isl. & B. stk.	2,983,000	2	Q	Feb., 1907	100	..
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	J,A,J,O	130	140
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	4	Q	J,A,J,O	275	290
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	4½	Q	F,M,A,N	..	..
Hud Tunnels:						
Hud. & M. R.R.	39,994,890	..	..	....	16	18
Do 5% pf....	5,242,151	..	..	....	25	30
Do 1st m.con	64,379,000	4½	S	F. & A.	76	77
Hud. Cos. 7% pf	16,000,000	..	..	....	50	58
Do 6% nts,'13	8,000,000	3	S	A. & O.¶	99⅞	100⅛
NY & NJ 5s,'52	5,000,000	2½	S	F. & A.	102	104
N. Y. Railways	13,210,934	..	..	....	27	35
Ninth Avenue..	800,000	2	Q	....	150	..
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 00	2	6
2d Av. Ry. 1st con. 5s, '48...	5,631,000	2½	S	Feb 1, 08	35	45
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	F,M,A,N	120	130
34th St. Cross-town 1st 5s,'96	1,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	96	100

¶Also E. & A.

THE LEADER

Thus far in August The New York Times has printed 21,258 lines of Financial advertisements, a greater volume by 9,537 lines than any other New York newspaper, morning or evening.

Fraudulent advertisements excluded.

The New York Times reaches a larger number of investors than any other newspaper in the world.

Fiduciary Service

For very obvious reasons, trusts under which individuals are named as trustees are apt to be at some disadvantage compared to those handled by the specialized service of a trust company.

This Company is authorized by the laws of the State of New York to act in various fiduciary capacities, in all of which its service is prompt, efficient and economical. It acts as executor or trustee under wills; administrator of the estates of deceased persons; guardian of minors; committee of incompetent persons; and as trustee to execute all kinds of trusts.

Correspondence or a personal interview cordially invited.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
28 Nassau Street
Fifth Avenue Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St.
London Office, 33 Lombard St., E. C.
Capital and Surplus $23,000,000
Deposits 190,000,000

Exemption from Personal Taxation
may be had under the
SECURED DEBTS TAX LAW.

Windsor Trust Company

Offers its services in securing such exemption for its patrons, relieving them of the necessary detail of the presentation of securities for stamping, etc., at the State Comptroller's Office. A pamphlet on the subject will be mailed on request.

Clark Williams, President

Downtown Office — Cedar and Nassau Streets
Uptown Office — 47th Street and Fifth Avenue

THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
25 BROAD ST. NEW YORK CITY

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee, Receiver, Fiscal Agent for Corporations and Individuals, Trustee of Corporation Mortgages, Transfer Agent and Registrar. Takes full charge of real and personal property.

ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHEQUE.
ISSUES INTEREST BEARING CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

OFFICERS
William C. Lane, President
James M. Pratt, Vice-Pres.
Edward M. F. Miller, Treas.
E. Brainerd Bulkley, Asst. Secy.
Frank K. Sturgis, Vice-Pres.
William C. Cox, Vice-Pres.
Charles M. Billings, Secretary
Zelah Van Loan, Asst. Secy.

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Company of New York
MAIN OFFICE: 80 BROADWAY.
Fifth Avenue Branch, 425 Fifth Avenue, corner 38th St.
Plaza Branch, 786 Fifth Avenue, corner 60th St.
Modern Safe Deposit Vaults at Both Branches
Capital $1,000,000 Surplus (earned) $7,900,000
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
Acts as Executor, Guardian, Trustee, Administrator and in all Fiduciary Capacities on behalf of Individuals, Institutions or Corporations.

STATE OF NEW YORK
BANKING DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS OF THE INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, being Chapter 2 of the Consolidated Laws, and the amendments thereto, notice is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against the Industrial Savings and Loan Company, New York, N. Y., to present the same to the undersigned, Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, and make legal proof thereof at the office of the Industrial Savings and Loan Company, 12th floor, Times Building, New York City, N. Y., on or before October 15th, 1912.

GEORGE C. VAN TUYL, JR.,
Superintendent of Banks.
Dated July 15th, 1912.

W. S. BARSTOW & CO.
INCORPORATED
CONSULTING and CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS
PUBLIC SERVICE PROPERTIES FINANCED and MANAGED
50 Pine Street New York

BANKING INTEREST
5% INTEREST
Allowed on accounts from $10. to $3.000.
Deposits made on or before Sept. 5, draw interest from Sept. 1.
$100,000. on deposit with the State of N. Y.
We are entering our 72d year.
Banking by mail to meet your convenience.
Call or write for booklet. Tel. 1234 Beekman
CLARKE BROTHERS, Bankers
154 Nassau St. (Tribune Bldg.) Est. 1840

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society 4½%
Savings Institution. Founded 1888. Under New York State Bank Law. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before August 31st earn from September 1st. Write for booklet A, or start at once.
38 Park Row, New York.

PROPOSALS.

BOND SALE.
Elmira City School Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at his office in the City Hall, Elmira, N. Y., until Saturday, August 31st, 1912, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purchase of any part or all of an issue of bonds of the City of Elmira, amounting in the aggregate to $75,000. Said bonds will be payable $8,000 February 1st, 1914; $8,000 February 1st, 1921; $8,000 February 1st, 1922; $8,000 February 1st, 1923; $8,000 February 1st, 1924; $8,000 February 1st, 1925; $8,000 February 1st, 1927; $8,000 February 1st, 1928; $11,000 February 1st, 1929. These bonds are issued by the Board of Education with the consent of the Mayor and Common Council of the City of Elmira under the provisions of an act in relation to the Public Schools of the City of Elmira, known as Chapter 370 of the Laws of 1895, &c., for the purpose of constructing the Elmira Free Academy, and the purchase of additional site therefor, and will be registered bonds, bearing interest at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, and will be dated September 1st, 1912.

Each bidder must state the amount of bonds desired by him, the premium that will be paid for said bonds, and accrued interest. Each bid must be sealed, and endorsed "$75,000 School Bond Bid." A certified guarantee deposit of one per cent. of the total amount bid must accompany the bid.

The right to reject any and all bids or to accept any part thereof is hereby reserved.

ASHER J. JACOBY,
Secretary Board of Education.
Dated Elmira, N. Y., August 14, 1912.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF YORK SILK SILK MILLS:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to a resolution adopted at a regularly called and duly held meeting of the Board of Directors of York Silk Mills, there will be a special meeting of the stockholders of York Silk Mills at the offices of the Company, No. 74 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 4th day of September, 1912, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of acting upon a proposition that the corporation be forthwith dissolved in pursuance of the provisions of Section 221 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York.

C. A. McCONNELL, Secretary.

THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, Garfield Block, in the City of New London, Connecticut, on the 12th day of September, 1912, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The Transfer Books of both the Preferred and Common Stock will close at 3 o'clock on Tuesday, September 3d, and remain closed until 10 o'clock A. M., on Friday, September 13th, 1912. HORACE BOWKER, Secretary.

New York, August 16, 1912.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business of the Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Milwaukee, at twelve o'clock noon, Saturday, September 28th, 1912.

The transfer books will be closed on Monday, the 12th of August, and reopened on the 30th day of September next.

ROSWELL MILLER,
June 27th, 1912. Chairman of the Board.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF FIREPROOF STEEL FURNITURE COMPANY:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the election of directors for the Fireproof Steel Furniture Company not having been held on the day designated in the by-laws, a meeting of the members of said corporation, for the purpose of electing directors thereof, will be held at the office of said corporation, No. 372 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 28th day of August, 1912, at 12:00 o'clock noon.

Dated New York City, August 8th, 1912.
FRANK C. GRUEN, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 24

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of One Dollar and Fifty Cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable at the Treasurer's Office, No. 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on October 1, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, September 9, 1912. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.

A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.
New York, August 8, 1912.

UTAH COPPER COMPANY,
165 Broadway, New York, August 16, 1912.
DIVIDEND NO. 17.

The Finance Committee of the Utah Copper Company has this day declared the 17th quarterly dividend of seventy-five cents (75c.) per share, being at the rate of seven and one-half per cent. (7½%) per quarter on par value, payable September 30th, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 6th, 1912. The books for the transfer of the stock of the Company will close at 3 o'clock P. M., September 6th, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., September 12th, 1912.

CHAS. K. LIPMAN, Assistant Secretary.

OFFICE OF READING COMPANY.
Philadelphia, August 16, 1912.

The Board of Directors has declared from the net earnings a quarterly dividend of One Per Cent. on the First Preferred Stock of the Company, to be paid on September 12, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business, August 27, 1912. Checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed dividend orders with the Treasurer. W. R. TAYLOR, Secretary.

BUSINESS WORLD, MARKETS AND TRADE

WHEAT GOES HIGHER BY EASY STAGES

Trade Conditions, Backward Harvest, and Frost Alarms Govern Course of Market.

OATS IN DEMAND—CORN DULL

Cotton Droops as Farmers Gain in War on Insect Pests—Pork Supply Declines as Meats Advance.

The tendency of the wheat market last week was toward small improvement, and there was a general gain in all markets, but with a very quiet trade. The advance in the market seemed to be due to the cash situation, and the fact that the cash demand has taken all the wheat off the market, so that notwithstanding the heavy receipts of Winter wheat there has been no accumulation in stocks, and no pressure on the cash market. The receipts for the two weeks ended Aug. 10 were 17,000,000 bushels, and the visible supply increased only 35,000 bushels. A year ago, the receipts were only about 13,500,000 bushels for those two weeks, and the increase in the visible supply was nearly 7,000,000 bushels. This material difference in the movement of wheat, and in the rapid distribution gave a better tone, and more confidence. Since the first of July, there has been a steady decrease in the visible. The total of United States wheat in the visible supply on July 1 was practically the same as a year ago at that time. Since July 1, the visible supply of wheat has decreased in America, the total loss being about 5,250,000 bushels, while last year, there was an increase in the visible supply of nearly 25,000,000 bushels. The present visible supply of wheat, including the Canadian in Bond is only 19,000,000 bushels in the United States, compared with 48,000,000 bushels last year. This enormous distribution of wheat this year shows to what extent stocks were depleted in this country, and the necessity for very heavy demand upon the movement at primary markets.

With the full flood of hard Winter wheat receipts over, and the receipts showing a decreasing tendency, stocks in the visible supply are smaller than when the movement began. The question which the trade is now considering is what will be the effect of the movement of wheat in the Northwest. New wheat is coming to market in considerable quantity, but the receipts are not as yet oppressive, and it will be probably days before the movement does become heavy. The movement of Spring wheat ordinarily increases as soon as possible after the cutting of wheat is over, and continues to steadily increase, reaching the maximum in late October or early November. This year the trade has been confident that there would be an early and enormous movement of Spring wheat, particularly from the Dakotas, owing to the financial conditions and the debts incurred the last two years, owing to crop failures.

On the other hand, the probabilities of the demand are very great, as the mills have sold large quantities of flour, not only Minneapolis mills but the country mills, so that there is likely to be a steady and persistent demand for this wheat. Premiums on the cash wheat continue at the interior, so that there has been as yet no evidence of hedging pressure on the September. It is expected, however, that the movement in the Northwest will speedily begin, and this may bring hedging pressure there.

The Canadian crop has made fairly good progress. The reports are hopeful of as large an outturn as last year, but very few of the reports indicate likelihood of much increase. The weather conditions have not been conducive to rapid growth of the crop, so that there is some apprehension of frost damage. Last year the serious damage to the crop was due to the weather conditions after the grain was cut, which shows that even if the wheat is raised, there is no certainty of its being secured in good order.

The foreign markets have ruled fairly steady, but there has been no pressing demand for export. The English and German markets have been influenced by further rains, and anxiety has been created as to the effect of these rains on the crop, which was now being cut. This has brought some demand, and maintained strength. The position of the export market is rather a difficult one. The probabilities favor a good demand from Europe, but with such a prospect ahead of the trade, the opportunity to do business is seriously interfered with by a big advance in ocean freights. Immediate freights have advanced from 2 to 3 cents a bushel, while the forward freights have advanced fully as much. The position on the forward freight market, however, is more serious, as the Fall freights opened at 2 to 8 cents over the spot market, and have held about that premium, with the upward movement in the freight market. Nearby freights are from 6 cents a bushel up to 8 and 9 cents a bushel for forward room. The amount of room available is small, comparatively speaking, and even when bids are received at a workable figure, it is very difficult to get the room to ship the grain. The position of the entire freight market seems to be about the same as in grain. A year ago the entire ocean freight market advanced from 75 to over 100 per cent. There was some reaction from this extreme advance, but the recent improvement has carried the market well up toward last year's high level, not only in grain, but in general freights, and the amount of tonnage available has not been increased apparently sufficient to meet the demand. While there is plenty of shipbuilding, it appears to be for special trades, or the regular lines, and the number of tramp steamers available to come into the market has not been sufficient for the demand.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The position of the corn market has again been divided between the conditions bearing upon the cash and September, and the new crop influences. Notwithstanding the fact that cash corn has been very strong, the interior movement of corn decreased last week, and the premiums for the cash corn over the September contracts have remained high. Cash corn is quoted in Chicago for the various grades from about 74c to 78c, and the September contract at the high point reached up to 71⅞c. There has been a rather general belief that the movement of old corn would increase with growing certainty as to the crop, but such increase is not in evidence. The effect of this situation in cash corn has been to force September towards a parity with cash. The market for the new corn has been somewhat firmer, but the improvement has been comparatively small, and on Saturday the tone was heavy again. The week has been, on the whole, a satisfactory one for the growth of the new crop. Some complaints of cool nights continue, but in the main the crop is making good progress. There were further good rains in Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, and Missouri, and there are now very few complaints from any section of the country as to a need of moisture. The question to most seriously affect the new crop situation will be that of temperatures the next six weeks and the date of the first killing frost. The average date of killing frost in the Central West is about Oct. 15.

OATS.—The position of the oats market has been one of a good deal of interest during the week, with a firm undertone to the market, and some hardening values. The advance has been due to the cash situation. Although the interior movement of oats has been increasing, the receipts have not been equal to the demand. The condition in oats has been much like the condition in wheat. Everyone held off on account of the high prices for the old grain, and there has been an immense demand for oats for distribution, resulting in maintained premiums at the West, although the receipts have been heavy. Another factor which has recently interfered with the movement has been the unsettled weather, which has delayed threshing and receipts, and also adversely influenced the quality. Premiums are still maintained for cash oats at Chicago. In the Eastern markets there has been a break of about 20 cents a bushel during the week, covering the difference in price between old oats and new oats. A feature of interest was the reported sale of 250,000 bushels of American oats for export. There is a good demand for oats from Western Europe quite generally, but as in wheat the oats are wanted for nearby shipment, and the premiums prevent business, while the rapid advance in ocean freights tends to still further make business difficult.

PROVISIONS.

PROVISIONS.—The market for hog products has shown a very firm tone, and prices have advanced on product with a great deal of confident buying based on maintained strength of live hogs, decreasing live hog movement, and the pronounced strength in cattle. The change in market tendency has been accompanied by increase in both the domestic and export demand for product. This demand is not yet heavy but has been in sufficient volume to advance cash prices, and result in a decrease in product stocks at Chicago during the past two weeks. The falling off in live hog receipts has been quite material of late, while there has been a steady advance in live hog prices, as the result of the decreasing movement.

COTTONSEED OIL.

Early in the week there was a continuation of the recent decline; this largely due to persistent liquidation by interests who were intimidated by the demoralized cotton market and also the effect of increasing offerings of new crude oil, but during the last few days a rallying tendency of oil values has been manifested. The improvement reflected a strong technical position of the market and a decline in values to a point where consumers had become interested. Near positions exhibited most strength, which seemed to be the best confirmation of a larger trade for actual oil transpiring, and it appeared as though most of the bearish sentiment was directed against the far off deliveries, the supposition being that a great deal of hedge pressure would be encountered, which would partially serve as a barrier to bullish speculation.

Of course, a decided change for the worse in the cotton crop outlook would probably influence sentiment correspondingly, but at present the trade is not very apprehensive as to the crop's final outcome. It is admitted that the prospects do not favor such a yield as was witnessed last year, but the theory is that, even allowing for a material reduction, if the quality of seed is satisfactory and the crush about normal, there will be sufficient oil received to supply the inquiry from all sources.

Crude has naturally begun to move more freely, but the prices quoted are still conflicting. However, with the uninterrupted selling of futures at times against purchases at the South, it was apparent that the contract market was on a basis permitting of these operations, satisfactory to the sellers in the local market. The consensus of opinion was that the effect of these sales would have been pronounced but for the development of a moderate export business. The home trade demand of cottonseed oil was also more encouraging undoubtedly aided by the larger compound lard business. During the latter part of the week with the rise in oil values there were statements made that demand had been interfered with, but in most quarters the disposition was to concede a healthy situation inasmuch as buying had been of a desultory character just previous to this recent buying spurt; suggesting light stocks among consumers.

COTTON.

Cotton values repeatedly plunged downward during the week to levels more than $10 per bale under the prices registered toward the close of July. Spasmodic rallies occurred, but there was little to suggest on Saturday that equilibrium had been restored despite the greater willingness on the part of spinners to enter the market as buyers at close to the 11 cents level, and notwithstanding the demand from certain quarters predicated on the idea that at current prices cotton is an attractive investment. The uncertainties still to be overcome before the crop matures occasioned a part of the buying, as did the belief that the world will again show its ability to assimilate enormous quantities of the raw material at a reasonable plane of quotations. The general run of sentiment, however, was not in accord with these bullish views, and the tendency was to follow the lead of spot interests who apparently have adopted a decidedly pessimistic attitude toward the price list, with the selling from these quarters persistent and effective whenever the market seemed set to react upward following the drastic decline.

It seemed as though the full influence of the improved crop prospects had not been exerted during the preceding week, and to this was the further readjustment of values mainly attributed, although the old crop situation has again loomed up as a factor. Several statisticians are inclined to accept the bearish interpretation of the situation, saying that even though allowance is made for a material contraction in the crop promise this season, prices are high enough, unless it should develop that the weather from this time to the termination of the season proves unexpectedly detrimental to the maturing of the plant, so as to cause a curtailment in the quantity produced much above expectations at the present time. Relative to the probabilities this year, conservative authorities are loath to venture definite statements, although many believe that, barring an early frost and extremely unfavorable weather, the South will raise a crop larger than any other recorded, with the exception of that of the 1911-12 year.

It is argued that in the event of the cotton yield in parts of the Central West and the East being about 2,000,000 bales short of last season, (the assumption is that Texas and Oklahoma, and also Arkansas, have a prospect quite as good, if not better, than a year ago,) the result would point to about 14,000,000 bales as a commercial crop. Bearish opinions are inspired, however, by the world's prospect, with estimates in circulation that the countries of Egypt, India, and Russia will give forth from 1,300,000 bales to 1,600,000 bales more cotton than last year, which would go a long way in counterbalancing the reduction in the United States.

Bears dwell on the fact that there has been less than 15,500,000 bales of cotton brought into sight so far out of a crop of about 16,000,000 bales, while the visible supply of all kinds of cotton is approximately 460,000 bales in excess of last year. Furthermore, it is shown that spinners' takings during the past season were approximately 2,750,000 bales greater than those of the previous year. The inference is that even making deductions for increased consumption as the result of the low cotton values during the earlier part of last year, that spinners also took advantage of the inducement which the low levels afforded and protected themselves against future requirements. There is little attempt being made to minimize the hopeful trade outlook, not only in this country but in most of the principal foreign consuming sections, but it is well realized that with the promise of fairly liberal supplies this prospective consumption can be best fostered by stability of values rather than by inflation. Possibly this is a partial explanation of the disposition on the part of leading spot interests to oppose speculation on the bull side at present.

While sight has not been lost of the crop situation, it appeared as though the violent fluctuations of the week served to bring into the market other factors. The movement of cotton was larger, and offerings of the new crop, particularly from the Southwest, were freer. It is evident that the movement and the willingness on the part of farmers to sell as compared with the desire on the part of the trade to hedge their future requirements will largely determine future fluctuations. Meanwhile there are still several important producing areas in parts of Texas complaining of insufficient moisture, and while there have been scattered showers in these districts and also in the Carolinas, more would be beneficial. The prevalence of insects is commonly complained of, but advices suggest that farmers are energetically endeavoring to check the ravages of these pests by the liberal application of chemicals. Latterly, with the crop still from one to four weeks behind that of last season, the question of the first important frost date furnishes grounds for more or less uneasiness.

PRICES GO ON ADVANCING.

40 Commodities at Wholesale Up Last Week—22 Declines.

Dun's list of minimum wholesale prices quoted in New York and nearby markets again showed more advances than declines last week, forty commodities having shown an upward trend, while twenty-two were quoted at figures below the levels of the previous week. Thirteen of the advances directly affected foodstuffs and wearing apparel, while fifteen of the declines had direct or indirect bearing on the former.

The market for hides and leather showed the greatest individual strength with twelve advances and no declines. Metals, and drugs and chemicals came next, each with six advances and one decline. The remaining changes were scattered. Eleven of the declining commodities were quoted at figures lower than those of a year ago, but only four of the advances showed recession from last year's levels. Lumber, building materials, tobacco, cotton goods, wool, and woolen goods showed no changes either way.

The changes last week, with comparative prices for the previous week and last year, follow:

ADVANCES.

	Last Week.	Prev. Week.	Last Year.
Beans, marrow, choice	$5.50	$5.35	$4.10
Beans, medium	5.00	4.90	4.00
Boots, men's calf	3.35	3.25	3.15
Cheese, f. c., special, new	.15¾	.15½	.12¾
Cheese, f. c., common to fair	.14	.12½	.09¾
Eggs, Western firsts	.21	.20	.17½
Apricots, California standard	.08½	.08	.14½
Balsam fir, Canada	5.10	5.00	4.10
Cantharides, Chinese, white	.37	.36	.32
Ergot, Russian	.82	.80	1.15
Oil cintronella	.40	.36	.26
Oil lemon	1.80	1.75	1.50
Opium, jobbing lots	6.55	6.05	7.80
Hay, prime timothy	1.35	1.32½	1.45
Hides—			
Packer, No. 1, native	.19	.18½	.15¾
No. 1 Texas	.17¼	.17	.14¾
Cows, heavy, native	.17½	.17¼	.15
Country, No. 1, steers	.15	.14½	.12½
No. 1 cows, heavy	.15	.14¾	.12½
No. 1 buff hides	.15	.14¾	.12½
No. 1 kip	.17	.16½	.14
No. 1 calfskins	.19	.18¾	.16½
Jute, spot, old crop	.054	.049	.04¼
Leather—			
Union backs, heavy	.39	.38	.35
Oil grain, No. 1, 6 to 7 ounces	.19	.18	.16
Glove grain, No. 1, 4 ounces	.15½	.14½	.12½
Satin, No. 1, large, 4 ounces	.16	.15	.13½
Pig iron, basic, valley, furnace	14.00	13.75	13.00
Billets, steel, Pitts	22.00	21.50	21.00
Billets, forging, Pitts	29.00	28.00	26.00
Iron bars, refined, Phila	1.37½	1.32½	1.27
Cut nails, Pittsburgh	1.60	1.55	1.60
Tin, New York	.45⅝	.45⅛	.44
Beef, live, Chicago	5.75	5.70	5.25
Hogs, live, Chicago	8.10	7.75	7.20
Lard, prime steamed, Chicago	10.90	10.40	8.82½
Pork, mess, Chicago	18.10	17.75	17.25
Short ribs, sides, loose, Chicago	10.87	10.57½	8.62½
Tallow, New York	.06⅝	.06⅛	.06
Rubber, up-river fine	1.17	1.16	1.09

DECLINES.

	Last Week.	Prev. Week.	Last Year.
Butter, creamery, extra	.26	.26½	.27
Raisins, Mal. 3-cr	2.25	2.50	2.00
Raisins, California standard loose muscatel, 3-cr.	.06	.06¼	.07¼
Cocoa butter, bulk	.34	.34½	.39
Wheat, No. 2 red, new crop	1.08¼	1.08¾	.94¾
Hemp, Manila, cur. spot	.09	.09½	.05⅝
Hops, N. Y. S., prime	.24	.27	.40
Spelter, New York	.072	.07¼	.0615
Oil, cottonseed, Summer, white	.0665	.06¾	.0587
Peas, Scotch, choice	4.65	4.70	5.75
Sheep, live, Chicago	3.15	3.20	2.40
Cloves, Zanzibar	.15½	.15¾	.16½
Ginger, Cochin	.08½	.08¾	.09¼
Pepper, Singapore, black	.11⅜	.11½	.10½
Pepper, Singapore, write	.19¼	.19¾	.16¾
Sugar, refined crushed	5.70	5.80	6.45
Sugar, standard granulated, net	5.05	5.15	5.75
Tea, Hyson, low	.19	.20	.19
Turpentine	.44	.46	.56½
Cabbage	1.50	4.00	3.00
Onions, Jersey	.65	.75	.75
Potatoes, State, new	2.25	2.40	2.25

ROADS APPEAL TO SHIPPERS.

Prompt Shipments Necessary to Obviate Car Shortage.

The enormous traffic being moved by railroads of the country to-day indicate that the railway facilities will be taxed to the utmost this Fall, according to an official statement from the Pennsylvania Railroad yesterday. Like many other lines the Pennsylvania road has instructed all of its freight solicitors to urge upon shippers the necessity of assisting the roads in their efforts to prevent car shortage. Prompt loading and unloading of cars is advised, loading each car to capacity in order to obtain the greatest amount of service, and in a general way shippers are asked to co-operate with the railways to prevent congestion of traffic. The Pennsylvania's view of the situation is supported in a statement just issued by W. A. Garrett, Chairman of the Association of Western Railways, in which he says in part:

"The time is here for the railways and shippers of the United States to begin active and energetic preparations to prevent car shortage. The indications are that if they do not begin such preparations at once they will be confronted next October with the worst situation that has existed since October, 1907. No railway man or shipper needs be told what that situation was. Railway facilities were inadequate to move the business. Yards and terminals were congested, and heavy loss to the railways, shippers, and the public resulted.

"Conditions that are likely to cause heavy demand for cars and a rapid reduction in the supply of cars exist. The amount of traffic handled varies greatly during different parts of the year.

"For about four months, beginning around Oct. 1, shortages are likely. This is due chiefly to the fact that it is the season of heaviest crop movement. Now, the crop prospects in the West this year are unusually good." He advises shippers to transport lumber, coal, cement, and other bulky freight which can be moved in the next few weeks instead of throwing all of it upon the roads when they are worked to capacity with the crop movement.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Rings for Fishing Rods Dutiable as Manufactures of Agate.

An interesting decision has been handed down by the Board of United States General Appraisers in regard to an importation of agate rings suitable for fishing rods. Duty was assessed at 50 per cent. ad valorem as "manufactures of agate" under Paragraph 112. Basse & Co., the importers, contended they were dutiable at 45 per cent. as "parts of fishing tackle" under Paragraph 165.

It appeared from the evidence that the agate rings had to be mounted in metal holders before they were adapted for an angler's use as a part of his outfit, as the rings could not be attached to the rod without the metal mounting. The board was of the opinion that the completed guide was unquestionably "parts of fishing tackle," but that the agate rings alone in the condition imported were properly dutiable as assessed by Collector Loeb.

Failing to overcome the Collector's classification by proper proof the protest of G. W. Sheldon & Co. of Chicago was overruled. The merchandise in question was radiometers, consisting of a blown glass sphere having a small metal windmill in the centre. The appraiser reported that blown glass was the component of chief value and duty was assessed at 60 per cent.

The decision of the Surveyor at St. Louis was affirmed in regard to the protest of G. H. Wyman & Co. The sample in evidence was a barometer scale made of a flat piece of opal glass on which were etched lines and letters, forming a graduated scale from which the variations of the barometer are taken. Duty was assessed at 60 per cent. as decorated glassware, and the importers claimed the goods dutiable at 1¾ cents per pound and 5 per cent. ad valorem, but failed to name the paragraphs relied upon.

CANNED GOODS SLOW.

General Dullness in Vegetable Market—Fruits Higher.

There was no material change noted in the New York canned goods market last week, the demand for the majority of staple lines having been generally light. Excepting for a good call for satisfactory grades of spot peas selling around $1, there was no particular demand for canned vegetables. Even in peas business was rather slow, trading having been retarded somewhat by the limited size of the offerings. Spot corn did not move in a very active way, but, from all accounts, sellers were not particularly anxious to dispose of their holdings in view of recent reports of the uncertainty of this year's crop. Consequently, values were firmer than for some time, despite the general inactivity that prevailed. Spot Maryland tomatoes were easier, but the softening of the market did not stimulate the demand for them to any great extent. The demand for futures was also light, but prices were firmly held for the most part by reports of unfavorable crop conditions. Asparagus shared the general dullness.

There was no particular feature to the week in the fruit end of the market, all of the principal fruits having moved slowly under the retarding influence of the usual mid-Summer dullness. Advices from the Pacific Coast indicated the current pack of the better grades of California fruits to be lighter than previously expected, and as a result prices on these grades showed a rather pronounced upward tendency. The general tone of California fruits was reported firmer, but from all accounts there was no great rush by Eastern sellers to cover their needs. In certain quarters a downward revision of prices was still looked for.

There was no great activity in canned fish, although domestic sardines received a slightly improved demand. The expected shortage in Columbia River salmon has given added firmness to this market, and with the season's pack about completed, considerable interest is displayed regarding just what levels opening prices will reach. The date of naming prices on new-pack Alaska salmon is problematical at the moment, but this opening is also awaited with general interest.

THE CRUDE RUBBER MARKET.

Trading Limited, but Closing Quotations Show No Recessions.

Manufacturing interests continued to operate in a generally limited way in the New York crude rubber market last week, but in the absence of any real selling pressure, closing quotations showed no recessions from opening levels. Closing prices for up-river fine and coarse and island fine showed advances of 1, 2, and 2 cents a pound, respectively. There was a fair amount of trading between dealers in a jobbing way, from all accounts, but consumers evinced the tendency to hold off that has characterized this market for several weeks past, and as a result the aggregate volume of the crude material entered into consumption during the week did not assume any great proportions.

Reports from Brazil of the revival of the movement started two years ago to valorize Para rubber caused no little comment in the trade and in certain quarters considerable credence was given them. Recent consular advices from Brazil told of the completing of arrangements between the Bank of Brazil and the parties interested in the movement, 2,400 tons of Para rubber having been put up for security on the money advanced, and, all things considered, it was believed that the movement deserved more than passing attention from sellers in this market.

The offering at auction of 750 tons of plantation rubber in London on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday featured the week's activities in the foreign markets. About 250 tons were taken on the opening day of the sale at prices averaging slightly higher than those at the last previous sale. About 300 tons were taken on Wednesday at prices close to those of the preceding day, and the balance of the offerings was disposed of on Thursday.

Cable advices from the other side indicated a firmer tone in London following the sale, and this firmness was reflected in slightly added strength in this market.

ORANGE HAT TRADE BETTER.

Workmen Celebrate Returning Prosperity with a Ball Game.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 18.—The conditions in the Orange hat factories are more encouraging than they have been since the big strike of 1909 delivered a blow that staggered the industry. Orders have come in to most of the factories in such volume as to indicate that the day of fads in hats is waning and that the public is returning to a demand for a staple product.

Particularly hopeful is the fact that many of the orders now being placed are for Fall hats, showing that the boom is bound to continue for the Winter trade. The workmen, who have never in their lives faced a bitterer three years than now just ending, are jubilant. They celebrated their good fortune yesterday with an outing in Newark, where they had a baseball game, field games, and other sports.

WEEK'S CURB TRANSACTIONS.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
6,000	Allied Sec. Co.	91	87	91	+ 4
253	Am. W. Paper	4½	3⅜	3⅜	— ¼
200	Bay State Gas	7-16	7-16	7-16	+1-16
19,500	British-Am. Tob	23	21½	22¼	— ¼
16,590	B.-Am. T. rgts	9	8⅛	8⅝	— ⅜
300	Con. Rub. Tire	17	16	17	+ 2¼
9,600	E. Brant'gham	78¼	77½	77⅞	..
8,470	E. Brant. pf	103	102½	103	..
2,785	Goodrich Co	75½	70½	72½	— ⅝
1,285	Good. Co. pf	108⅛	107½	107½	..
1,500	In. Nickel rts	11½	10½	11¼	+ 1¼
1,910	Int. Rub. t. ctfs	14½	13	14½	+ 1½
200	Kayser	92	92	92	+ 1
1,100	S. S. Kresge	64¼	61	64¼	+ 3¾
400	S. S. Kresge pf	102⅝	102	102⅝	— ¼
570	L. V. C. S. Co.	258	240	255	+13
595	M. Shirt Co., w. i	58	57	58	+ ⅝
240	Man. Shirt Co. pf., w. i.	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	— ⅛
800	Marc. of A., new	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
500	*Mays Oil	26	26	26	..
10	McA. & Forbes	203	203	203	— 6
1,070	Penn. Textile	18¼	18¼	18¼	..
675	Pettibone Mul.	30	28	29½	+ 2
800	Pet.-Mul. pf	102	102	102	+ ⅛
17	R. J. Reynolds	287	285	287	— 8
663	Stand. Oil, N. J.	418	414	417	..
180	Stand. Oil, N. Y.	557	530	538	+13
1,757	Unit. Cig. St.	289	283	286	+ 1
13,800	Un. Cig. St. w. i.	93⅛	90⅝	91	— 1
1,150	Unit. Cig. Stores pf., w. i.	119⅝	119	119	— ⅛
6,400	U. S. Motor	5⅜	4⅛	4⅝	+ ⅛
3,795	U. S. Motor pf.	21	17⅝	19	+ 3
710	U. S. L. & H., new	20⅛	19	20⅛	+ 1¼
	RAILROAD.				
4,500	Manhat. Tran.	2 7-16	2 3-16	2 5-16	—1-16
	MINING.				
600	*Beaver Con.	45	44	44	— 4
6,000	*Big Four	52	48	48	— 3
13,000	Braden Copper	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	..
4,800	Brit. Col. Cop.	5⅝	5	5⅛	— ⅝
500	Butte & N. Y.	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	—1-16
7,700	*C. O. D. Con.	12	11	11	..
650	Con. Ariz. Sm., new	⅝	⅝	⅝	+1-16
19,600	*Dia. B. Butte, new	9	9	9	..
100	Davis-D. Cop.	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16	..
4,600	*Dia'field Daisy	9	7	7	— 2
24,220	El Paso com.	1 5-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	—1-16
600	First Nat. Cop.	2⅜	2 1-16	2 3-16	+9-16
1,500	*Florence	96	93	93	— 3
1,300	Giroux Min.	5¼	5⅛	5¼	+ ⅛
3,200	Gr.-Can., new	10⅝	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
3,100	*Greenw. Cop. M. & S.	6	5	6	+ ½
800	Kerr Lake	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	— ⅛
100	Keystone Cop.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	..
2,700	La Rose Com.	3⅛	3	3 1-16	—3-16
1,000	Mason Val., new	13⅜	13	13⅛	— ¼
2,950	McKinley-D	1⅝	1 13-16	1⅝	+ ⅛
300	Mines Co. of Am., new	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16	..
500	*Mut. Mining Co	73	71	73	..
400	Mother. Gold	1	15-16	15-16	—1-16
700	Nevada Hills	2 1-16	2	2	—1-16
700	Nip. Mines	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	+ ⅛
1,650	Ohio Copper	15-16	13-16	15-16	..
1,600	Pac. Smelters	7-32	7-32	7-32	..
2,300	Silver K. Con.	1	1	1	..
120	Silver Live Oak	1¾	1¼	1¼	— ¾
5,600	Stewart Mining	1 9-16	1⅜	1 7-16	—1-16
39,770	Ton. Merger	1 5-32	*88	*88	—42
4,300	Tonopah Ext.	2 13-16	2 11-16	2⅝	..
1,000	Ton. M. of N.	7	7	7	—1-16
5,350	Tularosa	15-16	¾	¾	—1-16
300	Tuol. Copper	3	2 15-16	3	..
49,900	*West End ex.	36	33	35	+ 1
12,300	*West Silver M.	47	43	44	— 2
3,700	Yukon Gold	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	..
	BONDS.				
$6,000	B. G. R. R. Co. 6s	126	126	126	— 3
10,000	Brad. Corp. 7s	143	143	143	— 5
41,000	Chi. El. new 5s	98	97⅞	98	..
1,000	Mason Val. 6s	131	131	131	— 1
5,000	N. Y. Tel. 4½s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	..

*Cents per share.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Sales Week Ended Aug. 17, $13,143,000.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Allis-Chalmers 5s, tr r.	62¾	62	62¾	2
Am. Ag. Chem 5s	101⅝	101½	101⅝	38
Amer. Ice Secur 6s	79	78½	79	4
Amer. Hide & L. 6s	100⅞	100½	100⅞	7
Amer. Smelt. Sec. 6s	105½	105	105	47
Amer. T. & T. col. 4s	90⅝	90	90⅝	29
Am. T. & T. conv. 4s	114½	114½	114½	9
Am. Writing Paper 5s	91¼	91	91⅛	47
Armour & Co. 4½s	91⅝	91¼	91⅝	25
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	97	96¾	96⅞	69½
A., T. & S. adj. 4s	89⅜	89¼	89⅜	3
A., T. & S. F. 4s stmpd.	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜	15
A., T. & S. F. con 5s	110⅝	109⅞	109⅞	113
A.,T.&S.F. cv. 5s, reg.	110	110	110	1
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s	109⅞	109¾	109⅞	183
A.,T.&S.F. con. 4s, 1960	106¼	105¼	105⅞	1,147
A.,T.&S.F. transcon. 4s	92⅛	92	92⅛	2
Atl. Coast Line 4s	95	94¾	95	40
Atl. C. L., L. & N. 4s	96⅛	94⅞	95⅞	639
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	98¼	97½	97⅞	53½
B. & O. prior lien 3½s	91⅝	91⅜	91⅝	15
B. & O. pr. ln. 3½s, reg.	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	5
B. & O., S. W. 3½s	90	90	90	9
B.&O.,P.,L.E.&W.V. 4s	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	14
Bethlehem Steel 5s	96⅝	96⅜	96⅝	9
B. R. T. ref. con. 4s	93⅜	92⅝	93	4½
Buff. Gas 5s	65⅝	65⅝	65⅝	5
Bklyn. U. El. 5s stmpd.	102¼	102¼	102¼	2
Bklyn. U. El. 1st 5s	102½	102	102½	33
Brooklyn City Ry. 5s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	5
Cal. Gas & Elec. 5s	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	11
Can. South. 1st 6s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	16
Can. South. 2d 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	14
Central Leather 5s	96⅛	95¾	95⅞	73
Cen. of Ga. Ry. con. 5s	109⅛	109¼	109⅛	4
Cent. of N. J. gen. 5s	120	119¾	120	7
Cent. Pacific 1st 4s	94¾	94⅜	94¾	6
Cent. Pacific 3½s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	4½
Cent. Vermont 4s	91½	91½	91½	1
Ches. & Ohio gen. 4½s	100	99⅞	100	17
Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	3
Ches. & Ohio fund. 5s	101½	101½	101½	1
Ches. & Ohio conv. 4½s	94	93⅞	93⅞	797
Chicago & Alton 3½s	65⅛	65⅛	65⅛	17
Ches. & Ohio, R. & A. Div. con 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼	5
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	96¼	95⅞	95⅞	44
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96⅝	96	96⅝	305
C., B. & Q., Ill. 3½s	87	86½	86½	18
C., B. & Q., Ill. 4s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	10
C., B. & Q., Iowa Div. 4s	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	2
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	3
Chi. & Erie 1st 5s	112½	112½	112½	3
Chi. Gt. Western 4s	77¼	77	77	27
Chi., In. & L. ref. 6s	125	125	125	2
C. & P. W. 5s	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	2
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	97	96½	96⅞	26
C., M. & St. P. conv. 4½s, full paid	107	106⅝	106¾	818½
C., M. & P. Sound 4s	93	93	93	3
C., M. & St. P. Ter. 5s	101¼	101	101	3
Chi. & N. W. 3½s	85½	85	85	10
Chi. & N. W. gen. 4s	97	96	96	50
Chi. & N. W. gen. 4s, reg.	97¼	97¼	97¼	5
Chi. & N. W., Mil., S. & N. W. 4s	93½	93½	93½	10
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	69¼	68⅞	69⅛	84
Chi., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	95	94⅝	94⅝	3
C., R. I. & P. deb. 5s	92	91⅝	91⅝	13
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	88½	88⅛	88⅛	47
C., St. P., M. & O. 5s	103	102⅞	102⅞	21
Chino Copper 6s	160	144	157½	88
Col. Fuel gen. 5s	99⅝	98⅞	99⅝	8
Col. Industrial 5s	80⅞	80¼	80⅛	32
Col. Midland 4s	50	50	50	5
Col. & South. 1st 4s	95⅝	95⅜	95⅜	4
Col. & South. ref. 4s	96	95⅝	96	13
Con. Coal Co. 1st ref. 5s	95	95	95	2
Col. & Ninth Av. 5s	102	102	102	1
Corn Products 5s, 1934	95¾	95½	95½	35
Del. & Hudson ref. 4s	99	99	99	3
Del. & Hudson conv. 4s	98	98	98	3
Del. & H. lien eq. 4½s	101¼	101	101	3
Den. & R. G. 5s	83½	83½	83½	7
Den. & R. G. conv. 4s	86	85¾	85¾	5
Detroit United 4½s	77	76	76½	15
Detroit Edison 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	11
Distillers' Securities 5s	75½	74¾	75	87
Du Pont Powder 4½s	87¼	86	86	38
Equitable Gas 5s	106½	106⅛	106½	2
Erie 1st con. 4s	90	89⅞	90	9
Erie gen. 4s	78	77⅝	77⅞	25
Erie 1st con. 7s	117	117	117	1
Erie 1st conv. 4s, A	88⅛	87	88	426
Erie conv. 4s, B	79⅞	78⅞	79⅛	280
Fla. E. C. Ry. 1st 4½s	97	96⅝	97	1
Ft. Worth & R. G. 1sts	77½	77½	77½	2
Ft. W. & Den. City 6s	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	2
Gal. H. & H. 1st 5s	99½	99½	99½	5
General Motors 6s	100	99⅞	100	9
Gt. Northern ref. 4½s	100⅝	100⅜	100⅜	74
Green Bay deb., B	15	13¼	15	43
Havana Elec. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	6
Hock. Valley 4½s	101	100⅝	101	11
Ill. Cent. L. div. 3½s, reg.	83	83	83	3
Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	95⅜	95½	95⅜	23
Ill. Steel 4½s, J. P. Morgan & Co. ctfs	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	1
Ind. Steel 5s, J. P. Morgan & Co. ctfs	101⅛	100⅝	101¼	34
Inspiration Con. Cop. 6s ctfs. 1st pd	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	5
Ind., Ill., & Iowa 4s	94	94	94	5
Interborough R. T. 5s	104⅞	104¼	104⅞	36
Inter.-Met. 4s	82⅞	81½	81⅞	216
Int. Navigation 5s	79⅝	79⅛	79⅛	35
Int. Paper Co. 5s	91	91	91	1
Int. Paper 6s	103⅝	103½	103⅝	7
Internat. Gr. Nor. 6s	108½	108½	108½	1
Int. Steam Pump 5s	92⅞	92⅝	92⅞	4
Iowa Central 4s	65	64½	64½	3
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	78⅜	77	77	27
Kanawha & M. 2d 5s	99⅛	99	99	3
Keystone Tel. 5s	90¾	90¾	90¾	1
Kan. City Southern 5s	98⅛	98	98	34
Kan. City Southern 3s	73⅛	72	73	3
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	1
Laclede G., St. L. 1st 5s	102⅛	102	102⅛	3
Lack. Steel 5s, 1950	81⅜	81	81⅛	20
Lack. Steel 5s, 1915	94⅞	93⅞	94⅛	30
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	97⅛	97	97	2
Liggett & Myers 7s	120⅞	120¼	120⅛	6
Liggett & Myers 5s	98	97⅞	98	80
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	2
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	92⅞	92	92	71
Lake Shore 3½s	87¾	87½	87½	4
Lehigh Val. Coal 5s	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	1
Long Island gen. 4s	94⅛	94	94	2
Long Isl., N. S. 5s	105	105	105	1
L. & N. ref. 5s	113⅝	113⅛	113⅝	7
L. & N. unif. 4s	98	97⅝	97⅝	40
Mexican Petroleum 1st con. 6s, Series A	98¼	98¼	98¼	2
Mer. Marine col. 4½s	66¼	65½	66	77
Mil. & North. 1st 6s	101	101	101	3
M., St. P. & S. S. M. con. 4s	96⅞	96	96⅞	10
Minn. & St. L. rfdg. 4s	64	64	64	6
Minn. & St. L. con. 5s	101⅜	101	101⅜	6
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	95	95	95	8
Mo., K. & T. ref. 4s	78	78	78	3
Mo., K. & T. ext. 5s	100	100	100	1
M., K. & T. s. f. 4½s	85¾	85¾	85¾	2
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917	99	99	99	19
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1920	97	97	97	1
Mo. Pacific conv. 5s	85½	84¾	84¾	40
Mo. Pacific 4s	71	70½	70½	9
Mobile & O. M. Div. 5s	108¼	108¼	108¼	2
Morris & Co. 4½s	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜	1
Nat. Rys. of M. prior 4½s	90	89½	89½	5
Nat. Tube 5s, J. P. M. & Co. ctfs	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞	136
N. O., M. & C. 5s	89	88½	89	16
N. Y. Air Brake 6s	102	101¼	102	17
N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	86⅜	86	86	5
N. Y. Cent. deb. 4s	93⅝	93⅜	93⅜	8
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	81	80½	81	20
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s reg	78	78	78	1
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	89	89	89	21
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 5s	103⅝	103⅜	103⅜	45
N. Y. Dock 4s	82	82	82	5
N. Y., L. E. & West	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. non conv. 4s, 1956	91½	91½	91½	5
N. Y., N. H. & H. non conv. 3½s, 1954	81¼	81¼	81¼	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 6s	129¼	128¼	129	49
N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	92	92	92	6
N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s	78⅞	78⅛	78½	113
N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s	58⅝	56	56⅝	917
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	99⅝	99	99⅜	236
N. Y. W. & B. 4½s	100	99⅝	99⅞	144
Norf. & West. con. 4s	97	96½	96½	8
Norf. & W. div'l 4s	92½	92	92	5
Norf. & West., Pocah. C. & C. 4s	91¼	91¼	91¼	2
Norf. & W. conv. 4s	116⅜	116	116⅜	2
Norf. & West. conv. 4s, full paid	117¼	116⅝	116⅞	51
Northern Pacific 4s	99⅛	98⅞	98⅞	56
Northern Pacific 3s	69	68⅞	69	71
Ore. R. R. Nav. 4s	93⅝	93½	93⅝	3
Ore. Sh. Line con. 5s	110	110	110	10
Ore. Short Line ref. 4s	92⅛	92	92⅛	12
Ore., Wash. ref. 4s	91½	89⅞	89⅞	74
Pacific T. & T. 5s	101	100⅞	100⅞	55
Penn. gtd. 4½s	103	102½	102⅝	15
Penn. gtd. 4s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	6
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞	5
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915	98⅛	97⅞	97⅞	79
Penn. Co. 4s, 1948	103	103	103	5
Penn., P. B. & W. 4s	99	99	99	3
Peo. Gas., Chi., ref. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	40
P. Lorillard 7s	121⅞	121⅝	121⅝	4
P. Lorillard 5s	98⅝	97⅝	98	35
Poco. Con. col. 5s	87	87	87	8
Public Service 5s	93⅜	93⅛	93⅜	20
Ray Con. Copper 6s	128	125	128	38
Reading gen. 4s	96⅞	96⅝	96⅝	32
Ry. Steel Springs 5s	98⅛	97⅞	98⅛	3
Reading J. C. col. 4s	97	96⅛	96½	2
Rep. I. & S. 5s, 1940	92	91½	92	130
Rio Grande West. 4s	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	5
Rome, W. & Odg. 5s	107	107	107	1
St. L., I. M. & S. gen. 5s	104	103⅝	103⅝	18
St.L.,I.M.&S.R.&G. 4s	83¾	83⅜	83⅝	9
St. L., I. M. & S. ref. 4s	79⅛	79	79⅛	18
St. L., R. M. & P. 5s	83	83	83	5
St. L. & S. F. ref. 4s	78⅞	78	78⅛	27
St. L. & S. F. gen. 5s	86⅝	84⅜	84⅜	115
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 5s (seller 20)	107	107	107	1
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	4
St. L. S. W. 2d 4s	80	80	80	1
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	81	80½	81	22
St. L. Transit 5s	84	84	84	2
San Antonio 4s	86⅛	86	86⅛	10
St. P. & N. P. 6s	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	1
Seaboard A. L. ref. 4s	79⅞	79⅝	79⅞	1
Sea. A. L. 4s, stpd	87⅜	87⅛	87⅜	4
Sea. A. L. adj. 5s	79⅞	78⅝	78⅞	15
Sil. Springs, O. & G. 4s	97	97	97	1
South. Pac. col. 4s	89⅞	89⅝	89⅝	4
South. Pac. ref. 4s	94⅞	94⅜	94⅝	111
South. Pacific conv. 4s	95⅜	94⅞	95⅛	328
S. P. S. F. Term. 4s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	2
Southern Ry 1st 5s	107⅛	106	106	30
Southern Ry. gen. 4s	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛	177
So. Ry. St. L. div. 4s	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜	2
St. Gas & Elec. con. 6s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	1
St. Milling 1st 5s	88	88	88	5
Texas Co., con. 6s	101⅝	101½	101⅝	65
Tenn. Coal gen. 5s	103	102½	103	9
Third Av. ref. 4s	82⅜	82½	82⅜	80
Third Av. adj. 5s	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛	66
Tol., St. L. & W. c. 4s	62½	62	62	10
Tri-City 5s	98½	98½	98½	1
Underground El. inc. 6s	88	87	87½	26
Union Pac. 1st 4s	100⅛	100	100	118
Union Pac. conv. 4s	103⅝	102⅞	103⅛	443
Union Pac. ref. 4s	96⅞	96⅝	96⅞	39
Un. Rys. S. F. 4s	65⅝	65⅛	65⅛	24
U. S. Red. & Ref. 6s	30	30	30	1
U. S. Leather 6s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	2
U. S. Realty & I. 5s	91	90	90	9
U. S. Rubber 6s	104⅝	104⅛	104⅝	42
U. S. Steel 5s	102⅞	102⅝	102⅞	321
U. S. Steel 5s, reg	102⅝	102½	102½	1
Va.-Car. Chem. 5s	98⅞	98⅛	98⅛	23
Va. Iron, C. & C. 5s	96	96	96	1
Wabash 1st 5s	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	3
Wabash 2d 5s	100	100	100	1
W. ref. 4s, E., t. r. s.	64	64	64	16
Wab. ref. 4s, eq. tr.	70⅛	67	69⅞	408
Wab. ref. 4s, eq. tr. ctf. stpd	66½	66½	66½	5
W. P. T. 1st Cent. T. cfs.	32½	32	32	61
W. P. T. 1st col. t. cfs.	32½	32½	32½	4
Westchester Light 5s	105	105	105	1
West. Md. 4s	86⅛	86	86	111
West., N. Y. & Pa. 5s	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	2
West. El. 5s	102½	102⅛	102½	1
West. Un. Tel. 4½s	98½	98⅛	98⅛	12
West. Un. Tel. col. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	1
West. Shore 4s	99⅛	99	99	24
Wheel. & L. E. 1st 5s	100¼	100	100¼	7
West. Elec. & Mfg. 5s	96	95⅞	95⅞	17
Wilk. & East. 1st 5s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	1
Wis. Central gen 4s	92	91⅝	92	12
Total sales				$12,642,500
United States Government Bonds.				
U. S. 4s, coupon	114	113¾	114	2
Panama 3s, coupon	101⅝	101¾	101⅜	14
Foreign Government Bonds.				
Argentine 5s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	27
City of Tokio 5s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	6
Japanese 4s	84	83	83½	141
Japanese 4½s	92¼	92	92	8
Jap. 4½s, 2d series	91	90⅞	91	12½
Republic of Cuba 5s	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	4
Republic of Cuba 4½s	99	99	99	2
Sao Paulo 5s	97⅞	97	97	1
U. S. of Mexico 5s	97	97	97	1
New York City Bonds.				
4s, 1958	99	98⅞	99	11
4s, 1959	99	98⅞	99	31
4s, 1957	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	1
4s, 1954	85½	85½	85½	6
4½s, 1960	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	11
4¼s, 1962, receipts	100⅜	100¼	100¼	132
4½s, 1917	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	1
4½s, 1957	106	105⅜	106	13½
4½s, 1957, new	106	106	106	34
3½s, 1954	85⅞	85½	85⅞	10
Total sales				$245,500
State Securities.				
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1961	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	2
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1962	100⅝	100¼	100⅝	5
Virginia def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs	54	53	53½	18
Total sales				$25,000
Grand total				$13,143,000

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1912 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914....J. J.	....	....	99 May 12, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, Mar. 1, 1958	101¼ July 24	100⅛ June 11	101¼ July 24, 1912
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, Mar. 1, 1958, reg.	101 July 26	100½ May 29	101 July 26, 1912
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, Mar. 1, 1960	....	....	105⅛ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. State 4s, June, 1961....M. S.	102⅞ Jan. 23	101 May 17	101¾ Aug. 5, 1912
N. Y. State 4s, June, 1961, reg.	102 Jan. 8	102 Jan. 8	102 Jan. 8, 1912
N. Y. State 4s, 1962	100½ Aug. 7	100⅝ Aug. 6	100⅝ Aug. 8, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960....J. J.	102 Apr. 18	100¾ Jun 20	100¾ Jun 20, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960, reg.	102 Mar. 19	102 Mar 19	102 Mar. 19, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, Jan., 1961....J. J.	103 Jan. 27	101 Jan. 2	101¾ Aug. 1, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1961, reg.	102⅝ Mar. 25	102⅝ Mar 25	102⅝ Mar. 25, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, Mar. 1, 1961.M. S.	103 Jan. 25	101⅛ July 6	101⅛ July 6, 1912
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1962	100¾ Aug. 8	100¼ Aug 13	100⅜ Aug. 16, 1912
North Carolina 6s, 1919....A. O.	....	....	114¾ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small	....	....	101¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax....A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933....J. J.	....	....	103½ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913....J. J.	97¾ Apr. 26	97¾ Apr 26	97¾ Apr. 26, 1912
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small	....	....	97¼ Oct. 6, 1911
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs.	57 July 31	46 Jan 2	53½ Aug. 16, 1912
Va. fund. debt, 2-3s, 1991....J. J.	....	....	86½ Dec. 18, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg....Q. Jan.	102½ Mar. 27	100⅜ May 27	100¾ May 27, 1912
U. S. 2s, coupon....J. Jan.	101¼ Mar. 8	100⅜ May 23	100⅜ May 27, 1912
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg....Q. F.	114⅝ Apr. 10	113¼ Jan. 24	113⅝ Aug. 3, 1912
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon....Q. F.	114¾ Mar. 26	113¼ Jan 8	114 Aug. 16, 1912
U. S. 3s, 10-26, 1918, coupon..Q. F.	103⅛ Mar. 29	101¾ Jan. 8	102¼ Aug. 1, 1912
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg....Q. F.	102¾ Feb. 23	102 Feb. 6	102½ July 19, 1912
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small	....	....	102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1936, reg....Q. F.	....	....	100½ Jun. 6, 1911
Panama 2s, 1938, reg....Q. Nov.	....	....	101⅛ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 3s, 1961, reg.	102⅝ Mar. 21	101⅜ Feb 17	101⅞ Jun. 1, 1912
Panama 3s, 1961....Q. Mar.	102½ Mar. 25	101⅝ Jan. 18	101¾ Aug. 17, 1912
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925.F. F.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931....Q. F.	....	....	111 May 3, 1906
Ph. Is. p.w.& imp.reg.4s,1935.Q. M.	....	....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Ph. Is. land pur. 4s, 1914-45..Q. F.	....	....	100½ July 14, 1910
Argentine 5s	100 July 22	97 Apr 16	99½ Aug. 15, 1912
Imp. Chinese Gov. rcts. full paid for Hukuang Ry. 5 p. c. sterling bonds and interest	95½ Apr. 17	93¼ Jan. 25	94⅛ Aug. 9, 1912
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4½s. Feb. 15, 1925.F. A.	93¾ Feb. 3	91½ July 22	92 Aug. 17, 1912
I. Jap. Gov. 4½s, 2d ser. Jy. 10, 1925.J. J.	93 Feb. 1	90⅝ July 15	91 Aug. 17, 1912
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925.F. A.	88⅛ Jan. 29	83½ Aug. 15	83¾ Aug. 17, 1912
Republic of Cuba 5s....M. S.	104 July 22	102½ Jan. 2	103½ Aug. 15, 1912
Republic of Cuba 4½s....M. S.	99¼ June 18	99 Apr. 6	99 Aug. 12, 1912
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p. c., 1919	98¾ July 19	97⅛ Jan. 8	97⅝ Aug. 15, 1912
City of Tokio interim ctfs. for 5s p. c. loan, 1912....M. S.	95 Apr. 10	94 Apr 25	93¾ Aug. 15, 1912
U. S. of Mexico sf . 5s....Q. C.	97¼ Jan. 25	95½ Mar 28	97 Aug. 14, 1912
U. S. of M. 4s, Ser. A, Dec. 1, 1953.J. D.	91 May 29	88 Mar 11	91 May 29, 1912

NEW YORK CITY SECURITIES.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Corp. stocks 3½s, 1954....M. N.	88 Feb. 20	86 July 11	86 July 11, 1912
Corp. stock 3½s, 1954, reg...M. N.	87½ Jan. 20	85½ Aug. 1	85⅞ Aug. 14, 1912
Corp. stock 3½s, 1955....M. N.	....	....	88¼ Nov. 2, 1910
Corp. stock 3½s, 1959	....	....	90½ Jun. 6, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg., 1936..M. N.*	99½ Apr. 19	99 Jan 30	99½ Apr. 19, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, reg., 1955...M. N.*	99½ Mar. 18	98⅞ June 6	98⅞ June 6, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, reg., 1956...M. N.*	99⅝ Feb. 17	97⅞ July 18	98⅞ July 25, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, 1957....*M. N.	100⅝ Feb. 16	98⅞ Aug. 16	98⅞ Aug. 16, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, 1957, reg	98⅝ July 9	98⅝ July 9	98⅝ July 9, 1912
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957....*M. N.	107⅞ Jan. 8	105⅜ Aug. 15	106 Aug. 15, 1912
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg	107¼ May 7	106½ Jun 18	106½ Jun 18, 1912
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1957....M. N.*	107⅞ Jan. 29	105¾ Aug. 9	106 Aug. 17, 1912
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1957, reg	....	....	99⅞ Dec. 20, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958....*M. N.	100⅛ Jan. 23	98⅞ July 13	99 Aug. 14, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, 1958, reg	....	....	107¾ Nov. 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959....*M. N.	100⅝ Jan. 23	98⅜ Jun 20	99 Aug. 17, 1912
Corp. stock 4s, 1959, reg	100 Apr. 6	99⅜ Jan. 30	100 Apr. 6, 1912
Corp. stock 4½s, 1960....*M. S.	103 Feb. 19	100⅞ Jun 18	101¼ Aug. 17, 1912
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960, reg	101¼ July 17	101⅛ Jun 14	101¼ July 17, 1912
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1962, rcts	101⅛ May 9	100 Jun 14	100¼ Aug. 17, 1912
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1962, rcts., reg	101 May 22	101 May 22	101 May 22, 1912
Assessm't bonds, 3½s, 1914..M. N.	....	....	98¼ Sep. 7, 1911
Assessm't bonds, 4½s, 1917.*M. N.	102¾ Feb. 29	101 Mar 19	102 Aug. 6, 1912
Ass. bonds, 4½s, 1917, reg.*M. N.	102⅝		102¾ July 10, 1912
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..M. N.*	......Feb. 14	102 Mar 28	102 Mar. 28, 1912

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE 6% NOTES MATURING SEPTEMBER 1, 1912, OF THE

KANSAS CITY RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY.

In view of the maturity on September 1, 1912, of the above-mentioned Notes, the undersigned, holding and representing a large amount of these Notes, and believing it of great importance that the noteholders should be in a position for prompt, concerted action, have consented to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of the noteholders.

Holders of said Notes are requested to deposit their Notes with September 1, 1912, coupons attached under an agreement of deposit, now on file at the office of the depositary, on or before September 16, 1912, with The New York Trust Company, 26 Broad Street, New York, the depositary under said agreement, which will issue its negotiable certificates of deposit therefor. The Committee will collect interest and pay the same when received to the holders of certificates of deposit representing the same.

Deposits may also be made with the Old Colony Trust Company, 17 Court Street, Boston, the agent of the depositary. Copies of the agreement of deposit may be obtained upon application to either of the trust companies.

Dated New York, August 16, 1912.

JOHN B. DENNIS,
SAMUEL L. FULLER,
JAMES J. STORROW,
PAUL M. WARBURG,
Committee.

BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
24 BROAD ST., NEW YORK;
ROPES, GRAY & GORHAM,
60 STATE ST., BOSTON,
Counsel.

C. M. TRAVIS, Secretary,
24 Broad St., New York City.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIVE-YEAR SIX PER CENT. SINKING FUND SECURED GOLD NOTES OF THE BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY, DATED NOVEMBER 1, 1909.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Bankers Trust Company, successor by merger to The Mercantile Trust Company, Trustee under Trust Agreement between Bethlehem Steel Company and said The Mercantile Trust Company, dated November 1, 1909, that Notes of the above issue, to the amount of $58,000, face value, numbered:

8 31 53 71 148 156 273 276 329
358 417 494 515 516 530 609 626 953
1095 1259 1635 1649 1790 2489 2544 2581 2613
2621 2809 3118 3179 3301 3313 3374 3513 3558
3619 3620 3851 3852 3868 4095 4712 5243 5313
5344 5525 6179 6181 6182 6260 6296 6381 6395
6602 6806 7353 7462

have been drawn by lot, for redemption on the 19th day of August, 1912, for account of the Sinking Fund, at the price of one hundred and two and one-half (102½) per centum of the face value thereof and accrued interest, upon which date interest thereon will cease, and the holders thereof are hereby notified and required to deliver said Notes, with all unmatured coupons attached, to the undersigned, at its office, No. 16 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on or after the said 19th day of August, for redemption, for the purposes of said Sinking Fund, at the price above mentioned.

Dated New York, July 5, 1912.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

New York, August 2, 1912.

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.

The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each dividend and each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds, or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank, which at this date amounts to Fifty Dollars ($50) or over, and which has remained unclaimed by any person or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

92 Dividends, 2 shares, Margaret Jenkins, unknown $439.00
118 Dividends, 3 shares, Thomas Keefe, unknown 554.50
135 Dividends, 16 shares, Henry Moss, unknown 4,035.07
152 Dividends, 1 share, Johanna Murphy, unknown 343.99

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

D. H. PIERSON, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Cashier of the Manhattan Company Bank, and that the foregoing statement is true and accurate in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

D. H. PIERSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of August, 1912.

WALLACE S. JOHNSON,
Notary Public, Westchester County, certificate filed in New York County.
[Seal of Notary.]

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 5% BONDS OF COLUMBIA GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that proposals for the acquisition of bonds of the above-named Company under the mortgage from said Company to the undersigned as successor trustee, for redemption of bonds through the sinking fund, to the extent of Fifty-eight thousand Forty-two and 11-100 ($58,042.11) Dollars will be received at the office of the undersigned, No. 60 Broadway, in New York City, on or before September 5th, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, in accordance with the terms of said mortgage. No proposals will be accepted at a price greater than par and accrued interest.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Successor,
By WILLARD V. KING, President.
New York, August 1, 1912.

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO

A Semi-Annual Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Preferred Stock and a Quarterly Dividend of $2.50 per share on the Common Stock of this Company have this day been declared payable at the Treasurer's office, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on October 1, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M. Monday, September 9, 1912. For the payment of these dividends and for the annual meeting of the Stockholders the stock-transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. September 9, 1912, and will be opened at 10 A. M. October 9, 1912.

All orders for mailing dividend cheques were destroyed in the Equitable Building fire on Jan. 9, 1912. Stockholders who have not already done so are requested to apply to the undersigned for blank order forms and return them as promptly as possible, properly filled in, dated and signed. Cheques for dividends cannot be mailed without written instructions by letter or on the Company's forms.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., August 8, 1912.

AMERICAN SUMATRA TOBACCO CO.
NO. 144 WATER STREET,
New York, August 14, 1912.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the American Sumatra Tobacco Co. has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of three and one-half (3½%) per cent. on the preferred stock of the Company, payable on September 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record on August 20, 1912.

The Preferred Stock Transfer Books will close on August 20, 1912, at 3 P. M., and open on September 3, 1912, at 10 A. M.

LEONARD A. COHN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 3.
August 14th, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of One and Three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the Preferred Capital Stock of F. W. Woolworth Co., payable October 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record at close of business September 10th, 1912. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed from the Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.

H. T. PARSON, Secretary.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
Common Stock Dividend No. 1.
August 14th, 1912.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of One (1%) per cent. on the Common Capital Stock of F. W. Woolworth Co., payable September 20th, 1912, to stockholders of record at close of business August 31st, 1912. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed from the Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.

H. T. PARSON, Secretary.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.
25 Broad Street, New York, August 15, 1912.

A dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the first preferred stock of this Company, payable October 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M., September 20, 1912.

JAMES L. MORGAN, Treasurer.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY
(of Chicago).

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable on August 26th, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on August 3d, 1912.

L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

Lost advertisements in The New York Times are reprinted without extra charge in more than 1000 Bulletins posted in public places throughout the city—railway stations, ferry houses, police stations, pawnshops, employment and advertising agencies, hotels, and theatres.

MOTORMEN'S WIVES TELL OF PRIVATIONS

One Family's Expenses for Six Months Were $405, but Wages Were Only $269.

NOTHING FOR RECREATION

Dress Item for Wife Amounted to $1.30 and Husband Had No Paper, Tobacco or Liquor.

How hard it is for a motorman to make enough to support his family the wives of motormen are telling in letters made public yesterday by the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America. They all tell of a hard struggle in the household, but one woman goes into many particulars to explain a discouraging deficit at the end of six months.

"Our family consists of my husband, myself, and a six-months' old bottle baby," she writes. "The only alternative to feeding the baby malted milk is to bury him, so we feed him."

She gives the average running expense of the home for a month as $44.50, with meat and groceries at $20 and rent at $10.50.

"I use condensed milk, as it does not waste by souring, and do my own baking, trade at the lowest priced stores in the neighborhood, never entertain, never go visiting, and keep no daily paper. My husband uses no tobacco or liquor, nor do we attend popular amusements."

A tabulation of the living expenses includes a yearly insurance premium of $29.44, a motorman's security premium of $20, doctor's bills of $46, and five months' union dues of $5. What with his uniform, a pair of shoes, and a $1.30 dress for her, the total is $405.24. His income during the same six months was $269.20.

He was paid at the rate of 23 cents an hour and was not able to make full time.

"Our coal is gone," she goes on, "and last year's clothing is wearing out, and my husband must have an overcoat this Winter. Baby is outgrowing his clothes. The deficit has more than exhausted our savings. Expenses cannot be cut down. Will some one suggest some way of making our money go further?

"If the company officials were to offer their wives this pittance for pin money, they might have to furnish tickets for Reno. Yet we are expected to keep a whole family and lay by a rain-day fund out of it. If the income won't keep two people and an infant, how can it keep a larger family?"

MAY TRY DARROW AGAIN.

District Attorney Repeats That He Will Press Second Indictment.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 18.—District Attorney Fredericks to-day reiterated his intention to bring to trial on a second indictment Clarence S. Darrow, who was found not guilty yesterday of seeking corruptly to influence the vote of George N. Lockwood, a prospective juror in the McNamara case. The second indictment alleges that Mr. Darrow bribed Robert F. Bain, the first juror sworn to try the McNamara case.

Capt. Fredericks to-day declined to say what date he would recommend for the trial when opposing counsel appeared before Judge Hutton to-morrow morning. Many think because of the length and cost of the trial just ended and the rapidity with which the jury reached its verdict there will be no further trial of Darrow.

SAN JOSE, Cal., Aug. 18.—It was announced here to-night that Clarence S. Darrow is to come to San José and enter a local law firm. He has purchased a home at Los Gatos, according to one of his partners to be, and will make his home there, while maintaining offices in this city.

SHANGHAIED, HE SAYS.

Mission Convert Complains of Labor Conditions at Johnstown, Penn.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—George Ellis, one of the 121 men who went to Johnstown, Penn., a month ago from a Philadelphia mission to get employment in the Cambria Steel Mill, arrived in Philadelphia to-night with the story that he and the other men had been shanghaied.

It was charged by Ellis that he and the other mission converts were locked in a Pennsylvania passenger train on the night of July 26, when they left this city, a guard placed over them to see that none escaped, and that instead of having their carefare to Johnstown paid as promised, each man's fare was taken out of his pay.

Of the 121 men who went to Johnstown, Ellis said, only twenty remained at work, the others having quit rather than continue under the conditions. Ellis asserted that the men had been assigned to a boarding house, where they had to pay an exorbitant price for board, and that at the end of the third week, when they claimed their wages, they were told there was nothing due them.

DURAFOUR GIVES UP.

Back to Mineola by Train After Series of Aviation Mishaps.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Aug. 18.—Francois Durafour, the French aviator, after a stay in New Jersey that was a chapter of accidents, has returned to Mineola, L. I., by train, leaving his monoplane to be brought back on a humble truck. It is a lame ending to bright plans.

He came here on Aug. 3, intending to fly to Hohokus for the meet there, but he lost his way and landed at the local aerodrome. The next day he flew to Hohokus, but lost his way on the return trip and landed in Nutley, where his exclusive knowledge of his native tongue was of little use in asking assistance from the natives.

In trying to fly from Nutley to Hackensack his engine stopped and he fell 300 feet without serious injury. Thoroughly disgusted with New Jersey, he made up his mind to fly back to Mineola, and started to do so on Wednesday, but a collapsing wheel halted his departure until last evening. Then away he sailed in a fine flight over the Kuhnert field, and headed for New York. He reached a height of 3,000 feet above the land on the shore of the Hudson River, when his engine stopped. He volplaned down and just managed to squeeze between a group of telegraph wires and a house on the Guttenberg race track. He landed heavily. A bent axle and a broken skid were the most serious results of the mishap, but the monoplane will be trundled back to Long Island.

ON PARIS-BERLIN FLIGHT.

Audemars Trying to Beat Record for Distance Covered in a Day.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—Edmund Audemars, a Swiss airman who has made a number of ascensions in the United States, started to-day from Essy, five miles southwest of Paris, on a flight to Berlin. He is competing for a prize offered for the longest distance covered by an aeroplane in one day.

The newspapers state that a group of sportsmen have posted an offer of a prize of $20,000, payable to the first aviator who flies from Paris to Berlin.

Consecrated Bishop of Panama.

PANAMA, Aug. 18.—Guillermo Rojas, a native of Costa Rica, was concecrated to-day as Bishop of Panama. The ceremony was performed by Bishop Stork of Costa Rica.

BAD FIRE ON CLYDE LINE PIER

Firemen Driven to Rely on Fireboats—One Man Killed.

One man was killed and $25,000 damage was done yesterday morning as the result of a fire on the Clyde and Mallory piers at the foot of Charlton Street, North River. The fire became so threatening that Acting Chief Martin sent in a second, and then a third, alarm. Samuel Yates, gateman on Pier 36, discovered the fire early yesterday morning in a room on the pier used by the clerks as a retiring room.

He and the watchmen from other piers fought the fire until the arrival of the firemen. By this time the fire had spread to the roof, where the covering of heavy tar paper burned fiercely and great bursts of flame appeared. The heat was so intense that the firemen who had mounted to the roof were driven back. From the river the fireboats concentrated their streams upon the roof, and the wind scattered the sparks.

For a time the fire fighters had to direct their efforts to prevent a spread of the flames. Tied up at the end of the pier was the Clyde liner Onondaga, which arrived from Charleston on Saturday night. Only a few men were aboard, but Chief Martin ordered the vessel made ready to move out into the river with the approach of danger. Tony Grabosky, a longshoreman of Jersey City, was on the Onondaga, ready to give assistance, and so intent was he in watching the firemen that he fell backward down a hatchway and was instantly killed.

The firemen confined the fire to the second floor of the pier, where the company's offices were. The fire spread to the offices occupied by Capt. Rockwell and destroyed many records and documents.

The fire brought a great crowd to the water front, and many assisted in removing freight from the pier. The crowd was so large that the reserves from the Charles and Macdougal Street Stations were called out.

Tenants Driven Out by Early Fire.

A fire which did slight damage, but caused excitement, occurred early yesterday morning in the tenement house at 208 East 106th Street. Smoke filled the house and drove more than 100 persons to the street in various stages of undress. The fire started in the millinery store of Mrs. Katherine Shapiro on the ground floor. In less than half an hour the firemen put the fire out.

BOLIVIA TRIBUTE TO TITANIC.

Women Offer Block of Silver for Memorial Arch to Heroic Dead.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The women of Bolivia, South America, have signified their intention of contributing in a striking manner to the project being carried forward by women of the United States to commemorate the heroism of the men who perished in the Titanic disaster.

Through American Minister Knowles, the women of the far-away republic have offered, from the famed Bolivian mines, a block of virgin silver, expressing the hope that it may find a place in the arch which the Woman's National Titanic Memorial Committee proposes to erect.

SHIP'S HERRINGS LURE CATS.

Animals Desert Piers to Pursue Incoming Liner with Fish Cargo.

The Anchor liner Caledonia arrived yesterday from Glasgow with a large number of first and second cabin and steerage passengers and 12,000 barrels of Scotch herring, mostly from dour Aberdeen on the east coast. There had been such a demand for the dried herrings in this country, Capt. Wadsworth said yesterday, that the Caledonia could not carry the full consignment, but had to leave 2,000 barrels for the next ship.

As the Caledonia steamed up the river shortly before noon all the cats along the water front left their respective piers and ran along West Street, meowing in chorus excitedly, with their tails in the air, to the Anchor Line dock, and surprised Sandy McMickle and Andy McFeckle as they went past the gates.

Just then Passenger Manager W. J. Reilly arrived on the scene and asked the men what they were doing with all the cats on the pier, as they were not allowed to have so many pets at the company's expense. When the liner came alongside the cats meowed lustily, and Mr. Reilly realized that it was the braw Scotch herrings they were after.

FOR BETTER COURT RULES.

Supreme Court Justices Plan Changes to Lessen Delay and Costs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—With the aid of an elaborate card index system, Chief Justice White and Associate Justices Lurton and Van Deventer of the Supreme Court of the United States are laboring this Summer over a new set of rules for equity practice in Federal courts. Their adoption is expected almost to revolutionize the work of these tribunals.

The Justices in the course of the next term hope to lay before the full court the result of their labors. Once the court has given its approval the new rules will be promulgated for enforcement through the Federal courts of the United States.

The work is the result of the determination of Chief Justice White shortly after he became the head of the court to alter the present ancient rules, which he regarded as instruments of delay and invitations to tremendous cost bills.

Thousands of suggestions for amendments to the present rules have been received by the court committee of three through its Secretary, W. J. Hughes of the Department of Justice. They came from Judges, Bar associations, and lawyers. The suggestions were copied in triplicate and indexed, and Chief Justice White and Associate Justices Lurton and Van Deventer each was furnished with a set.

A Home for Brotherhood Carpenters.

Charles Bauscher, Vice President and Secretary of the General Executive Board of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, announced yesterday that plans would be submitted to the National convention of the Brotherhood at Washington on Sept. 16 for a home for aged carpenters. It is proposed to buy 300 acres of ground in a good climate.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The following is the forecast for Monday and Tuesday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia.—Probably fair Monday and Tuesday; light south and southwest winds.

Florida.—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday, except probably showers in southern portion; light variable winds, mostly east to south.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana.—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; light variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; moderate southeast to south winds.

Western Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona.—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Oklahoma.—Generally fair and continued warm Monday and Tuesday.

Arkansas, Tennessee, and Kentucky—Generally fair and continued warm Monday and Tuesday.

Ohio and Indiana—Unsettled weather, with probably local showers Monday and Tuesday; light variable winds.

Illinois—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday, except unsettled in extreme northern portion; moderate variable winds.

Lower Michigan, Upper Michigan, and Wisconsin—Showers Monday and probably Tuesday; light variable winds.

Minnesota—Local showers Monday. Tuesday unsettled; light variable winds.

Iowa—Local thunder showers Monday; not quite so warm in southern portion. Tuesday showers.

Missouri—Fair Monday and probably Tuesday; continued warm.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Unsettled, with probably showers Monday; Tuesday fair.

Nebraska—Local thunder showers and somewhat cooler Monday; Tuesday probably fair.

Kansas—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; not quite so warm Tuesday.

QUEENS HEADS ASK $1,000,000 MORE

Bureaus Give Connolly Estimates for Next Year Amounting to $2,649,450.

HIGHWAYS ASK $1,139,391

Borough President Favors Raising Salaries of Heads from $3,500 to $5,000.

It will take more than $2,500,000 to run the Borough of Queens for next year, according to estimates which have just been presented to Borough President Maurice Connolly by the heads of the bureaus under him. The exact total of estimates received up to date is $2,649,450. These estimates have not yet received the approval of the President, and he will revise them before submitting them to the Board of Estimate.

This is an increase of nearly $1,000,000 over the amount allowed to the borough last year. Among the notable increases is that of raising the salary of all the heads of bureaus from $3,500 to $5,000. The latter is the salary fixed by the city charter for the President of Queens, and it is understood that President Connolly is in favor of these heads receiving the same salary. He has since taking office turned out the political hacks and succeeded in persuading business men to take office. In two instances, that of Consulting Engineer and Chief Engineer of the Bureau of Highways, President Connolly is said to favor a salary of $6,000 a year.

The largest amount is asked for by the Bureau of Highways, now in charge of G. Howland Leavitt. The amount desired is $4,139,391. The Street Cleaning Bureau asks for $608,822. In the Sewer Bureau estimate there is an item of $103,530 for an engineering force to prepare plans for sewer extensions in the borough, which President Connolly considers among the most necessary public works. In the Building Bureau about $50,000 will be asked to increase the force of Inspectors of Buildings.

BERGEN ROADS COME HIGH.

Hackensack Getting Excited Over Contracts Made by Freeholders.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, Aug. 18.—The Bergen County Board of Freeholders, particularly the County Roads Committee, broke all records for high-priced work on Friday, when the committee awarded two contracts to E. C. Humphrey of Hackensack, both for work on the Fort Lee Turnpike, one for $47,530 for one mile, and the other for $23,715, for 3,080 feet.

There was a big howl two weeks ago when the George M. Brewster Construction Company was awarded the contract to improve 2.76 miles on the Cedar Lane Road, in Teaneck, at a cost of $100,000, but the latest contract has stirred up all sorts of strife.

The Freeholders at their semi-monthly meeting to-morrow afternoon will be asked to approve this Fort Lee road contract, and it is said that the award of the committee will be bitterly opposed.

The Bergen County roads, being near the Hudson River, are used more by New York autoists than any other in the State, and they have been reduced to a low standard by this constant use.

The County Road Committee was criticised and abused last Winter for its interest in the Fort Lee Road Bill, No. 218, passed at Trenton, and even Assemblyman Charles O'Conor Hennessey of Bergen County characterized the bill as dangerous and questionable. It gave the freeholders additional power and privilege in improving roads, and it was hinted that before the end of the year the freeholders would spend $400,000. It was not an overestimate, and this in view of the fact that the Board of Freeholders, with its thirty-two members, is to be substituted by a commission of seven members in a few months.

"Why all this seemingly undue haste?" the taxpayers are asking.

The fortunate contractors are all Bergen County men, including the Brackett Construction Company of Ridgewood; Ernest Abraham, E. C. Humphrey, and George M. Brewster, all of Hackensack.

COMMISSION COSTS MORE.

Trenton at End of First Year Increases Its Tax Rate.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 18.—The City Commission of Trenton, the first city in the East to adopt the commission form of Government, will have been in office one year next Thursday. The year has not been encouraging for those who advocated the change from the old system of Common Council and City Boards, elected or appointed through the Democratic or Republican Party, to the present system of a non-partisan commission of five men, elected by the people, to run the city government. Instead of a reduction in the tax rate of the city, it has been increased, and is to be still further increased.

The records show that the city has spent $100,000, or 10 per cent., more than was ever spent under the old political system in one year. Those advocates of the change are taking refuge in the declaration that, despite the increased cost of maintaining the city government, the municipality has been run efficiently.

Last year under the commission the tax rate was raised ten points, and a raise of from 13 to 15 points will be found necessary this year. Those who would like to make a change in the system find that it cannot be done in less than five years, although the present commissioners may be recalled and new ones elected. Many of those who are complaining declare the fault is in the system and not in the City Commissioners.

One direct result of the increased taxes is increased house rents, which have gone into effect in every part of the city.

RANSACK BIG EMPTY HOUSE.

Wayfarers in Naval Uniforms Caught by Hempstead Watchman.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Aug. 18.—When Emory Brower, the aged caretaker and pensioner on the estate of the late Martin D. Wood of Hempstead, former President of the Hempstead Bank, made his rounds of the place yesterday morning he noticed signs of life in the big white house, which had stood vacant since the death of its owner. He did some scouting, and discovered two men dressed in United States Navy uniforms in the house.

Brower called up Martin Hall, a nephew of the late Mr. Wood and present owner of the property. Together they sought Justice of the Peace Charles S. Gittens, swore out a warrant, and returned with several constables to the house, which is midway between Hempstead and Lynbrook, in Hunston Avenue. They caught the unbidden guests, George Walker, 22 years, and Bartlett Smith, 19. Walker wore a uniform of the battleship Massachusetts, while Smith's cap band bore the name of the Virginia. The two men had broken into the house through a rear window the evening before, and had ransacked it. Fragments of watermelons, corn, and tomatoes scattered about the floors showed that they had enjoyed a midnight lunch, after which they made themselves comfortable on couches until morning.

When arraigned before Justice Gitten they said that they had put on the navy uniforms in New York, and had walked all the way to Hempstead. Walker also said that he belonged to the army and came from Fort Slocum. When questioned by the Justice, they admitted that they would have stolen if they had found anything worth carrying off. They were remanded for sentence until to-morrow.

TO STUDY FOREIGN CITIES.

Houston, Texas, Is Sending a Man to Get Points in Europe.

Frank Putnam, who is on his way to Europe as a Special Commissioner of the City of Houston, Texas, to study municipal ownership and municipal services, arrived in this city yesterday, and is now staying at the Martinique. On Saturday he will sail on the Cunard liner Caronia, to be gone five months, and will visit nearly every important municipality in England and on the Continent.

Mr. Putnam is an editorial writer on The Houston Chronicle and a student of municipal affairs. He was appointed by the Mayor and the Commissioners of Houston.

"We are building a city, and as we build we want to build well," said Mr. Putnam. "So I have been commissioned to go abroad to study municipal service so that we can utilize the best there is as we develop. In Germany I want particularly to study the system of vocational education—the fitting of young men for the course in life they are best adapted to follow. I want to study the operation of gas, electric, water, street railroads, and all branches of industry as may be controlled or influenced by the municipality. I shall go first to Glasgow to study municipal ownership. From there I will go to London, and after visiting other towns in England, go to the Continent. I expect to spend some time in Germany, where there is much to learn about the conduct of municipal affairs."

POOR NEW BOGUS $20 BILL.

Portrait of Washington Is So Clumsy That It Should Fool No One.

W. H. Moran, the Acting Chief of the Secret Service, reports a new counterfeit $20 gold certificate, which is like the series of 1906, check letter "D," plate No. 147, W. T. Vernon, Register of the Treasury; Charles H. Treat, Treasurer; portrait of Washington.

The portrait is apparently printed from photo-mechanical plates of crude workmanship on two pieces of paper between which short pieces of blue silk have been massed to show the white spaces. The number of the specimen at hand is B4,520,124. The portrait of Washington is so clumsy it should lead to the immediate detection of the counterfeit.

CONRAD V. DYKMAN SUED.

Kaufman Simon Holds Him Responsible for False Arrest.

Conrad V. Dykman of Brooklyn, one of the most widely known members of the Mystic Shrine and Superintendent of an industrial insurance company, has been sued in the Supreme Court, Queens County, by Kaufman Simon, a mining broker of this city, for $50,000 for false arrest and imprisonment. The suit is the outcome of an indictment that was found by the Queens Grand Jury in December, 1911, against Simon on allegations of Dykman that Simon had defrauded him out of money in a transaction involving the purchase of a lead mine in Nevada.

Under the indictment Simon was arrested and was held in $5,000 bail. In March, 1912, he was tried, and a number of witnesses were brought from Nevada and other Western States. The jury, after hearing the evidence, returned a verdict of not guilty.

Simon alleges that he was put to great annoyance and expense because of the suit.

VENEZUELA TO AID FARMERS.

Sends Minister to United States to Study Methods of Instruction.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Don J. Gil Fortoul, Minister of Public Instruction of Venezuela, has come to this country to get ideas for the organization of a Government school of agriculture near Caracas.

"Venezuela has been backward in agricultural development," declared the Minister to-day, "but the present Government determined to take immediate steps for the inauguration of scientific agriculture."

Before organizing a definite plan to take back to his home Government, Minister Fortoul determined to visit the New York State College of Agriculture at Cornell University, and several professors here have given him much information, besides showing him the big State plant on the hill. From here he goes to Washington to consult the National Department of Agriculture.

Three Americans are needed to start the new Venezuelan college.

DANGER IN CHESTNUT BLIGHT

Germs Carried by Birds or Insects, Dr. Peck Believes.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 18.—Dr. Charles H. Peck, State botanist, speaking of the chestnut tree blight which has been spreading throughout the State, said today:

"The disease is specially dangerous, the germs or spores being evidently carried by birds or insects or some other agent than the winds. It is, therefore, of the utmost importance that a close watch be kept for the appearance of the disease wherever chestnut trees abound, and that trees found affected by it should be cut and their bark burned as soon as possible.

"The spread of the disease has been so rapid and its work so virulent during the last two years that constant watchfulness and prompt action whenever it appears are essential to its suppression."

STREET CAR STRIKE PENDING.

Chicago Employes Break Off Negotiations and Appeal to Mayor.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—Negotiations between the street car companies and their employes over the wage scales and working conditions were broken off to-day, and officials of the Car Men's Union will ask Mayor Harrison to-morrow to use his influence to bring about a settlement.

President J. M. Roach of the Chicago Railways Company refused to grant the demands of the men. President Busby of the Chicago City Railway did the same thing yesterday.

Employes of the elevated lines will begin to-morrow to ballot on the question of striking. The vote will continue one day and night. Surface line employes voted several weeks ago by a decisive majority to go on strike if their demands were not granted.

Unite for Immigration Restriction.

P. Corning Edwards, Deputy Chief Recorder of the National Court, Guardians of Liberty, announced last night that the Guardians of Liberty and the Immigration Restriction League had decided at a special meeting on Aug. 16 to unite in an effort to prevent undesirable aliens and criminal foreigns from coming to this country.

Fatal Storm in Michigan.

NILES, Mich., Aug. 18.—Two men are known to be dead, and property has been damaged to the extent of many thousands of dollars as the result of a terrific rain and electrical storm which struck Niles late yesterday and raged continuously for twenty-four hours. Train service on the Michigan Central Road to and from Chicago was hampered, and it is believed it will be Monday before trains will be running on schedule. Other roads also sustained much damage. A number of freight cars were washed into the St. Joseph River.

LOWER CALIFORNIA RICH IN MINERALS

But Gold Deposits and Onyx Quarries Are Almost Wholly Undeveloped.

BOTH OWNED BY AMERICANS

Three Million Dollars in Mining Interests Held Near Ensenada Alone—Trade at Low Ebb.

In view of the recent suggestion that the United States remove all temptation to other nations by the purchase and annexation of Lower California, Consular reports, which have just been made to the Bureau of Manufactures at Washington on the value of the mineral and commercial products of the Peninsula are of more than ordinary interest.

Writing from La Paz, Consul Lucien N. Sullivan says the principal industrial establishment in his section is a tannery, the output of which is valued at more than $600,000. About 300 sides of leather (150 hides,) he says, are turned out a day, the greater part of which is shipped to the interior points of Mexico. There are also at La Paz two shoe factories in operation, each employing about twenty-five hands, all Chinamen.

"There has been," observed Mr. Sullivan, "considerable agitation by the people of the community for free pearl fisheries, with the result that the Government investigated the matter with especial reference as to whether or not the concessionaires had complied with the provisions of the concessions. The committee of Government experts sent out to examine the pearl oyster beds reported adversely to the holders of the largest concession, so that the native residents are confidently expecting to see the concessions withdrawn.

"The assurance that a branch of the Sonora Banking Company of Hermosillo was to be established in La Paz reduced the rate of exchange, and it is expected that the banking facilities will greatly improve commercial conditions in the district.

"The company organized to develop the marble deposit near Todos Santos has made little progress. Several samples of the stone were shipped recently to San Francisco.

"The imports into La Paz from the United States during 1911 were valued at $67,860, a decrease of $19,320, compared with the previous year. Detailed statistics covering the imports into the district are not yet available. The value of the articles invoiced through the La Paz Consulate to the United States during 1911 was $285,082, a gain of $20,370, compared with the previous year."

Giving a report of the situation in Ensenada, Consular Agent Frederick Simpich says:

"Trade conditions were at a low ebb in the Ensenada district during last year, due to disturbed political conditions. Many merchants shipped their merchandise to San Diego, Cal., for safekeeping. Cattle for the June markets could not be safely driven to the international boundary, and much live stock and other property was stolen or destroyed.

"Of the 27,845 square miles embracing this Consular district, less than 100,000 acres are under cultivation. Cattle raising, fishing, mining, and farming are the chief industries. About 200 Americans are settled in the district, whose holdings approximate $3,000,000 exclusive of mining interests.

"No extensive development work was done at the gold mines in this district in 1911, and no additional American capital was invested. Less than $5,000 in gold bullion was exported. An American company continued its development of an onyx quarry near the west coast, below San Quentin, and exported $67,003 worth of rough slabs to the United States during the year.

"Just prior to the acceptance of the wharf constructed at Ensenada last year, on which American capital amounting to about $60,000 was invested, a storm destroyed the structure.

"As a class the people in this district are poor, and, therefore, their purchasing power is low. There are no railroads and few wagon roads. Practically all land is owned by a foreign colonization company and by a few large ranchers. Inside a twenty-league zone parallel with the international boundary foreigners can buy land only after securing a special permit from the Central Government. Land is held at $2.50 to $20 per acre. Climatic and soil conditions are practically the same in the northern part of this district as in Southern California.

"According to customs statistics, $180,292 worth of foodstuffs, clothing, machinery, drugs, textiles, &c., were imported into the port during 1911. Almost all the necessities of life are imported from the United States and are subject to high duties.

"In 1911 the Mexican Post Office at Ensenada issued money orders amounting to $174,500 and cashed orders valued at $30,850. About $72,000 of the outgoing orders were in payment for merchandise bought in the United States. The people of this district buy extensively from American mail-order houses. The local Post Office also dispatched 192,000 pieces of mail and received 168,000.

"The statement of declared exports to the United States in 1911 shows an apparent increase of $26,323 over 1910, but the shipment of $33,039 worth of merchandise in bond sent out for safekeeping during the disturbances accounts for this increase.

"The American goods returned during last year were valued at $9,694, compared with $7,611 in 1910."

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Kaufman, Strauss Co., Louisville, Ky.; B. Marcus, domestics; 220 5th Av.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville, Penn.; G. C. Arbogast, notions, laces; 2 Walker; Herald Square.

White, J. B., & Co., Augusta, Ga.; J. W. Pearce, domestics; 214 Church; Marlborough.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. Weinreich, laces; G. Boos, children's cloaks; 115 Worth.

Lederer Bros. & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. D. Lederer, dress goods and cotton goods; 258 Church.

Reid & Hughes, Lawrence, Mass.; J. A. McElroy, cloaks, suits, waists; Prince George.

Powers Merc. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; R. S. Barele, dress goods, silks; 214 Church.

Stone & Thomas, Wheeling, W. Va.; W. J. McLoughlin, dress goods, silks; 320 Church.

Piper Manufacturing Co., Somerville, Mass.; A. B. Piper, jewelry, shell goods; 225 4th Av.; Flanders.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; K. C. Johnstone, millinery; Miss Pierce, millinery; Miss Framberg, millinery; 215 4th Av.

Ekstein, J. S., Co., Savannah, Ga.; J. S. Ekstein, ready to wear; W. P. Stapleton, ready to wear; 239 4th Av.

Fair, The, New Orleans, La.; S. Mann, cloaks, suits, waists; 40 Lispenard.

Bry Block Mercantile Co., Memphis, Tenn.; C. J. Dollinger, cloaks, suits, dresses, waists, wrappers; 45 East 17th.

Vorenberg's, Boston, Mass.; B. Kaufman, ladies' apparel; Prince George.

Knapp, J. W., Co., Lansing, Mich.; J. W. Knapp, waists, dresses; 104 5th Av.

Griffin, H. P., Brunbridge, Ala.; dry goods, shoes, millinery; 637 East 176th.

Kaufmann Brothers, Pittsburgh, Penn.; A. Moffatt, hosiery, leather goods, umbrellas; T. Kaufmann, jewelry; N. Kaufmann, muslin underwear, corsets; F. Moffatt, ladies' cloaks, suits; 200 5th Av.

Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co., St. Louis, Md.; A. P. Lyon, house furn. goods, art goods, china, glass, toys; Mr. Schultz, ladies' neckwear; 71 W. 23d.

Panton & London, Seattle, Wash.; J. Panton, general mdse.; 45 E. 17th.

Younker Brothers, Des Moines, Iowa; R. E. Jackson, men's furn. goods, art needlework, drug sundries; 220 5th Av.

"Garland's," St. Louis, Mo.; T. W. Garland, ready to wear; Miss Woods, waists; Miss Edgar, suits and dresses; J. W. Garland, cloaks, suits; Miss L. Frank, waists; 15 E. 26th.

Paris Fashion Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; G. B. Schoen, waists and skirts; 15 E. 26th.

Clarke & Co., Peoria, Ill.; Miss L. Biggerstaff, laces, neckwear, embroideries; 81 Union Square.

Roth, G. A., & Co., Booneville, Ind.; G. A. Roth, dry goods; Latham.

Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. Adelberg, laces, veilings, handkerchiefs, ladies' neckwear; 6th Av. and 20th.

Bon Marche, Worcester, Mass.; J. S. Anderson, cloaks, suits; Latham.

Beard, W. C., & Son, Columbus, Miss.; W. C. Beard, dry goods; Latham.

Evan, Lloyd & Co., Chicago, Ill.; M. J. Loftus, upholstery goods; B. Caspary, millinery; 132 West 21st.

Hazebrigg & Son, Mount Sterling, Ky.; D. Hazebrigg, dry goods; Victoria.

Maury Dry Goods Co., Columbia, Tenn.; J. T. Wooten, general merchandise; Victoria.

Solomon, J. E., Indianapolis, Ind.; dry goods; Victoria.

Columbia Dry Goods Co., Houston, Texas; B. Cohen, dry goods; 16 East 18th; Hoffman House.

Bluestein Brothers, Savannah, Ga.; M. Bluestein, dry goods; Albert.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; D. A. Curtin, sweaters, muslin underwear; 488 Broadway.

Pellitier Co., Sioux City, Iowa; H. E. Timm, laces, notions, leather goods; 45 East 17th.

Scott-Griggs Co., Newark, Ohio; W. H. Mazey, cloaks, suits, furn. goods; 4 W. 22d.

Hager & Bro., Lancaster, Penn.; Mrs. C. F. McCoy, millinery; 75 Spring.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; E. J. Glader, gloves; 214 Church. Hoffman House.

Pearce Cloak House, Minneapolis, Minn.; H. Pearce, cloaks, suits; 69 5th Av.; Hoffman House.

Heyman, L., & Co., West Point, Ga.; L. Heyman, dry goods; Cumberland.

Lewis, J. C., Louisville, Ky.; J. J. Crotty, silks; G. M. Ross, dry goods; 70 Franklin.

Meyer & Lindorf, Newark, Ohio; A. R. Lindorf, ladies garments; R. Johnston, dry goods; W. J. Bryant, dry goods; O. Meyer, dry goods; 114 5th Av.

Keet & Rountree D. G. Co., Springfield, Mo.; J. H. Rountree, domestics; 48 Leonard.

Good, L. S., & Co., Wheeling, West Va.; L. S. Good, cloaks, suits; 600 B'way.

Marks, A., Sons, Amsterdam, N. Y.; Carl Marks, millinery, laces, infants' wear; Wellington.

Powers Merc. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; Mrs. L. King, ladies', infants' wear, corsets; 214 Church.

Joske Bros. Co., San Antonio, Texas; O. W. Hilgers, dress goods, silks; 45 E. 17th; Cadillac.

Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Miss K. Stohlman, millinery; Miss S. Hoffman, millinery; 71 W. 23d.

Syracuse D. G. Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; J. P. Rule, white goods, laces, corsets, notions; 51 Leonard.

Famous & Barr Co., St. Louis, Mo.; P. J. Kroseisl, hosiery, knit underwear; 4 Washington Place; Hermitage.

Hengerer, Wm., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; R. Wilson, millinery; 2 Walker; Hermitage.

Dannenberg Co., Macon, Ga.; L. Irvine, leather goods; 100 5th Av.; Cadillac.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. T. Henderson, laces, hdkfs., ribbons; 2 Walker; Cadillac.

Eisenberg, A., Baltimore, Md.; A. Birkenwald, clothing; York.

Sturtevant, H. H., & Co., Zanesville, Ohio; P. D. Wortz, domestics; 320 Church; Navarre.

Walker Bros. D. G. Co., Wichita, Kan.; D. V. Walker, notions, ladies' garments; Navarre.

Colvig, W. H., Wheeling, West Va.; notions; Navarre.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; G. M. Hunter, groceries; 2 Walker.

Arnstein, M. B., & Co., Knoxville, Tenn.; J. G. Paulus, domestics; Mrs. J. O. Hicks, millinery; F. F. Morgan, dry goods; 20 Mercer; Grand.

Stewart, D. J., & Co., Rockford, Ill.; C. A. Ross, dress goods; Grand.

Zenner, Bradshaw & Co., Huntington, West Va.; E. B. Sister, cloaks, suits; 114 5th Av.

Stewart D. G. Co., Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. F. Davidson, ladies' neckwear, leather goods; Mrs. J. Sadler, art linens; 214 Church.

Rike, Kumler Co., Dayton, Ohio; H. J. Ames, toilet goods; Miss B. M. Valentine, stationery; R. C. Kumler, cloaks; Miss C. Rowland, notions; 220 5th Av.

Mannheimer Bros., St. Paul, Minn.; Miss N. C. Mullery, furs; 1,270 B'way.

Dayton Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; A. B. Kuehne, ladies' and infants' wear; 79 5th Av.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Miss O. Fallon, ribbons; 214 Church.

McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; E. L. Merrill, rugs; 214 Church.

Miller & Paine, Lincoln, Neb.; J. H. Willis, books; 220 5th Av.

Holden & Stone, Pittsfield, Mass.; J. A. La Breque, carpets, rugs; Latham.

Trankla, Chas., & Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.; Miss A. Tully, millinery; 55 White.

Milner, W. L., & Co., Toledo, Ohio; Miss E. Betscher, ladies' wear; 20 West 22d.

Wilcox Bros. D. G. Co., Bloomington, Ill.; J. E. Hurst, dry goods; Miss M. Flynn, cloaks, suits, waists; Grand.

Taft, J. H., & Bro.; Parkersburg, West Va.; W. A. McKinney, dry goods; 139 W. 25th; Grand.

Frederick & Nelson, Seattle, Wash.; W. Kenner, house furnishing goods, china, glass; 22 East 17th.

Farwell, J. V., Co.; Chicago, Ill.; C. P. Fenlon, handkerchiefs; 72 Leonard.

Giddings & Kirkwood, Colorado Springs, Col.; Miss I. Hamilton, millinery; 16 East 18th.

Levi, J., & Co., Dubuque, Iowa; M. J. Malone, general merchandise; 100 5th Av.

Foley Brothers Dry Goods Co., Houston, Texas; H. C. Dollahite, dress goods, silks, velvets; 15 East 22d.

Akron Dry Goods Co., Akron, Ohio; E. Glass, cloaks, suits; 30 East 23d; Grand.

Cohen, L., Co., Charleston, S. C.; W. B. Cohen, notions, dry goods; 315 4th Av.

Pogue, H. & S., Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss J. Carey, notions, dress trimmings, buttons; Grenoble.

Kennington, R. E., Co., Jackson, Miss.; R. E. Kennington, domestics, flannels, blankets; 320 Church; Ansonia.

Kemp & Hebert, Spokane, Wash.; Miss E. Bray, notions, fancy goods, embroideries; 16 East 18th; Park Avenue.

Townsend & Wyatt Dry Goods Co., St. Joseph, Mo.; T. R. Walsh, general buyer; 33 Union Square; Grand.

Hammel, L., Dry Goods Co., Mobile, Ala.; Miss F. Ettelson, millinery; Miss A. Stiller, millinery; 71 West 23d; Arlington.

Holmes, D. H., Co., New Orleans, La.; C. B. Merrill, boys' clothing, shoes; 15 East 26th; Grand.

Jones Store Co., Kansas City, Mo.; L. Goff, millinery; 214 Church; Cumberland.

Hengerer, Wm., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. Mutter, domestics, wash, white goods, blankets, linens, art goods; 214 Church.

Joslin Dry Goods Co., Denver, Col.; A. O. Blesser, carpets, upholstery goods; 214 Church.

Root Dry Goods Co., Terre Haute, Ind.; F. Knadler, house furnishing goods; 214 Church.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

This refers to our Advance Notice dated July 15th, 1912.

This (Monday) morning, August 19th, we shall place on Sale at Attractive Prices the following merchandise:

42 Inch ALL WOOL SERGES
42 Inch ALL WOOL CHEVIOTS
54 Inch SHEPHERD CHECKS
50 Inch CHIFFON PANAMA
42 Inch ALL WOOL FANCY STRIPE SERGES
54 Inch CHIFFON PANAMA
42 Inch ALL WOOL PANAMAS
36 Inch HAIR LINE SERGES
48 Inch ALL WOOL HABIT CLOTH
54 Inch LADIES' CLOTH
54 Inch WOOL DIAGONAL
36 Inch GREY HOMESPUN CHEVIOT
42 Inch GREY HOMESPUN CHEVIOT
46 Inch GREY HOMESPUN CHEVIOT
32 Inch ALL WOOL TRICOTS

A Wide Range of "SHORTS" in 40-42 Inch STORM SERGES—Single and Double Warp—also Shrunk and Sponged.

REMNANTS—The First Offering of the Season—All Wool, Widths 36-42-50 and 54 Inches.

NOTE: The material advance in all lines of Wool Dress Goods makes this Offering one not to be overlooked.

THE H. B. CLAFLIN CO.
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT NEW YORK
NO GOODS SOLD AT RETAIL.

RECEIVER'S SALE
$60,000 Stock of Well-Known House of
J. M. BURR & SON CO.,
140 FIFTH AVE., N. Y. CITY,
IMPORTERS OF
LACES
ALSO NETTINGS AND NOVELTIES.
Receiver authorized by Bankruptcy Court to run business at above address for short time to dispose of goods.
I have just placed in stock several large consignments.
INCLUDING LARGE VARIETY OF LATEST PATTERNS FOR FALL AND WINTER TRADE.
Just Released from Customs
All New Goods shipped before bankruptcy, but held for duty.
Foreign and Domestic goods for all seasons.
MUST BE SOLD IMMEDIATELY REGARDLESS OF COST.
HOWARD E. BROWN, Receiver in Bankruptcy.

NOTICE TO ALL BUYERS
MAX MANDEL
IMPORTER OF LACES,
Now located 473-475 Broadway,
WILL REMOVE
to
39-47 West 19th St.
on or about
SEPTEMBER 15TH
where he will have double the space in his new store and superior facilities for showing his
ENLARGED LINE OF LACES.

EMBROIDERIES
Originators, Manufacturers, Importers.
NEUBURGER & CO.
EMBROIDERIES AND NOVELTIES
124 5TH AV. Running Through From 17th to 18th St., N. Y. CITY

F. ALTHEIMER CO.
Fall line ready. Chiffon, Charmeuse and Crepe Meteor Dresses, Chiffon and Lace Waists.
36 & 38 WEST 20TH ST.

AUTOS TO HIRE
Special Summer Rates.
PRIVATE AUTO RENTING CO.
Phone 5052 Columbus.

Xmas, New Year and all season cards and novelties.
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BUYERS' GUIDE—HELP WANTED.

SALESMAN—First-class man for Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas, Minnesota, by large waist house, making nine to thirty dollars the dozen goods; only those who have sold waists and have done a large business in the above section will be considered. Address Ability, W 256 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to carry a high class of hair goods as side line in Southern and Western territory; no extra baggage; sure to make big money. P 87 Times.

BUYERS' GUIDE—SITUATIONS WANTED.

SALESMAN, having large connections with trade West and South, open to contract with good house to carry any line; ladies' and misses' dresses preferred; A1 references. P 88 Times.

AUCTION SALES.

Open for Inspection To-day from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.
The entire high-grade stock of
L. & F. HAMBURGER
of 37 and 39 West 28th St., retiring, makers of the Famous Marquise Waists and Dresses, and inventoried at $40,000, comprising full and complete lines of
TRIMMINGS,
LACES, ALLOVERS, EMBROIDERIES, real Irish collars and blouses, imported waist fronts, embroidered front panels, medallions, beadings, silk, cotton, and beaded fringes, extra large line of buttons, cords, and a fine assortment of notions; also an extra fine quality and large assortment of silks, velvets, chiffons, silk voiles, marquisettes, serges, linens, nets, cotton voiles, mull, lawns, batiste, linings, &c., will be sold at public auction sale
To-morrow, Tuesday, Aug. 20th at 10.30 A. M.
on premises 37 & 39 West 28th St., between 5th and 6th Aves.,
By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
For full particulars follow this paper.
Auctioneer's telephone 4299 Spring.

510 Rubber
Automobile Tubes
Chas. Shongood, Auctioneer, will sell on Wednesday, Aug. 21st, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., at
113 Leonard St., Manhattan,
for account of whom it may concern, 510 Rubber Automobile Tires in trade lots to dealers. Above goods all new and in original boxes.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 EAST 14th St. and 14 WEST 125th St.
New upright pianos $150 upw., $5 monthly; Player pianos $250 upw. Used pianos $75 upw.

The Lost Will Be Found

Announce your misfortune in The New York Times famous Lost column.

Your advertisement will be reprinted without extra charge in over a thousand bulletins, which are conspicuously posted in prominent places all over the city.

These bulletins make it possible for The Times to reach all places where people find the things you lose. Every day people find articles of value and keepsakes of importance by advertising in The New York Times. The rates are 30c a line, one time; 3 times a week, 75c.

THE NEW YORK TIMES
"All the News That's Fit to Print."
1000 Bryant.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Point Pleasant.

PINE BLUFF INN,
Point Pleasant, N. J.

Located in a Pine Forest, directly on the Manasquan River. Splendid facilities for all kinds of water sports, sailing, canoeing, swimming, crabbing and fishing. The ideal SAFE place for children. Miles of picturesque river to be explored in boats or canoes. Golf, tennis, music, dancing.

The house has large rooms and closets, and the beds are provided with the best hair mattresses on box springs, insuring perfect rest. Fine linen, absolute cleanliness. Entire establishment first class in every respect. Electric light, pure artesian water, modern septic drainage system.

The TABLE, which earned such approval during 1911, will be maintained at the same high standard, and bountifully supplied with but one quality—the best.

Rates: $3 per day; $18 & $20 per week. Special terms for extended periods. Address

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Delightful weather during September and October.

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Hamilton Hotel

BERMUDA

Average Summer Temperature 80.

As a Summer Resort is cooler than the Mountains and many of the fashionable Northern Resorts.

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Continually swept by Ocean breezes, where bathing, boating and fishing are unsurpassed, and every out door sport is enjoyed, combined with the best modern hotel accommodations and all the comforts of your own home.

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Edgemere Club Hotel

Directly on the Ocean; 30 minutes from New York

European plan exclusively. A remarkable success, demonstrating the feasibility of operating a large resort hotel exclusively for the accommodation of club members, their families and guests.

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T. D. GREEN, Manager

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END OF THE MOTOR PARKWAY.
HORACE S. CHASE, Proprietor.

Under entirely new management. Newly refurnished, redecorated. Fifteen acres Lawn and Shade Trees. Directly on the water. 50 miles from New York. Garage. Unsurpassed American Plan Table. Moderate Rates. SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER, $1.00. Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Tennis, Croquet, Music, Dancing. Refined. Booklet.

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SHELTER ISLAND HEIGHTS, L. I.

Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Bathing. Garage. Delightful Climate, Pure Water. Ideal Motor Run. Delightful Week Ends. Booklet. SPECIAL RATES FOR SEPTEMBER.

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WHEN DRIVING OR MOTORING IN
THE CATSKILLS
ENJOY
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SPECIAL DINNER
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SCHOHARIE MANSION
Elka Park, N. Y.
Beautiful and Ideal.

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THE IDEAL SEPTEMBER RESORT.

Easy of access. Exceptionally Picturesque and Healthful. Open fires; steam heat; golf, tennis, bowling, billiards, croquet; miles of beautiful walks and drives. Address
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Cragsmoor Inn

2,000 ft. Elevation.
100 Miles from New York.
ABSOLUTELY NO CANNED FOODS.

107 rooms. 42 private baths. 3 tennis courts. 6-hole practice golf course. Rates, $14 to $35. After September 7th, $14 to $15. Handsome booklet. Robin Dale Compton, Mgr., Cragsmoor, Ulster Co., N. Y.

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The Berkeley-Waiontha Hotel

Six hours from New York via. N. Y. Central. Great White Sulphur Springs.

Climate perfect; the hotel's appointments and service are unequaled by any other hotel in the State; furnished new throughout; orchestra and concerts; prices attractive.

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In the Country—in New York City.

It's an ideal spot. 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 70 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

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LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.

Summer and Fall Resort. Delightfully located in private park fronting two lakes; acres of lawns and shade trees; two miles private walks; beautiful mountain scenery and high altitude; fifty miles from New York; select patronage; garage; rates, single, $15 to $25 week; double, $25 to $35; booklet.

Call Bryant 1000 and say "Wants." An intelligent operator is waiting for your call until 10 o'clock in the evening, and will tell you all about Times Service.

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NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

NEW MONTEREY

North Asbury Park, N. J.

Occupying Entire Block on the Ocean Front.

A new hotel of brick and steel construction, with accommodations for five hundred guests. Private baths with hot and cold sea water connection. Daily concerts; superior cuisine; attentive service.

FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

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Hotel MONTCLAIR

A delightful "breathing place," with every form of recreation at your command—and only 45 minutes from Broadway!

AUTO BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS.

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Also: "The Sagamore" on Lake George.

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Best Moderate-Rate Hotel

ELBERON

And fireproof annex, Tennessee Ave., near Beach; central, new throughout; capacity, 400; opposite Protestant and Catholic churches; running water in rooms; private baths; excellent table; fresh vegetables from our own farm; windows screened; white service; booklet; special rates. R. B. LUDY, M. D.

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Homelike hotel of high class at popular tariff. Newly built brick at Vermont Ave., near Beach, Atlantic City, N. J.
MACK LATZ & CO.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

HOTEL DENNIS,

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Directly on the ocean front; always open.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

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Directly on the Sound, catering to first-class patronage only: $15.00 to $35.00 per week.
E. A. SILLECK.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.

ENJOY THE AUTUMN SEASON AT

The KITTATINNY

Leading Hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Steam heat, open log fires, rooms en suite with baths and running water. Own farm and dairies. Golf, tennis, boating, beautiful walks and drives. Orchestra, riding academy, livery, garage. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Special Sept. and Oct. rates. Cafe and Grill.
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THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE.

Open until Dec. The most modern and finest located hotel in this region. Cuisine of the highest standard; white service. Orchestra; social diversions; every amusement. New beautiful Palm Court and Cafe. Special September and Autumn rates. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Sixth season.
JOHN PURDY COPE.

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GEO. F. ADAMS, White Sulphur, W. Va.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS
Greenbrier County, W. Virginia

SURROGATE NOTICES.

SAKS, ANDREW.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANDREW SAKS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Kendall & Herzog, No. 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of November next.—Dated New York, the 8th day of May, 1912. JENNIE R. SAKS, HORACE A. SAKS, ISADORE SAKS, WILLIAM A. SAKS, Executors. KENDALL & HERZOG, Attorneys for Executors, No. 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. ROBERT LUDLOW FOWLER, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ROSALIE DE GEDALIA DEFRENOIS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of HORKHEIMER & COHEN, No. 19 Cedar Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 19th day of December next.
Dated New York, the 29th day of May, 1912.
LUTHER H. CHAMBERS, Executor.
HORKHEIMER & COHEN, Attorneys for Executor, 19 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

STEVENS, BYAM K.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BYAM K. STEVENS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, the office of her attorneys, Messrs. Dixon & Holmes, No. 32 Liberty Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 23d day of September next.—Dated New York the 12th day of March, 1912. ELIZA L. W. STEVENS, Executrix. DIXON & HOLMES, Attorneys for Executrix, 32 Liberty Street, New York.

STEAMBOATS.

To Boston
And New England Points

Fall River Line Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

Providence Line Daily except Sundays. Lv. Pier 18, N. R., foot of Murray St., 6:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

$1.00 and $2.00 Outside Staterooms. Inside Staterooms have Outside Ventilation and are Always Cool and Comfortable.

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NEW BEDFORD LINE

Direct route to New Bedford, Mass., and Summer resorts on Buzzard's Bay, Cape Cod and Martha's Vineyard and Nantucket. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot of Houston St., week days only, 6:00 P. M.

BRIDGEPORT LINE

Week days, Lv. Pier 27, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11:00 A. M. and 3:00 P. M., Sats., 2:00 P. M. Lv. foot of East 22d St., 3:30 P. M.; Sats., 2:30 P. M. Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Strs. BRIDGEPORT and NAUGATUCK.

NEW LONDON (NORWICH) LINE

Direct route New London, Watch Hill, Block Island and Narragansett Pier. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Houston St., week days, 5:00 P. M., Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.

NEW HAVEN LINE

To New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Sundays, 9:30 A. M. Lv. East 22d St., week days, 3:00 P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

Tickets, Staterooms and Information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt Street; also at N. Y. Transfer Offices, Tourist Offices, and at Piers.

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THE NEW ENGLAND STEAMSHIP CO.

BOSTON $2.40
BAY STATE LINE
VIA BOAT AND TROLLEY $2.25

PROVIDENCE DIRECT, $1.50—WORCESTER, $2.40—FALL RIVER, $1.75

Steel Steamships GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily, Sundays Included, from Pier 19, East River, 5:30 P. M. Improved Service.
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City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway; Uptown Office, Broadway & 23d St.; N. Y. General Offices, Piers 19 & 20, East River, N. Y.
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One Way, $2. Round Trip, $3.50.
EVERY EVENING.

Leaving Pier 32, N. R., (foot of Canal St.,) 6 P. M. People's Line calling at West 129th St. at 6:45 P. M.; Citizens' Line calling at Yonkers at 7 P. M., Poughkeepsie at 11 P. M. Steamer C. W. MORSE leaves New York on odd dates, ADIRONDACK on even dates. Sunday Day Boat leaves at 8:45 A. M.; West 132d St. 9:15 A. M. Special excursion to Poughkeepsie and return Sundays, $1.00.

Passage and stateroom tickets delivered by special messenger. 10-Ride Family Books, $15. ($1.50 per trip.)

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY,
Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

For CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE, and way landings. Direct connection with Catskill Mountain Railroads for CAIRO, PALENVILLE, OTIS SUMMIT, HAINES FALLS, TANNERSVILLE, and

All Points In the Catskill Mountains

Magnificent Steel Steamers "Clermont" (new) and "Onteora" leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily except Sunday. Saturday Special leaves Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M.; Yonkers 1:45, for Malden, Catskill, all Catskill Mt. points, Hudson and Athens. Time tables giving full information mailed on request, or can be obtained at all hotels and railway ticket offices. 'Phone 1097 Spring.

Iron Steamboat Co
CONEY ISLAND
Rockaway Beach
Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"

For full schedule see inside of front cover of New York City Telephone Directory.

Special Notice.

Strs. ROSEDALE and SYLVESTER are NOT operated by this Company. Only tickets purchased at the White Box Office at West 129th St. are Good on Iron Steamboats.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR

Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tuesdays and Thursdays 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays, 1:00 P. M. See time table for additional service—Steamer "Montauk."

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BROWER, BLOOMFIELD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BLOOMFIELD BROWER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Gordon Ireland, No. 32 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 1st day of December next.
Dated New York, the 24th day of May, 1912.
CEPHISE B. BROWER,
LAURA L. BROWER,
Executrices.
GORDON IRELAND, Attorney for Executrices, 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BROWN, EDWARD B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDWARD B. BROWN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of White & Case, No. 31 Nassau St., Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of September next.
Dated New York, the 14th day of March, 1912.
CHARLES A. STONE, Executor.
WHITE & CASE, Attorneys for Executor, 31 Nassau St., Manhattan, New York City.

HELMSKY, GEORGE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE HELMSKY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, at the office of Aronson & Kutner, No. 309 Broadway, Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of December next.—Dated New York, the 29th day of May, 1912. JOSEPHINE HELMSKY, Executrix. ARONSON & KUTNER, Attorneys for Executrix, 309 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

THAIN, MARY T.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY T. THAIN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 6th day of December next.
Dated New York, the 31st day of May, 1912.
ALEXANDER THAIN, Executor.

STEAMBOATS.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

Steamer HENDRICK HUDSON or ROBERT FULTON leaves Desbrosses St. 8:40 A. M., W. 42d St., 9 A. M., W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Str. ALBANY leaves Desbrosses St. 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M., for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. All service daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.

Steamer Mary Powell

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. Albany, $1, or by rail, $1.10. 8

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"
TAKE

COLONIAL LINE

To BOSTON, PROVIDENCE, and New England Summer Resorts.

BOSTON	- - - - - -	$2.65
PROVIDENCE	Direct,	$1.75
WORCESTER	Boat and Rail,	$2.65
FALL RIVER	"	$2.00

First-class service, palatial steamers, excellent cuisine, clean, comfortable staterooms (all outside rooms).

Leave Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.
Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St.

To Albany & Troy

(FROM ALBANY VIA ANNEX BOAT)

$1 HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT

Commodious Steamers 'Iroquois' & 'Mohawk' Spacious staterooms, every convenience; electric light; excellent service. Wistaria Dining Room; open till midnight. Music. Through tickets to all points. Baggage checked. Strs. Lv. (West Houston St.) 5:30 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:00 P. M. Daily. Phone Spring 9228.

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FASCINATING SEA TRIPS.

BOSTON
All-the-Way-by-Water

METROPOLITAN STEAMSHIP LINE
The Great White Steel Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS & BUNKER HILL

Leave Pier 14, N. R., foot Fulton St., Week Days & Sundays 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Fare $4.

PORTLAND, Me.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE, Steel Steamships North Land & North Star, Leave Pier 15, N. R., foot Vesey St., Tues., Thurs. & Sats., at 5 P. M.; also Mondays 10:30 A. M. A delightful 22 hour trip. Round Trip Fare $10.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

ATLANTIC CITY
OCEAN ROUTE

NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMSHIP
"ATLANTIC CITY"

Parlor Staterooms. Single or En Suite. Excellent Dining Service. Table d'Hote. Cold Storage Plant for Perishables.

Adults, $1.75 Each Way. Children 5 to 12, $1.00

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CUNARD

The Fastest Steamers in the World

Mauretania Aug. 21, 1 A. M. Oct. 2; Sept. 11, 1 A. M. Oct. 23

Lusitania Aug. 28, 1 A. M. Oct. 9; Sept. 18, 1 A. M. Nov. 6

CARONIA		CAMPANIA		CARMANIA
Aug. 24, 10 A. M.	Oct. 19	Sept. 4, 1 A. M.	Nov. 20	Sept. 7, 10 A. M.
Sept. 21, 10 A. M.	Nov. 16	Sept. 25, 1 A. M.	Jan. 1	Oct 5, 10 A. M.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown eastbound.

New York-Mediterranean-Adriatic Service

Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.

IVERNIA	CARPATHIA	SAXONIA	PANNONIA
Aug. 22	a Sept. 5	Sept. 19	a b Sept. 26
Oct. 10	a Oct. 24		a b Nov. 16 Noon

a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours.

WINTER CRUISES—RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT

LACONIA NOV. 9, JAN. 4 — FRANCONIA NOV. 28, JAN. 18 — CARONIA JAN. 30, MAR. 15

Round the World Trips, $513. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America.
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ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS

The Largest Steamer in the World

New 45,324 Ton **OLYMPIC** Sails from New York SEPT. 7 2 P. M. SEPT. 28, OCT. 19, NOV. 9, NOV. 30

NEARBY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK.

ADRIATIC	Aug. 22,	12 noon
MAJESTIC	Aug. 24,	12 noon
ST. PAUL	Aug. 24,	9:30 A. M.
MINNEAPOLIS	Aug. 24,	8:30 A. M.
ZEELAND	Aug. 24,	10 A. M.

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Paul.....Aug. 24 | St. Louis....Sept. 7
Philadelphia..Aug. 31 | New York...Sept. 14

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N.R.
Min'apolis.Au.24,8:30 AM | Minn'aska.Sept. 7
Minne'ha.Aug.31,10:30AM | Minn'nka.Sept. 14

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Zeeland.....Aug. 24 | Lapland......Sept. 7
Kroonland...Aug. 31 | Finland ....Sept. 14

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Majestic....Aug. 24, noon Olympic(nw).Sep.7
Oceanic.....Aug.31, noon Majestic...Sept. 14
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Adriatic.Aug. 22, noon | Cedric.......Sept. 5
Baltic..Aug. 29, noon | Celtic........Sept. 12
Boston-Mediterranean Ports.
Cretic........Sept. 14 | Canopic......Sept. 28

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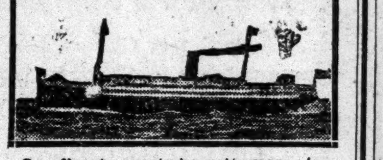
Vacations on the Ocean



On finest coastwise steamers in the world, with direct connections to all famous resorts of the Southwest and Pacific Coast.

5 to 21 DAYS

Attractive vacation voyages at $32 to $75, including meals and accommodations on steamers. Don't decide before visiting
CLYDE LINE - MALLORY LINE
TOUR BUREAUS:
290 Broadway, cor. Reade St.
958 Broadway, cor. 23d St.
Piers 36 & 45, North River, New York. 39

See Foreign America First
12 DAY VACATION CRUISE
$60.00 UP

Berth and Meals Included (First Cabin)
To Halifax, Nova Scotia and St. John's, Newfoundland, via

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You cannot spend a more delightful and interesting summer vacation than by taking this grand cruise to the cool North. As truly foreign as a trip to Europe, and costing much less. The splendid, new, large tourist steamships "Stephano" and "Florizel," offer every modern equipment for safety and comfort. No hotel bills. You live on the ship. 7 days at sea, 5 days in port. Splendid cuisine. Orchestra.

Send for handsome Illustrated Catalog 46

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EXPRESS SAILINGS TUESDAYS
Fast Mail Sailings Saturdays
FOR
LONDON-PARIS-BREMEN
Sailings on SATURDAYS for
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All Expense Tours by S. S. Orotava, 10,063 displ't, 5,980 reg'd. From 5 Days $27.50 Up. Sailings every 5 Days in connection with Quebec S. S. Co. Tickets interchangeable.

PERU-CHILE EXPRESS SERVICE TO AND FROM PANAMA

16 Days New York to CALLAO.
23 Days New York to VALPARAISO.

Services to **COLOMBIA AND ECUADOR**

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FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique

DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.

‡France (new)...Aug.	22	‡France (new)..Sept.	12
*La Provence....Aug.	29	*La Provence....Sept.	19
*La Lorraine....Sept.	5	*La Savoie......Sept.	26

*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.

SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILINGS 3 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*La Touraine..............................Aug. 31
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE

MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
VIA SOUTHERN TRACK

Between New York and ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA. MARTHA WASHINGTON, Aug. 21, Oct. 5. KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH I. (new), Sept. 4, etc. Apply for sailings, rates. Thru' bookings to Adriatic, Levant & Far East.

PHELPS BROS. & CO., G. A., 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE

GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY

Caledonia..Aug. 24, 8 AM | California..Sept. 7, 2 PM
Columbia..Aug. 31, 10 AM | Cameronia.Sept. 14, 11 AM

FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.

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$50.00 & up TO EUROPE

New York to Rotterdam
ONE CABIN ONLY, OUTSIDE ROOMS.
S. S. VOLTURNO..................AUGUST 29
S. S. URANIUM..................SEPTEMBER 12
URANIUM S. S. CO., Ltd., 13 B'way, N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE

Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-screw sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
*Potsdam..................Aug. 20
†New Amsterdam..........Aug. 27
*Noordam..................Sept. 3
*Ryndam...................Sept. 10
*VIA BOULOGNE S/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

E. H. LOW AGENT ALL LINES REGULAR RATES. 1123 B'WAY, N. Y. TEL. 1393 MAD. SQ.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

Largest S. S. Co. in the world
Over 400 SHIPS 1,210,000 TONS

ATLANTIC SERVICE

LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG

Cincinnati..Aug. 22, 1 P. M.
Kais'n Aug.Vic.Aug.29,11 A.M.
Pres. Lincoln.Aug. 31, 12 noon
Cleveland....Sept. 5, 12 noon

MEDITERRANEAN

Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE
August 20, 11 A. M.
S. S. MOLTKE, Oct. 1, 1 P. M.

TWO IDEAL CRUISES

AROUND THE WORLD

Oct. 19, 1912 From New York | Feb. 6, 1913 From San Fran.
By the S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 UP
including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore, railway, hotel, shore excursions, carriages, guides, fees, etc.

VACATION CRUISES

SPECIAL SUMMER RATES TO

JAMAICA and the PANAMA CANAL

Cuba, Hayti, Colombia, Costa Rica
WEEKLY SAILINGS
by "PRINZ" and other steamers of our
— ATLAS SERVICE —
11 to 18 Days $75
25-Day Cruises $110 and $115
Santiago, Kingston, round trip $75
Colon and Port Limon, round trip.......................$115
☞ For accommodations in any location excepting suites
—NEXT SAILING—
S. S. PRINZ JOACHIM,
August 24, 2 P. M.

Write for booklet of any cruise.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, N. Y.
'Phone 1900 Rector

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ALWAYS SOUTHERN ROUTE

FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA

AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, etc.
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Write for literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class $55.00.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

LLOYD ITALIANO

TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.

Mendoza Aug. 21, Oct. 5. Taormina Sept. 7.
Rates $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE

By new Cunarder "Laconia," Feb. 15, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. Round World and South America Tours. Frank C. Clark, Times Building, New York.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

"All Expense" Tour

One Low Rate Covers All.
Includes Hotels, Staterooms, etc.
No. 2.—Thousand Islands, St. Lawrence Rapids, Montreal, Ausable Chasm, Lakes Champlain and George, 7 days, $36.75 and up.
Inc. Niagara Falls, 9 days, $52.00.
Also Special Labor Day Tours.
FRANK TOURIST CO.
Tel. 4530 Franklin. 396 Broadway, New York.

To ALBANY 50¢

THE ECONOMICAL WAY.
STEAMERS FRANK JONES, KAATERSKILL
Leave Pier 46, N. R., Foot of W. 10th St., at 5:30 P. M.
W. 129th St. at 6 P. M. daily.
CAPITAL CITY LINE,
Pier 46, N. R. Phone Spring 507.

EXCURSIONS

Atlantic City, $2.50
NEXT WEDNESDAY
Leave West 23rd Street 7.50;
Liberty Street 8.00 a.m.
Via NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell

Leaving Desbrosses St. 1.45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2.20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by Str. Albany, $1.00, or by rail $1.10. Orchestra. Cadets in camp. See new public buildings, etc.

GLEN ISLAND BOATS

ROUND TRIP 50c

FAMOUS FAMILY RESORT on Long Island Sound. Weekdays lve. Battery 10, 11:30 A. M.; 1:30, 2:30, 4, 6 P. M. Sun., 9, 10, 11, 12 A.M., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 6, 7 P. M. E. 24th St. ½ hour later. McAllister St'b't Co.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:14 | Sun sets..6:54 | Moon sets..10:30

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:17	12:45	6:24	7:08
Governors Island	12:53	1:25	7:16	8:08
Hell Gate	2:43	3:15	8:56	9:48

Arrived—Sunday, Aug. 18.

SS St. Paul, Southampton, Aug. 10.
SS Caledonia, Glasgow, Aug. 10.
SS Madonna, Lisbon, July 18.
SS Westfield, Montevideo, July 18.
SS Warrior, Santos, July 21.
SS Kursk, Libau, Aug. 6.
SS Mayaro, Trinidad, Aug. 10.
SS El Sol, Galveston, Aug. 10.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, Aug. 15.
SS Egremont Castle, Boston, Aug. 17.
SS Albingia, Haiti, Aug. 14.
SS Mandeville, Port Antonio, Aug. 12.
SS S. V. Luckenbach, San Juan, Aug. 14.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Prinz F. Wilhelm	Bremen	Aug. 10
Nieuw Amsterdam	Rotterdam	Aug. 10
Parima	Demerara	Aug. 6
Nederland	Rotterdam	Aug. 5
Longwy	Havre	Aug. 3
African Prince	Barbados	Aug. 9
Prins Fred Hendrik	Haiti	Aug. 11
Duca d'Aosta	Palermo	Aug. 8
Albinga	Port au Prince	Aug. 14
S. V. Luckenbach	San Juan	Aug. 14
Alamo	Mobile	Aug. 13
Momus	New Orleans	Aug. 14

DUE TO-MORROW.

Kaiser Wilhelm II	Bremen	Aug. 13
Hellig Olav	Copenhagen	Aug. [illegible]
Zeeland	Antwerp	Aug. 10
Minneapolis	London	Aug. 10
Coppename	Trinidad	Aug. 13
Saratoga	Havana	Aug. 17
Prinz Joachim	Colon	Aug. 12
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Aug. 17
El Dorado	Galveston	Aug. 14

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Majestic	Southampton	Aug. 14
Caronia	Liverpool	Aug. 13
Byron	Rio Janeiro	Aug. [illegible]
President Lincoln	Southampton	Aug. 11
Queen Adelaide	St. Lucia	Aug. 12
Allianca	Colon	Aug. 13
Virginie	Havre	Aug. 10
El Siglio	Galveston	Aug. 15

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Marowijne, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Santiago, Brunswick	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Vasari, Barbados	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Eastwood, Pernambuco	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Industry, Argentina	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Potsdam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
Moltke, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

*Mauretania, Liverpool	———	1:00 A.M.
Martha Washington, Naples	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Ardoyne, Argentina	3:00 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Whitgift, Argentina	3:00 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Maracaibo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Uller, St. Kitts	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.

*Mail closes 9:30 P. M. Tuesday; no supplementary mail at pier.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., AUG. 18.

SS Caronia, Liverpool to New York, was 1,206 miles E. at 8:40 A. M.; due 21st, 8 A. M. Cunard Line.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen to New York, was 1,191 miles E. at 9 A. M.; due 20th, 8 P. M. North German Lloyd.

SS Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam to New York, was 315 miles E. at noon; due 19th, 9 A. M. Holland America Line.

SS Prinz Frederick Wilhelm, Bremen to New York, was 198 miles E at 2:30 P. M.; due 19th, 8 A. M.; North German Lloyd Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 311 miles W. of Key West at noon. Mallory Line.

SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 254 miles S. E. of Mississippi Bar at noon. Morgan Line.

SS S. V. Luckenbach, San Juan to New York, was 337 miles S. at 8 P. M. Insular Line.

SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 330 miles S. at 7:35 A. M. Clyde Line.

SS Antilla, Tampico to New York, was 800 miles S. at 8 A. M. Ward Line.

SS City of Atlanta, Savannah to New York, was 232 miles S. at 8 P. M. Savannah Line.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 208 miles S. at 7 P. M. Morgan Line.

SS Carolina, San Juan to New York, was 370 miles S. at 8 A. M. New York and Porto Rico S. S. Co.

SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, was 653 miles S. at 7 P. M. Ward Line.

SS Alamo, Mobile to New York, was 895 miles S. at noon. Mallory Line.

SS Larimer, Port Arthur to New York, was 268 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SABLE ISLAND, N. S.

SS Hellig Olav, Copenhagen to New York, was in communication at 12:30 P. M.; no distance given; due 20th, 4 P. M. Scandinavian-American Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS St. Louis, at Southampton, Aug. 18.
SS Lapland, at Dover, Aug. 18.
SS California, at Moville, Aug. 18.

Sailed.

SS Lusitania, from Queenstown, Aug. 18.
SS Philadelphia, from Cherbourg, Aug. 17.
SS Kroonland, from Dover, Aug. 17.

Passed.

SS Minnewaska, New York for London, passed Prawle Point.
SS Rochambeau, New York for Havre, signaled Brow Head.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Hercules	Aug. 20	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Awa Maru	Aug. 22	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Sonoma	Aug. 22	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru	Aug. 26	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle	Aug. 29	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Makura	Aug. 30	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Panama Maru	Aug. 30	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Aug. 31	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Tahiti	Sept. 13	6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, July 16; Manila, July 18; Shanghai, July 20; Auckland, July 22; Melbourne, July 26; Sydney, July 27; Yokohama, July 29, and Honolulu, Aug. 9—which arrived at San Francisco per steamers Manchuria and Sonoma, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. Aug. 15. Due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, Aug. 20.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

CONEY ISLAND & ROCKAWAY Steamers ROSEDALE and SYLVESTER

Lv. W. 129th St. 9:30, 1:30.
Lv. W. 23d St. 10:00, 2:00, 3:00, *7:30.
Lv. Battery 10:30, 2:30, 3:30, *8:00.
Lv. Coney Island 1:30, 6:00, 7:00, 9:00.
Lv. Rockaway Beach 12:30, 5:00, 6:00.
*Boat does not go to Rockaway Beach.
Exc'n tickets 129th St. to Coney Isl. & Rockaway, 80c. To Coney Island from W. 23d St. and Battery, 40c.

SIGHT SEEING YACHT Leaves West 23d St. 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. All cars transfer. Lecturer aboard. 3 hours' sail around Manhattan Island. THE ONLY BOAT AT 50c

"THE ORIGINAL"

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton

Around Manhattan Island. Lecturer aboard. Daily and Sunday, 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Foot West 42d St. Office Flatiron Bldg. Tel. 5441 Gram.

Sight-Seeing Yachts

OBSERVATION Around Manhattan Island, Daily, Battery Pier, So. Ferry, 10:30-2:30.
HALCYON SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship & Forts. 1:15, ret. 5. Phone Broad 3373.

Any old book can be found by using The Book Exchange in The New York Times Review of Books, every Sunday. Rare bargains, too, in black letter tomes dear to the collector's heart.—Adv.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Mortgage loans
on Improved Real Estate in Greater New York will be considered and quickly acted on by

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
367 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

West Side.

DOCTORS

West 69th St., (off Broadway.)—Handsome, attractive 4-story brownstone house, with extension, for sale; short block; convenient location for a physician; with speculative possibilities. Apply Room 303, 32 Broadway.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$1,000 In Your Pocket

$1,000 cold cash sliced off builder's price on 42 splendid one-family Easy Housekeeping Homes, right in the heart of aristocratic Flatbush. No such opportunity anywhere else in Brooklyn.

Builder's Price......$7,750
Our Price............6,750
You Save.............$1,000

Sold on easy terms, call TO-DAY at property—East 25th Street, between Clarendon Road and Avenue D, or 'phone us for particulars.
REALTY ASSOCIATES,
162 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
'Phone 6480 Main.

BEAUTIFUL BRICK HOUSES FOR RENT
One Family.
$25 to $35 Per Month.

These houses equal N. Y. apartments renting at $60 and $70. Send for list. Special Manager, 60 Liberty St., N. Y., Room 67. Phone Cort. 7440.

I WILL SELL

a handsome brick home, positively worth $6,000, for $4,750; only $300 down and $10 per month; half block from "L" station; 35 minutes to Park Row; 18 minutes within 9 months via new 4th Av. Subway; will take lots as part payment; take Sea Beach "L" either at Park Row, N. Y., or at Atlantic Av. Subway station, Brooklyn, to Kings Highway station, on the property. OTTO SINGER, INC.

SPECIAL SALE improved Brooklyn Lots, $450; worth double. Easy terms. Number limited; title guaranteed. Call or write Schwenk's Bank, 292 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn.

Foster Ave. & E. 93d St., Rugby.

New detached 6 rooms, bath, attic, 3 porches; panelled dining room; handsome chandeliers, mahogany mission natural trim; garden; very choice; $3,500; $250 down, $30 monthly, covering every expense. Crosby Millard Co., 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FEW VERY CHOICE HOUSES AT
MORRIS PARK

For sale at prices ranging from $4,500 to $6,500. Terms easy. City water, gas, stone walks and gutters paid for. Agent at terminus of Morris Park street car line. These houses are new and very attractive among many large trees.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful, steam-heated, detached cottages, $29.50 per month; 7 rooms; butler's pantry and bath; 20 minutes to New York; five-cent fare; 8 minutes' walk to Flushing Bay. Agent on property, Elliott Manor, Corona, or address W. J. Hardgrove, Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

BARGAINS IN COTTAGES.

Several cottages on Long Island Sound; fine bathing beach; 5 minutes' walk from station; short commuting distance to city; will sell on very easy terms; prices range from $4,000 up; including fine plot of ground deeded with shore front privileges. Particulars, Booklets. ESTATE, 243 West 34th St.

Four bedrooms, bath; living room, dining room with bay window; kitchen, pantry; great attic; wide veranda; splendid closet space; steam heat; open fireplace; gas, electricity; all other improvements; near station; 25 minutes to Manhattan; large plot of ground; shade trees; price $7,000; rent $50. B. Purdy, 50 Church St., New York. Telephone 7566 Cortlandt.

Rent or sell, $40 monthly,
Hollis Court, Queens, L. I.
Beautiful, suburban, all-year residence, two blocks from station, 30 minutes from city; refined, American neighborhood; restricted residential park; all city conveniences at hand. P. P. Edson, 1 West 34th St. Phone Greeley 6546.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET

TO LET.—Splendid house; 10 rooms; furnace, bath, laundry, gas, electricity; broad piazza; all improvements; first-class condition; shade; ideal surroundings; 50 minutes Manhattan; $35 month. Drake, 29 Broadway.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

AT BEAUTIFUL CRESTWOOD

Harlem Division N. Y. Central Railroad, 45 minutes from Grand Central Station. Lots for sale at bargain prices in liquidation of a corporation. ANDERSON REALTY CO., Mt. Vernon, N.Y.

Unusual Opportunity.—PREMIUM POINT PARK, New Rochelle, N. Y. Water-front plots at 60% of value. All city improvements. C. J. Van Slyke, 331 Madison Av., N.Y.

Mount Vernon.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.
HOUSES FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANDERSON REALTY CO.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Gentleman's Country Estate and Farm For Sale

200 acres, 900 feet above sea. Land cultivatable entirely by machinery. Every modern convenience, including electric light and power plant. Latest style machinery. Every building A1 condition. Self-supporting and running at a profit now. Price $60,000, complete, including live stock, machinery, &c. WEE LADDIE FARM, CHARLTON, MASS.

Greenwich, Conn.—30 acres, located between two leading roads, opposite golf club; this property is in its natural state and undeveloped; first-class investment; price $30,000. Riverside, Conn.—70 acres; 4 houses; 2 large barns; outbuildings; one mile road frontage; this farm has just been put on the market and must be sold; asking price, $40,000. Address P. O. Box 335 Stamford, Conn.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

WILL EXCHANGE FOR APARTMENT HOUSE

with one mortgage. Modern Country House, 9 rooms and bath, steam heat, open plumbing, all improvements; wide verandas. Barn and chicken houses, &c.; 10 acres of land, including apple orchard, in good condition. One hour and a half from New York.

HILLSIDE FARM,
GEORGETOWN, CONN.

We own a fine 10-room house in Flatbush, one-half block from Rapid Transit station, worth $13,000, big plot, which we will exchange for a house of similar value well located in New Jersey. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

Desirable Dwellings.
Apartments to Let.
Call or send for list.
PORTER & CO.,
159 WEST 125TH.
TELEPHONE
953—MORNINGSIDE.

A.—20-foot three-story and basement Dwelling to let, on 63d St., near Lexington Av.; 12 rooms and bath; rent, $1,308; possession October 1, 1912. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

For other advertisements of Country Houses and City Houses to Rent and Wanted, see Page 17.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

906 BROADWAY

N. E. Cor. of 20th Street.
NEW BUILDING NOW BEING ERECTED.
Each floor contains about 16,000 feet gross.
Price $12,000 each.
EXCEPTIONALLY FINE LIGHT ON ALL SIDES.
4 PASSENGER ELEVATORS, 4 FREIGHT ELEVATORS.
All Modern Improvements. Modern Sprinkler. Lowest Insurance Rates.
SHIPPING FACILITIES ON 21ST STREET.
FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO
Bing & Bing, 505 Fifth Avenue, Telephone 5600 Bryant
or Your Own Broker.

BANCROFT BUILDING,
3-5-7 WEST 29TH STREET
Store / Basement / Second Floor { 7,000 Square Feet / Private Elevator / and Stairway
Entire Loft { 5,000 Square Feet / Light on all sides
Also other small office space
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
27 West 30th St. 21 Liberty St.
Superintendent on Premises.

Stables To Let

39 stalls, with yard 50x60; 523-527 E. 119th St. Apply at 533 E. 119th St.

Lofts To Let

3 light lofts, 40x75; 523-527 E. 119th St. Apply at 533 E. 119th St.

Loft Building to Lease.

3 stories, 40x75, with yard 50x60 in front; 39 stables on first floor. Will lease floors separately. 523-527 E. 119th St. Apply at 533 E. 119th St.

Floors to Let for Business.

114 Third Av., near 14th St.	$55
39 W. 25th St., near Broadway	$40 & $80
102 E. 12th St., near 4th Av.	$30
101 4th Av., near 12th St., large loft,	$55 & $60
11 Third Av., near 8th St., 3 floors	$85

J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 17 W. 42d St.

Large Basement Store

Suitable for restaurant, in loft neighborhood, 325 Lafayette St., at junction of Bleecker St. Rent $1,000 per annum.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 17 W. 42d St.

Part of loft, 40x20; suitable for stock room. P 82 Times.

LONG ISLAND—SALE OR TO LET.

I offer, at a bargain to a quick buyer, one of the most attractive

Shore Front

plots on the North Shore of Long Island. Lies on a high bank, with an uninterrupted view of the Sound for five miles. Only a few minutes' walk from the depot and 30 minutes from the Pennsylvan'a Station, Manhattan.

Nothing like it on the North Shore of Long Island. Write, call, or telephone for full particulars. HITER KING, Room 600, 45 West 34th St., (Tel. 5600 Greeley.)

HANDSOME HOUSE, WATER-FRONT

rights; sandy bathing beach and boathouse; beautiful 8-room house; every improvement; large plot; hardwood trim, &c.; hot water heat, gas, electric; 4 blocks from station; 25 minutes out; $35 a month, with a very small first payment buys it. C. Mason, W 237 Times Downtown.

NEPONSIT, L. I. 40 minutes from N. Y. 100 TRAINS A DAY. Bungalows and Cottages overlooking the Ocean. Send for booklet.
Neponsit Realty Co., 1 West 34th Street.

Will sell my chicken farm, 3 rooms and chicken house, with ½ acre; plenty of shade; near trolley and main road. C. Seyman, 305 Bridge St., Brooklyn. Tel. 7581 Main.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

SEA GIRT
The Summer Capital of New Jersey.
The most delightful spot for your summer home. Choice plots $675 UP.
HOUSES $4,000 UP.
Terms to suit. Send for Photos.
SEA GIRT CO., 115 Broadway, N. Y.

A SEMI-BUNGALOW,
JUST COMPLETED,

surrounded by grand old shade trees, in a restricted residential section of Elizabeth (El Mora), near country club; six rooms and bath, steam heat, electric light and gas; J. L. Mott plumbing fixtures, sewer connection; lot 50x140; a bargain for $4,950; small payment down, balance as rent; photos and plans on application.
EL MORA LAND COMPANY,
J. W. DOOLITTLE, PRESIDENT,
341 5th Av. 'Phone, 5960—Madison Square.

AMONG THE HILLS
AT BALDWIN PARK,
South Orange, N. J.
40 Minutes from Broadway, N. Y.
Bungalows and artistic homes.
Little cash required. Write or 'phone.
C. A. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway.

Building plots, all sizes, in both Westfield and Fanwood, N. J., from $400 up; fine locations, near depot and trolley; beautiful shade; city improvements; plots worth having right in town, surrounded by fine homes rapidly increasing in value; $5 per month buys one. Full particulars sent you by mail and free railroad tickets to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

FARM ONLY $95

20,000 square feet rich soil, 100 peach trees with each acre; high and dry; title guaranteed; artistic bungalow, $275. Also riverside farms; boating, bathing and fishing; 35 minutes on Lackawanna; one minute from express station; commutation, 13c.; $10 down. W. M. LANE, Room 324H, World Building.

SOUTH ORANGE, N.J.

EIGHT-room house; all improvements; large living room; beamed ceiling, open fireplace, 2 baths; steam heat; very cozy and attractive; owner must sell, little cash. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway, Room 55.

New bungalows and cottages, 6-7-8 rooms and bath, steam heat, gas and electricity, instantaneous hot-water system, hardwood and white enamel trim, very artistic designs, on 50x200 plots in established, select neighborhood; 5 to ten minutes to station; 35 minutes to New York; 100 trains daily, commutation $6.25; $3,500 to $6,500; $500 cash and balance on easy payments. Write for photo views. Warman-Boardman, Roselle, N. J.

Acres on the Lackawanna

We are selling fertile farm land, 2¼ to 5 acres each, $250 to $300 per acre; half mile to station; hour out; home community; loan made for building. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

Big Bargain.—Elegant new cottage, every convenience; hot-water heat; hardwood trim, parquet floors, tiled bath; coal and gas ranges; beautiful location; price $3,800; worth $4,500; $300 cash, $25 monthly. Carl Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

If you wish a good, well-built country home send for our free plans of semi-bungalows now building at Fanwood, N. J.; they cost you nothing and show the very latest designs in moderate-priced country homes. Sent you by mail. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Will build and furnish money; beautiful locations; near by; easiest payments. Builder, 883 Madison Square.

Cottages, bungalows; Oradell, Fairmount, Hackensack; $3,000, $4,500, $6,500; $300 cash. Falkingburg, 1,138 Broadway (26th.)

BUILDING MATERIAL.

Wanted—Iron lining and metal lathing benders, cutters, and punching machine. Troy Metal Lath Co., 724 8th Av.

REAL ESTATE.

FACTORIES EVERYWHERE. 8 CLINTON ST. ROBERT B. STOUTENBURGH, Newark, N. J.

11 WEST 34TH ST.
LOFTS TO LET
(SIZE 25x114)
Suitable for any retail business; showcase on street floor; best passenger elevator service; also a top floor, studio light, suitable for photographer or architect.
Opposite Waldorf-Astoria.

LARGE LIGHT STORE
31 WEST 58TH STREET

In new building, just finished, near PLAZA HOTEL; most desirable for fashionable hairdresser, milliner, tailor, etc.
E. DE FOREST SIMMONS, Sole Agent,
2 East 58th St.

TO LEASE

Several two-story brick buildings, also stable 26 stalls, also 2 lofts 46x95, also vacant lots, between 19th-20th Sts., Avenues A and B. Apply John U. Brookman, 88 Wall St., owner.

56TH, 55 WEST first floor to rent. Back parlor and Back parlor would suit doctor or dentist.

Deskroom in beautiful suite; all conveniences; stenographer, telephone; $5-$10. Greenspun, World Building.

Store to let; good stand for grocery; rent only $30. 263 10th Av. Mrs. Butler.

Desk room and desk for rent. Room 715, 115 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE
CORNWALL
Northwest Corner
Broadway & 90th St.,
New 12-story fireproof building with every modern convenience.
9 & 10 Rooms
2 & 3 Baths
Rents $2200 to $2400
PER ANNUM.
Renting Agent on Premises, or
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 WEST 72D STREET.
Telephone 7240 Columbus.

Payson McL. Merrill
481 Fifth Av. Tel. 7417 Bryant.
Offers for Rent the Following Apartments:

925 Park Ave	4 Rooms, $1,000. 11 Rooms, $4,500.
130 E. 67th St	4 Rooms, $900. 11 Rooms, $4,000.
823 Park Ave	Twelve Rooms, $3,300 to $5,000.
257 W. 86th St	3 Rooms, $1,000. 8 Rooms, $2,700.
140 W. 57th St	3 Rooms, $1,000 10 Rooms, $4,000.
36 E. 40th St	2 Rooms, $1,000. 3 Rooms, $1,400.
112 W. 47th St	2 Rooms, $720. 3 Rooms, $900.
18 E. 57th St	Three Rooms, Rent, $1,200.
21-3 W.30th St	2 Rooms, $380. 3 Rooms, $720.
62-3 Washn Sq	3 Rooms, $780 4 Rooms, $1000

VAN DYCK
AND
SEVERN
72d St.—Broadway—73d St.
Express Station Subway 72d St.
6 TO 11 ROOMS.
RENTALS $2,000 TO $3,800.
SEEN DAY OR EVENING.
Manager on Premises.
OPERATED BY OWNERS.

FREMONT
310 WEST 94TH ST.
Bet. Riverside Drive & West End Av.
High Class Apartments,
8 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rooms are exceptionally large.
Rents $1,200 to $1,350.
Ground floor for doctor.

8 Rooms 2 Baths	The Saxony 250 W. 82d St., Cor. B'y	$1700 $1900
9 Rooms 3 Baths	De Witt Court 252-254 W. 82d St.	$2500 $2700
7, 8, 9 Rms. 1 Bath	The Forres N. W. Cor. B'way&81st St.	$1250 $1400
7 Rooms 1 Bath	The Amidon N. W. Cor. B'way & 83d St.	$1000 $1500
7 Rooms 2 Baths	The Waramaug 629 West 115th St.	$1100 $1500
6-7 Rooms 1 Bath	The St. Germaine 200 West 86th St.	$1000 $1200
8 Rooms 1 Bath	202-206 West 86th St. Near Broadway	$1200 $1400

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co
2277 Broadway, or 128 Broadway

BERKELEY ARMS,
326-332 West 95th St.
High-class elevator apartments.
Rents from October 1st.
6-7 Rooms.
Subway express station.
Rents $50 to $75.
Superintendent on premises, or
Otto Dencker, 503 5th Av.
Telephone 7957 Bryant.

THE BARNARD,
NO. 106 CENTRAL PARK WEST,
CORNER 71ST ST.
Very Choice Apartments,
6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 rooms
and 2 baths.
RENTS $1,300 TO $2,500
including refrigeration.

A.—THE ADRIAN—A.
58 WEST 72D ST., CORNER.

Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors; night and day elevator service; rent $1,200-$1,300; convenient to all transportation lines. Inquire Superintendent, on premises.

Life Building Apartments

19-21 WEST 31ST ST.;
two to six rooms to lease from October 1; high ceilings and open fireplaces; meals served in apartments. WILLIAM HARVEY.

THE MILLARD,
14 to 20 West 107th St.
High-class elevator apartments, 4-5-6-7 and 8 rooms. Rent $36 to $75. Best in New York at price.

HUDSONIA,
98TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
315-321 West.
6 and 7 rooms. Rents $900 to $1,200.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side. | West Side.

THE HAMILTON
N. E. Cor. Riverside Drive and 114th St.
A new 12-story fire and sound proof building now in course of construction.
5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths
Rents $1,100 to $2,300
Every Room an Outside Room
Ready for occupancy September 15.
Large Rooms and Closets.
A House Beautiful Throughout.
Open for inspection. Agent on premises, or
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
Tel. 7240—Columbus. 162 West 72d St.

JUST COMPLETED
A NEW HIGH CLASS APARTMENT HOUSE
IN A SELECT RESIDENTIAL NEIGHBORHOOD.
498 West End Avenue
South East Corner 84th Street,
A FEW REMAINING APARTMENTS FOR RENT,
Consisting of 6, 7 & 8 Rooms and 3 Baths
Exceptional Closet Room and Large Foyers.
LOWEST RENT IN THIS VICINITY.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. LEASES FROM OCTOBER 1.
Apply on premises. A. J. McMANUS, Manager.

Apartments
For Rent
Douglas Robinson Charles S. Brown Co
East Side Office
10 East 45th Street
Telephone
8200 Bryant
West Side Office
2277 Broadway
Telephone
3773 Schuyler

Strictly **MILANO** Fireproof.
127 West 58th St.—8 rooms and bath; special maid's bathroom; outside rooms; all improvements; day and night service; elevator, hall, 'phone service; $2,000.

REVERE HALL,
622 W. 114th, Near Riverside Drive.—6 and 7 rooms and bath; light, sunny rooms, elevator, all improvements; 'phone; $660 to $1,000.

IRVINGTON,
407 C. P. West, Facing Park, (100th.) 7-8 rooms & bath; all improvements; $1,140. First floor doctor's apartment, $900.

CARROLLTON,
601 W. 169th, Opposite Subway Station.—5-6-7 rooms, bath; light rooms, large closets, elevator; all improvements; Resident Agent; $690 to $1,000.

COURTWOOD,
600 W. 169th, Cor. B'way.—Elevator house, all improvements; 5-6-7 rooms, bath; 'phone; 24-hour service; $510 to $1,020.

Broadway REMCO 98th Street.
'Phone 1300 River.

SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 West 72d St., near Broadway,
Renting Dept. Tel. 7240 Col.

Terrace Court,
202 Riverside Drive, South Corner 98d St. High-class modern fireproof house; large rooms, overlooking Riverside Park. 9 and 10 rooms, 2 and 3 baths. $1,600 to $2,400.

Georgean Court,
58 Central Park West, South Corner 66th St. One of the handsomest apartment houses on the Park. Modern fireproof building, with all the latest improvements. 8, 10, 12 rooms, 2 and 3 baths. $2,300 to $3,800.

Cliff Haven,
417 Riverside Drive, South Corner 116th St. Modern fireproof apartment; beautiful river view; every room sunlight. 8 and 9 rooms, 3 baths. $1,600 to $2,500.

CENTRAL PARK
APARTMENT BUILDINGS
7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
(Navarro Apartments).
One Large Corner Apartment with 5 Bathrooms. Smaller Ones with 2 and 3 Baths.
Most Centrally Located.
APPLY AT OFFICE,
175 WEST 58TH ST.

We have for rent many high-class apartments, elevator and non-elevator
"ALL OVER TOWN."
Call, write or 'phone us for full particulars.
BERLIN RENTING AGENCY
141 East 17th St.
'Phone Stuyvesant—3982.
Broadway, Cor. 162d St.
'Phone Audubon—7478.

Thomas J. O'Reilly
Broadway & 109th St.
offers for rent apartments of
2 Rooms and Bath to
12 Rooms and 4 Baths
From $450 to $4000.
All Desirable High-class Buildings.

THE CASCADE,
Corner Central Park West and 87th St.—7 rooms and 2 baths, $1,500 to $1,600. Fireproof building with all modern conveniences. Convenient to elevated and Subway stations at 86th St. Owner lives on premises.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, 342 West 71st, eight, nine immense rooms, two baths, $125, $130. 308 West 97th, near Riverside, five exceptionally large rooms, $50 to $65. 287 Edgecombe Av., (145th,) five, six rooms, $40 to $60.

106th St., 65 West—Central Park

Private large 6-7 light rooms, tiled baths; steam, hot water; $34 to $48.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights

AT THE URANIA,
238 West 129th.—Select house, elevator, all improvements, all light rooms; reasonable rent. Janitor, or H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

ATTENTION! SPECIAL RATES
The Manitou, elevator apartments, 221 West 141st (7th Av.) 4-6 large rooms, bath; continuous service; $32-$35-$40-$45.

Michigan, Illinois, Louisiana.
507-517 WEST 113TH ST.
Absolutely Fireproof High-Class Building.
4-5-6 Rooms, $540 to $900.

TO SUBLET, 158 WEST 58TH ST.
Seven rooms and two baths; unfurnished; rent, $3,000. See Superintendent, on premises.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

REED HOUSE
BROADWAY AND 121ST ST.
5 ROOMS......$660 TO $720
6 ROOMS...... 720 TO 840
7 ROOMS...... 840 TO 1,200
This property is held and managed by a private individual as a permanent investment.

The Royal Grand
JUST COMPLETED
Claremont Av., 124th and 125th Sts.
High-Class 4 and 5 Room Elevator Apartments.
Also 2 and 3 Room Kitchenettes of the Newest Type.
Nothing approaching it has ever been attempted in the immediate neighborhood.

2 Room Kitchenette and Bath	$30 to $33
3 Room Kitchenette and Bath	$38 to $55
4 Rooms with Kitchen and Bath	$40 to $60
5 Rooms with Kitchen and Bath	$55 to $67

Superintendent on premises.

5-6 ROOMS—All Night Elevators.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.
HAMPTON COURT, 131-141 WEST 140TH ST.
EDINBORO COURT, 108 WEST 141ST ST.
EARL'S COURT, 108 WEST 141ST ST.
RENTS $30.00 TO $47.50
SUPT. ON PREMISES ALL TIMES.

CARVEL COURT
80 St. Nicholas Av., Cor. 114th St.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
5 and 6 Rooms.
Rents $45 to $55.

CONVENT COURT,
S. W. COR. 149TH ST. AND CONVENT AV.
Every room large, light, and airy. Elevator service day and night. Garbage chutes.

2 Room, Kitchenette,	$30 to $35
3 Room, Kitchenette,	$40 to $45
4 Room Apartment, with Kitchen,	$40
5 Room Apartment, with Kitchen,	$50
6 Room Apartment, with Kitchen,	$60

FOR RENT
CHOICE ELEVATOR APTS.
3-4-5-6-7 Rooms.
Rents $25 to $75.
THE NEHRING CO.,
1,278 St. Nicholas Ave., cor. 174th St.
90-92 Morningside Drive, cor. 121st St.

LAUREATE HALL
Amsterdam Av., N. E. Cor. 119th St.
2-3-4 ROOMS,
Kitchenettes and bath, $32.50 to $75.00.
Apply 420 W. 119th St., opp. Laureate Hall.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE,
547-553 West 147th St., near Broadway.
4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 rooms, 2 baths.
High-class elevator apartments; moderate rentals; all modern improvements. Renting Representative on premises.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

THE CARLTON
157 East 81.
New fireproof elevator Apartments, six extra large rooms; tiled baths, with showers; separate maids' conveniences; $900; only a few remain; also one four-room Apartment, $720. Superintendent.

A.— **WALMORE,** 51 East 78th St.
Attractive 6 and 7 room apartments; elevator, steam heat, hall attendance; fine location.
KAVANAGH, 998 Madison Av.

KING'S COURT APARTMENT,
MADISON AVENUE, 87TH STREET.
7 large rooms, bath, elevator, electric light; cheapest apartments on Manhattan, location, improvements considered. Apply premises, or KAVANAGH, 998 MADISON AVE.

One Corner Apartment
remaining at 571 Park Av., corner 63d St.; 8 extra large and light rooms; elevator, steam heat, hall service; $1,500.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 17 W. 42d St.

27-29 East 27th St.
A very desirable apartment of three rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat and electric light; rent low; possession now. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

39-43 EAST 27TH ST.
Six unusually large, light rooms; bath; every modern convenience for home comfort. $1,400-$1,600. Kitchenettes, 2-3 rooms, bath; $900.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
COR. OF EAST 165TH ST. AND HOE AVE.
Location finest in the Bronx.
WM. OPPENHEIM,
773 WESTCHESTER AV.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 8 rooms, ample closets, all

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

NEW DUPLEX APARTMENTS
128 EAST 60th STREET

Containing only eight apartments, making it very exclusive. On the living floor there is a lobby, with washroom and coat closet. Attractive reception room, large living room, and dining room, kitchen, large pantry; and three servants' rooms and bath, and a very attractive hall and staircase, which leads to the bedroom floor, consisting of 4 master bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, most conveniently arranged, and sewing room.

Apartments to be all finished for decorating by Sept. 1, 1912, and b'ld'g for occupancy Oct. 1.
E. DE FOREST SIMMONS, Sole Agent,
2 East 58th St.

Strictly **NEW ENGLAND** Fireproof.
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
7 rooms and 2 baths..........$1,100 to $1,500
2 and 3 rooms and bath..........$420 to $600
8 rooms, 3 baths, physician's Apartment..$1,800
All-night elevator, standard service.

PROSPECT HILL
1,270 Madison Av., Cor. 91st, 7 large rooms, bath, elevator; second floor, $840.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 8 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Chambermaid service.
RENTALS, $45, $55, and $65.
See Superintendent on Premises.

LA CASA BLANCA,
55 East 76th St.,
Near Madison Avenue.
High-class elevator apartments.
Rents from October 1st.
6-7-8-11 Rooms.
Rents $1,000 to $1,800.
White enamel woodwork; parquet floors. Superintendent on premises, or Otto Dencker, 503 5th Av. Telephone 7957 Bryant.

BROOKLYN.

ST. JAMES PLACE, Near FULTON

Delightful 6 and 7 room apartments, $42 to $48; steam heat, hot water; every modern convenience. Apply branch office on premises. Send for booklet. GOLDEN REALTY CO., 13 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

For other apartments to rent advertisements, see Page 17.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5.00

and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin. | 10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

DESKS Roll and Flat Top. Chairs, Filing Cabinets. Office Partition. HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

Upper West Side

The Concentrated Purchasing Power of New York.

From West Seventy-Second Street, North to West Two Hundredth Street, the West Side of Manhattan comprises what is undoubtedly the greatest and most prosperous residential district in America.

The upper West Side is the home of the well-to-do,—the SPENDERS—and in this one section alone there are probably hundreds of thousands whose average income exceeds $3,000.00 per year or $250.00 per month.

That's $300,000,000 a year.

To the merchant who decides that this territory is worth cultivating, a study of the following current statements of sales of morning newspapers through newsdealers supplying the residents of this section will prove interesting—and profitable.

Mr. Zlinkoff — newsdealer — 81st Street and Broadway.
TIMES.....355 Third....110
Second.....185 Fourth..88

Mr. S. Mishmun—newsdealer—2143 Broadway, near 75th St.
TIMES.....645 Third....256
Second.....321 Fourth..180

Mr. Saletan — newsdealer—2163 Broadway, near 76th St.
TIMES.....145 Third....64
Second.....95 Fourth..39

With a net paid daily sale far exceeding 200,000 copies, The New York Times reaches more men and women with money to spend than any other newspaper in America.

Ask for more information regarding sales in the upper West Side, and remember that a similar class of prosperous people in other localities prefer the same newspaper.

The New York Times

SCHOOLS.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

BARNARD SCHOOLS
SUMMER ADDRESS, MALLETT'S BAY, VT.
THE BARNARD SCHOOL FOR BOYS Formerly of Washington Heights
NOW AT FIELDSTON
WEST 244TH ST., NEW YORK CITY
4 minutes' walk from 242d St. B'way Subway station. Overlooks Van Cortlandt Park playground. Model school building just completed, opens Sept. 30th. Outdoor school life for the city boy. Removes him from the peril of street after school hours and Saturdays. From Kindergarten to College. 162 graduates in leading colleges. Only limited number of new pupils taken. 27th year. Illustrated Catalog.

THE BARNARD SCHOOL of
HOUSEHOLD ARTS 226 W. 79th St.
Cooking, Embroidery, Millinery, Dressmaking, Arts and Crafts, Accounts, also English and French. One or all subjects may be taken. 4th year. Catalog.

THE BARNARD SCHOOL **FOR GIRLS**
College Prep't'y & General. 421 W. Kindergarten & Elementary. 423 W. 148th St.
17th Year begins Sept. 28th. Catalog.

BARNARD ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS
Kindergarten, Elementary; Boys & Girls. Catalog.
226 W. 79th | Riverside Drive & 139th | 423 W. 148th
Ft. Washington Av. & West 177th St.

PACKARD COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
Lexington Ave. and 35th St.
NEW LOCATION, NEW BUILDING.
Every requisite for the safety, health, and comfort of our students.
Commercial and stenographic courses.
Individual instruction.
Fall Term Opens
Tuesday, September 3.
Send for Prospectus.
NO SOLICITORS.

Berkeley School
Founded 1880
72d ST. and WEST END AVE.
Prepares Boys Thoroughly for all Colleges and Technical Schools. Individual Instruction. Small Classes. Afternoon Study Hour. Military Drill (optional.) Library, Gymnasium, Athletics under experienced trainer. No Home Study for Young Boys.
Special attention given to primary instruction—the foundation of all education
Send for pamphlet "Training and Education" by the Headmaster.
Illustrated Catalogue upon application.
JOSEPH CURTIS SLOANE, Headmaster

CLASON POINT MILITARY ACADEMY
On Long Island Sound, New York City.
Boarding School Directed by Christian Brothers. Country Location in City Limits. Athletic field and track. 100 acres of campus, orchards, gardens. Only Military Boarding School in N. Y. City. Religious training. Lessons prepared under tutors. Incorporated under the Board of Regents. Prepares for College and business.
Studies resumed Sept. 16. For Prospectus No. 4 Address BROTHER EDMUND, Principal.

Kelvin School
A Limited Private High School.
G. A. L. Dionne, A. M., Headmaster,
330 West 70th St. Tel., 3396 Columbus.
9TH YEAR OPENS OCTOBER 1.
Successful preparation for
All Colleges and Science Schools
Very small groups. Individual attention.
Experienced teachers.
Mr. Dionne now at school mornings, 9-12.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Civil Service and Academic Departments.
Day and Evening Sessions.
Call or write for Catalogue.
Eastman School
123d St. & Lenox Ave.

Collegiate School
A. F. Warren, Head Master,
241 WEST 77TH STREET.
Boys prepared for the Colleges and Scientific Schools. Primary Department. Modern School Building. Well-equipped Gymnasium. 275th Year Begins October 1st.

TRINITY SCHOOL
139-147 W. 91ST ST., NEW YORK.
FOUNDED 1709.
Primary, Grammar, and High Schools.
Prepares for all Colleges.
204th Year Opens September 23rd.

The 21st Year of
Hamilton Institute for Boys
599 WEST END AVE., S. W. Cor. of 89th St.
College and Commercial Preparation.

Kindergarten Training School
Affiliated with
NEW YORK UNIVERSITY
Washington Square East.
For information address HARRIETTE MELISSA MILLS, Principal.

De Lancey School for Girls.
WEST END AVENUE AND 98TH ST.
Elementary, High School and College Preparatory. Primary Classes for Boys. Kindergarten Department. Year Begins Oct. 1.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
MADISON SQUARE, (1,122 BROADWAY.)
Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Av., near 127th St.
Brooklyn Branch, 218-220 Livingston St.
Schools open all the year.

Scientific will-force exercise for children and adults in breath, song, speech, and motions for helping brain circulation; incorporated and indorsed. Campbell School of Instruction, 350 West 56th St.

Miss Jenny Hunter's Kindergarten Training School will re-open Sept. 23, at 15 West 127th St.

NEW YORK—Brooklyn.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, Lewis & Willoughby Avs., Brooklyn. That's the place to educate your boy. Classical, Scientific, Commercial, Engineering, Pedagogical, and Musical courses. Prep. School prepares for all courses. Write for Catalog.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

ST. PAUL'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS Garden City, L. I. Prepares for college and scientific schools. *Send for catalog.*

NEW YORK—Pawling.

Pawling School for Boys,
PAWLING, N. Y.
Prepares for college and scientific schools.
Catalogue mailed upon application.

NEW YORK—Manlius.

MANLIUS SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Send for catalogue. MANLIUS, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

INGLESIDE—A School for Girls.
Founded by Mrs. Wm. D. Black.
New Milford, Litchfield Co., Conn.
School year opens Tuesday, October 1st, 1912.
MRS. WILLIAM BLACK PELL, Patroness.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

Howard Seminary for Girls. A country school. Miss S. E. Laughton, A.M., Prin., West Bridgewater, Mass.

PENNSYLVANIA—Chester.

Pennsylvania Military College, Chester, Pa.
51st year begins Sept. 18. Degrees granted in Civil Engineering, Chemistry, Arts. Also Preparatory Courses of Study. Infantry, Artillery, Cavalry. Our Aim—The Development of Character to Secure Greatest Efficiency. Catalogues of Col. Chas. E. Hyatt, Pres.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

14 East 60 St.—To sublet, one, two and three rooms, handsomely furnished, at special Summer rates

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The weather has become quite warm throughout the Middle Atlantic States, the Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys, and the middle plains States, and moderate high temperatures prevail throughout the South. Over the northern border States and generally west of the Rocky Mountains the temperature has remained below the seasonal average. A disturbance that has moved from the region of the Great Lakes to Southern New England since Saturday night has been attended by showers in these regions, the Upper Ohio Valley, and the Middle Atlantic States.

In all other parts of the country the weather remained generally fair. The indications are that warm weather will continue Monday and Tuesday throughout the Southern States, the Middle Atlantic States, and the Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate variable; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate south and southwest; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable.

Steamships departing Monday for European ports will have moderate variable winds and overcast weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Cloudy Monday; Tuesday probably showers; light to moderate variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Unsettled weather, with probably showers Monday and Tuesday; not much change in temperature; light variable winds.

Western New York and Western Pennsylvania—Unsettled weather, with probably local showers Monday and Tuesday; light variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as folllows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	75	66	4 P. M.	80	82
6 A. M.	73	65	6 P. M.	66	81
9 A. M.	71	68	9 P. M.	67	74
12 M.	77	74	12 M.	63	73

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 74; for the corresponding date last year it was 72; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 72.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 67; at 8 P. M. it was 77. Maximum temperature, 82 degrees, at 4 P. M.; minimum, 65 degrees, at 5:30 A. M. Humidity, 95 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 73 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
1:45—1,393 3d Av.; Harry Bloom	Trifling
2:55—Pier 36, North River; Clyde Line Steamship Co.	$20,000
3:00—208 E. 106th St.; K. Shapiro	$400
3:30—120 Ridge St.; Nathan Minenson	Trifling
6:10—367 E. 71st St.; Charles Rubin	Trifling
10:00—835 E. 155th St.; Nathan Litchenthal	Trifling
P. M.	
3:50—2,171 5th Av.; Robert Glassman	Trifling
4:05—436 2d St.; Eugene Zuckerman	Trifling
4:35—Columbus Av. and 77th St.; Manhattan Square Hotel	Trifling
4:50—855 6th St.; Edison Electric Co.	Trifling
5:15—265 W. 35th St.; A. Lazorowitz	Trifling
6:50—129 1st Av.; Louis Frankel	Trifling
6:50—520 E. 136th St.; N. Warshawsky	Trifling
6:55—338 Delancey St.; M. Jacobson	Trifling
7:15—8th Av. and 30th St.; Westcott Auto Co	$200
8:00—301 W. 117th St.; C. Lockwood	Trifling
8:00—355½ Bowery; Lorda Brothers	Trifling
9:55—27 Walker St.; New York Sample Cloth Co.	$1,000
11:50—2,530 8th Av.; unknown	Trifling

COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Ford, J. Litigated motions. 1—Wingarten v. Hellinger. 2—Herbert v. Knickerbocker Trust Co. 3—Krum v. Krum. 4—Martinez v. U S Motor Co. 5—De Bost v. De Bost. 6—Elmont v. Raminlana Realty. 7—Douras v. Wagner. 8—Huntington v. Waldo. 9—Sohlberg v. Griffin. 10—Same v. same. 11—Tax Lien Co v. Woolf. 12—Yellow Taxicab Co v. Rosemier. 13—Same v. Biancheri. 14—Stevenson v. Herron. 15—Gotthoffer v. Weinstein. 16—Matter of Ludlow Av. 17—Keiser v. Van Brink. 18—Massarene v. Pitts Life & Trust Co. 19—Dintenfass v. B'dway & 53d St Co. 20—Cech v. Bohemian Slavonian Realty Assn. 21—Wertz, Jr., v. Cohen. 22—Hasbrouck v. Bogen. 23—City of N Y v. Singer Silversmith Co. 24—El Palmer Rubber Co v. E Palmer Estates. 25—Matter of Strauss. 26—Kohn v. Kessler. 27—Herrman v. Leland. 28—Matter of West Farms Road. 29—Adler v. Silverson. 30—Mackenzie v. Williams. 31—Friedman v. Meyer. 32—Matter of Gillooly. 33—Weinberg v. Weinberg. 34—Erdenbrecker v. Erdenbrecker. 35—Wilson v. Rogers. 36—Michaelson v. Silverblatt. 37—Schmohl v. Shaikowitz. 38—Engesser Co v. Am Laundry Mfg Co. 39—Majestic Motion Picture Co v. Motion Picture Distribution Co. 40—King v. Silverstein. 41—Jukofsky v. Kottler. 42—Croker v. Hudson Mechanical Rubber Co. 43—Griffin v. Gelb. 44—U S Fidelity, &c, Co v. Ireland. 45—Chambers v. Bacon. 46—Fallert v. Mass Bonding & Ins Co. 47—Lavine v. Lavine. 48—Utopia Land Co v. Israelsky. 49—Spivack v. Bergman. 50—Same v. same. 51—Smith v. McKeefry. 52—Levy v. Hofler. 53—Victorita v. Gatti & McQuade Co. 54—Emos v. Emos. 55—Mormonstein v. Mormonstein. 56—Matter of Kobey. 57—Rothman v. Rothman. 58—Holder v. Holder. 59—Germania Life Ins Co v. Hecker. 60—Clary v. Clary. 61—Matter of Nathan & Greer Co. 62—Doherty v. City of N Y. 63—Hartigan v. same. 64—O'Brien v. same. 65—Torfey v. same. 66—Wendling v. Wendling. 67—Horn v. Horn. 68—Youngs v. Goodman. 69—Siwanoy Realty Associates v. Walter. 70—Taylor & Co v. Seeley. 71—Kuder v. Hogan. 72—Flood v. Flood. 73—Einhorn v. Einhorn. 74—Matter of Dufey. 75—Valentine v. Valentine. 76—Dowling v. Dowling. 77—Buckley v. Loeffler. 78—Neaderthal v. same. 79—Smith v. Smith. 80—Matter of Andre. 81—Matter of Connor. 82—Matter of Sedgwick Ave. 83—Brady v. Erie R R Co. 84—Hebrew Orphan Asylum v. Leipsiger. 85—People v. Gros. 86—Beadleston v. Mahoney. 87—Donovan v. Donovan. 88—Risser v. Chicago, R I & Pacific Ry Co. 89—Molyneaux v. Molyneaux. 90—City N Y v. Smyth. 91—City N Y v. Phillips. 92—Same v. same. 93—Ungrich v. Aldama. 94—U S Trust Co v. Daniel. 95—Breck v. Natl Box Board Co. 96—Youngs v. Goodman. 97—Wolfsohn v. Wiener. 98—Matter of City N Y (Ludlow Ave.) 99—Same v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McCall, J. Ex-parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate: Catharine Brady, Yette Heckles, John Kremer, Frieda Waul.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Smith, J. Motions.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Smith J. Ex-parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Mendelson v. Mendelson—Edward F. Moran. Matter of Evans—John J. Hynes. Germania Life Ins Co v. Cockerill—John J. Hynes. Matter of Baily—Richard J. D. Keating.

SUPREME COURT—Dugro, J. Breth v. Vanderminden—James A. Foley. Livingston v. Eastburn—Frank H. Richmond.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Dugro, J. State Bank v. Michele Briegante—George Frankenthaler.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Aspinall, J. Motions. 1—Parliman v. Nassau Light and Power Co. 2—People ex rel Ringe v. Connolly. 3—Suydam v. Suydam. 4—Ivers v. See et al. 5—Hill v. Hill. 6—Stutz v. Jessamine Realty Co. 7—Shaw v. Shaw. 8—Matter of Vause. 9—People ex rel Cunningham Realty Co v. Purdy et al. 10—People ex rel American Mfg Co v. same. 11—Matter of Thurber et al. 12—Gehl v. Bachmann-Bechthold Brewing Co. 13—Kennedy v. Lewis. 14—Cohn v. Hefter. 15—Matter of Haffelfinger. 16—Esposito v. J M Horton Ice Cream Co. 17—Jacobs v. B H R R Co. 18—Helfcant (infant) v. B H R R Co. 19—Shea v. same. 20—Rye v. same. 21—Meyer v. Nassau Elec R R. 22—Myers (infant) v. same. 23—O'Brien v. same. 24—McNeill, admx, &c, v. same. 25—Turnbull v. same. 26—Fisher v. Bleja. 27—Cox v. Rider Co. 28—Postal Life Ins Co (action 4) v. Dorey Realty Co et al. 29—Brady v. Bklyn Un Elev R R Co. 30—Ritter v. Ritter. 31—Ruter v. Ruter. 32—Levin v. Devin. 33—Brenner v. C I & B R R Co. 34—Felton v. same. 35—Rockey v. same. 36—Kellum v. Corr et al. 37—Keppler or Kaeppell v. Donnelly. 38—Recskesi v. Electrose Mfg Co. 39—Garone v. Steers. 40—Erbstoll v. Smith. 41—Malone v. Rochford. 42—People of the State of N Y v. Lund. 43—Beyer (Action 1) v. Luck et al. 44—Bayer (Action 2) v. Luck et al. 45—Lane, &c, v. South Shore Const Co. 46—Burtis v. Burtis. 47—Cooperstown et al v. Batterman et al. 48—Germania Sav Bank v. Wilkins. 49—Matter of Post. 50—Matter of Van Siclen Av. 51—Matter of Warwick St. 52—Matter of 39th and 40th Sts. 53—Matter of will of Mulvey. 54—Dondero v. Boyce. 55—Driver v. Driver. 56—People's Trust Co v. Bandholz. 57—Erdtmann v. Stack et al. 58—Matter of Gross. 59—Matter of Naughton et al. 60—General Metals Mfg Co v. Robert Sampson et al. 61—Saamanen v. Johnson. 62—McMillan & Son v. Walsh Const Co. 63—Olsen v. Olsen. 64—Matter of Mary E Overbaugh et al. 65—Xiques v. Xiques. 66—Ottensosser v. Ottensosser.

SURROGATES' COURT.—Ketcham, S. Wills of Martin Kloppenberg, Ludwig Sakop, Edwin H. Conklin, Letterio Barbara, Philippino Zeiger, Emma T. Wheeler, Matilda C. Kinsey, Mary Hoey, Josephine Geffhert, Elizabeth Roche, George H. Smith and Maria Staiger. Accountings of Jose Pazos Lopez and Anna Dieckmann, (now Gunderman,) and Peter Dieckmann. Administration of Edward V. Buskirk. Estate of William Henderson.

SUPREME COURT.—Special Term.—Aspinwall, J. Ex parte business.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal calendar.—Part I., Townsend, J. Eugene Gentile, Frank Gauch, Louis Passarifti, Richard Donnegan, Michael Romolo, Samuel Manacher, Frank Montelone.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review publishes latest news of bond, stock, produce and metal markets. Prices of active and inactive securities, railroad earnings, declared dividends, authoritative articles from chief monetary centres. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a year.

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Lost

LOST—Bank Book No. 563,184 of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank. Payment stopped. Please return book to bank, 51 Chambers St.

$50 REWARD for return of gent's 18-inch black walrus leather bag, containing jewelry and wearing apparel, lost Saturday from automobile going from Newburg to Warwick, N. Y.; owner's business cards inside. N. E. Drake, 1,006 Wallabout Market, Brooklyn.

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UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

FOUND, Aug. 17.—POLICE DEPARTMENT of the City of New York, 240 Centre St., Manhattan. Lost property recovered by the police and forwarded to this office awaiting claimants: Spool of hemp rope, hat, coat, pair of eyeglasses, handkerchief, small box, and card marked, "Fred Brunner, 418 East 15th St." 269 State St., Brooklyn: Bay mare, delivery wagon.

FOUND, Aug. 16.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. Hudson Tubes. Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Railroad ticket, money, hat, shoes, bonds and stock, pocketbook, camera stand, eyeglasses, posters, bank book, trading stamps, purse, pattern.

Business Opportunities

OFFICE MAN.

Install card system; established business; must invest some capital; moderate salary to begin; good opportunity for right man. W 158 Times.

Special inducement during quiet Summer months in signs; all kinds from cloth or paper to electric signs. C. J. Mechling, 2,865 3d Av. Phone Melrose 3872.

Partner wanted in good profitable manufacturing business; capital preferred from $5,000 to $10,000; good chance to make money. P 51 Times.

PARTNER active, by an established manufacturer of women's and junior dresses. Address E. M., Box 378 Times Downtown.

Half interest in an old established printing business. 169 Pearl St.

Country Board

Westchester.

Large rooms, fresh vegetables, bathing, boating, fishing; telephone 246 W New Rochelle. Martin, 65 Lafayette St.

Long Island.

ROOMS to rent, with board, in fine neighborhood; from $10 up. Mrs. Breng, 186 Franklin Av., Far Rockaway.

Rockaway Park, (46 Second Avenue.)—Cool rooms, with balconies overlooking ocean; excellent board; reasonable.

Large, airy rooms, table board. Mrs. Gardner, 196 Franklin Av. Telephone 2385—Far Rockaway.

New York State.

ELLISWOOD, Highland.—Board, fruit farm. Arrange White, 309 West 46th, New York. Telephone 34 Bryant.

New Jersey.

COLUMBIA, Butler, N. J., (Erholungsheim.)—Ideal place for recuperation; refuge for nervousness; plain and vegetarian diet.

New England.

Boxwood Manor, Lynn, Conn.—Beautiful old colonial mansion; wide verandas; large rooms; modern improvements; extensive grounds; fresh vegetables, milk and eggs; reduced rates. Booklet.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

11TH, 29 EAST.—Desirable rooms; running water; excellent table; table guests; references; telephone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large parlor floor, bath; family or gentlemen; board optional; other rooms.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well furnished front parlor; other rooms; table first class; refined surroundings.

16TH ST., 20, 22, and 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two: other double rooms; steam heat throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private bath; house and table strictly first-class; references.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms, near elevated, Subway; table boarders.

130 WEST 71ST ST.
DESIRABLE ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE.

73D ST., 102 WEST, THE SPRATLEY.
Newly decorated, large and small attractive rooms; parlor dining rooms; table board specialty; rates reasonable; express station.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests. Telephone 1336 Columbus.

74TH, 131 WEST.—17th year; Summer rates; rooms, baths; table; references.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Desirable rooms; southern exposure; parlor dining; superior cooking; table guests; reasonable.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Exceptionally fine rooms; electricity, telephone; home environment; generous table; references.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED HOUSE; LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE; BEST SERVICE; ALL CONVENIENCES.

82D ST., 66 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, single room; first-class board; references.

50-52 WEST 82D.
BEAUTIFUL HOUSES. SCHUYLER 8397.

83D ST., 44 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large and small rooms; refined Jewish family; home comforts.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Cool, large, small rooms, overlooking Park; Summer rates. Telephone 5326 Schuyler.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, private baths; gentlemen; couples; superior table; Jewish family.

84TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; boarders accommodated. Telephone 5499 Schuyler.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Accommodate one or two gentlemen in exclusive, refined Jewish home; easy access to Subway, elevated, surface lines; reference.

90TH ST., 13 WEST.—Refined Jewish home; large, small rooms; excellent table; references. Riverside 3569.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant room, handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; near Park; superior board.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large and small rooms, near Subway and "L;" phone; table board.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; all conveniences; also single room; good board; references.

94TH, 30 WEST.—Refined, comfortable home for adults; beautiful rooms; excellent meals; Jewish family.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms. Telephone 7,442 Riverside.

96TH, 54 WEST, NEAR CENTRAL PARK.—Airy, large, small rooms; superior cooking; reasonable.

96TH ST., 58 WEST.—Large and small rooms with board; telephone.

102D, 243 WEST, Near Riverside.—Elegant, large rooms; baths; liberal table; parlor dining room; Subway 103d; reasonable; refined parties; telephone; references.

103D, 879 West End Av.—Attractive corner room; lavatory; excellent cuisine; gentlemen; Summer rates.

104TH, 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms, room with private bath; table guests; references.

113TH, 544 WEST (near Columbia.)—Double, second floor; table guests; home cooking; Summer rates.

625 WEST 113TH ST.
Adjoining Riverside Drive; large, front rooms; southern exposure; lavatory; unusual table. Telephone Morningside 8136.

417 WEST 118TH ST.
Newly decorated rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served.

121ST ST., 509 WEST, opposite Columbia University.—Elegant, new, modern, fireproof building; elevators, reception room, roof garden; all rooms light, airy, newly furnished; shower baths adjoining; beautiful, cool, ground-floor restaurant; moderate rates. See Yetman, manager.

123D ST., 519 WEST, Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside.—Single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; roof garden; large rooms, electricity; homelike; table guests.

144TH, 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally homelike, desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

145TH, 613 WEST.—Large, airy room, overlooking Hudson; running water; good board; reference; telephone.

149TH, 540-548 WEST, near B'way.—Beautiful Riverside.—"The Audubon"; large, bright, comfortably furnished rooms, $10 up one; $14 up two; smaller room, $8; bathroom adjoining every room; private 'phone; electricity; parlor dining rooms; first-class board; every comfort; social surroundings; like home. Telephone 2757 Audubon. Voudrann, Prop.

A.—A.— THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean traffic passing windows; exclusive residence; charming rooms; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; 20 minutes Broadway or seashore; near ferry; rates moderate. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I. 'Phone 379 Tompkins.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite, newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, Woodbury.—Overlooking Hudson; shady grounds; two blocks north 157th Subway. 4412 Audubon.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights, River View, Subway, five minutes Wall St., fifteen Herald Square, corner trolley Broadway.—High-class board; apartments, furnished, unfurnished; upper rooms; moderate. 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall Subway; delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; near river. 'Phone 1159W Main.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

22D ST., 119 EAST, (Gramercy.)—Large, small, cozy rooms; conveniences; very reasonable.

25TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms; all improvements; large, small; $2.25 up; telephone.

27TH ST., 43 EAST.—Large room, bath; gentlemen; references; breakfast optional; first apartment.

29TH ST., 40 EAST, (Between Madison and 4th Avs.)—Large and small rooms; Summer prices.

29TH ST., 147 EAST.—Several bright, newly furnished rooms with private family.

34TH ST., (175 Madison Av.)—Large and small airy rooms; private bath; breakfast optional; references.

43D, 13 EAST, Opposite Hotel Manhattan.—Large room; private bath; also small room; reference.

59TH ST., 129 EAST.—$2 week; porcelain bath; only responsible people wanted; gentlemen exclusively. Stevens.

76TH, 37 EAST.—Attractively furnished room; every convenience; private house; select neighborhood; telephone; reference.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Beautiful large and small room; $3.50 up; telephone 1978 Gramercy; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness. Wolcott Building.

IRVING PLACE, 55.—Newly furnished rooms; telephone, electric lights; steam heated; bath each floor.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor, bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

LEXINGTON AV., 620.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; hot, cold, running water; bath, telephone.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite and single for bachelors; electricity; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.
Large, well-furnished rooms for refined persons.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large, beautifully furnished, newly decorated room; telephone; smaller rooms, $3.

21ST ST., 354 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive, newly furnished rooms for gentlemen; desirable location; perfect service, with all requirements; references.

21ST ST., 261 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large, light, airy; telephone, elevator, electricity; reasonable. Apartment 20.

21ST, 154 WEST.—Large and small rooms; nicely furnished; running water, bath.

38TH ST., 51 WEST.—Double and medium; $4 up; kitchenette; continuous hot water; piano; telephone.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Elegant rooms, large and small; breakfast if desired. Telephone 3558 Bryant.

47TH, 56 WEST.—Rooms, with and without bath; electricity; select neighborhood; reference; transients accommodated.

49TH ST., 73 WEST.—Large room, private bath; other rooms; house strictly first class.

51ST ST., 321 WEST.—Desirable large, pleasant rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen; references.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Hall room; hot and cold water; bath; gentlemen only; references.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience.

55TH ST., 344 WEST.—Large, suitable for two; running water, bath; telephone.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; electric lighting; board optional; references.

58TH, 104 WEST.—Attractive suite; three front rooms; modern apartment; reasonable. 7248 Columbus. Dixon.

61ST, 27 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite of rooms; also single room. Stetson. 4039 Columbus.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH, 129 WEST.—Modern house; parlor floor, suitable doctor; other rooms; phone; references.

104 WEST 69TH ST.
PARLOR FLOOR; SUITABLE DOCTOR.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Dentist's or doctor's office; parlor floor; sunny; electricity installed; board optional.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

70TH, 262 WEST.—Large and medium size rooms; every convenience.

71ST, 351 WEST.—Homelike bachelor apartments; private bath, shower; single rooms, $4 up; telephone.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
Attractive single rooms; also suite; baths.

72D, 302 WEST.—Large and medium sized, nicely furnished rooms, with bath adjoining; for one or two gentlemen; phone; Subway.

73D, 173 WEST.—Large and single desirable rooms; references.

74TH, 123 WEST.—Large parlor, with extension, suitable for doctor's office. Telephone 1336 Columbus.

75TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; medium room; private house; 'phone; gentlemen.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large, desirable room; attractive neighborhood; all modern conveniences. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

76TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive rooms; large and small; all conveniences; private house. Telephone 8315 Schuyler.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Attractive, large room, bath; single room; running water; private family; references.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms in first-class neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with and without private bath; electricity and telephone.

76TH, 238 WEST.—Desirable single room; board optional; steam heat; unlimited hot water; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST, (corner West End Av.)—Large and small rooms can be had by those desiring refined home surroundings; modern house, electric lights, bath, and telephone; preferably gentlemen; references.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; conveniences; twin beds; suitable two gentlemen; single room.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single, connecting; modern every respect; telephone. Dutton.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Very attractive, newly decorated, southern exposed rooms; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

78TH ST., 132 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor; single, en suite; private bath; twin beds.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Attractively, newly furnished rooms; hot and cold running water; private residence.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, single or en suite; refined, homelike surroundings; elevator apartment; near Subway and elevated; gentlemen; references V. & R.

81ST ST., 133 WEST.—Floor through, adjoining bath; suite or singly; gentlemen; phone; references.

82D, 159 WEST.—Large and medium-sized rooms; well-furnished; all conveniences; private house; telephone.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large and small, well-furnished rooms; electric light; all conveniences.

82D, 130 WEST.—Comfortable, large, medium rooms; all conveniences; suitable one or two; references.

82D, 146 WEST.—Cool, clean, desirable rooms; running water; private family; Schuyler 8706. Haskins.

115 WEST 82D ST.
PARLOR FLOOR; DOCTOR, DENTIST.
Other rooms, newly furnished and decorated; telephone

84TH ST., 10 WEST.—Beautiful private residence; handsomely furnished rooms; telephone.

85TH ST., 140 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large, small rooms; suitable two; private house.

87TH ST., 127 WEST.—Cozy room adjoining bath; telephone; near elevated, Subway; $20 monthly; permanent.

87TH ST., 209 WEST.—Connecting front rooms and bath; private entrance; block Subway, "L." Taylor.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Elegant large room; private bath; telephone; medium size room; every convenience; select house.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Desirable large, medium rooms; running water; back parlor; clean, select house.

91ST ST., 66 WEST.—Large front room, new furniture, for gentleman or business couple.

97TH ST., 145 WEST.—Private family; large, handsomely furnished front room; bath; convenient Subway express.

97TH, 149 WEST.—Large, back parlor; running water; convenient Subway express; telephone.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.
COOL, COMFORTABLE ROOMS; REASONABLE.

100TH, 215 WEST.—Very attractive room, running water, suitable two gentlemen; elevator apartment. Merrill.

104TH ST., 247 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; lavatory; breakfast optional; near Subway and Riverside. Marter.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Bright, outside room; attractively furnished; elevator; private family; references. Apartment 35.

107TH ST., 264 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room, with running water, suitable for gentlemen; board optional.

230 WEST 107TH ST., GURNEE.
HIGH-CLASS BACHELOR APARTMENTS.

108TH ST., 204 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private family; elevator apartment; every convenience. Apartment 64.

112TH ST., 505 WEST.—Parlor and back parlor; formerly occupied as vocal studio; telephone. Wilford.

112TH ST., 511 WEST.—Light, cool room, elevator, electricity, 'phone; gentleman. Clark.

113TH, 501 WEST.—Two large, southern front rooms; three closets each; lavatory; gentlemen. Hagood.

113TH ST., 523 WEST.—Private house; refined surroundings; exceptionally well-furnished large, small rooms; reasonable.

113TH ST., 541 WEST, (Apartment 3.)—Attractive room in small private family; gentleman; all conveniences; homelike.

114TH, 317 WEST.—Large, attractive outside room; bath; private family; refined surroundings; reasonable. Thomas.

114TH, 606 WEST, Near Riverside.—Pleasant room; southern exposure; all modern conveniences; near Subway.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Large, bright rooms; elevator apartment; between Broadway-Riverside; third floor east.

116TH ST, Between Riverside and Broadway.—Beautiful, large, light, airy room for one or two gentlemen; connecting bath; references required. Telephone Morningside 8199.

118TH ST., 400 WEST, (opposite Morningside Park.)—Attractive, front rooms; kitchen; single, en suite. Apartment 2.

118TH ST., (408 Manhattan Av.)—Large, light room; convenient elevated, Subway; telephone, electricity; reasonable. Stowell.

418 WEST 118TH ST.
Quiet, comfortable rooms; elevator; women. Apartment 53.

419 WEST 118TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS. APARTMENT 52.

519 WEST 121ST. QUINN.
Opposite Columbia; large, small rooms; telephone, elevator.

519 WEST 121ST ST. MEAD.
ROOMS, SUITE, SINGLE; ELEVATOR.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, cool rooms; elevator; home atmosphere; kitchen; corner apartment, (21.)

123D ST., (3,100 Broadway.)—Charming suite of front rooms; elevator; board if desired. Apartment 11.

127TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large room with private bath; beautifully furnished; private family; suitable for two gentlemen or couple; references.

130TH ST., 106 WEST.—Private house; large and small rooms; running water; desirable neighborhood; telephone.

136TH, 601 WEST.—Desirable front room, suitable for two; high class; elevator; $6. White.

138TH, 601 WEST.—Well-furnished front rooms, adjoining bath; private family; second floor; block Subway, Riverside Drive; all conveniences. Apartment 5.

142D ST., 611 WEST.—Large and small room; every convenience; private house; near Riverside; cheap.

171ST ST., 560 WEST.—Unusually large and well furnished room, with private bath, wardrobe, and dressing room; suitable three gentlemen or couple; $15; private dwelling.

ADVERTISER, owning elegant residence, will rent to high-class gentleman large room and bath, third floor, breakfast optional, $30-$40 monthly; foreigners answer. Address Cleanliness, W 255 Times Downtown.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 327.—Large, light, well-furnished room in elevator apartment facing Central Park; best of references. Osier.

CLAREMONT AV., 191, (Near 127th St. and Broadway, Riverside.)—Elegant front rooms; also large room, bath adjoining; superior apartment; board optional; moderate. Barnard.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th St.)—Large, airy outside rooms, all improvements; subway express. Henry.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, (corner 137th.)—Ideal accommodations; overlooking Hudson; two-room suite; private bath; single rooms; running water; hotel service. Pierson.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 39½. Tel. 3855 Spring.—Rooms, reasonable; Texans or Southern ladies preferred; transients.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished room, with private bath, $9 a week.

WEST END AV., 537.—Ideally furnished rooms; convenient 86th St. Subway station; with or without private bath; high-class residential neighborhood.

Unfurnished Rooms

123D ST., 547 WEST (Broadway.)—Double, single rooms, furnished, unfurnished; $10 month up; elevator. Rose.

City Houses to Let—Furnished

Doctor's office; adult family of exceptional reference will rent Oct. 1 large back parlor, use of reception room, in private house, West 148th, near St. Nicholas Av.; service first-class. S. C., 263 West 125th.

For Sale

Slightly used office furniture; safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, addressograph, wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

For Sale.—Remington No. 6 and Underwood No. 4 typewriters; perfect condition; cheap for cash; taken on judgment. Greenspun, World Building.

Pianos and Organs

STEINWAY mahogany upright piano in excellent order; will sell for $125. 318 W. 42d St.

Help Wanted, Female

A MISS, 16-year size, wanted for permanent position to try on garments in fitting room. Apply to Mr. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts.

ASSISTANT in kindergarten of day nursery, children over 3 years; hours 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Nursery, 127 Times.

"BURBY,"
Milliner, 534 Fifth Ave.
Milliners, makers, and improvers apply at once.
"BURBY."

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER for general office position with manufacturing corporation located in Bronx; applicants must state fully their experience, their age, and the salary they have earned. X 102 Times.

LADIES to make rosettes and sew beads on slippers; piecework at home; good pay; experience unnecessary. Call 2d floor, 249 West 36th.

NURSE or attendant with institutional experience for an insane hospital; pay $20 a month. Call at 2:30 P. M. to-day, 146 East 28th St., for a personal interview.

SYDENHAM Hospital School for Nurses, 343 East 116th St., New York City.—General course of training for young women of education in the maternity, surgical, medical, and dispensary departments of the hospital; age limit 20 to 30 years. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses

Help Wanted, Male

PHOTO-ENGRAVING.—Wanted, an energetic and reliable salesman; splendid opportunity for good man. Reply in strictest confidence, P 59 Times.

SALESMAN—First-class man for Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas, Minnesota, by large waist house, making nine to thirty dollar the dozen goods; only those who have sold waists and have done a large business in the above section will be considered. Address Ability, W 256 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Our men are making from $25 to $50 per week commissions representing largest health and accident company in the world; personal instructions given by our successful men. Call 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., W. Fricke, 277 Broadway.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Experienced in dress-suit cases and traveling bags for out of town; commission basis. Apply Max Knee, 623 East 5th St., or S. Knee, 27 Walker St.

SALESMEN.—Experienced, for office and department trade, on a popular line of dresses; commission basis; no drawing account seekers wanted. P 78 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to carry a high class of hair goods as side line in Southern and Western territory; no extra baggage; sure to make big money. P 87 Times.

SALESMEN to sell on commission 5, 10, 20 and 40 acre farms on the easy payment plan. American Land Co., 1 Madison Av.

SALESMAN on children's colored dresses for city, office trade, and retail. Lichtenstein, 525 Broadway.

TEACHERS.—Men and women unemployed may learn of a permanent and profitable position; commission and guarantee; references required; call or write. Geo. L. Shuman & Co., 156 5th Av.

TEACHER Isaac Pitman shorthand, day and evening; excellent opportunity. X 107 Times.

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

WE AIM TO SUPPLY the individual need of those desiring services of competent stenographers, typists, or office help; we make no charge of any kind. Telephone Employment Department, Royal Typewriter Co., 366 B'way.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished

West Side.

Attractive unfurnished apartments to lease from Oct. 1; spacious, sunny rooms; ample closet space. The Chelsea, West 23d St.

263 10th Av.
3 rooms, all light, $9.50; 4 rooms, all light, $10.00. Apply Mrs. Butler.

East Side.

Corner apartment, 770 Lexington Av., corner 60th.—Seven rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, $45. Seitz, agent, 757 Lexington Av.

Fine flat, 4 rooms, bath, $20.
Fine flat, 5 rooms, bath, $27.
Mrs. Palmer, 333 3d Av.

Fine floor, 4 rooms, all light, $16.
Fine floor, 4 rooms, all light, $17.
317 East 21st St. Miss Mara.

Apartments to Let
Furnished

Cathedral Plaza, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St. and Columbus Av.—One, two, and three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; high-class elevator apartments, elegantly furnished; restaurant in building; monthly $30 up; open evenings. Telephone 3970 Riverside.

Studio apartment, furnished or unfurnished; two large, light rooms and bath; all improvements; private house; adjacent to National Arts Club; reasonable to proper party. 113 East 19th St.

Bryn Mawr, 420 West 121st, Apartment 35.—Six rooms; elevator apartment; all improvements; furnished; reasonable; $50 till Oct. 1. Handy.

Elegantly kept, single, double; private baths; $25-$60 monthly; meals; Subway. 22 W. 60th.

Furnished Apartments
Wanted

Furnished apartment wanted by four young men, between 72d St. and 100th St., Broadway to Riverside Drive; housekeeping or otherwise; best of care will be taken; excellent references; write, stating full particulars and rental, either for Winter season or by the year; must not be over $80 month. R 161 Times.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—LORETTA IRENE GALLAGHER, plaintiff, against WILLIAM L. HAYWARD and others, defendants. In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, dated July 30, 1912, duly made in the above entitled action and entered in the Clerk's office of this court for this court for the County of New York, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, the City and County of New York, on Thursday, the 29th day of August, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises as directed by said judgment and therein described as follows:

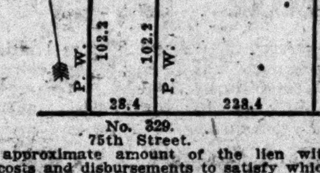
All that certain lot or parcel of land with the building thereon, known as Number Three hundred and twenty-nine East Seventy-fifth Street, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, situate and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the northerly side of Seventy-fifth Street, distant two hundred and twenty-eight feet and four inches westerly from the intersection of said northerly side of Seventy-fifth Street with the westerly side of First Avenue and running thence northerly parallel with said avenue, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the middle line of the block; thence westerly parallel with said street, twenty-eight feet and four inches; thence southerly, again parallel with said avenue one hundred and two feet and two inches to Seventy-fifth Street; and thence easterly along Seventy-fifth Street, twenty-eight feet and four inches to the point of beginning, the easterly and westerly side walls of said building being party walls.

Dated August 7, 1912.

WALTER L. McCORKLE, Referee.

JAMES J. THORNLEY, Plaintiff's Attorney, 51 Chambers Street, Manhattan Borough, City of New York.



No. 329.
75th Street.

The approximate amount of the lien with taxed costs and disbursements to satisfy which the premises are sold is $14,932.20, with interest from July 16th, 1912, and the approximate amount of the unpaid taxes, assessments and water rates is $1,300 besides interest.

WALTER L. McCORKLE, Referee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SCHEURER & BILDNER COMPANY, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City of New York, County and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at Special Term, Part II. thereof, to be held at the Court House, City of New York, County of New York, on the 9th day of September, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to LOUIS SCHEURER & SON COMPANY.

Dated New York, August 16th, 1912.

SCHEURER & BILDNER COMPANY,
By LOUIS SCHEURER, President.

Situations Wanted
Female

A CITY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS, about to study a year at Columbia, with wife and ten-year daughter, would take full charge small household, including child or two, if there is well-established domestic service. Address 380 Hudson Terminal.

AS CARETAKER of a house in absence of family, by School Superintendent, about to study a year at Columbia, with wife and ten-year daughter. Address 380 Hudson Terminal.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER; capable, energetic; beginner; will make good. B, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER; beginner; bright, capable. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 East New York.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

GOVERNESS. — Experienced young Scotch lady desires position as governess with private family. W 249 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Capable young lady desires position as housekeeper. P 86 Times.

SECRETARY.—Young woman, Normal College graduate, nine years' stenographic experience, commercial, legal, technical dictation, seeks secretarial or position of responsibility; highest credentials. W 251 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY TO EXECUTIVE or other responsible position; competent young woman accountant and stenographer; ten years' experience in bank; best references. X 104 Times.

SECRETARY to executive or other responsible position; competent young woman accountant and stenographer; ten years' experience in bank; best references. X 104 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Bright girl; beginner; good penman; office assistant; neat appearance; correct speller; anxious; rapid; no agency; $7. W 239 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable and efficient; possessing executive ability; familiar with figures; best references; salary, $15. W 247 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Many years' experience; turns out satisfactory work; possesses executive ability; salary, $18. W 246 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; assist books; rapid, accurate; highest references; $15. W 240 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Girl wishes position; at present employed; five years' experience; reference. M. C., Room 1,402, 25 Broad St.

WOMAN of education, thoroughly experienced office details and management, capable responsibility, desires position as private secretary or detail worker; references. W 143 Times.

Situations Wanted
Male

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized, $5 monthly up; trial balances, financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. 'Phone 4376 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2,259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, expert; books audited, balanced, systematized to meet requirements of business; small sets kept; moderate charges. Accountant, P 77 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Long, varied experience all lines, desires additional work. P. O. Box 223 Madison Square.

A YOUNG MAN (22,) at present employed, desires a position taking entire charge of the accounts payable for some large, progressive house; references A1; salary moderate. P 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 26; 9 years' experience; can make accurate trial balances, any kind; knowledge stenography, typewriting; moderate salary. Bookkeeper, 122 East 116th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balances, pay rolls, manufacturing and wholesale; active, accurate worker, accustomed to handle all details; correspondent; bonded; highest credentials. P 60 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—(25;) 7 years' experience; capable of taking full charge; best references; present concern dissolving. W 243 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—3 years' experience; knowledge of stenography and typewriting; conscientious worker; references. A. Betron, 224 West 116th.

CHAUFFEUR, 24, wishes position; experienced; last 4 years' both private and commercial. Scheid, 138 West 66th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 38; speaks German, Spanish, English; position with private family; can furnish A1 reference. P 61 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gasoline, electric; long experience; own repairs; private, commercial; references. Reddy, 405 West 53d.

CHAUFFEUR, (26,) six years' experience, wants position; private family; A1 references. P 42 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, &c.—What busy office needs the assistance of a correspondent, bookkeeper, cashier, who seeks not merely a "job" but opening where rigorously applied qualifications will spell ultimate assumption of bigger responsibilities? Address W 220 Times Downtown.

CUBAN, (29,) not a wonder, acquainted with all branches of export business, ten years' experience, fully versed English and Spanish, also posted in export, engineering, and machinery, at present out of town, but will return to New York Sept. 1, open for a proposition, with moderate expectations. X 94 Times.

DOCTORS.—Intelligent man, 50, wishes position take care of office, answer telephone, keep accounts, and collect if desired; good home more requisite than large wages. R 163 Times.

SALESMAN, having large connections with trade West and South, open to contract with good house to carry any line; ladies' and misses' dresses preferred; A1 references. P 88 Times.

SALESMAN, (25;) experienced; two years last firm; salary or commission; hard worker; good appearance; best references; city, road. P 66 Times.

SHEET and pillow case factory manager; entire charge; thorough accountant; cost stock and financial; salary an object. W 242 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Understands bookkeeping; reliable boy; beginner; good penman; neat, rapid, willing; no agency; quick at figures; $8. W 238 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 29, industrious, ambitious, and well appearing; 4½ years at present position in capacity of clerk; good penman and good at figures. E. I. K., 243 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) honest, industrious, at present employed, seeks position with an opportunity for advancement. W 225 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN; 2 years' experience building line; timekeeper, material clerk; assist estimator. P 62 Times.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN wishes position in tropics. C. F. Hall, 588 Park Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency,)
STENOGRAPHERS. 449 B'way. Tel. 3490 Cort.

Domestic.

AT MISS CURRY'S AGENCY, 25 West 42d, are registered excellent servants for private families.

COACHMAN and useful; careful driver; good references; $25. Charles Wilson's Agency, 724 Lexington Av.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) wante places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

MALE and female, colored, with references, at short notice. Victoria Agency, 'phone 4747 Harlem.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT. — Help supplied, day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay the highest cash prices for Furniture, Bric-a-Brac, Paintings, Rugs, Pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

EMILY CHARLES.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMILY CHARLES, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Theall & Beam, No. 45 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the sixteenth day of September next.

Dated New York, the fifth day of March, 1912.

HOWARD W. CHARLES, } Executors.
JOHN C. CLARK, }

THEALL & BEAM, Attorneys for Executors, No. 45 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BOGERT, CAROLINE O.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Caroline O. Bogert, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of L. E. Warren, No. 261 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of September next.

Dated New York, the 13th day of March, 1912.

ANNA BOGERT, Executrix.

L. E. WARREN, Attorney for Executrix, 261 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE MATTER OF THE NATIONAL BOAT and Engine Company, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Trustee in Bankruptcy of the above named National Boat and Engine Company, will sell to the highest bidder at private sale on competitive written bids, all his right, title, and interest in and to the property and assets of the said bankrupt, now located at the National Boat Company's yard, at the foot of East 46th St., Bayonne, New Jersey.

All bids must be submitted to Walter I. Woodman, Esq., Trustee, at his office, No. 516 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass., on or before Monday, August 26th, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon. All bids should be marked "Bid in the matter of the National Boat and Engine Company," and must be accompanied by cash or certified check for 10 per cent. of the amount of the bid. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Whatever part of the said property remains unsold at private sale will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on Wednesday, the 28th day of August, 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

A general description of the stock is as follows: Day cruisers, launches, canoes, row-boats, engines, motors, knock-down frames, canvas launch-covers, boat-racks, etc.

The property may be inspected between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. on any day up to and including the day of the sale.

The premises may be reached by the Central R. R. of N. J., to the East 49th St. Station, Bayonne, N. J.

WALTER I. WOODMAN, Trustee.

J. N. ENRIGHT, Esq., Attorney for Trustee, 75 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MANHATTAN PROPERTIES CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Aug. 19, 1912, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 347 5th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of tables, desks, chairs, typewriter, safe, office fixtures, etc.

WILLIAM BLAU, Receiver.

MOSES COHEN, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

Above sale adjourned to Tuesday, Aug. 20th, at 2 P. M., same place.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of VINCENT L. LARKIN, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupt, consisting of lumber, office fixtures, etc., will be sold through Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the bankrupt's place of business, at No. 1,649 3d Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of August, 1912, at 10:30 A. M.

Dated New York, August 12, 1912.

WALTER B. WALKER, Receiver.

WILLIAMS, FOLSOM & STROUSE, Attorneys for Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH SCULL & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Aug. 19, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one electric cloth cutting machine.

JAMES F. McNABOE, Trustee.

EDWIN C. WARD, Attorney for Trustee, 142 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,337.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRIS WEISBAUM, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Harris Weisbaum was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 29th day of August, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Aug. 17, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,730.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEO MOSKOWITZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of June, A. D. 1912, the said Leo Moskowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Aug. 17, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,585.—IN THE DISTRICT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY HARRY YAMPOLSKY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Henry Harry Yampolsky was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Aug. 17, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

HEARINGS ON SUBWAY STATIONS.

Notice is hereby given that the Public Service Commission will hold public hearings in the hearing room of the Commission at 154 Nassau Street, New York City, upon the location and style of stations on the rapid transit routes designed for operation under the dual system of rapid transit as follows:

On Thursday, September 12, 1912, at 2:30 P. M., on routes to be operated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

On Friday, September 13, 1912, at 2:30 P. M., on routes to be operated by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

Individuals and associations interested are invited to be present and to file briefs or memoranda containing such suggestions as they may wish to offer.

Printed lists of the tentative locations of such stations may be obtained on application to the offices of the Commission.

WILLIAM R. WILLCOX,
Chairman.

TRAVIS H. WHITNEY,
Secretary.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—LIZZIE VAN BOSKERCK, plaintiff, against WILLIAM L. HAYWARD and others, defendants. In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale dated July 30, 1912, duly made in the above entitled action and entered in the clerk's office of this court for the County of New York, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, the City and County of New York, on Thursday, the 29th day of August, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises as directed by said judgment and therein described as follows:

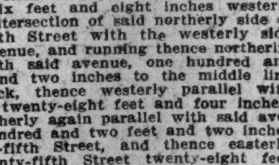
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the building thereon, known as Number Three hundred and twenty-seven East Seventy-fifth Street, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, situate and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the northerly side of Seventy-fifth Street, distant two hundred and fifty-six feet and eight inches westerly from the intersection of said northerly side of Seventy-fifth Street with the westerly side of First Avenue, and running thence northerly, parallel with said avenue, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the middle line of the block, thence westerly parallel with said street twenty-eight feet and four inches, thence southerly again parallel with said avenue one hundred and two feet and two inches to Seventy-fifth Street, and thence easterly along Seventy-fifth Street twenty-eight feet and four inches to the point of beginning, the easterly and westerly side walls of said building being party walls.

Dated August 7, 1912.

JAMES S. McDONOGH, Referee.

JAMES J. THORNLEY, Plaintiff's Attorney, 51 Chambers Street, Manhattan Borough, City of New York.



No. 327
75th Street

The approximate amount of the lien with taxed costs and disbursements, to satisfy which the premises are sold, is $14,914 20-100, with interest from July 16, 1912, and the approximate amount of the unpaid taxes, assessments, and water rates is $1,300, besides interest.

JAMES S. McDONOGH, Referee.

AUTO HITS CARRIAGE, KILLING A WOMAN

Mrs. Haslen of Lincoln, N. J., Thrown from Machine—Two in Carriage Stunned.

DOELGER'S CAR STRIKES BOY

Chauffeur Sends Auto to Curb to Avoid Collision and Mortally Injures Child.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Andrew Haslen of Lincoln was killed this evening in the collision of a runabout automobile and a carriage between Lincoln and Dunellen. In the auto with her was Oscar Harrison of Lincoln, the owner of the machine. The carriage with which the auto collided was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Van Arsdale of Prospect Place, Plainfield. Both vehicles were traveling in the same direction. Van Arsdale says that the auto came up so suddenly behind his carriage that he had no time to pull out of the way. The carriage was demolished and the auto was badly wrecked.

Mrs. Haslen was thrown out into a ditch by the road and she struck on her head as a wheel was torn off the auto by the impact. Her skull was fractured. A passing auto party took her in their car and started for the Plainfield Hospital, but she died before the institution was reached. Harrison was only slightly hurt and Mr. and Mrs. Van Arsdale also escaped serious injury, although both suffered from shock.

The Van Arsdale carriage was hurled across the road and the occupants fell into the ditch. Both riders lay stunned for a time.

Mrs. Haslen was about 50 years old, and is survived by a husband and two grown daughters. Mr. Harrison is connected with the New Jersey Central Railroad. He is an old friend of the Haslen family, and this evening invited Mrs. Haslen to take a drive in his automobile. The accident occurred in Middlesex County, and the authorities there were notified.

DOELGER AUTO HITS BOY.

Brewer in Car When Child Is Mortally Injured in Yonkers.

Edward Shapiro, the three-year-old son of Solomon Shapiro, a tailor of 65 South Broadway, Yonkers, is dying in St. Joseph's Hospital, this city, as the result of being run down yesterday by the automobile of Peter Doelger, Jr., the brewer. The child has two fractures of the skull. The accident occurred in front of the child's home, and was viewed by his mother, who collapsed. Mr. Doelger was in the automobile.

The car struck a tree after the accident. It is a costly Mercedes and is probably beyond repair. Daniel Dwyer, the chauffeur for Doelger, was arrested on a charge of reckless driving.

It was reported at St. Joseph's Hospital that the child would probably die before morning.

The chauffeur is said to have been forced to drive the car to the curb to avoid a collision with another car.

DRIVES AUTO INTO BAND.

Musicians and Listeners Knocked Down—Chauffeur Held.

Charged with felonious assault, reckless driving, and intoxication, William H. Schultz, a chauffeur, of 150 West Eighty-fourth Street, was locked up in the College Point Police Station yesterday. Schultz brought a party of men to Witzel's Point, and after leaving them at the hotel started through the park. The place was crowded with men, women, and children attending several outings. Schultz was warned to be careful, but, according to witnesses, he paid no heed. He drove his car into a crowd near the band stand. Many were knocked down in the rush to get out of the way.

The musicians fled in a panic as the automobile came plunging toward the stand, knocking down benches in its course. Several of them, it is said, dropped their instruments, which were smashed by the car. Isaac Rosenberg, one of the players, did not get out of the way fast enough. He was knocked down and injured. His instrument, which he valued at $150, was ruined.

The automobile finally ended up by crashing into a tree. It was badly damaged. An angry crowd swarmed about the car, and Schultz was in danger of attack when he jumped from the machine and ran away. He was arrested just outside the grove. Rosenberg charged him with assault.

Schultz will have a hearing to-day before Magistrate Fitch in the Flushing Police Court.

GIRLS HURT IN JOY RIDE.

Garage Owner Used Car Without Owner's Consent—He Has Fled.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Aug. 18.—Two young women, victims of a "joy ride," are in a critical condition at the Long Branch Hospital, following a collision early yesterday morning on the main road to Oceanic, and Harry R. Schmidt, who is said to have been driving the automobile, is missing. The police say he has gone to Atlantic City, but efforts to find him have been without result.

Schmidt is said to have been running the car at a reckless speed, when it crashed into a bakery wagon.

The two women were hurled through the windshield and so badly cut they were weak from loss of blood before medical aid could be given them. They are Miss Marguerite Brown, 17 years old, and Miss Mary Morris, 19, of Branchport.

The young women met Schmidt and William Roache at the Long Branch carnival. Schmidt keeps a garage here, and he was using a car belonging to Miss Maud Leonard of this place, without her permission. The First National Bank has placed a writ of attachment on his garage.

CAR STRIKES DOWN TWO.

Both Victims Seriously Hurt When Hit While Crossing Street.

Charles Spear, a salesman, of 246 West Fifty-first Street, and Clarence Zell, a stenographer, of 324 West Forty-sixth Street, while walking together across Nninety-fifth Street at West End Avenue yesterday afternoon were struck by an automobile and both seriously injured. Spear suffered a fractured skull and contusions of both arms, while Zell was internally injured and his right arm was fractured.

The machine was driven by its owner, Charles Peters of Bergen Park, N. J., and a party of his friends were in the car with him. Peters took the injured men in the car to the Red Cross Hospital. Then Peters went to the West 100th Street Station and told the story of the accident. He was permitted to go.

FIVE HURT IN AUTO CRASH.

Chauffeur Attempts to Cross Tracks in Front of Trolley Car.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 18.—In a collision between an automobile car and a fast trolley car near Fort Howard to-night five persons in the machine were injured, one of them seriously. All were taken to the Mercy Hospital.

The injured are Miss Laura Akenhurst, hurt about the back and head and probably internally; Miss Laura Crane of Providence, R. I., lacerations of the scalp and bruises about the body; Mrs. Mary Goodman, several cuts on the head and bruises about the body; Harvey Goodman, cuts on the head, nose, and left leg, and Adolph Prutz, several cuts on the head and a broken left ankle.

It was a surprise to those who saw the accident that all in the automobile were not killed. Mr. Goodman was at the wheel. He took a chance at crossing the track, although the trolley car was only a few feet away. The auto crashed into the side of the car with such force that it broke completely in half, burying the occupants under it.

Several soldiers from the fort were the first to reach the spot after the collision, and one of them immediately stopped the motor, which was still running. Miss Akenhurst was buried completely under the machine and only her head was visible.

The soldiers attempted to raise the machine, but found their efforts futile. One of them went to Fort Howard and obtained a lifting jack, and the automobile was raised and the injured rescued. All five were unconscious and were bleeding freely from their wounds.

Live Wire Kills Garage Owner.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 18.—J. Lewis Burdge of Ocean Grove, part owner of the Grove Garage, was killed by an electric shock early to-day. He pushed aside the wire of a drop light which he used when working under automobiles in his garage, and his hand came in contact with a part of the wire from which the insulation had worn off.

BOY OF 16 A SUICIDE.

Feared He Would Be an Invalid and Burden for Parents.

Louis Kenack, the 16-year-old son of Joseph Kenack of 234 Kingsland Avenue, Williamsburg, committed suicide yesterday afternoon. Haunted by a fear of tuberculosis and picturing himself in the days to come a burden upon his father and mother, the boy shut himself in the bathroom and killed himself by inhaling illuminating gas.

Louis Kenack was apprenticed to a big job printing house in Manhattan. He was interested in his work and anxious to forge ahead, but a little throat trouble worried him, and, without saying anything to his parents about it, he nursed the fear that the affection was tubercular and would make him an invalid as long as he should live.

Yesterday the family was invited to Sunday dinner at the home of friends near Morningside Park. Father and mother urged the boy to join them, but he protested that he was deep in an exciting book and would far rather spend the day at home alone. When they returned to the house in Williamsburg at 4 o'clock in the afternoon the boy was nowhere to be seen and did not answer their calls.

Yet his hat and coat were on the rack in the hall, so they searched through the apartment for him. The first thing they found was on the table in his room. It was a note addressed to father and mother. Carefully written and worded, it told them of his resolve to take his own life, lest he become a burden that would increase with every passing year.

Mr. Kenack moved swiftly across the room and flung open the bathroom door. His son lay dead on the floor, a rubber tube from the gas jet leading to his mouth. A doctor who was called in said that he had been dead for an hour.

The tragedy in the household was deepened by the fact that young Kenack was not threatened with tuberculosis at all. The parents had had his throat examined by a specialist, who said there was no cause for worry on that score. His suicide note was their first intimation that the fear of tuberculosis was the boy's constant companion.

SUICIDE END TO VACATION.

Family Returns from Shore to Find Its Head Dead.

August Schless, a cotton salesman, committed suicide last evening by turning on all the gas jets in the kitchen of his apartment at 228 Audubon Avenue. He was found dead by his wife and three children, who returned at 8 o'clock from a two weeks' trip to Atlantic City.

Mrs. Schless assured the police that she could think of no reason why her husband should take his life. Mr. Schless was 58 years old.

PLEASURE-SEEKER LOSES LEG

Youth Jumps Off Train from Coney, Slips and Falls.

Isidor Wellman, an eighteen-year-old clerk of 231 Boerum Street, Brooklyn, was one of 200 pleasure-seekers who were returning from Coney Island just before midnight last night on a West End train bound for Manhattan. Just as the train was approaching the Bath Beach station in Bath Avenue, Wellman decided to jump off, and he made for the platform before the train had come to a full stop.

As he did so he lost his footing and fell between the platform and the tracks, and the forward truck of the third car passed over his right leg, cutting it off at the knee. He was held jammed in that position for half an hour until a wrecking crew from Coney Island could jack up the car, and during that time Dr. Gates of the Coney Island Hospital could do nothing for his relief except the administering of opiates. The young man was then hurried to the Coney Island Hospital, where it was said that his internal injuries were serious.

WATCHES BURGLAR AT WORK.

Woman Sees Thief Take $12,000 Jewelry and Pretends to be Asleep.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—While Mrs. Klem, mute from terror, looked on, a masked burglar robbed the Summer home of Walter Klem, a banker, at 17 South Providence Avenue, in the fashionable Chelsea section of Atlantic City, obtaining jewelry worth more than $12,000.

Awakened by no sound made by the thief, but rather by a premonition of danger, Mrs. Klem saw the burglar rifling her jewel case. By her side was her husband, asleep. Fearing that if she woke him up or made an outcry the burblar might murder them both, Mrs. Klem pretended to sleep, but through half-closed eyelids watched the masked man make the biggest haul in a series of cottage robberies which have terrorized the resort all Summer.

Mrs. Klem had ample opportunity to see the burglar, and as soon as he left the house she awakened her husband, who jumped for the telephone to notify the police. The burglar had cut the wires.

When in Philadelphia the Klems live at 5869 Overbrook Avenue. Mr. Klem's banking business is at 104 South Fifth Street.

Socialists Start Campaign.

Local representatives of the Socialist Party announced plans yesterday for a mass meeting on Sept. 29 at Madison Square Garden. A 36-page pamphlet will be sold at the meeting, containing campaign addresses by Eugene V. Debbs, Presidential candidate; Emil Seidel, the Vice Presidential candidate; Charles Edward Russell, candidate for Governor; Gustave Strebel, candidate for Lieutenant Governor; Victor Berger, Socialist Congressman; Herbert Merrill, Socialist Assemblyman, and other Socialist leaders.

FISH UP BURGLAR ON DUMB WAITER LINE

Landed by Policemen, He Turns Out to be a Novice, Aged 17, with Pockets Loot-Laden.

WOMAN GIVES THE ALARM

Comes Upon Dark Figure Gliding Along Hallway of Her Apartment and Screams.

A promising burglarious career met an early check last evening when Patrolmen Brown and Buler of the Adams Street Station, Brooklyn, responded to shrill cries of alarm they heard issuing from the second story of the apartment house at 281 Jay Street.

These cries, in which "Thief!" and "Burglar!" were distinguishable, were given forth by Mrs. Mary Perry, who, when the policemen met her at the head of the stairs, told them in short sentences and gesticulations that she had surprised a burglar in her private hallway, that he had escaped into her kitchen, and from there had departed by way of the dumbwaiter shaft.

At first she had thought the slim figure moving along her hallway was her son.

"John," she said softly, and then again "John," this time suspiciously.

Then, when she saw the slim figure enter the dumbwaiter shaft, she knew it was not her son and that the time had come for her to scream. She screamed, and within two minutes the police were closing in on the shaft. Brown and Mrs. Perry went to the third floor and peered down. Buler went to the first floor and peered up. It was Brown who then ordered Buler to the second floor and into the shaft. Between the second and third, clinging to the ropes, was a boy who glowered down at the warily advancing bluecoat and by shaking the ropes savagely tried to send him headlong to the basement. But Buler kept his hold and soon was pulling the stranger into the Perry kitchen.

Upon inspection under the electric light he proved to be a boy of 17, pinched of face and shabby, but shrewd of glance. He said that he was an orphan, and since he left his home at 162 Grand Avenue a year ago had been living around in lodging houses. He gave his name as Smith.

At the Adams Street Station the police found his pockets fairly bulging with loot. Altogether they thought it worth some $1,200. There were watches and rings and necklaces and bracelets. There were gold medals, silver medals, bronze medals.

Smith, in his confidences to the police, dated his entry into burglary last Wednesday afternoon. He pictured himself returning discouraged from Coney Island, where he had vainly sought a job and an honest living. He was walking disconsolately along Coney Island Avenue, when he stumbled over a bunch of keys that gave him entry to a house near by, and that explained the eleven medals all marked "P. B. C."

His next attempt, the police quote him as saying, was in the home of a Mrs. Burck in State Street, where he came upon a watch and some other jewelry. The invasion of the Perry apartment was his third venture, he said. The police are not so sure about that.

GIRL ACCUSES COLUMBIA BOY

She Has Him Arrested for Too Extravagant Homage in Street.

Manville Jones, late of the University of California and now living in the Phi Delta Theta House at 565 West 113th Street waiting for Fall and the opening of the college year at Columbia, was arrested last evening at 111th Street and Broadway on the complaint of Miss May Taylor of 19 West Eighty-fourth Street. Miss Taylor went down to the Night Court to tell the Magistrate of Jones's accosting her familiarly, of his extravagances on the subject of her charms, and of the daintiness of her feet.

Miss Taylor and her sister Grace were leaving a restaurant at 111th Street when Jones and three companions came merrily along Broadway, and then and there, without encouragement and without formality, the conversation began, and continued, so she declared later, until Patrolman Donohue arrested the youth on the charge of disorderly conduct and marched him to the West 125th Street Station.

SOLDIERS COME BACK.

Leg Weary and Wet, the Citizen Fighters Arrive After the Battle.

The citizen soldiers of New York returned from the Connecticut war yesterday, where for eight days they participated in the attack upon and defense of this city. The New York commands broke camp in the Connecticut hills yesterday during a pouring rain, and the entrainment was, as a result, about the most unpleasant feature of the entire bloodless struggle.

The troops were put on trains at Danbury, Bethel, Hawleyville, Newtown, Botsford and Derby, and by noon a majority of both armies were on the way to their various home stations.

Seventy-four special trains were needed to send the troops home, and of these all but two were scheduled to leave the war area yesterday morning. The Second Regiment from Maine started homeward Saturday night, that being the only command that was not held over until yesterday. The Tenth United States Cavalry will not return to Fort Ethan Allen by train, but will march the whole distance, as will also the Fifth United States Infantry from Plattsburg, N. Y. The army aviators, with their equipment, also got started for the College Park, Md., aviation station yesterday morning. These young officer aviators were the distinct success of the campaign, and it was admitted by all that finer aerial work than the flights of Lieut. Foulois, Lieut. Milling, and Lieut. Arnold have not been seen in this country.

The arrival home of the New York troops was as quiet and peaceful as was their departure. There were no crowds at the Grand Central Station to cheer them as they stepped, wet and weary, from the troop trains.

Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, the manoeuvre commander and his staff did not return to Governors Island, but will remain at the camp, near Stratford, for several days longer. Beginning to-morrow the officers will begin their annual practice rides and physical examinations.

The appraisements of damage done by the march of the troops are being adjusted quickly, as the appraisers followed the route of the soldiers and kept close to them.

Gen. Bliss in an official review of the manoeuvres, says in part:

"The military situation on which the Connecticut manoeuvres were based is one that might easily arise in case of hostilities between the United States and some foreign power. The Red and Blue divisions were distributed on Aug. 10 over a wider front than would be justified in actual warfare."

He reviews the general scheme of advance which a foreign General would take in order to clear the way for a large Red army to interrupt the Croton water supply for New York City. The conditions which would exist when the Red forces reached Newtown were approximated in this disposition of the forces on Saturday morning.

This land had been selected for the engagement of the troops owing to little likelihood of damaging crops, and where there was plenty of water. The section also permitted of rapid entraining of the soldiers.

Of the battle itself the commanding General said:

"The fight lasted from 8 A. M. until 12:10 P. M., when it was terminated by the sounding of recall. Practically all the troops had deployed and most of them changed positions a number of times. The handling of the troops was excellent and the organized militia showed wonderful improvement in form over that displayed in their minor combats, during the instructional period."

Charles Mullins, an artilleryman of Battery C of the New York Field Artillery, who was thrown from his horse a week ago yesterday and suffered a fractured skull, died in the Danbury Hospital yesterday. The body will be shipped to Binghamton, which was Mr. Mullin's home, for burial.

HIT BURGLAR WITH A CLUB.

Householder Waited for Him to Put His Head Through Window.

Harry McKenna, 22 years old, who gave the fictitious address of 315 South Eighth Street, Williamsburg, was in the Manhattan Avenue Court, before Magistrate Nash, yesterday on a charge of attempted burglary. Policeman Carroll followed McKenna when he observed him entering a dwelling at 42 Johnson Avenue.

On the first floor lives the family of Abraham Schoenwetter, a tailor. When McKenna entered the dwelling he passed through the hall to the yard, and while trying to pry open a kitchen window of the tailor's apartments Schoenwetter awoke, got a club, and as the intruder poked his head through the open window the tailor began hitting him.

Carroll was on the point of entering the house when he heard the rumpus. He caught the intruder in the yard, and, though McKenna put up a fight, the policeman brought him to the station house.

WOMAN CAUGHT SIGHT OF HER STOLEN DRESS

Discussing the Burglary When Stranger Passed By Wearing Missing Wedding Garment.

AND ADORNED BY LOST GEMS

Wearer Under Arrest, Says Her Husband, a Vaudeville Actor, Gave the Things to Her—He's Taken, Too.

A satin wedding dress, a diamond ring, a diamond locket and chain, and a quantity of silverware were stolen on Aug. 11 from the apartment of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Lahner, in the rear of their furnishing store at 331 Eighth Avenue. The occurrence made a deep impression on the minds of both of them, and it has been the leading topic of their discussions ever since. Yesterday afternoon, when they sat together in front of their store, the burglary was the thing they were talking about.

"It is indeed strange," remarked Lahner for the hundredth time. "The windows and doors were locked. How could they have got in? I say it must have been by the skylight."

Mrs. Lahner did not reply. She had her eyes on a woman who was walking on the sidewalk toward the store. This woman was clad in satin resembling that of the stolen wedding dress. Mrs. Lahner waited till she passed so close that the ornaments she was wearing could be plainly seen.

"Look, Morris," she exclaimed. "That woman is wearing my dress."

They both got up and called out, and the woman turned around. Mrs. Lahner swept her from head to foot with a critical glance, and said in a tone of conviction:

"Yes, and she is wearing my locket and chain."

"You're mistaken," explained the woman. "This is my property, given to me by my husband."

"There's no mistake about it," declared Mrs. Lahner. "I would know that locket and chain in China. The dress is the same one, only it has been altered a little."

Lahner detained the woman while his wife notified Policeman Teator of the West Seventieth Street Station. The woman, who described herself as Mrs. Joseph Scott of 226 West Twenty-fifth Street, was locked up on a charge of receiving stolen property. She told the police that she had been married eight months, and that her husband was a vaudeville actor out of employment. On Monday last, according to her story, he announced:

"Alice, I have a surprise for you. I bought you a dress and a locket and chain. I think the dress is a little too long. I bought them from a friend."

After questioning the prisoner closely, detectives arrested in front of the address she gave a man who, they say, first described himself as "Joseph Scott," and later as "Joseph Depolo." According to the detectives, he declared when confronted by the woman and before being informed on what charge she was being held:

"I don't know anything about the robbery. I bought the dress and the locket and chain from a man in Eighth Avenue." Depolo was locked up on a charge of burglary.

The woman, the police say, finally admitted she was Mabel Stone of East Boston, Mass. Her father, she said, lived there at 4 Shelby Street.

After being informed that Depolo, to whom the young woman said she had been married, was being held on a charge of burglary, she said:

"I thought his name was 'Scott,' and so I took that name. What have I done that I should be held? I would not steal a hair from a cat."

MAGISTRATE BUTTS ABSENT.

Prisoners and Witnesses Kept Waiting Long in Yorkville Court.

Fifteen prisoners were kept waiting at the bar and as many witnesses and policemen grew uneasy yesterday morning when Magistrate Butts failed to appear in the Yorkville court at his scheduled hour of 9. At 10 o'clock no word had been received from the missing Magistrate, who had apparently been unable to communicate with Chief Magistrate McAdoo in time to have a substitute sent to court.

Arrangements were finally made to have Magistrate Corrigan come down from the Harlem court, where he was sitting at the time. After the prisoners had waited for nearly two hours Magistrate Corrigan finally arrived, and disposed of the fifteen cases of disorderly conduct in twenty minutes.

DROWNED FROM ROWBOAT.

Companions Desert Him—Policeman Picks Him Up Dead.

John Spaen, Jr., of 1 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, the son of a Brooklyn Rapid Transit motorman, put off from Bergen Beach yesterday afternoon with three other boys in a big, flat-bottom rowboat. The four were bound for home about 4 o'clock, and were within two hundred yards of the Bergen Beach Yacht Club, when Spaen, who was standing in the stern, tumbled into the water.

Before he rose to the surface, the inexperienced oarsmen had allowed the heavy boat to move far on its course. None of them could swim, and they were panic-stricken. They simply bent to their oars, and shouting loudly for help, rowed toward shore.

Patrolman Brown of the Lower Flatbush Station saw the accident from the shore, the helplessness of the boys in the boat, and ran at full speed to the yacht club float. There he jumped into a motor boat and made for the spot where the Spaen boy went down. He picked the boy up dead.

NEARLY DROWNS WITH WIFE.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Siegel Saved by a Canoeist.

Swept seaward by the wash of a large Sound steamer, Mrs. Henry Siegel, wife of a wealthy manufacturer of veiling, who was bathing off Beechurst, near Whitestone, L. I., narrowly escaped drowning yesterday. Her husband, the first of the party of bathers to reach her, struggled to get to shore with her, but she locked her arms about his neck.

Both were on the point of drowning when James Spear, Jr., arrived in a canoe.

He succeeded in holding them above water till Policeman Thomas G. Armstrong, who was off duty, swam out to his assitance. Together they succeeded in getting the couple ashore. In the mean time Mrs. William A. Banta, wife of a New York merchant, who had attempted to help Mr. Siegel, exhausted herself and was beginning to sink. Her condition was noticed by other bathers, and she was helped back to the beach by Joseph Schenck of Palisade Park, N. J.

THINK BATHER IS DROWNED.

Joseph Healy Left Clothing in Afternoon and Did Not Return.

A man giving his name as Joseph Healy left an envelope containing his valuables at the office of Mackintosh's bathing pavalion, Rockaway Beach, yesterday afternoon and went in bathing. He has not been seen since. He has not returned for his clothing, which he left in the bathhouse, or his valuables, and the police believe that he has been drowned.

He left a blue serge suit and black shoes in the bathhouse. In the envelope was $11 in cash and a pair of gold cuff links. Nothing was found in the clothing that would help the police in learning who the man was.

Bather Drowns at Rockaway Beach.

Joseph Cohen, 24 years old, of Arverne, L. I., was drowned yesterday afternoon while swimming at Rockaway Beach despite the efforts of two men, Cornelius Desmond and Harold Nevins, both of Rockaway Beach, who started out to save him when they noticed that he was having difficulties with the heavy sea that had been running all day. They dived for him repeatedly, but were not able to get his body. Cohen only a few minutes before had rescued a child from the breakers.

Six in Undertow, One Drowns.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 18.—Henry Broderick, 22 years old, of Alden, Penn., was drowned late this afternoon off Arkansas Avenue. He was with five other persons when all were caught in the undertow. Their cries were heard by the life guards, who rushed out to their assistance. In the excitement of bringing the five to shore, Broderick was overlooked.

Unknown Boy Drowned.

An unknown bare-legged boy about 5 years old, with dark hair and complexion, and wearing a blouse suit, fell into the East River last night from the end of the recreation pier at the foot of East Third Street and was not seen again. Patrolman Ryan of the Union Market Station grappled in vain for the body.

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McIlrath Big Value Sale

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Robin Hood
Bessie Abott, Florence Wickham, Pauline Hall, Walter Hyde, Carl Gantvoort, Edwin Stevens, Herbert Waterous.

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